

Brian — PS 13 — 2025-03-25 — Solution

EIWL3 Sections 33 and 34

Exercises from *EIWL3* Section 33

```
In[ ]:= (* 33.1 *) Head[ListPlot[{1, 2, 3}]]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

Graphics

```
In[ ]:= (* 33.2 *) Times@@Array[# &, 100]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

93 326 215 443 944 152 681 699 238 856 266 700 490 715 968 264 381 621 468 592 963 895 217 599 993 :
229 915 608 941 463 976 156 518 286 253 697 920 827 223 758 251 185 210 916 864 000 000 000 000 :
000 000 000 000

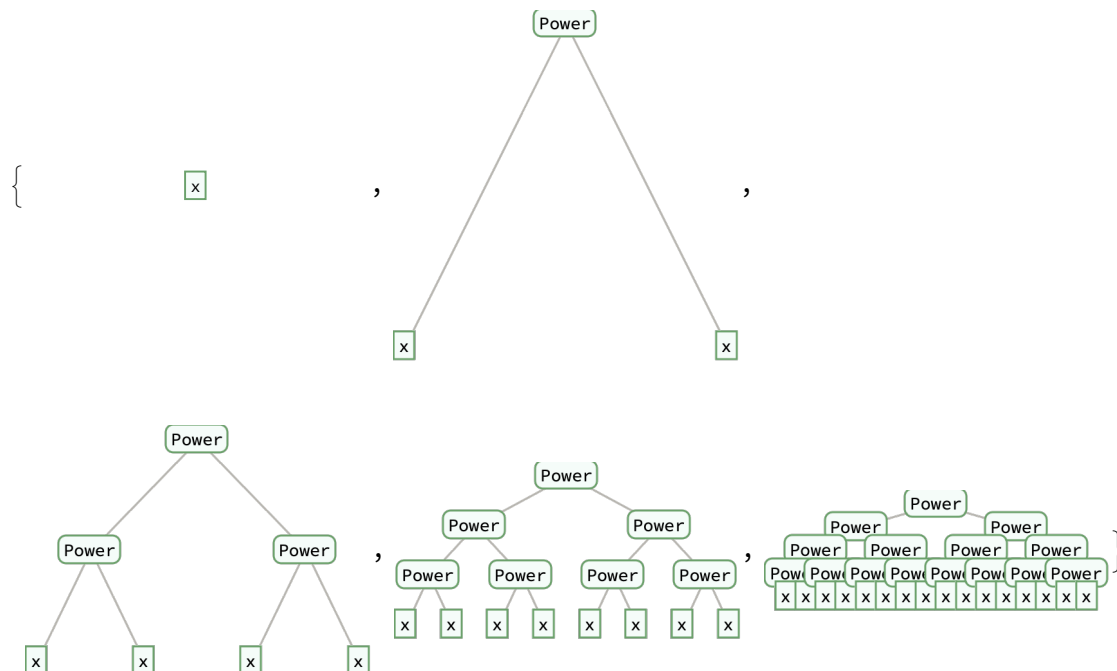
```
In[ ]:= (* 33.3 *) f@@@Tuples[{a, b}, 2]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

{f[a, a], f[a, b], f[b, a], f[b, b]}

```
In[ ]:= (* 33.4 *) ExpressionTree /@ NestList[#^# &, x, 4]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```



```
In[*]:= (* 33.5 *) Union[Select[Flatten[Array[#1^2 / (#2^2 + 1) &, {20, 20}]], IntegerQ]]
```

