

# Deep Dive into Concepts and Tools for Analyzing Streaming Data

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# Data originates in real-time

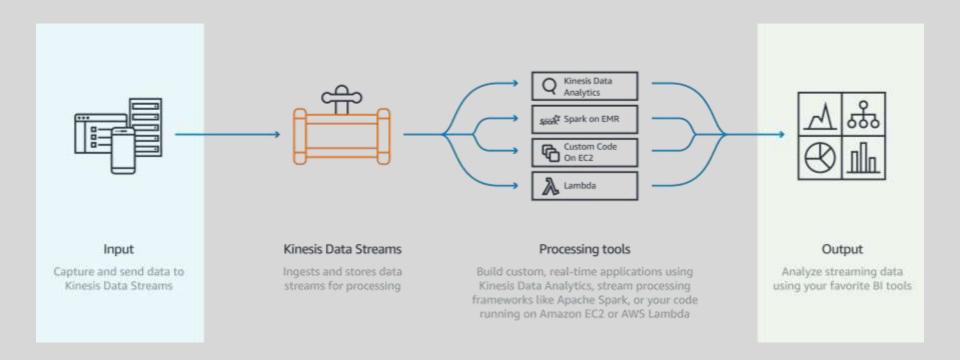


# **Analytics is done in batches**





# **Analyzing Streaming Data on AWS**





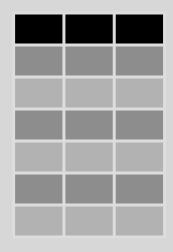
# **Comparing Streams and Relations**

#### Relation

# Stream

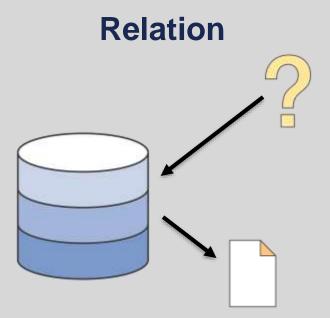
$$R \subseteq Id \times Color$$

$$S \subseteq Id \times Color \times Time$$

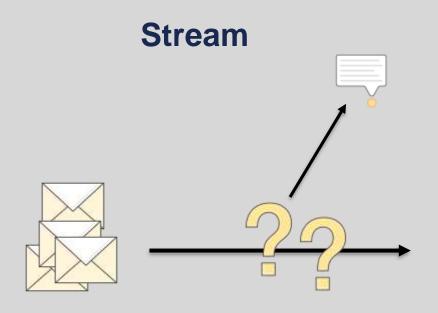




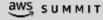
# **Querying Streams and Relations**



Fixed data and ad-hoc queries



Fixed queries and continuously ingested data



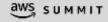
# **Challenges of Querying Infinite Streams**

```
SELECT * FROM S WHERE color = 'black'
```

```
SELECTounded Query
Unbounded Query
```

```
SELECT color, COUNT perators S GROUP BY color

. Non-monotonic Select * FROM S WHERE color = 'red')
```







There are only two hard problems in distributed systems: 2. Exactly-once delivery 1. Guaranteed order of messages 2. Exactly-once delivery once delivery

11:40 AM - 14 Aug 2015

# **Analyzing Streaming Data on AWS**

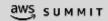
#### **Amazon Kinesis Analytics**

- Runs standard SQL queries on top of streaming data
- Fully managed and scales automatically
- Only pay for the resources your queries consume

#### **Apache Flink**

- Open-source stream processing framework
- Included in Amazon Elastic Map Reduce (EMR)
- Flexible APIs with Java and Scalar, SQL, and CEP support





# **Evaluating Queries over Streams** Photo by Brad Greenlee https://www.flickr.com/photos/bgreenlee/91309374/

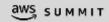
# **Evaluating Non-monotonic Operators**

#### **Tumbling Windows**



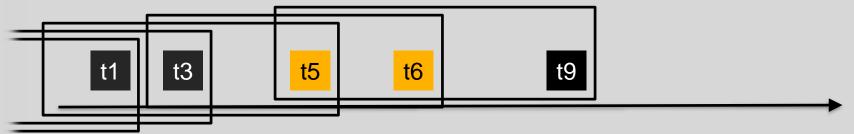


```
SELECT STREAM color, COUNT(1)
FROM ...
GROUP BY STEP(rowtime BY INTERVAL '10' SECOND), color;
```



# **Evaluating Non-monotonic Operators Sliding Windows**



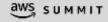


SELECT STREAM color, COUNT(1) OVER w

FROM ...

