

Project Phase II - Relational Data Modelling

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Problem Statement:

My project idea is a trading card database, specifically for Riftbound, the upcoming trading card game from Riot Games. With the card game releasing in October, there will be growing interest from collectors and players who want to keep track of their cards. Currently, there are very few applications available for Riftbound collectors and I would like my application to be a structured and reliable tool.

The primary purpose of this database is to aid collectors by providing a system to log and manage cards, including multiple copies. Users will be able to view their collections in an organized format and query or filter cards based on specific attributes. A secondary goal is to provide detailed descriptions for each card in the database. Attributes will include card name, artist, release date, rarity, card type, energy, might, power, and additional features such as alternative arts or finishes (eg. foil, overnumbered). This trading card database will be designed as a normalized relational database using ER modeling, with core functions for managing, searching and organizing cards and user collections. The long-term intention for this project is to deliver a fully operational card database with potential recognition as a web application. By the end of the semester, users will be able to browse for cards, maintain their collections, and, if time allows, build and manage their own decks.

Conceptual Database Design

Entities and Attributes

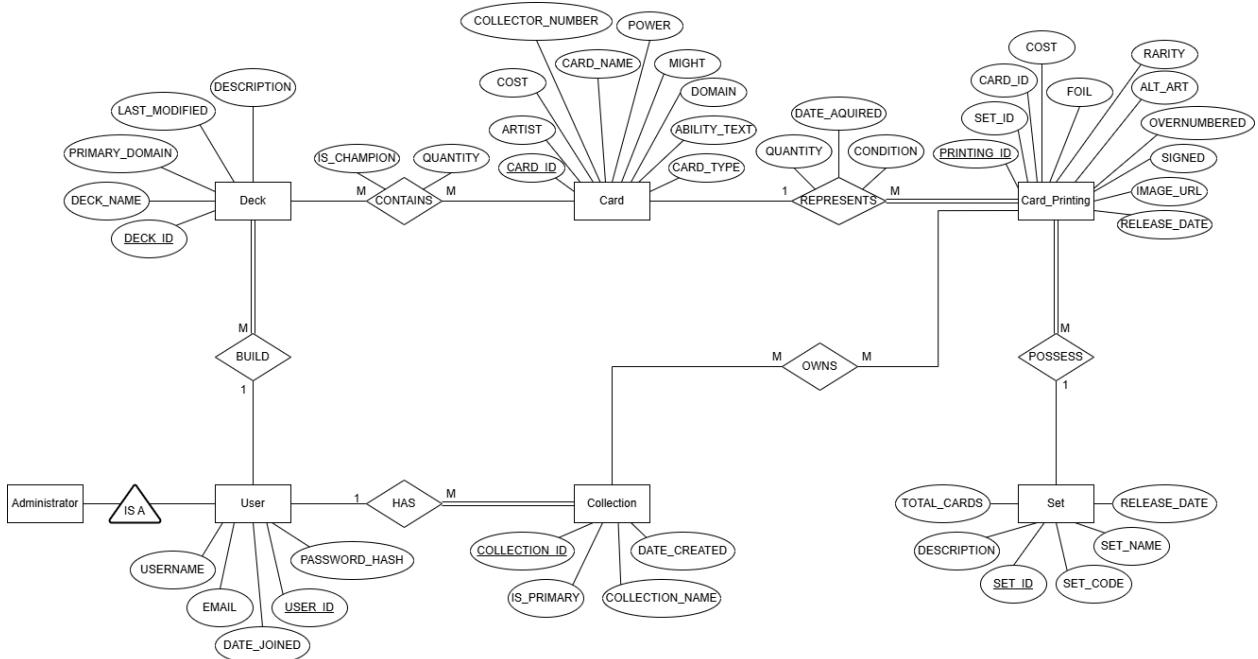
User: Represents a user of the application and is a superclass. Attributes include user ID, username, password hash, email, date joined.

Collection: Represents a user's card collection. Attributes include collection ID, collection name, date created, and is_primary.

