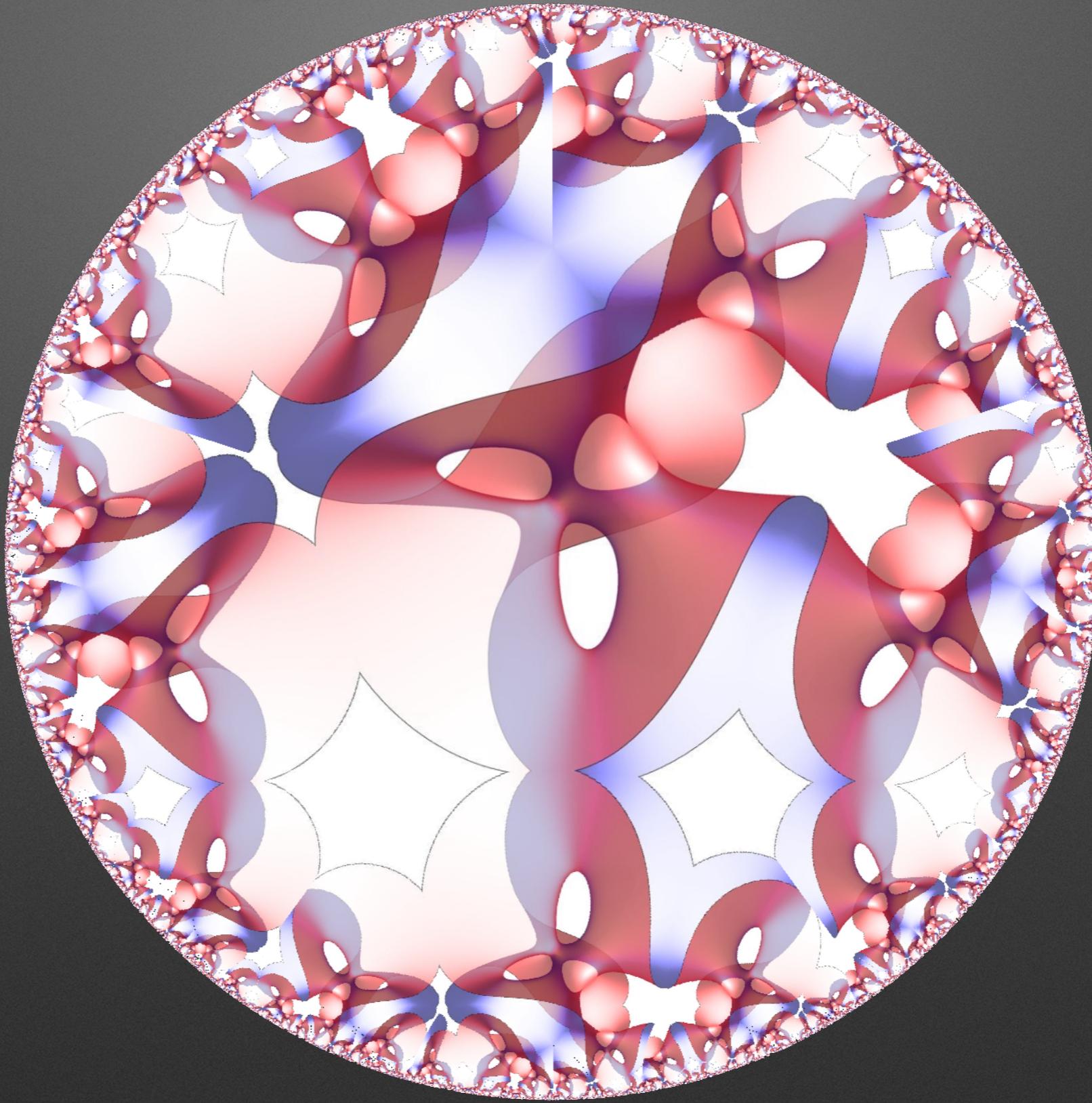