**GROUP BY** color

WINDOW w AS (RANGE INTERVAL '10' SECOND PRECEDING);



## **Evaluating Non-monotonic Operators**

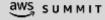
#### **Session Windows**





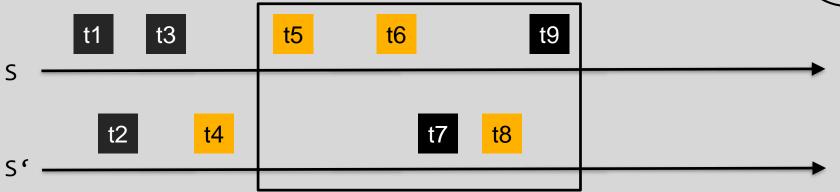
#### stream

- .keyBy(<key selector>)
- .window(EventTimeSessionWindows.withGap(Time.minutes(10)))
- .<windowed transformation>(<window function>);

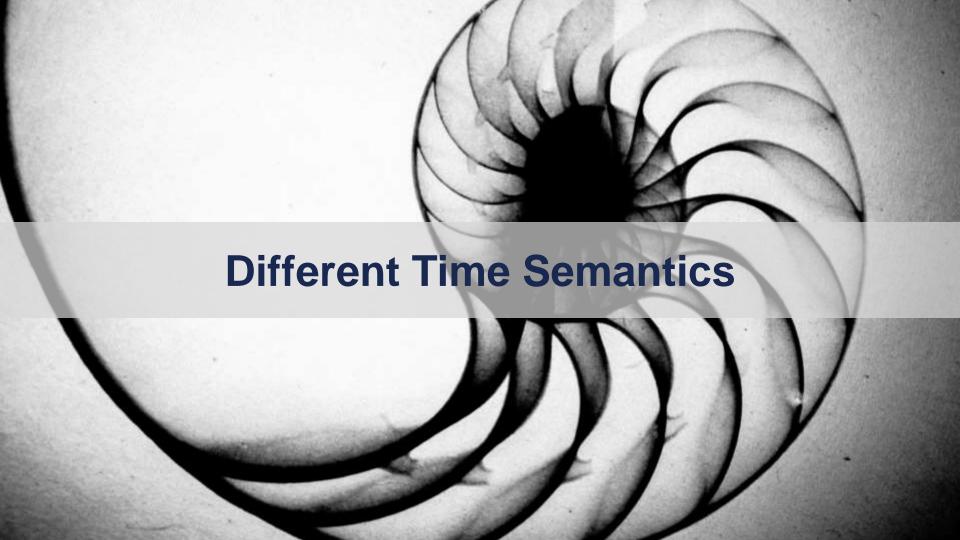


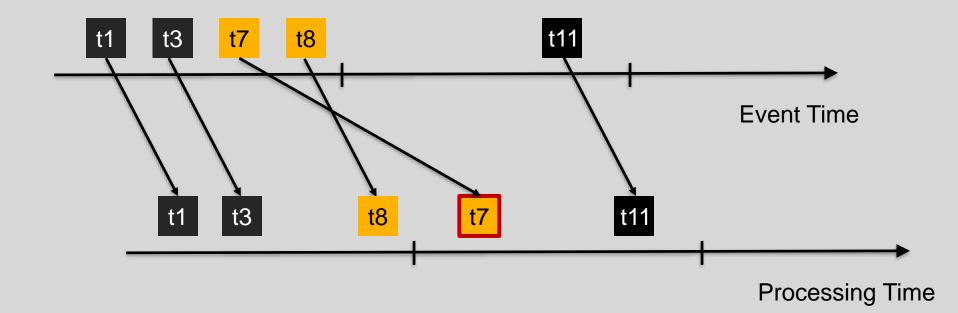
# **Evaluating Unbounded Queries**



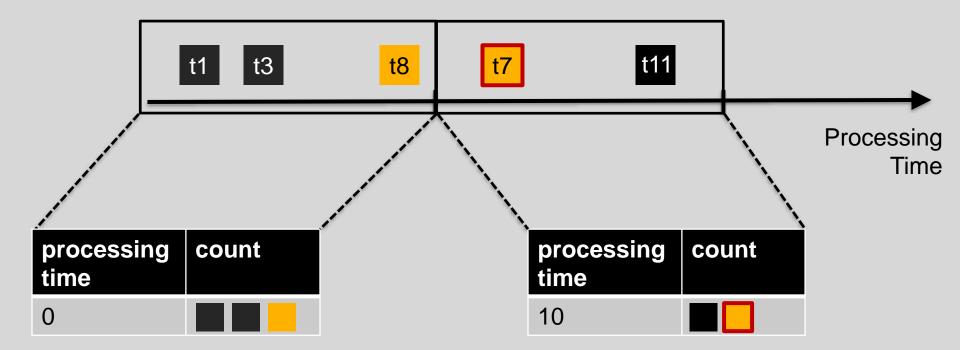


SELECT STREAM \*
FROM S OVER w AS s JOIN S' OVER w AS t
ON s.color = t.color
WINDOW w AS (RANGE INTERVAL '10' SECOND PRECEDING);





# Maintaining Order of Events Using processing time based windows



#### **Using multiple time-windows**



```
