



ENSE 405

Activity #2: Community characteristics & orientation

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Community (UN SD goal): 4.7, sub goal of #4 Quality Education. Ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and

skills needed to promote.

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Instructions

Research the community you are most interested in exploring using links from the UN Sustainable Goals website (https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/) and others. In your exhaustive research, answer the following.

Community characteristics							
Community life-cycle (current state)							
Where is your community in its life-cycle?	What you need to focus on:	Special needs					
☐ Just forming Need basic tools to connect, but not sure from there	Research and/or discuss the potential of some basic tools with members, explore what ideas it might give them, and see what they might bring in with them.						
☐ Self-designing Information stage, but with a strong sense of what it wants to accomplish	Contribute ideas to the design. Analyze systematically the implications of their community design for technology, infrastructure, and technology skills.						
☑ Growing & restless Ready to add new functionality to its tool configuration	Try to make this a community reflection and self-design event. Does their restlessness suggest a major change, such as a transition to a new platform?	A new platform is exactly what we hope to accomplish. The easiest and most well ordered way to find high quality education resources.					
☐ Stable and adapting Just needing some new tools	How much disruption will the community tolerate? How will the new tools be integrated into or affect existing practices?						
Constitution							
Diversity: How diverse is the community?							





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Topic		Your notes			
What are the different to members and what are levels of participation?		Our community is divided into three groups and members can be any one of these or all three. Creators: these members have some knowledge that is desirable to the community and they are willing to share it electronically. Curators: these members can be students or teachers, either way these members are willing to give their input as to where to find the highest quality educational resources. Consumers: these are members of the community that are primarily seeking the highest quality educational resources and wish to find them in a timely fashion.			
How spread apart is it is of location and time zon		The community is in every time zone across the world.			
What language(s) do m speak?	embers	The members of this community speak all sorts of languages (human, programming, musical and beyond).			
What other cultural or of diversity aspects may a your technology choice.	ffect	We assume that members of this community are culturally familiar with computers and the use of digital resources. Therefore we hope to design a tool that will feel similar to another tool that members may be accustomed to.			
Openness: How connect	ted to the	e outside world is your community?			
Topic			Your notes		
How much do you want to control the coundaries of your community? Does your community need ☐ To be private/secure ☐ Open boundar ☐ Both private & public spaces		secure boundaries private &	Every member has the right to contribute their thoughts on the quality of a digital resource.		
How does your community need to interact with other communities? Do you need common tools for sharing and learning with them?			content from communities such as YouTube. The ability to view a		
Technology aspira	tions				
Technology savvy, tole thereof? What are the			nat are your community's technology interests and skills and patience echnology factors?		
Topic Your no					
How interested is your community in technolog	gy?	Our communi digital educati	ty has at least some interest in technology if they desire to discover on resources.		
What is their capacity for learning new tools?	or		s have a desire to learn something, but that something is likely not a erefore, our tool should be as easy as possible to learn.		
			skills is extremely great. This could cause chaos on our tool. We will ement a very rigid yet logical way to sort things to avoid chaos.		
How tolerant are members the adoption of a wide of tools?		Some users may be very tolerant of adoption of new tools, but the tolerance of the community as a whole is impossible to gauge. To mitigate this we should strive for simplicity with an option for more complex tools.			





How many technological boundaries are they willing to cross, e.g. sign in to more than one web-based tool, learn to use new tools, or give up old favorites? This helps you understand what level of integration you need.						to entry to interact with our	•	Ild strive for a very low boundary		
What are your members' technology constraints (e.g., bandwidth, operating systems, etc.)?					(e.g.,	the internet and watch video	It is assumed that each member of the community has the infrastructure to access the internet and watch videos.			
How much time are members able to be online and from where (office, home, field)? Some people have limited online time, or are able to be online only in specific locations. Others are always on. Very diverse situations can affect participation					om eld)? ed to be catio		Members should be able to be online as much or little as they desire.			
Co	mm	unit	y or	ient	atio	n				
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to t	he co	mmı	ınity.	Look	at th	·		to determine what matters most nbers (under "constitution"). Also		
to t	he co	mmı	ınity.	Look	at th	ese from the perspectives of the				
to the	ne co uss tl	mmu he "v	ınity. alue-	Look adde	at th	ese from the perspectives of the each member group	different types of mem	nbers (under "constitution"). Also		
to the disc	ne co uss tl	mmu he "v	inity. alue-	Look adde	at the	ese from the perspectives of the each member group Orientations Meetings Many communities place a great emphasis on regular meetings where members engage in shared activities for a specific time. Meetings, and the visible participation of members, assert	Variants □ Face-to-face/blended □ Online synchronous □ Online	nbers (under "constitution"). Also		





			go deep, and collaborate on projects to solve problems or produce useful artifacts. Learning is not just a matter of sharing knowledge or discussing issues. Members need to do things together in order to develop their practice. Projects usually involve a subgroup within the community	⊠ Instruction	
		\boxtimes	Content Some communities are primarily	☐ Library ☑ Structured self-	Our tool makes it easy for members to share the
			interested in creating, sharing, and providing access to documents, tools, and other content. Valuable and well-	publish Open self- publish	knowledge that themselves and other possess for use by everyone.
			organized content is a useful resource for members	☐ Content integration	
			Access to expertise Some communities create value by providing focused and timely access to expertise in the community's domain, whether internally or externally. Communities with this orientation focus on answering questions, fulfilling requests for advice, or engaging in collaborative, just-intime problem solving	 ☑ Questions & requests ☐ Access to experts ☑ Shared problem solving ☑ Knowledge validation ☐ Apprenticeship & mentoring 	Our tool aims to be an open discussion board where people can share ideas.
\boxtimes			Relationships	☐ Connecting	
			Some communities focus on relationship building among members as the basis for both ongoing learning and being available to each other. This orientation emphasizes the interpersonal aspect of learning together. Communities with this orientation place a high value on knowing each other personally, emphasizing networking, trust building, and mutual discovery	☐ Knowing about people☐ Interacting informally	
	\boxtimes		Individual participation Learning together happens in the context of a group, but it is realized in the experience of individuals. People bring different backgrounds, communication styles, and aspirations to their participation in a community.	 ☑ Levels of participation ☐ Personalization ☐ Individual development ☐ Multimembership 	As stated earlier in this document levels of membership are very important for our tool.





						People have different levels of commitment, they take on different roles, and they use tools differently				
						Community cultivation Some communities are happy with loose self-organization and unplanned evolution, while others thrive on attention to community cultivation. They have a need to reflect on the effectiveness and health of the community to make things better, joined with a willingness to work on it	☐ Democratic governance ☐ Strong core group ☐ Internal coordination ☐ External facilitation	Our tool should evolve in the way that the members see fit.		
\boxtimes						In some cases, serving a specific context becomes central to the community's identity and the ways it operates. They may live inside an organization, whose charter their practice needs to serve. They may have a mission to provide learning resources to the world or to recruit members widely. Or they may seek interactions with other communities whose domain complements their own	☐ Organization as context ☐ Cross-organizational ☐ Other related communities ☐ Public mission			
Scr	Scratchpad (other interesting insights, questions/answers, etc.)									