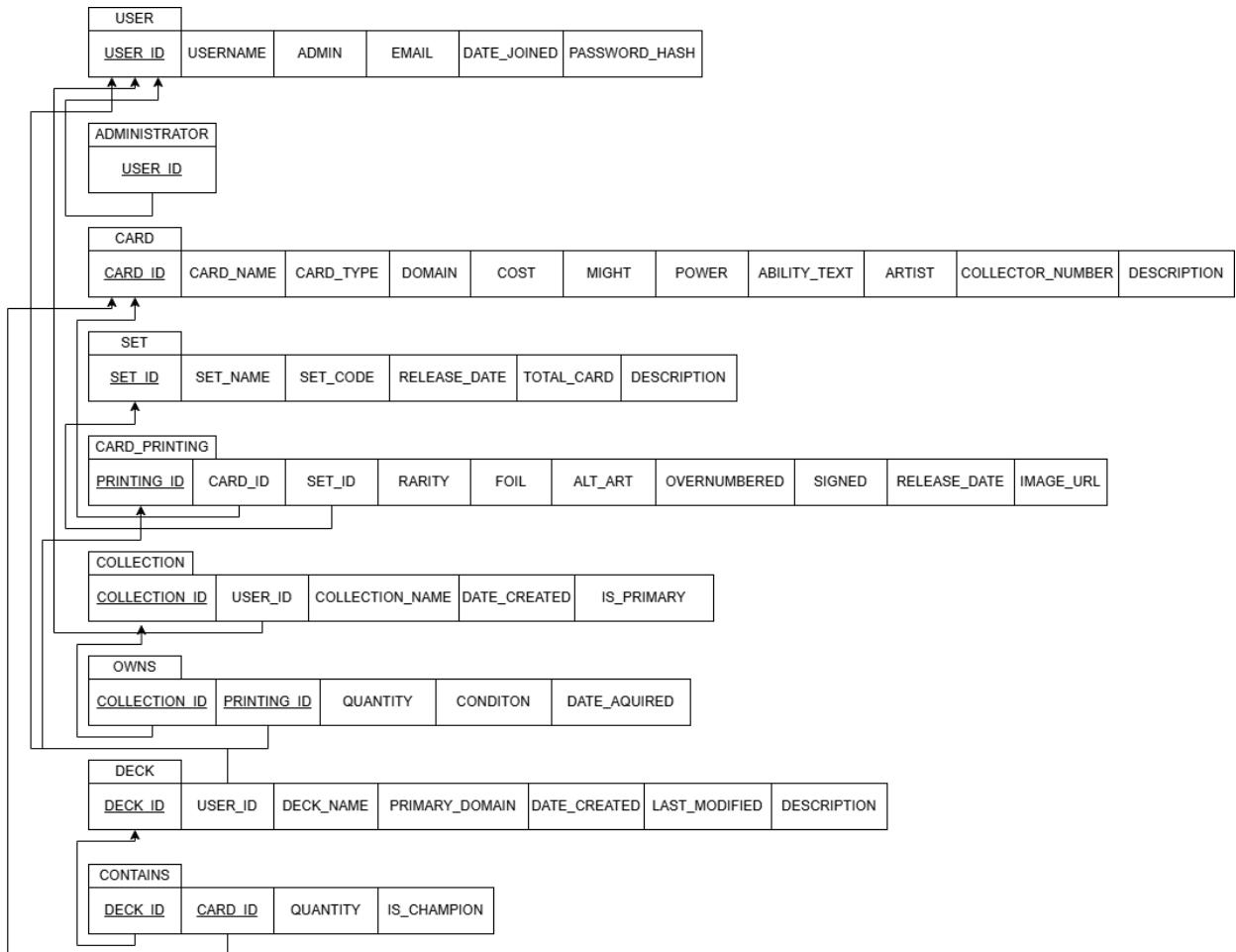
Card: Represents an individual unique card design. Attributes include card ID, card name, artist domain, might power, collector number, cost, ability text, and card type.

Card_Printing: Represents a specific printing or version of a card. Attributes include card ID, set ID, cost, rarity, foil, alt art, overnumbered flag, signed flag, image URL, release date, quantity, date acquired, and condition.

Set: Represents a set in which cards are published or part of. Attributes include set ID, set name, set code, release date, description, and total cards.



Logical Database Design



Summary Table of Data Types

TABLE	ATTRIBUTES	TYPE	CONSTRAINT
USERS	USER_ID	SERIAL	PRIMARY KEY
USERS	USERNAME	VARCHAR(50)	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
USERS	EMAIL	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
USERS	PASSWORD	VARCHAR(255)	NOT NULL
USERS	DATE_JOINED	DATE	NOT NULL, DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE
CARD	CARD_ID	SERIAL	PRIMARY KEY
CARD	CARD_NAME	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
CARD	CARD_TYPE	VARCHAR(20)	NOT NULL
CARD	DOMAIN	VARCHAR(5)	NULL
CARD	ENERGY	INTEGER	CHECK (ENERGY >= 0)
CARD	MIGHT	INTEGER	CHECK (MIGHT >= 0)
CARD	POWER	INTEGER	CHECK (POWER >= 0)
CARD	ABILITY_TEXT	TEXT	NULL
CARD	ARTIST	VARCHAR(100)	NOTNULL
CARD	COLLECTOR_NUMBER	VARCHAR(10)	NOT NULL
CARD	FLAVOR_TEXT	SERIAL	NULL
CARD_SET	SET_ID	INTEGER	PRIMARY KEY
CARD_SET	SET_NAME	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
CARD_SET	SET_CODE	VARCHAR(10)	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
CARD_SET	RELEASE_DATE	DATE	NOT NULL
CARD_SET	TOTAL_CARDS	INTEGER	CHECK (TOTAL_CARDS > 0)
CARD_SET	DESCRIPTION	TEXT	NULL