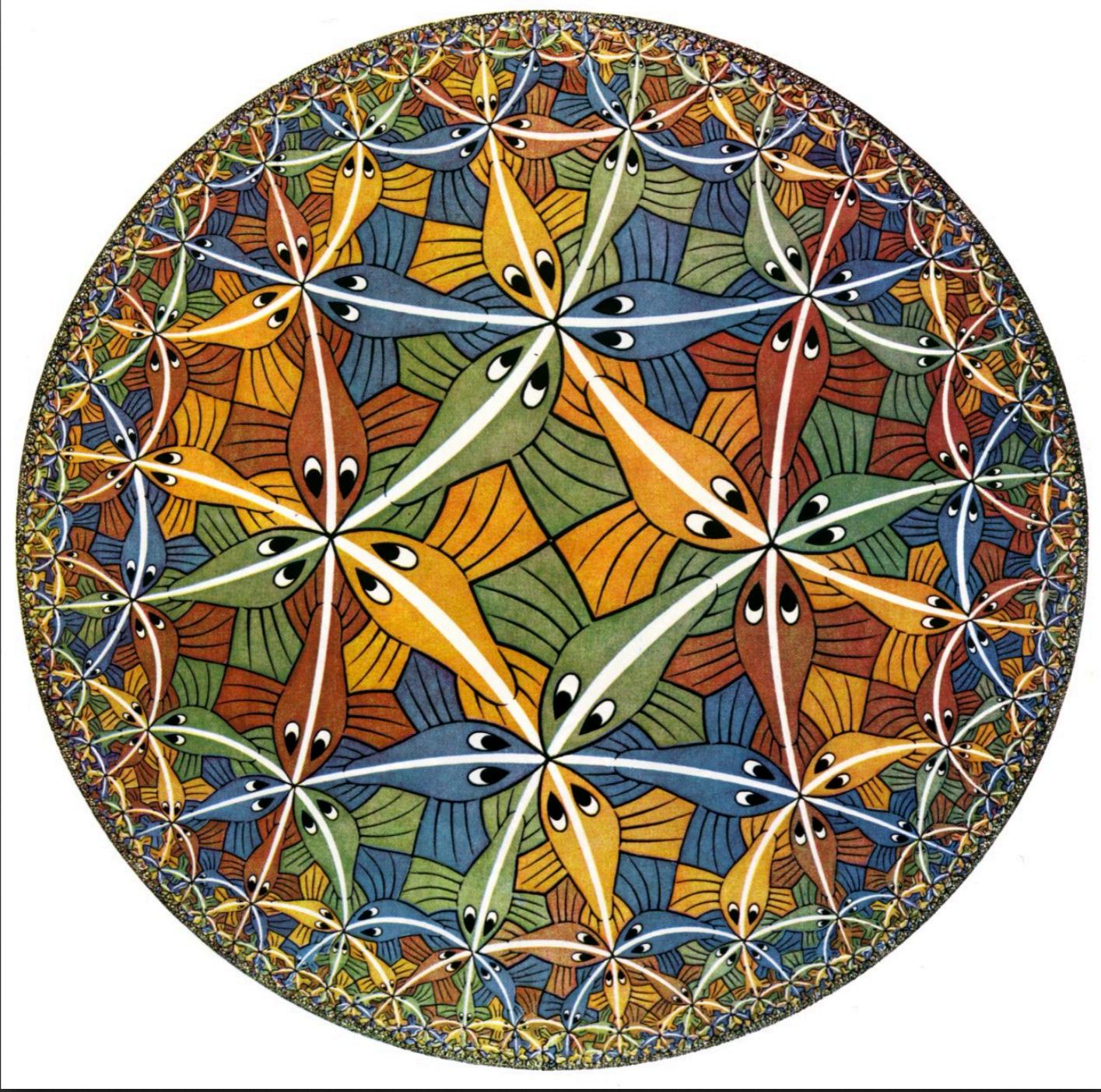


