```
Eurise 1.10
Plipsen f(0) = \Phi_0 where \Phi_0 : C, C : U, and \Phi_0 may contain "f(n)", we can farm
         \{(aux(n)) \in \Phi_a
                                  f = nec<sub>N</sub> (c, €, λn.λn. €, [n/g(w)]): N → C
 Now, let g: N-N, C: N. and earsuler
                              Iten (0) = g(1)
                              Itung (suu(n)) = g (Itung (n))
  using the wave rules,
                              Itug:= ne_N(N, g(i), \lambda n. \lambda q. g(q))
   10
                              Itu: (N-N) - N - N
                              Iter := 2g. nec (N, g(1), 2n. 2g. g(q))
  Naw, define
                               Ach := rec (N-N, sun, \n. \langle g. Iter(g)): N-N-N
   Thus.
               Ach 0 = sun
         * Ach (sue m) = recor (N-N, sue, \lambda n. 2 y. Iter(y), sue m)
                            = (\lambda q \cdot \text{Iter}(q))(\text{rec}_{N}(N \rightarrow N, \text{sun}, \lambda n. \lambda q. \text{Iter}(q), m))
                            = Ita (Ach m)
            Ach (sine(m), 0) = Iter (Ach m) 0
                             = rec or (N, Ach(A), 2n. 2g. Ach q, 0)
                              = Ach/mll)
```

= Ach m 1

ach (Sm) n = Kelke Iten (Ach m) n

and

Ach (suce m) (suce n)
$$\equiv$$
 (Iter (Ach m)) (suce n) by $*$
 \equiv rec $_{N}(N, Ach m 1, \lambda n. \lambda q. Ach m q, suce n)$
 $\equiv (\lambda q. Ach m q)$ (rec $_{N}(N, Ach m 1, \lambda n. \lambda q. Ach m q, n))$
 $\equiv (\lambda q. Ach m q)$ (Iter (Ach m) n)

 $\equiv (\lambda q. Ach m q)$ (Ach (suce m) n) by $*$
 $\equiv Ach m$ (Ach (suce m) n)