# US-Mexico Border Apprehensions

February 12, 2018

# 1 Data Import and Cleaning

## 1.1 Import Data

```
> A2010 <- read.csv( "BP Apprehensions 2010.csv" , header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE) > A2017 <- read.csv("PB Apprehensions 2017.csv", header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

#### 1.2 Clean Data

```
> #### organiza data with Rownames, Column Totals, and Row Totals
>
> ### Use strings in Col 1 as row names
> rownames(A2010) <- A2010[,1]
> ## Drop column 1
> A2010 <- subset(A2010, select= -c(Sector))
> ## rbind ColSums to dataframe
> A2010 <- rbind(A2010, colSums(A2010))
> ## rbind assigns a rowname -- drop this name
> -length(rownames(A2010))
```

#### [1] -10

```
[1] -10
```

```
> ## rename the row with column totals "Total"
> rownames(A2017) <- c(rownames(A2017)[-length(rownames(A2017))], "Total")
> ## cbind rowSums to dataframd
```

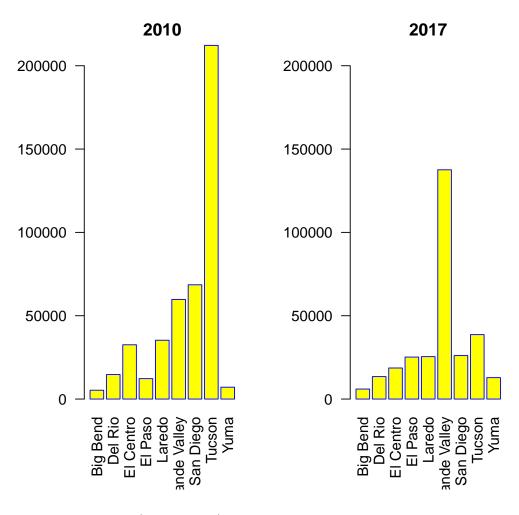
```
> A2017 <- cbind(A2017,rowSums(A2017))
> ## rename last column "Totals
> colnames(A2017) <- c(colnames(A2017)[-length(colnames(A2017))], "Total")
```

# 2 2010 and 2017 Compared

# 2.1 By Sector

```
> par(mfcol=c(1,2),oma=c(0,0,2,0))
> barplot(A2010[1:9,13],
          names.arg = rownames(A2010)[1:9],
          las=2,
          axisnames=TRUE,
          main="2010",
          border="blue",
          col="yellow",
          ylim=c(0,200000))
> barplot(A2017[1:9,13],
          names.arg = rownames(A2017)[1:9],
          axisnames=TRUE,
          main="2017",
          border="blue",
          col="yellow",
          ylim=c(0,200000))
> title("Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector", outer=TRUE)
```

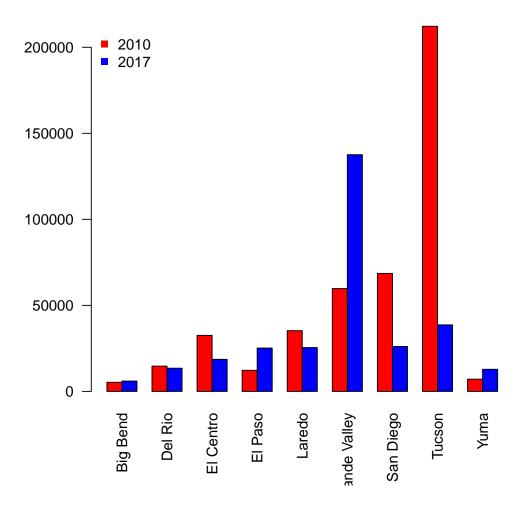
# **Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector**



# 2.2 By Sector (Way Two)

```
> year2010 <- t(as.data.frame(matrix(A2010[1:9,13])))
> colnames(year2010) <- rownames(A2010[1:9,])
> year2017 <- t(as.data.frame(matrix(A2017[1:9,13])))
> colnames(year2017) <- rownames(A2017[1:9,])
> year2010_17 <- rbind(year2010, year2017)
> row.names(year2010_17) <- c("2010", "2017")
> barplot(as.matrix(year2010_17), beside = TRUE, col = c("red", "blue"), bty="n",las=2)
> legend("topleft", c("2010","2017"), pch=15, col=c("red","blue"), bty="n")
> title("Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector")
```

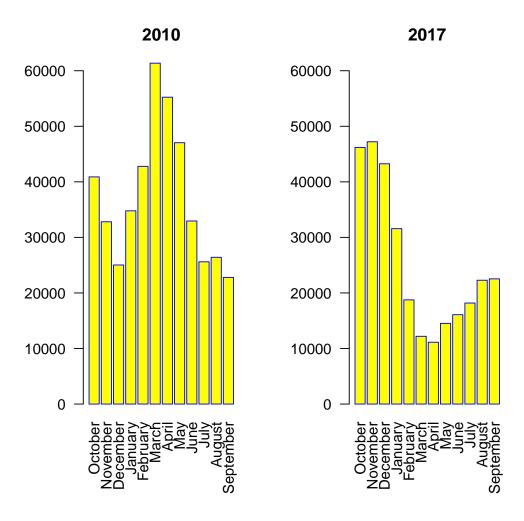
# **Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector**



# 2.3 By Month

