

Dengue

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Dengue

Dengue Cases

Dengue Clusters

Stop Work Orders

Quarterly Dengue Surveillance Data

Dengue Community Alert System

Zika

Prevent Aedes Mosquito Breeding

Surveillance of the Aedes Aegypti Mosquito Population with Gravitrap

Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

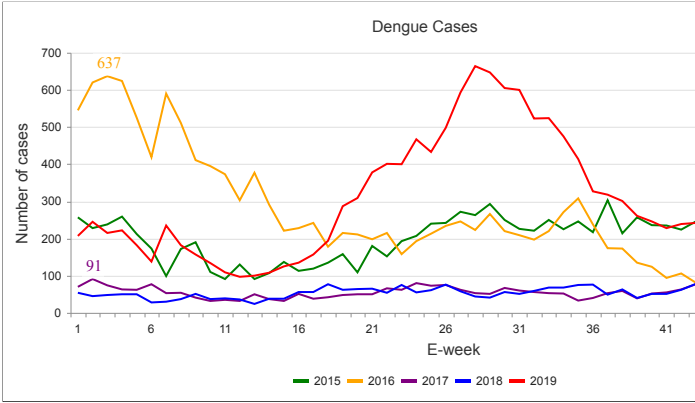
23-Nov	24-Nov	25-Nov	26-Nov	27-Nov	28-Nov	29-Nov at 3pm
24	21	63	42	46	52	29

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 42 (13-19Oct19)	E-week 43 (20-26Oct19)	E-week 44 (27Oct-02Nov19)	E-week 45 (03-09Nov19)	E-week 46 (10-16Nov19)	E-week 47 (17-23Nov19)
239	242	308	322	373	334

Cumulative No. of cases for 2019 (First 47 E-weeks): 14657

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



As of 23 November 2019, the total number of reported dengue cases is 14,657. As at 25 November 2019, there are 78 active dengue clusters, with the five largest clusters located at Choa Chu Kang Avenue 2, Elias Road, Jurong West Street 61, Jalan Bangau and Begonia Lane.

The adult *Aedes aegypti* mosquito population, determined by the Gravitrap deployed by NEA, has increased by 32% in October, compared to in September. Notably, NEA has also observed a 55% increase in the rate of detection of *Aedes aegypti* larval habitats found in homes in October, compared to in September.

Taken together, these are indications that the number of dengue cases may continue to rise further. The increase in dengue cases observed at the end of the year has been noted before in previous years, particularly in 2013 and 2015; and on both occasions, we entered the following year with an atypically high number of dengue cases. In order to avert this, NEA urges everyone to help break the disease transmission cycle, and protect themselves and their loved ones, by:

1. Immediately and regularly removing stagnant water in their homes and surroundings. Those living in landed properties should pay particular attention to any stagnant water inside their houses and in their gardens.
2. Check the NEA website for areas with relatively higher adult *Aedes aegypti* mosquito population, and take proactive mosquito prevention measures.
3. Those planning to go on vacation should mosquito-proof their homes before they travel, and bring along and apply insect repellent while travelling.
4. Persons infected with dengue should protect themselves from further mosquito bites, by applying mosquito repellent regularly. If you or your family members are unwell and showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, you are advised to seek medical attention immediately.

NEA urges everyone to use the information and resources below, to take proactive mosquito prevention measures to prevent the spread of dengue. The latest updates on the dengue situation can be found on the NEA website, NEA Stop Dengue Now Facebook page, and myENV app.