Summary Table of Data Types (CONT. 1)

TABLE	ATTRIBUTES	TYPE	CONSTRAINT
CARD_PRINTING	PRINTING_ID	VARCHAR(20)	PRIMARY KEY
CARD_PRINTING	CARD_ID	INTEGER	NOT NULL, FOREIGN KEY
CARD_PRINTING	SET_ID	INTEGER	NOT NULL, FOREIGN KEY
CARD_PRINTING	RARITY	VARCHAR(20)	NOT NULL
CARD_PRINTING	FOIL	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT FALSE
CARD_PRINTING	ALT_ART	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT FALSE
CARD_PRINTING	OVERNUMBERED	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT FALSE
CARD_PRINTING	SIGNED	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT FALSE
CARD_PRINTING	RELEASE_DATE	DATE	NOT NULL
CARD_PRINTING	IMAGE_URL	VARCHAR(255)	NULL
COLLECTION	COLLECTION_ID	SERIAL	PRIMARY KEY
COLLECTION	USER_ID	INTEGER	NOT NULL, FOREIGN KEY
COLLECTION	COLLECTION_NAME	VARCHAR(100)	DEFAULT 'My Collection'
COLLECTION	DATE_CREATED	DATE	NOT NULL
COLLECTION	IS_PRIMARY	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT TRUE
OWNS	COLLECTION_ID	INTEGER	PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY
OWNS	PRINTING_ID	INTEGER	PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY
OWNS	QUANTITY	INTEGER	NOT NULL, CHECK (QUANTITY > 0)
OWNS	CONDITION	VARCHAR(20)	NOT NULL
OWNS	DATE_ACQUIRED	DATE	
CONTAINS	CARD_ID	INTEGER	PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY
CONTAINS	QUANTITY	INTEGER	NOT NULL, CHECK (QUANTITY > 0)
CONTAINS	IS_CHAMPION	BOOLEAN	DEFAULT FALSE

Application program design

1. User Authentication

Login()

 Input: username, password
 Output: Login success/failure message
 Process:
 username = prompt for username
 password = prompt for password

 user = query USERS table WHERE USERNAME = username

```
        if (user exists)
            if (VerifyPassword(password, user.PASSWORD))
                logged_in = true
                current_user_id = user.USER_ID
                display "Login successful"
                return user.USER_ID
            else
                display "Incorrect password"
                return null
            end if
        else
            display "User not found"
            return null
        end if
```

Register_User()

 Input: username, email, password
 Output: Registration success/failure message
 Process:
 username = prompt for username
 email = prompt for email
 password = prompt for password

```
        // Check for duplicate username
        existing_user = query USERS table WHERE USERNAME = username
        if (existing_user exists)
            display "Username already exists"
            return false
        end if
```

```
        // Check for duplicate email
        existing_email = query USERS table WHERE EMAIL = email
        if (existing_email exists)
```

```

        display "Email already exists"
        return false
    end if

    // Hash password for security
    password_hash = hash(password)

    // Create new user
    INSERT INTO USERS (USERNAME, EMAIL, PASSWORD, DATE_JOINED)
    VALUES (username, email, password_hash, CURRENT_DATE)

    new_user_id = get last inserted USER_ID

    // Create default collection for new user
    INSERT INTO COLLECTION (USER_ID, COLLECTION_NAME, DATE_CREATED,
    IS_PRIMARY)
    VALUES (new_user_id, 'My Collection', CURRENT_DATE, TRUE)

    display "Registration successful"
    return true

```

Logout()

Process:

```

    logged_in = false
    current_user_id = null
    display "Logged out successfully"

```

2. Collection Management

Add_Card_To_Collection()

Input: card_name, set_name, foil (boolean), quantity, condition

Output: Success/failure message

Process:

```

    card_name = prompt for card name
    set_name = prompt for set name
    foil = prompt for foil (yes/no)
    quantity = prompt for quantity (default 1)
    condition = prompt for condition

```

// Find the specific printing

printing = query CARD_PRINTING

```

        JOIN CARD ON CARD_PRINTING.CARD_ID = CARD.CARD_ID
        JOIN CARD_SET ON CARD_PRINTING.SET_ID = CARD_SET.SET_ID
        WHERE CARD.CARD_NAME = card_name

