

Dengue

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Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

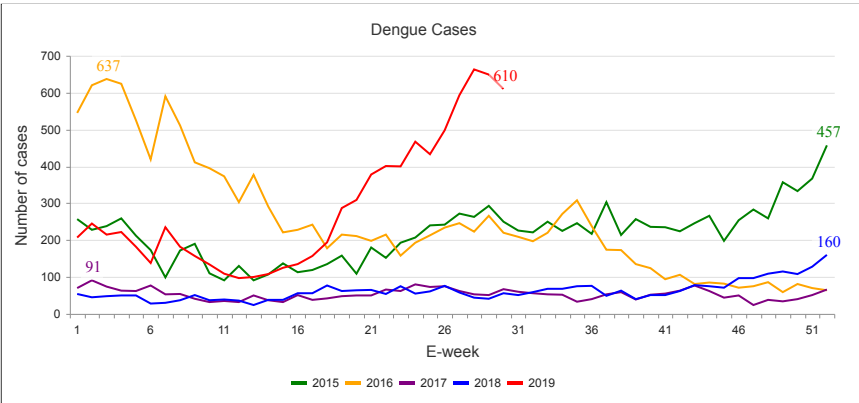
27-Jul	28-Jul	29-Jul	30-Jul	31-Jul	01-Aug	02-Aug at 3pm
63	52	97	108	87	112	49

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 25 (16-22Jun19)	E-week 26 (23-29Jun19)	E-week 27 (30Jun-06Jul19)	E-week 28 (07-13Jul19)	E-week 29 (14-20Jul19)	E-week 30 (21-27Jul19)	E-week 31 (28Jul-01Aug19 at 3pm)
433	498	593	663	649	610	505

Cumulative No. of cases for 2019 (First 30 E-weeks): 8630

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



610 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 27 July 2019, 39 cases fewer than in the previous week. A total of 8,630 dengue cases have been reported this year (as of 27 July 2019), which is more than five times the total number of dengue cases reported in the same period last year. We are in the peak dengue season in Singapore, which usually stretches from June to October, and the region around us is similarly seeing an upsurge of dengue cases this year. The warmer weather encourages the proliferation of mosquitoes if potential mosquito breeding habitats are not removed. This, coupled with a backdrop of low population immunity against dengue, highlights the need for urgent community support to eliminate all potential mosquito breeding habitats, to disrupt

dengue transmission.

As of 29 July 2019, there were 184 dengue clusters reported. Whilst the 129-case cluster at Jln Lembah Thomson / Jln Pelatina / Soo Chow Dr / Soo Chow Gdn Rd / Soo Chow Rise / Soo Chow View / Soo Chow Way / Taman Permata / Thomson Ridge / Upp Thomson Rd (Lakeview) has closed, there are other large clusters observed across the island, including at Geylang Rd, Chai Chee Ave, Pasir Ris Dr 3, Aljunied Rd, Changi Rd and Jurong East Ave 1. NEA is focusing its efforts at these large clusters, and we need everyone, including stakeholders and residents in clusters areas, to be alert to the threat of dengue. 60% of mosquito breeding has been detected in homes by NEA, with this figure being higher at around 70% in some dengue cluster areas. Thus all residents living in cluster areas are strongly encouraged to protect themselves by: carrying out the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout regularly to remove stagnant water from the environment; using mosquito repellent to prevent mosquito bites; and cooperating with NEA officers to facilitate our checks and indoor misting in their homes. Those who are unwell and show symptoms suggestive of dengue should seek medical attention early.

Fighting dengue is a community battle. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. The latest updates can also be found on the NEA website, Stop Dengue Now Facebook page, and myENV app.