# Hyperbolic Art





This is “Circle Limit III”

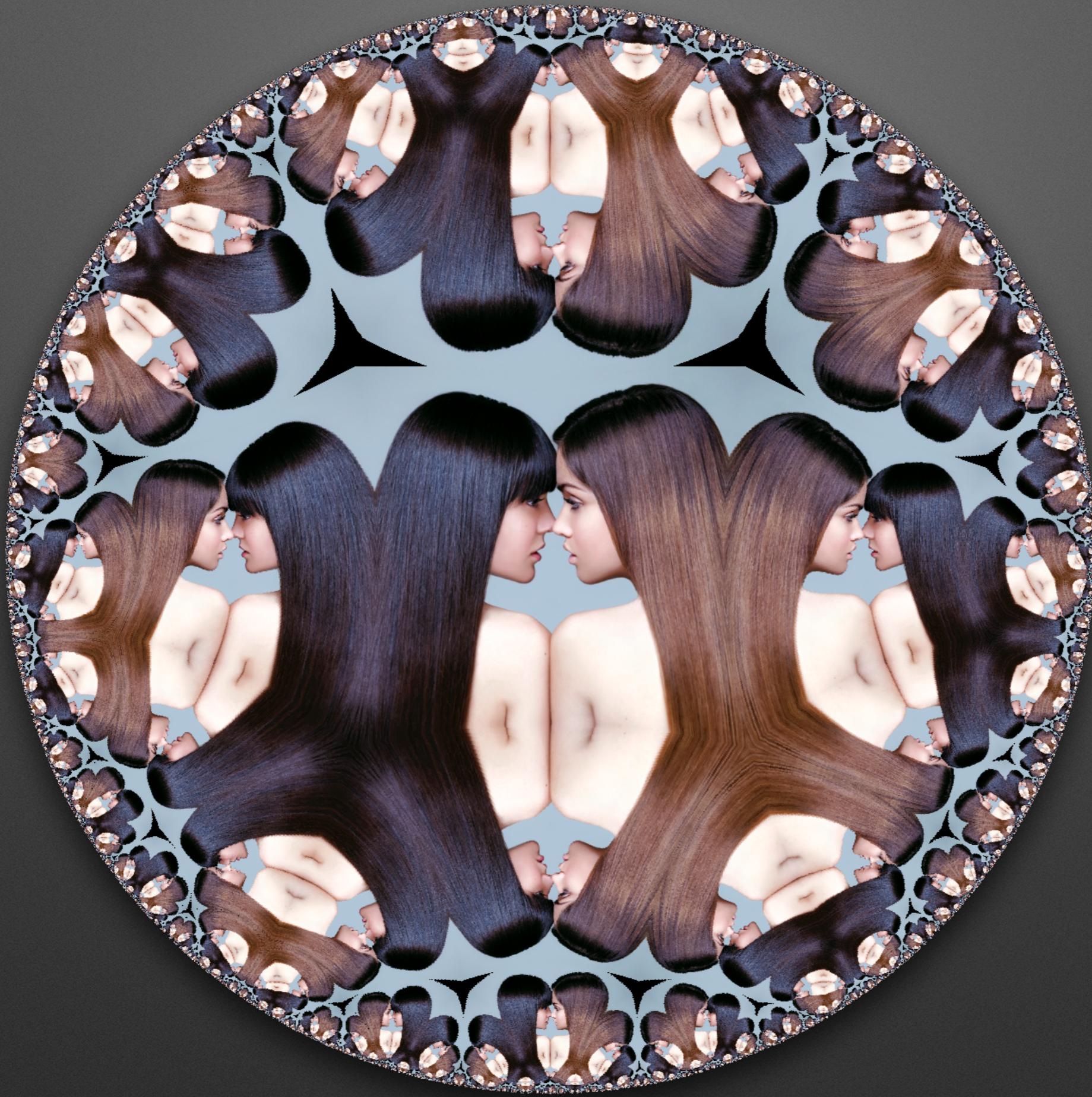
by M.C.Escher

By  
repurposing  
other  
people's  
images and  
software...

