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Homework 2

CMP333

Problem 1

a) ~~constant~~ variable

b) Constant

c) Constant

d) Constant

e) ~~Ground Atomic Formula~~ - 2

f) Ground Atomic Formula

g) ~~Non-ground Atomic Formula~~ constant

Problem 2

$(\text{csg}(\text{"CMP333"}, S, G) \text{ AND } \text{snap}(S, \text{"L. Van Pelt"}, A, P) \rightarrow \text{answer}(G))$

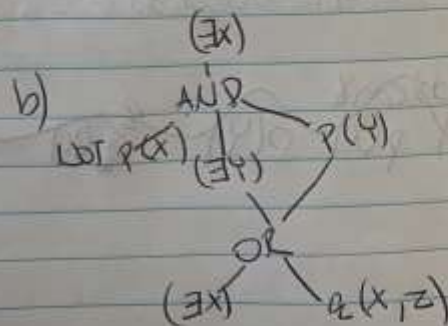
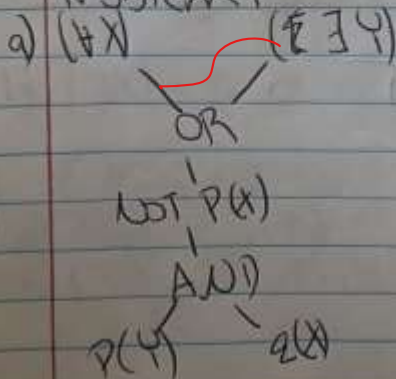
I substituted the course name and student name to demonstrate the truth of the statement.

Problem 3

a)  $\forall x \exists y (\text{NOT } p(x) \text{ OR } p(y) \text{ AND } q(x))$

b)  $\exists x (\text{NOT } p(x) \text{ AND } (\exists y p(y) \text{ OR } \exists z (q(x, z)))$

Problem 4



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### Problem 5

b)  $(\exists x)(\text{NOT } p(x) \text{ AND } (\exists y)(p(y) \text{ OR } q(x, z)))$

### Problem 6

1.  $\text{csg}(C, S, "A") \text{ AND } \text{snap}(S, "C. Brown", A, P)$

2.  $\text{NOT}(\text{csg}(C, S, "A") \text{ AND } \text{snap}(S, "C. Brown", A, P))$

### Problem 7

a) False: All  $y$  loves  $x$

True: There exists a  $y$  that loves a  $x$ .

b) ~~False~~ <sup>False</sup>: If  $p(x)$  is false, then  $\text{NOT } p(x)$  is true

~~False~~ <sup>True</sup>:  $\text{NOT } p(x)$  is true if  $p(x)$  is ~~true~~ <sup>can be true</sup>.

c) True: If  $x$  exists, then there is a  $p(x)$

False: For all  $x$  there is a  $p(x)$ .

d) True:  $p(x, z)$  will not occur if  $(p(x, y) \text{ AND } p(y, z))$  does not occur

False: If  $(p(y, z))$  occurs, then  $(p(x, y) \text{ AND } p(y, z))$  occurs.

### Problem 8

a)  $p(x) \rightarrow p(y) \rightarrow q(x) \rightarrow q(y)$



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Problem 8

a)  $\underbrace{(p(x) \vee q(y))}_a = \underbrace{(q(y) \vee p(x))}_b$

| $p(x)$ | $p(y)$ | $q(x)$ | $q(y)$ | a | b | $\begin{matrix} E \\ a=b \end{matrix}$ |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|---|--|
| 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 1 | 1 | 1                                      |
| 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0 | 0 | 1                                      |
| 0      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1 | 1 | 1                                      |

} Tautology

b)  $\underbrace{(p(x,y) \wedge p(x,y))}_a = \underbrace{p(x,y)}_b$

| $p(x,y)$ | $p(x,y) \wedge p(x,y)$ | $\begin{matrix} E \\ a=b \end{matrix}$ |
|----------|------------------------|--|
| 0        | 0                      | 1                                      |

} Tautology

c)  $\underbrace{(p(x) \rightarrow \text{FALSE})}_a = \underbrace{\text{NOT } p(x)}_b$

| $p(x)$ | $\text{NOT } p(x)$ | $p(x) \rightarrow \text{FALSE}$ | $\begin{matrix} E \\ a=b \end{matrix}$ |
|--------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1      | 0                  | 0                               | 1                                      |
| 0      | 1                  | 1                               | 1                                      |

} Tautology

Problem 9

a)  $((\exists x)(q(x) \wedge \text{NOT } p(x))) \wedge ((\exists y) p(y))$

b)  $(\exists x)(p(x) \vee q(x))$

Problem 10

a)  $(\exists y) h(x, q(y))$

b)  $(\exists x)(p(x, y)(y, x))$

### Problem 11

The implication is true, because AND is commutative.

### Problem 12

a)  $(\exists x)(\text{NOT } p(x)) \text{ AND } ((\exists y)p(y)) \text{ OR } ((\exists x)q(x,z))$

$(\exists x)(\text{NOT } p(x)) \text{ OR } (q(x,z)) \text{ AND } ((\exists y)p(y))$

b)  $(\exists x)(\exists x)p(x) \text{ OR } (x)q(x) \text{ OR } r(x)$

$((\exists x)x)q(x) \text{ OR } p(x) \text{ OR } r(x)$

### Problem 13

$((\exists x, x)E) \text{ AND } \text{OR}((\exists x, y)F)$

### Problem 14

1.  $(\text{NOT}(\exists x)(\exists y)) \text{ OR } (\text{NOT } p(x, y))$

2.  $(\text{NOT}((\exists x)p(x))) \text{ AND } (\text{NOT}(\exists y)q(x, y))$

### Problem 15

Yes it is true that  $\bar{E}$  is a tautology whenever  $(\exists x)E$  is a tautology.