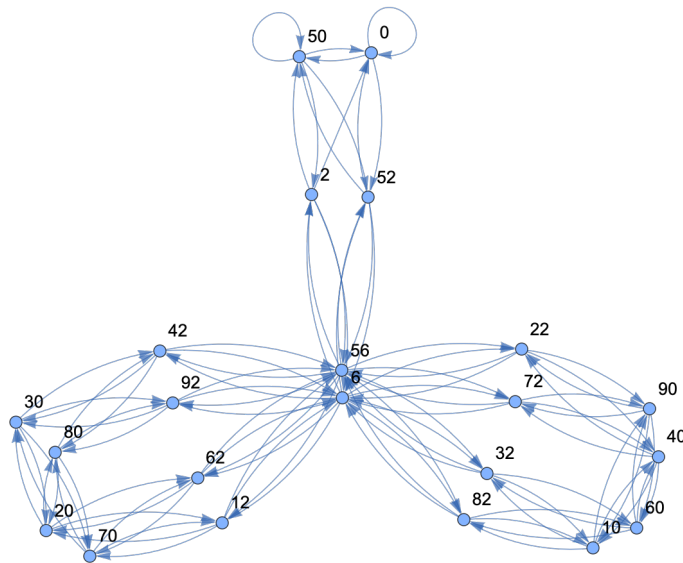
```
Out[*]=
```

```
{2, 5, 8, 10, 17, 18, 20, 32, 40, 45, 50, 72, 80, 98, 128, 162, 200}
```

```
In[*]:= (* 33.6 *)
```

```
Graph[Rule @@@ Partition[Table[Mod[n^2 + n, 100], {n, 100}], 2, 1], VertexLabels -> All]
```

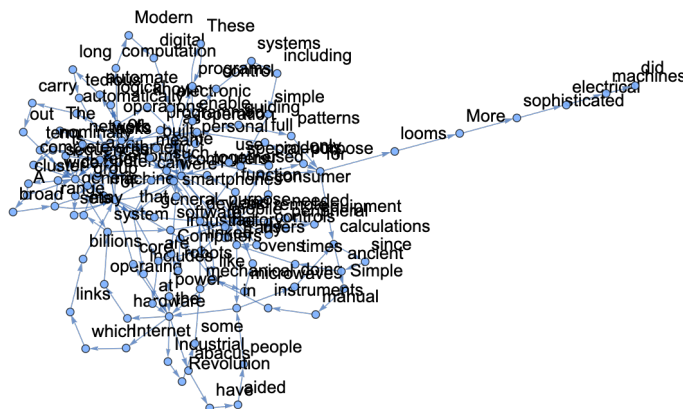
```
Out[*]=
```



```
In[*]:= (* 33.7 *)
```

```
Graph[Rule @@@ Partition[Take[TextWords[WikipediaData["computers"]], 200], 2, 1],  
VertexLabels -> All]
```

```
Out[*]=
```



```
In[*]:= (* 33.8 *) f @@@ {{1, 2}, {7, 2}, {5, 4}}
```

```
Out[*]=
```

```
{f[1, 2], f[7, 2], f[5, 4]}
```

yields the same result as the more complicated

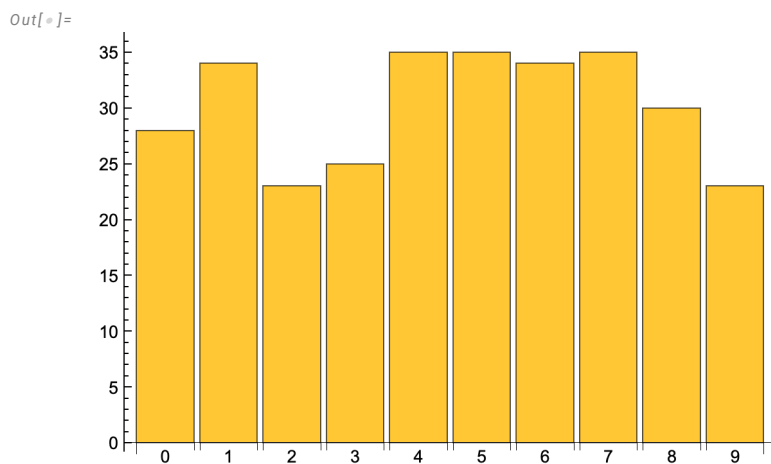
```
In[ ]:= f@@#& /@ {{1, 2}, {7, 2}, {5, 4}}
Out[ ]:= {f[1, 2], f[7, 2], f[5, 4]}
```