I created my own  
pictures along similar lines

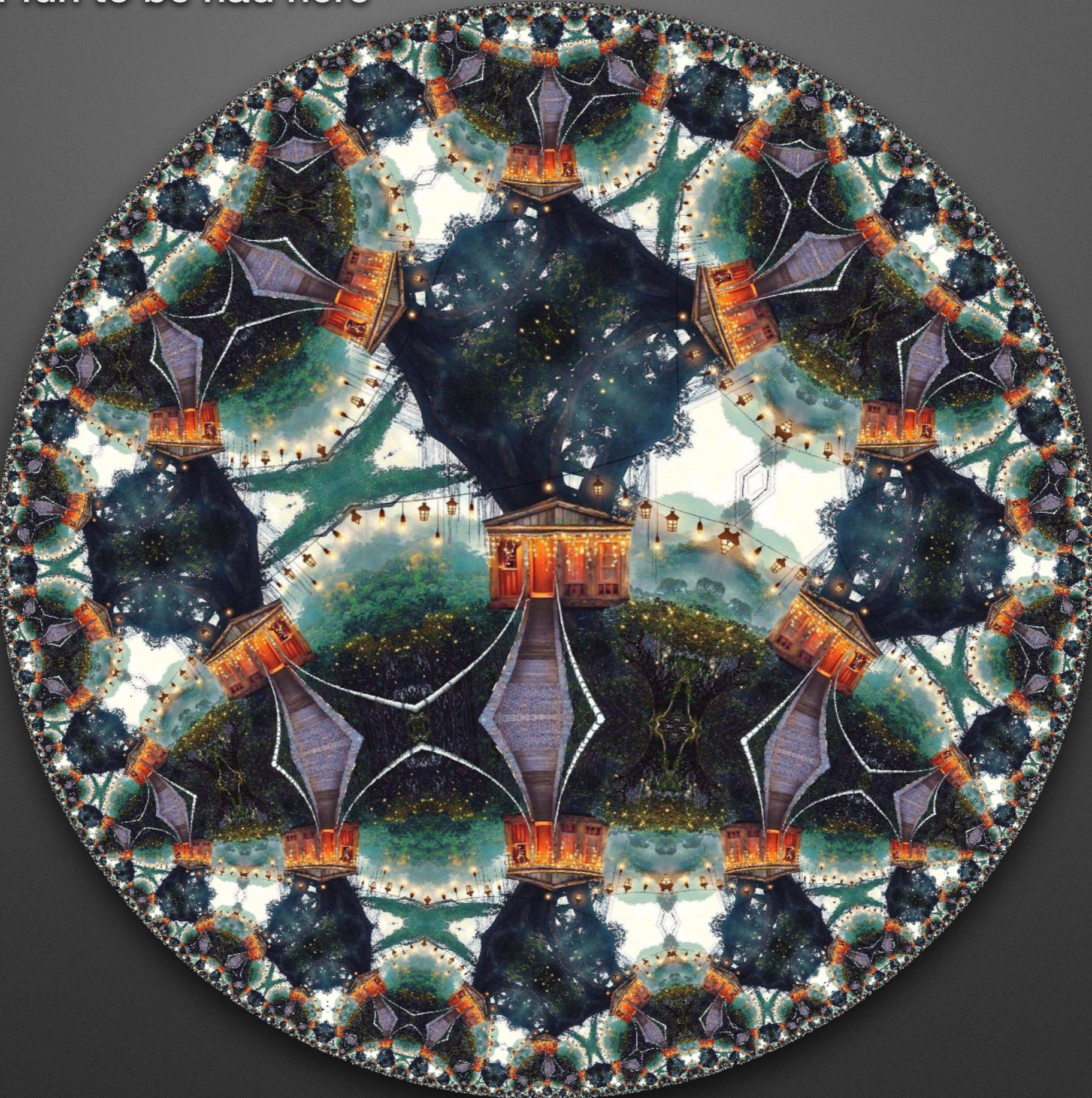
This one uses a  
“snailstag” from a  
mediaeval manuscript.







