## Dengue

The National Environment Agency / Dengue & Zika / Dengue / Dengue Cases





## Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

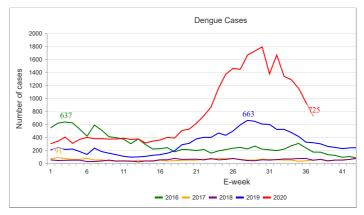
12-Sep	13-Sep	14-Sep	15-Sep	16-Sep	17-Sep	18-Sep at 3pm
60	44	142	124	89	102	50

Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 32 (02-08Aug20)	E-week 33 (09-15Aug20)	E-week 34 (16-22Aug20)	E-week 35 (23-29Aug20)	E-week 36 (30Aug- 05Sep20)	E-week 37 (06-12Sep2)
1667	1339	1287	1154	939	725

Cumulative No. of cases for 2020 (First 37 E-weeks): 28942

## Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



725 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 12 Sep 2020. This is 214 cases fewer than in the previous week. However, the weekly number of reported dengue cases continue to remain high as we are still above last year's peak of 663 cases and is more than double the 317 cases seen in the corresponding eweek last year. The cumulative number of dengue cases for this year (as of 15 Sep 2020) stands at more than 29,000. Whilst NEA is working with all Town Councils on stepped-up dengue prevention efforts islandwide, all residents, especially those living in dengue cluster areas, should do the three protective actions listed below, to protect themselves and their loved ones against dengue.

Protective actions against dengue: 'Spray, Apply, Wear' or SAW in short

- 1. Spray insecticide in dark corners around the house
- 2. Apply insect repellent regularly
- Wear long-sleeve tops and long pants

Two educational videos have also been published to guide residents on the spraying of aerosol insecticide at home, and advise on what to do if one lives in a dengue cluster area or sees adult mosquitoes at home.

- What to do if you see mosquitoes or if-you're in a dengue cluster area
- Spraying of insecticide at home

Residents must do their part to ensure that their homes and immediate surroundings, such as corridors and gardens, are rid of stagnant water. Of particular concern is the repeated mosquito breeding that NEA continues to find in homes. In the first six months, about 150 of -NEA's subsequent inspections at residential premises found repeated Aedes mosquito breeding. Even more egregious are that 23 out of these 150 subsequent inspections also yielded multiple mosquito breeding habitats. NEA will continue to take strong enforcement action against premises with mosquito breeding detected.

Since 15 July 2020, enhanced penalties have been imposed on households, construction sites and Town Councils found to be breeding mosquitoes, to help better safeguard public health and protect every individual in the community. Heavier penalties have been imposed on households with the following offences:

- Repeated mosquito breeding offences;
- Multiple mosquito breeding habitats detected in a single inspection; and
- Mosquito breeding detected after having received a legal notice from NEA.