

Dengue

The National Environment Agency / Dengue & Zika / Dengue / Dengue Cases

A A A

Dengue

Dengue Cases

Dengue Clusters

Stop Work Orders

Quarterly Dengue Surveillance Data

Dengue Community Alert System

Zika

Stop Dengue

Prevent Aedes Mosquito Breeding

Areas with Higher Aedes aegypti Mosquito Population

Inspecting your homes and premises for mosquito habitats

Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

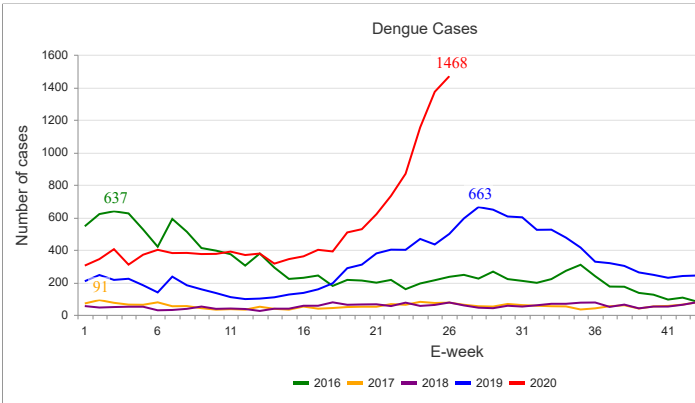
27-Jun	28-Jun	29-Jun	30-Jun	01-Jul	02-Jul	03-Jul at 3pm
198	106	211	284	229	203	80

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 21 (17-23May20)	E-week 22 (24-30May20)	E-week 23 (31May-06Jun20)	E-week 24 (07-13Jun20)	E-week 25 (14-20Jun20)	E-week 26 (21-27Jun20)
619	732	868	1153	1372	1468

Cumulative No. of cases for 2020 (First 26 E-weeks): 13826

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



1,468 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 27 June 2020. This is an increase of 96 cases over that in the previous week. This is the third consecutive week that the weekly number of reported dengue cases has exceeded 1,000. This figure is the highest number of weekly dengue cases ever recorded in Singapore, since the 891 cases recorded in 2014. The number of reported dengue cases is still on an upward trend. The cumulative number of dengue cases for this year (as of 29 June 2020) is more than 14,000, and the total number of cases this year is expected to exceed the 22,170 cases reported in 2013, the largest dengue outbreak in Singapore’s history.

As of 23 June 2020, the Ministry of Health has been notified of 16 dengue deaths in 2020, with the cases ranging between 49 and 82 years old. Of these cases, 14 worked or resided in active dengue cluster areas. NEA strongly urges everyone to take immediate action to remove any stagnant water in their homes and immediate surroundings, to destroy any mosquito breeding habitats and break the cycle of dengue transmission. The public is also advised to apply mosquito repellent to protect themselves from mosquito bites.

As of 29 June 2020, there are a very high number of 323 active dengue clusters reported, where intensive dengue transmission is ongoing. With the concerted efforts of the community and stakeholders, the 69-case cluster at Bideford Road and 57-case cluster at Angklong Lane are closed. However, there are still large clusters located at Woodleigh Close, Aljunied Road, Leicester Road, Bukit Panjang Ring Road and Bournemouth Road, where intensive vector control operations are ongoing.

Since March this year, given the projection of a high number of dengue cases, the various agencies and other stakeholders represented in the Inter-Agency Dengue Task Force (IADTF), including Town Councils, have stepped up checks to remove potential mosquito breeding habitats at our public areas and housing estates.

The traditional dengue peak season could last a few months, from June to October, thus immediate action must be taken to break disease transmission. NEA urgently seeks the community’s support to ensure that their homes (including common corridors where domestic items, such as potted plants and pails, are kept) and gardens in their compounds are free from mosquito breeding, and to use aerosol insecticide spray and mosquito repellent to protect themselves and their families.

NEA has observed a five-fold increase in the incidence of Aedes mosquito larvae detected in homes and common corridors in residential areas during the two-month Circuit Breaker period, compared to the two