There's a lot of fun to be had here



# Beyond showing you pretty pictures...

I wanted to talk about the geometry behind these

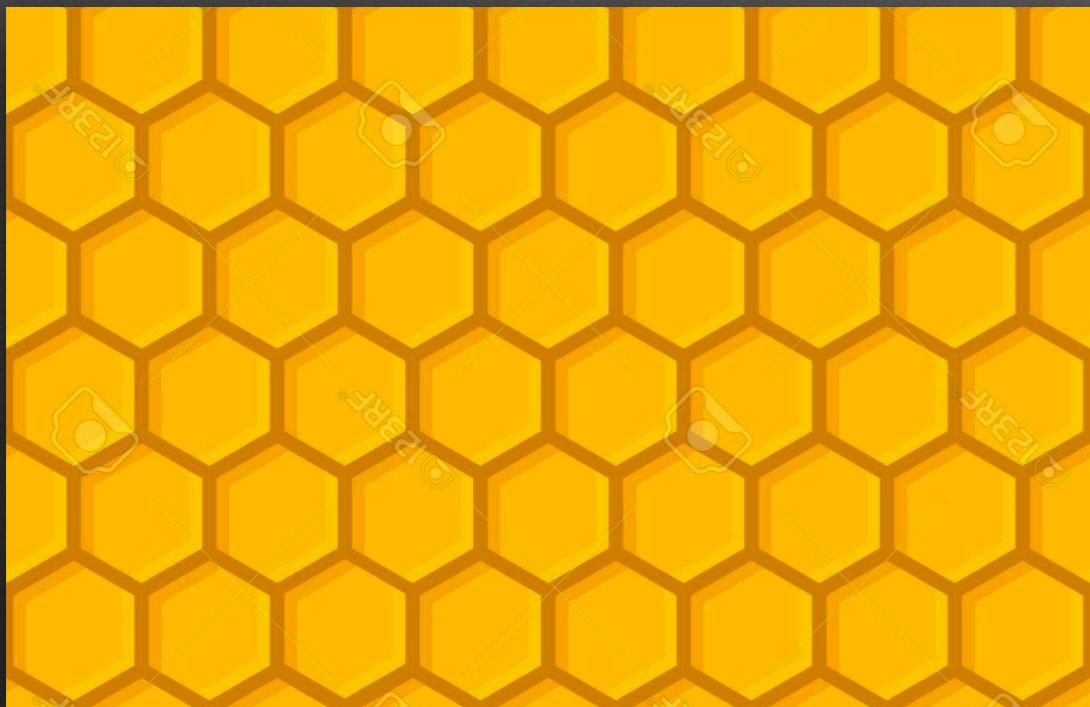
The images are actually *tilings* on a geometric structure called the *hyperbolic plane*

Much as you might tile your bathroom using ordinary (Euclidean) plane geometry

...and we will come back to Euclid, because substantial violence has been done to him here

You can tile  
squares  
and  
hexagons

...



