Dengue

The National Environment Agency / Dengue & Zika / Dengue / Dengue Cases





Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

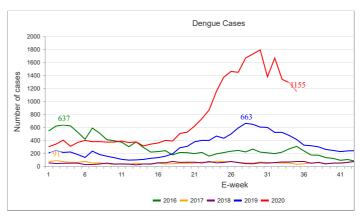
29-Aug	30-Aug	31-Aug	01-Sep	02-Sep	03-Sep	04-Sep at 3pm
127	72	217	160	140	127	76

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 30 (19-25Jul20)	E-week 31 (26Jul- 01Aug20)	E-week 32 (02-08Aug20)	E-week 33 (09-15Aug20)	E-week 34 (16-22Aug20)	E-week 35 (23-29Aug2	
1792	1378	1667	1339	1288	1155	

Cumulative No. of cases for 2020 (First 35 E-weeks): 27280

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



1,155 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 29 Aug 2020. This is 133 cases fewer than that in the previous week. The weekly number of reported dengue cases continue to remain high. The cumulative number of dengue cases for this year (as of 1 Sep 2020) stands at more than 27,600. Whilst NEA is working with all Town Councils on stepped-up dengue prevention efforts islandwide, all residents, especially those living in dengue cluster areas, should do the three protective actions listed below, to protect themselves and their loved ones against dengue.

Protective actions against dengue:-'Spray, Apply, Wear'- or SAW in short

- 1. Spray insecticide in dark corners around the house
- 2. Apply insect repellent regularly
- Wear long-sleeve tops and long pants

Two educational videos have also been published to guide residents on the spraying of aerosol insecticide at home, and advise on what to do if one lives in a dengue cluster area or sees adult mosquitoes at home.

- What to do if you see mosquitoes or if you're in a dengue cluster area
- Spraying of insecticide at home

Residents must do their part to ensure that their homes and immediate surroundings, such as corridors and gardens, are rid of stagnant water. Of particular concern is the repeated mosquito breeding that NEA continues to find in homes. In the first six months, about 150 of NEA's subsequent inspections at residential premises found repeated Aedes mosquito breeding. Even more egregious are that 23 out of these 150 subsequent inspections also yielded multiple mosquito breeding habitats. NEA will continue to take strong enforcement action against premises with mosquito breeding detected.

Since 15 July 2020, enhanced penalties have been imposed on households, construction sites and Town Councils found to be breeding mosquitoes, to help better safeguard public health and protect every individual in the community. Heavier penalties have been imposed on households with the following offences:

- Repeated mosquito breeding offences;
- Multiple mosquito breeding habitats detected in a single inspection; and
- Mosquito breeding detected after having received a legal notice from NEA.