



UNIT 05

LESSON 05.05



Passing Arrays to Functions

1. Write a function that takes the `nums` array as its argument. The function returns the first odd number along with its index:

```
const nums = [4, 6, 10, 12, 18, 21, 24, 28, 33, 36];
```

2. Write a function that takes the `nums` array as its argument. Find the value and position of the first even number.
3. Write a function that takes the `nums` array as its argument. Return an array that only contains those numbers that are multiples of 3:
4. Write a function that takes the `nums` array as its argument. Return an array called `multis` that has all the values from `nums` multiplied by its index. So, if the number at index 3 is 5, the new value to push into `multis` is 5×3 .
5. Write a function that takes in the `fruits` array and returns an object with the following properties
 - `fruitCount` (number of words in the array)
 - `totChars` (number of characters in the array)
 - `totVowels` (number of vowels in the array)
 - `initVowels` (number of words that start with a vowel)
 - `berries` (number of berries) HINT: The returned object does not need a name. The function call should be set equal to a variable, and in this way, the object will be assigned its name.

```
const fruits = ["apple", "apricot", "banana",  
"blackberry", "blueberry", "boysenberry", "cherry", "cranberry",  
"dragonfruit", "elderberry"];
```

```
// 6. Make the function work for any array, by passing in the veggies  
array and returning the same object:
```

```
const veggies = ["arugula", "broccoli", "carrot", "celery", "cucumber",  
"daikon", "eggplant", "iceberg lettuce", "onion", "radish"];
```

NEXT: Lesson 05.05 Solution