STEP(rowtime BY INTERVAL '10' SECOND) AS processing_time,
STEP(event_time BY INTERVAL '10' SECOND) AS event_time,
color,
```

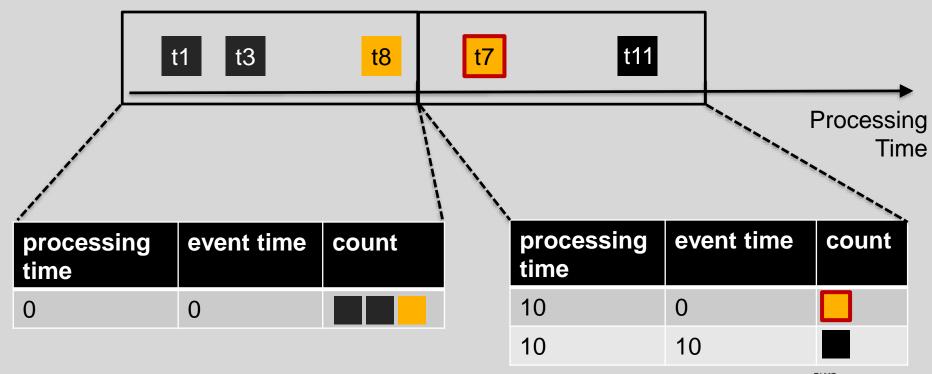
FROM ...

SELECT STREAM

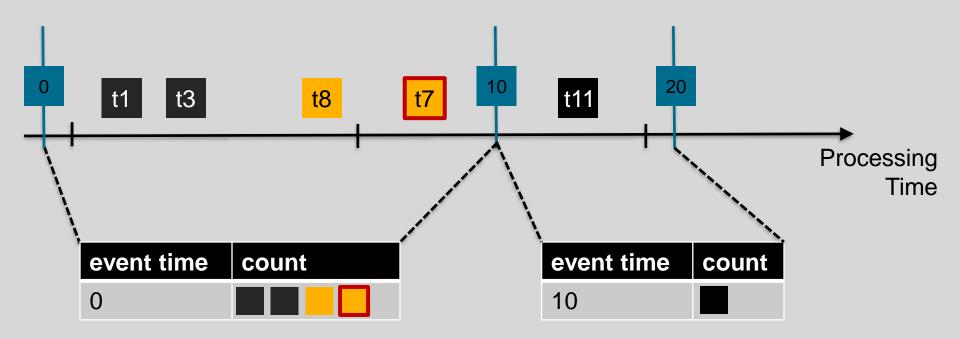
COUNT(1)

GROUP BY processing\_time, event\_time, color;

#### **Using multiple time-windows**



#### **Using event time and watermarks**



# Adding Watermarks to a Stream



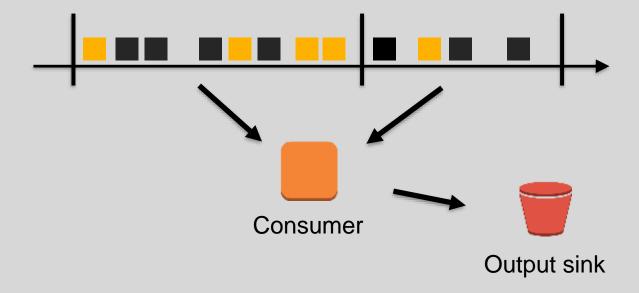
- Periodic watermarks
  - Assuming ascending timestamps
- Punctuated watermarks

```
stream.assignTimestampsAndWatermarks(
   new AscendingTimestampExtractor<MyEvent>() {
      @Override
      public long extractAscendingTimestamp(MyEvent element) {
         return element.getCreationTime();
      }
});
```

