Dengue

The National Environment Agency / Dengue & Zika / Dengue / Dengue Cases





Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

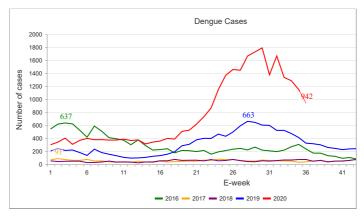
05-Sep	06-Sep	07-Sep	08-Sep	09-Sep	10-Sep	11-Sep at 3pm
102	51	155	155	99	110	54

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 31 (26Jul- 01Aug20)	E-week 32 (02-08Aug20)	E-week 33 (09-15Aug20)	E-week 34 (16-22Aug20)	E-week 35 (23-29Aug20)	E-week 36 (30Aug- 05Sep20)
1378	1667	1339	1287	1154	942

Cumulative No. of cases for 2020 (First 36 E-weeks): 28220

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



942 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 5 Sep 2020. This is 212 cases fewer than in the previous week. The weekly number of reported dengue cases continue to remain high. The cumulative number of dengue cases for this year (as of 7 Sep 2020) stands at more than 28,300. Whilst NEA is working with all Town Councils on stepped-up dengue prevention efforts islandwide, all residents, especially those living in dengue cluster areas, should do the three protective actions listed below, to protect themselves and their loved ones against dengue.

Protective actions against dengue:-'Spray, Apply, Wear'- or SAW in short

- 1. Spray insecticide in dark corners around the house
- 2. Apply insect repellent regularly
- 3. Wear long-sleeve tops and long pants

Two educational videos have also been published to guide residents on the spraying of aerosol insecticide at home, and advise on what to do if one lives in a dengue cluster area or sees adult mosquitoes at home.

- What to do if you see mosquitoes or if you're in a dengue cluster area
- · Spraying of insecticide at home

Residents must do their part to ensure that their homes and immediate surroundings, such as corridors and gardens, are rid of stagnant water. Of particular concern is the repeated mosquito breeding that NEA continues to find in homes. In the first six months, about 150 of NEA's subsequent inspections at residential premises found repeated *Aedes* mosquito breeding. Even more egregious are that 23 out of these 150 subsequent inspections also yielded multiple mosquito breeding habitats. NEA will continue to take strong enforcement action against premises with mosquito breeding detected.

Since 15 July 2020, enhanced penalties have been imposed on households, construction sites and Town Councils found to be breeding mosquitoes, to help better safeguard public health and protect every individual in the community. Heavier penalties have been imposed on households with the following

- Repeated mosquito breeding offences;
- Multiple mosquito breeding habitats detected in a single inspection; and
- · Mosquito breeding detected after having received a legal notice from NEA.