Exercises from *EIWL3* Section 34

```
In[ ]:= (* 34.1 *) Count[IntegerDigits[3100], #] & /@ Table[i, {i, 0, 9}]
Out[ ]:= {7, 9, 9, 5, 1, 5, 4, 7, 0, 1}
```

I think Wolfram's expected output for Exercise 34.1 is wrong. He fails to include that 8 appears 0 times. His notebook says the expected output is {7,9,9,5,1,5,4,7,1}.

```
In[ ]:= (* 34.2 *)
BarChart[Association[# → Count[IntegerDigits[21000], #] & /@ Table[i, {i, 0, 9}]],
  ChartLabels → Table[i, {i, 0, 9}]]
```

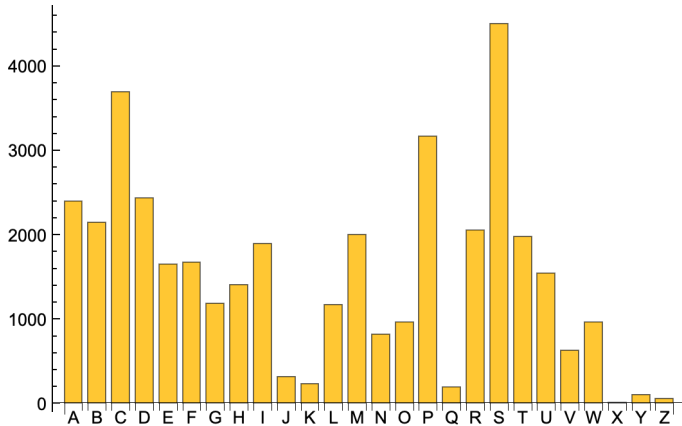


My solution to Exercise 34.2 is a little clunky. Got a better one?

```
In[ ]:= (* 34.3 *)
```

```
BarChart[Table[Count[Capitalize[First[Characters[#]]] & /@ WordList[], letter],  
  {letter, Capitalize /@ Alphabet[]}], ChartLabels -> Capitalize /@ Alphabet[]]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

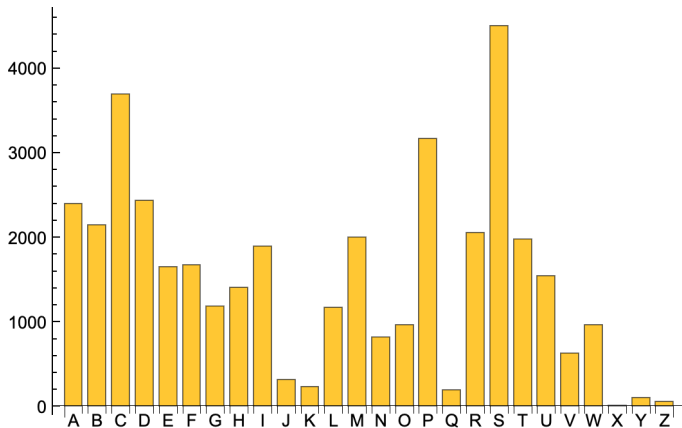


Same comment about my solution to Exercise 34.3 as 34.2. I'm guessing there is a slicker way to do these two using associations. In Exercise 34.4 I finally figured out the slicker way.

```
In[ ]:= (* 34.4 *) BarChart[Association[
```

```
Table[letter -> Count[Capitalize[First[Characters[#]]] & /@ WordList[], letter],  
  {letter, Capitalize /@ Alphabet[]}], ChartLabels -> Automatic]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```



```
In[ ]:= (* 34.5 *) Count[Characters[WikipediaData["computers"]], #] & /@ {"q", "u"} //  
  Divide[#[[1]], #[[2]]] &
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

```
63  
-----  
1570
```

My solution to Exercise 34.5 is super-clunky. I may revise this solution after I look at yours:).

```
In[ ]:= (* 34.6 *) Keys[
```

```
Take[Reverse[Sort[WordCounts[ExampleData[{"Text", "AliceInWonderland"}]]]], 10]]
```

```
Out[ ]:=
```

```
{the, and, a, to, she, of, was, Alice, in, it}
```