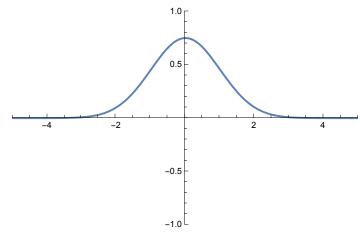
First we need to normalize the 0th and 1th wave functions by determining c_0 and c_1 . These just come from doing normalization integrals.

Here is c_0 and $\psi_0(x)$:

In[31]:= cnot =
$$1/Pi^{1/4}$$
; psinot[x_] := cnot * Exp[- $x^2/2$]

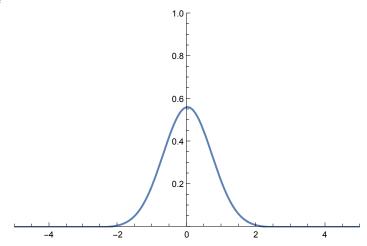
$$In[53]:= Plot[psinot[x], \{x, -5, 5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-5, 5\}, \{-1, 1\}\}]$$

Out[53]=



$$In[32]:= Plot[psinot[x]^2, \{x, -5, 5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-5, 5\}, \{0, 1\}\}]$$

Out[32]=

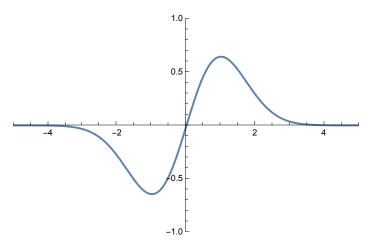


Here is c_1 and $\psi_1(x)$:

In[33]:= cone =
$$2^{1/2} / Pi^{1/4}$$
; psione[x_] := cone * x * Exp[-x²/2]

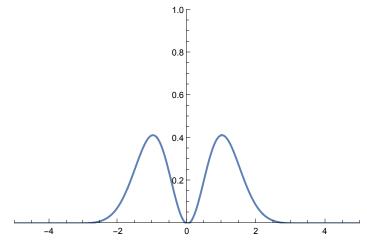
ln[54]:= Plot[psione[x], {x, -5, 5}, PlotRange \rightarrow {{-5, 5}, {-1, 1}}]

Out[54]=



 $ln[55]:= Plot[psione[x]^2, \{x, -5, 5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-5, 5\}, \{0, 1\}\}]$

Out[55]=



What are we going to do next?

We have $\psi_0(x)$ and $\psi_1(x)$ and now we need to make the combination

$$\psi(x, t) = \frac{e^{-i E_0 t/\hbar} \psi_0(x) + e^{-i E_1 t/\hbar} \psi_1(x)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

But that is a probability amplitude. To understand the probability, we also have to take absolutevalue sqared of this thing, which means we first have to turn

$$e^{-iE_0t/\hbar} = \cos\frac{E_0t}{\hbar} - i\sin\frac{E_0t}{\hbar}$$

$$e^{-iE_1t/\hbar} = \cos\frac{E_1t}{\hbar} - i\sin\frac{E_1t}{\hbar}$$

and then take the real and imaginary parts of the combinations and square them.

The upshot is

```
|\psi(x, t)|^2 = \left[\cos\frac{E_0 t}{\hbar} \psi_0(x) + \cos\frac{E_1 t}{\hbar} \psi_1(x)\right]^2 + \left[\sin\frac{E_0 t}{\hbar} \psi_0(x) + \sin\frac{E_1 t}{\hbar} \psi_1(x)\right]^2
       enot = 1/2; eone = 3/2;
In[44]:= timeDependentProbability[x_, t_] :=
         ((Cos[enot * t] * psinot[x] + Cos[eone * t] * psione[x])<sup>2</sup> +
              (Sin[enot * t] * psinot[x] + Sin[eone * t] * psione[x])^{2})/2
ln[45]:= Plot[timeDependentProbability[x, 0], {x, -5, 5}, PlotRange \rightarrow {{-5, 5}, {0, 1}}]
```

In[52]:= Animate[Plot[timeDependentProbability[x, t],

$$\{x, -5, 5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{-5, 5\}, \{0, 1\}\}\}, \{t, 0, 4*Pi\}\}$$

Out[52]=