```
> par(mfcol=c(1,2),oma=c(0,0,2,0))
> barplot(unname(t(A2010)[1:12,10]),
          names.arg = colnames(A2010)[1:12],
          las=2,
          axisnames=TRUE,
          main="2010",
          border="blue",
          col="yellow",
          ylim=c(0,60000))
> barplot(unname(t(A2017)[1:12,10]),
          names.arg = colnames(A2017)[1:12],
          las=2,
          axisnames=TRUE,
          main="2017",
          border="blue",
          col="yellow",
          ylim=c(0,60000))
> title("Border Patrol Apprehensions by Month", outer=TRUE)
```

## **Border Patrol Apprehensions by Month**



## 2.4 t-test

# 2.4.1 Comparison between sector with most apprehensions for 2010 with sector with most apprehensions in 2017

```
> Sector_Totals_2010 <- A2010[1:9,13]
> names(Sector_Totals_2010) <- rownames(A2010[1:9,])
> Sector_Totals_2017 <- A2017[1:9,13]
> names(Sector_Totals_2017) <- rownames(A2017[1:9,])
> MA_2017_index <- which(Sector_Totals_2017 == max(Sector_Totals_2017))
> MA_2010_index <- which(Sector_Totals_2010 == max(Sector_Totals_2010))
> MA_2017 <- A2017[MA_2017_index,1:12]
> MA_2010 <- A2010[MA_2010_index,1:12]
> t.test(MA_2010,MA_2017)
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: MA_2010 and MA_2017

t = 1.9547, df = 21.973, p-value = 0.06346

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0

95 percent confidence interval:

-379.5935 12819.5935
```

```
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
17683.5 11463.5
```

#### > t.test(MA\_2010,A2017[MA\_2010\_index,1:12])

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: MA_2010 and A2017[MA_2010_index, 1:12]

t = 6.4303, df = 11.781, p-value = 3.545e-05

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0

95 percent confidence interval:
   9551.716 19372.450

sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
17683.500 3221.417
```

#### > t.test(MA\_2017,A2010[MA\_2017\_index,1:12])

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: MA_2017 and A2010[MA_2017_index, 1:12]

t = 2.7789, df = 11.846, p-value = 0.01686

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0

95 percent confidence interval:
   1392.65 11573.35

sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
   11463.5 4980.5
```

## 2.4.2 compare 3 month periods with the most apprehensions in 2010 and 2017

```
> col <- c("Oct-Dec", "Jan-Mar", "Apr-Jun", "Jul-Sep")
> Monthly_Totals_2010 <- (t(A2010)[1:12,10])
> #Breakdown
> A2010_3 <- rbind(sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[1:3]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6]),sum(Monthly_Totals_2010[
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: Monthly_Totals_2010[4:6] and Monthly_Totals_2017[1:3]

t = 0.095848, df = 2.0908, p-value = 0.932

alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0

95 percent confidence interval:
   -32101.2  33627.2

sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y

46311.67  45548.67
```

## 3 Overall Trends

## 3.1 Data Cleaning

```
> A2000.2017 <- read.csv("PB monthly summaries.csv", header = TRUE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
> ## Use strings in Col 1 as row names
> rownames(A2000.2017) <- A2000.2017[,1]
> ## Drop column 1
> A2000.2017 <- subset(A2000.2017, select= -c(year))
> ## Reorder
> A2000.2017 <- A2000.2017[18:1,]
> rownames(A2000.2017) <- c()
> A2000.2017 <- unname(A2000.2017)
```

### 3.2 Time Series

```
> ts2 <- as.vector(t(A2000.2017))
> time_series <- ts(ts2, start = c(2000,10), frequency=12)
> ts.plot(time_series, gpars=list(xlab="year", ylab="Apprehensions", lty=c(1:3)))
> meanbyyear <- rowMeans(A2000.2017)
> years <- c(2000:2017)
> lines(years,meanbyyear,col="red")
> title("Border Patrol Apprehensions Year")
> legend("topright", c("Average Apprehensions"), pch=15, col="red", bty="n")
```

# **Border Patrol Apprehensions Year**