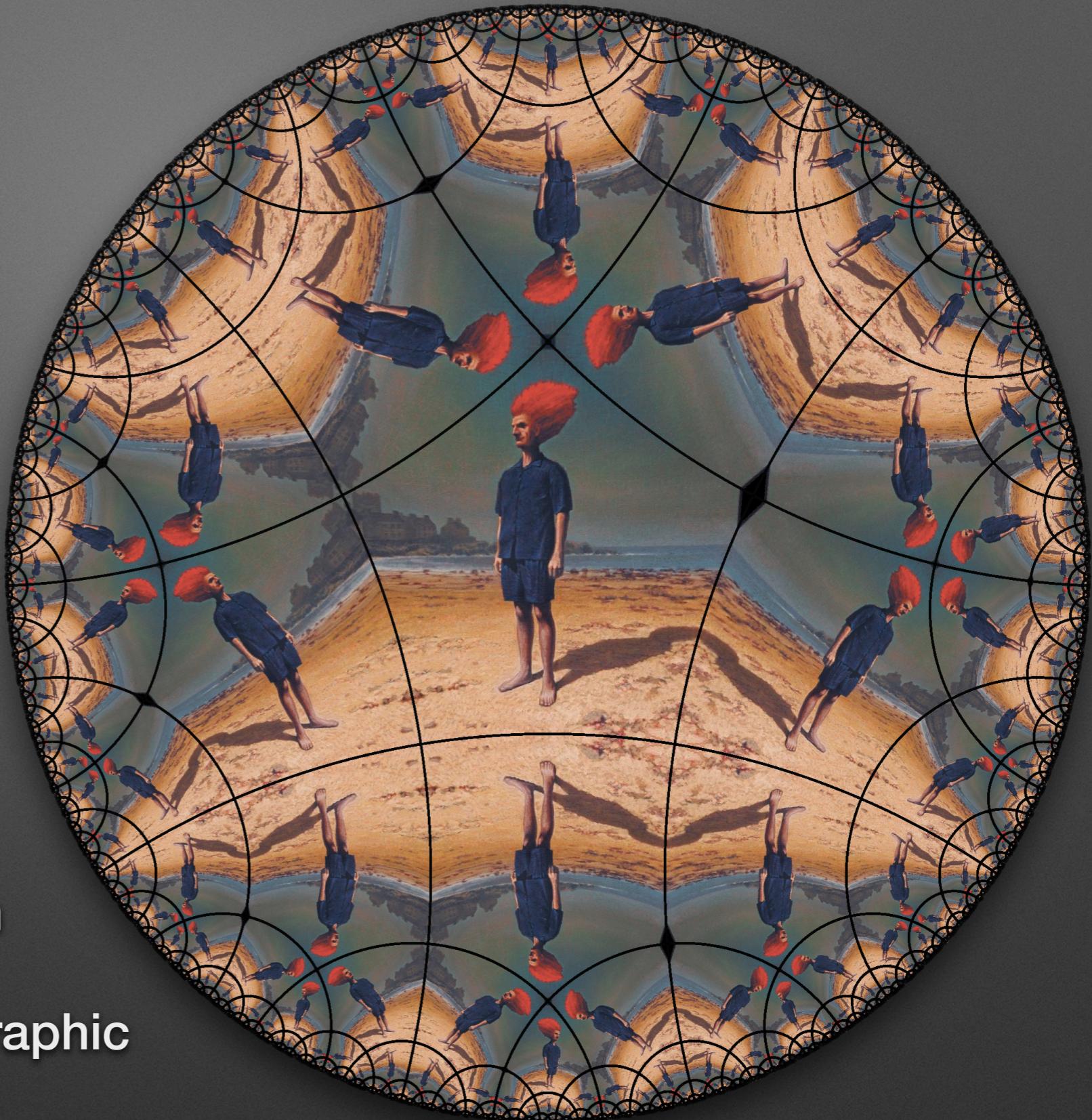
You can't  
tile pentagons

But...

What if you  
did anyway?

In the context of (say) a computer game, we can easily model 5-sided cells (pentagons) and fit them together four at a time, like squares.

Visualising it on the screen is then a small matter of graphic design. And there will be distortion!



# What is the hyperbolic plane?

- What “surface” are we modelling here?
- Is it a real place?
- Can I go there on holiday?

Yes. You can play HyperRogue

## Geometry, but not as we know it:

- tiling pentagons and heptagons
- the angle sum of a triangle is not  $180^\circ$
- the circumference of a circle now depends *exponentially* on its radius: a few steps and you're lost

Where is Euclid in all of this?

**On the hyperbolic plane, basic laws  
of geometry have been repealed**

The first half of Euclid's Elements (foundational description of geometry, circa 300BC) is left intact

After that, it's like we took the Bible and rewrote the New Testament.

More another time. Thank you for attending my TED talk!

THANK YOU

