CSC 766 Code Optimization for Scalar and Parallel Programs
Spring 2023 Xipeng Shen HW 2

1

Convert the following loop to a form where the loop indexes are each incremented by 1:

```
for(i=50;i>=10;i=i-7)
X[i,i+1]=0;
```

```
for(i=0;i<=5;i=i+1)
X[i*7+15,i*7+16]=0;
```

2

```
a) for (i=1; i<30; i++)
for (j=i+2; j<40-i; j++)
X[i,j]=0;
```

- 1. Draw the iteration spaces for (a) and (b).
- 2. Write the constraints in matrix form (i.e., give the values of the vectors i and b and the matrix B.)

a.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} i \\ j \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -29 \\ -2 \\ 39 \end{pmatrix} \ge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 b.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} i \\ j \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ 1000 \\ 0 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \ge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 c.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} i \\ j \\ k \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 99 \\ 0 \\ 99 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \ge \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Use the Fourier-Motzkin elimination algorithm to eliminate i from each of the sets of constraints obtained in the exercise (2).

a. $L_i = 1$ $U_i = 29$ $L_i = i + 2, 3$ $U_j = 39 - i, 38$ b. $L_i = 10$ $U_i = 1000$ $L_j = i, 10$ $U_j = i + 9,1009$ c. $L_i = 1$ $U_i = 99$ $L_j = 0$ $U_j = 99 + i, 198$ $L_k = i + j, 1$ $U_k = 99 - i - j, 98$ 4. For each of the three loop nests, rewrite the code so the axis i is replaced by the major diagonal, i.e., use loop index variable m = j - i. The new axis should correspond to the outermost loop.

Transform constants using m = j - i, j = m + i, i = j - m.

a.

$$i \ge 1$$

$$j \ge 3$$

$$j \leq 38$$

Transform constants:

$$m \ge j - 29$$

$$m \leq j - 1$$

$$j \ge 3$$

$$j \le 38$$

b.

$$i \ge 10$$

$$i \le 1000$$

$$j \ge i$$

$$j \le i + 9$$

Transform constants:

$$j-m \geq 9$$

$$j-m \le 1000$$

$$j \ge j - m$$

$$j \le j - m + 9$$

Which can be simplified to:

$$j \ge 9 + m$$

```
j \le 1000 + m
                                               m \ge 0
                                              m \le 10
for (m=0; m<=9; m++)
     for (j=9+m; j<1000+m; j++)
          X[j-m,j]=0;
c.
                                               i \ge 1
                                               i \le 99
                                               j \ge 0
                                            j \le 100 + i
                                             k \ge i + j
                                          k \le 100 - i - j
Transform constants:
                                             j-m \geq 1
                                            j - m \le 99
                                               j \ge 0
                                         j \le 100 + j - m
                                             k \ge i + j
                                       k \le 100 - j + m - j
Which can be simplified to:
                                             j-m \geq 1
                                            j - m \le 99
                                               j \ge 0
                                         j \le 100 + j - m
                                             k \ge i + j
```

 $k \le 100 - 2j + m$

for (i=1; i<100; i++)
 for (j=0; j<100+i; j++)
 for (k=i+j; k<100-i-j; k++)
 X[i,j,k]=0;</pre>