For backpropagation, we need to peopera differentiation of the activation functions, for this we had 3 Softmax 1= (m/m) = 1 Otherwood 10(Holy) = 0 Relu= max (0,x) Rely Adding +1-1 to the numerapor yields: $\frac{d}{dx} = \frac{e^{x}+1-1}{(1+e^{-x})^{2}} = \frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})} \left(\frac{e^{x}+1-1}{(1+e^{-x})} \right)$ $= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right)$ $= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right)$ $= \frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})^2} e^{-x} \frac{cd}{dx} (-x)$ $= \frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})^2} e^{-x} (-1) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2}$ We know 1 is the signed procton $\sigma(z)$ Sigmoid = $1/(1+e^{-x})$ $d = d(1/1+e^{-x}) = (1+e^{-x})^{-1}$ $=-\frac{1}{(1+e^{x})^{2}}\frac{d}{dx}\frac{(1+e^{x})}{}$ $=-(17e^{x})^{-2}d(17e^{x})$ activation functions: Sigmoid:

 $\frac{e^{x_1}}{(e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^2} + \frac{e^{x_1}}{(e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^2} \frac{e^{x_1}}{(e^{x_1$ $\frac{\partial (S = y_1 max)}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{x_1}) (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1}$ $\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} (Lain mb from calculus;$ $\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = (e^{x_1}) \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (e^{x_1}) (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1}$ $= -(e^{x_1}) (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1} (e^{x_1})^{-1}$ $= -(e^{x_1}) (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1}$ $= -(e^{x_1})^{-1} (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1}$ $= -(e^{x_1})^{-1} (e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^{-1}$ $(e^{x_1}e^{x_2}e^{x_3})(e^{x_1}e^{x_2}e^{x_3})(e^{x_1}e^{x_2}e^{x_3})$ = $(-e^{x_1})^2 + (e^{x_1}e^{x_1}(e^{x_2}+e^{x_3})$ $= (-e^{x_1} + e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})^2$ $= (-e^{x_1})^2 + (e^{x_1})^2 + e^{x_1}(e^{x_2} + e^{x_3})$ $\frac{\partial(\omega)(\alpha_0 \alpha_0)}{\partial(\omega)(\alpha_0 \alpha_0)} = e^{\alpha_1}(e^{\alpha_0} + e^{\alpha_0})$ Softmax: $e^{x_0}/\frac{2}{4}e^{x_4}$ = $e^{x}/(e^{x_1}+e^{x_2}+e^{x_3})$ (6x1+6x2+6x3)x

.. dependent to region of yelds.