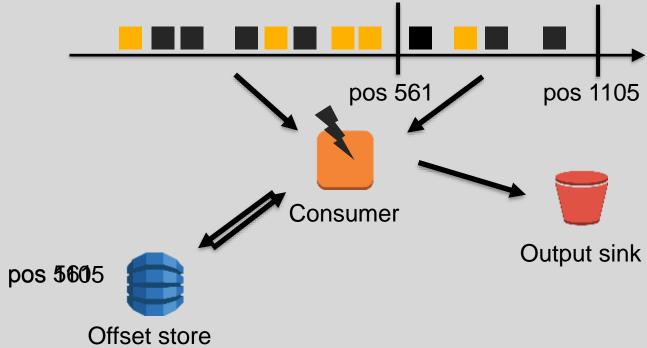




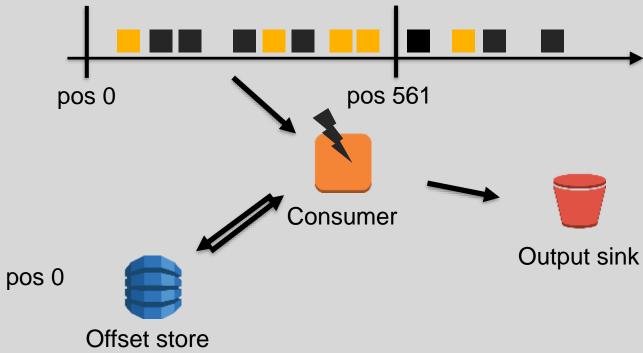
# **Consuming Data from a Stream**



#### **At-most Once Semantics**



#### **At-least Once Semantics**



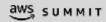
#### **Exactly-once Semantics**

#### **Message Deduplication**

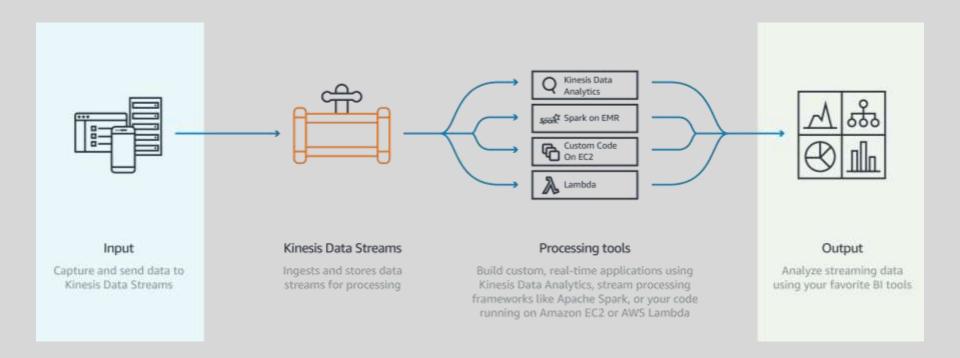
- At-least-once event delivery plus message deduplication
- Keep a transaction log of processed messages
- On failure, replay events and remove duplicated events for every operator

#### **Distributed Snapshots**

- State for each operator is periodically checkpointed
- On failure, rewind operator to the previous consistent state



#### Go Build!

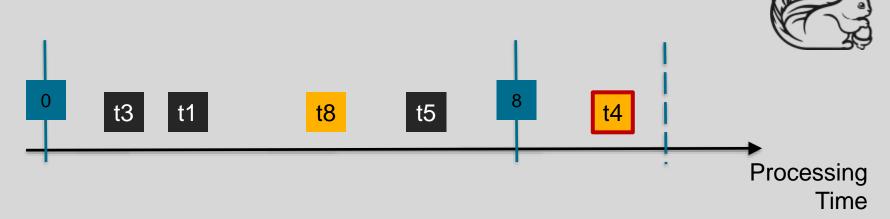


# Please complete the session survey in the summit mobile app.



# Thank you!

### **Watermarks and Allowed Lateness**



#### stream

- .keyBy(<key selector>)
- .window(<window assigner>)
- .allowedLateness(<time>)
- .sideOutputLateData(LateOutputTag)