```

```

        AND CARD_SET.SET_NAME = set_name
        AND CARD_PRINTING.FOIL = foil

    if (printing not found)
        display "Card printing not found in database"
        return false
    end if

    // Get user's primary collection
    collection = query COLLECTION
        WHERE USER_ID = current_user_id
        AND IS_PRIMARY = TRUE

    // Check if card already in collection
    existing_card = query COLLECTION_CARD
        WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
        AND PRINTING_ID = printing.PRINTING_ID

    if (existing_card exists)
        // Update quantity
        UPDATE COLLECTION_CARD
            SET QUANTITY = QUANTITY + quantity
            WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
            AND PRINTING_ID = printing.PRINTING_ID

        display "Card quantity updated"
    else
        // Add new card to collection
        INSERT INTO COLLECTION_CARD (COLLECTION_ID, PRINTING_ID, QUANTITY,
        CONDITION, DATE_ADDED)
            VALUES (collection.COLLECTION_ID, printing.PRINTING_ID, quantity, condition,
            CURRENT_DATE)

        display "Card added to collection"
    end if

    return true

```

Edit_Card_Quantity()

Input: printing_id, quantity_change (+ or -)
 Output: Updated quantity\\
 Process:
 printing_id = selected card printing
 quantity_change = increment (+1) or decrement (-1)

```

// Get user's primary collection
collection = query COLLECTION
    WHERE USER_ID = current_user_id
    AND IS_PRIMARY = TRUE

// Get current card entry
card_entry = query COLLECTION_CARD
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
    AND PRINTING_ID = printing_id

if(card_entry not found)
    display "Card not found in collection"
    return false
end if

new_quantity = card_entry.QUANTITY + quantity_change

if(new_quantity <= 0)
    // Remove card if quantity reaches 0
    DELETE FROM COLLECTION_CARD
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
    AND PRINTING_ID = printing_id

    display "Card removed from collection"
else
    // Update quantity
    UPDATE COLLECTION_CARD
    SET QUANTITY = new_quantity
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
    AND PRINTING_ID = printing_id

    display "Quantity updated to " + new_quantity
end if
return true

```

Remove_Card_From_Collection()

Input: printing_id
 Output: Success/failure message
 Process:
 printing_id = selected card to remove

```

collection = query COLLECTION
    WHERE USER_ID = current_user_id
    AND IS_PRIMARY = TRUE
  
```

```

card_entry = query COLLECTION_CARD
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
    AND PRINTING_ID = printing_id

if (card_entry not found)
    display "Card not found in collection"
    return false
end if

DELETE FROM COLLECTION_CARD
WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
AND PRINTING_ID = printing_id

display "Card removed from collection"
return true

```

View_Collection()

Input: Optional filters (rarity, domain, type), sort preference

Output: List of cards in collection with details

Process:

```

filter_rarity = optional rarity filter
filter_domain = optional domain filter
filter_type = optional card type filter
sort_by = sort preference (name/rarity/date)

```

```

collection = query COLLECTION
    WHERE USER_ID = current_user_id
    AND IS_PRIMARY = TRUE

```

// Base query with all necessary joins

```

results = query CARD.CARD_NAME, CARD.CARD_TYPE, CARD.DOMAIN,
        CARD.ENERGY, CARD.POWER, CARD.MIGHT,
        CARD_SET.SET_NAME, CARD_PRINTING.RARITY,
        CARD_PRINTING.FOIL, CARD_PRINTING.IMAGE_URL,
        COLLECTION_CARD.QUANTITY, COLLECTION_CARD.CONDITION,
        COLLECTION_CARD.DATE_ADDED
FROM COLLECTION_CARD
JOIN CARD_PRINTING ON COLLECTION_CARD.PRINTING_ID =
CARD_PRINTING.PRINTING_ID
JOIN CARD ON CARD_PRINTING.CARD_ID = CARD.CARD_ID
JOIN CARD_SET ON CARD_PRINTING.SET_ID = CARD_SET.SET_ID
WHERE COLLECTION_CARD.COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID

```

```

// Apply filters
if(filter_rarity not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD_PRINTING.RARITY = filter_rarity
end if
if(filter_domain not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.DOMAIN = filter_domain
end if
if(filter_type not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.CARD_TYPE = filter_type
end if

// Apply sorting
if(sort_by == "name")
    results = ORDER BY CARD.CARD_NAME ASC
else if(sort_by == "rarity")
    results = ORDER BY CARD_PRINTING.RARITY DESC
else if(sort_by == "date")
    results = ORDER BY COLLECTION_CARD.DATE_ADDED DESC
end if

display results
return results

```

Get_Collection_Statistics()

Output: Total cards, unique cards, completion percentage

Process:

```

collection = query COLLECTION
    WHERE USER_ID = current_user_id
        AND IS_PRIMARY = TRUE
// Calculate total cards (sum of all quantities)
total_cards = query SUM(QUANTITY)
    FROM COLLECTION_CARD
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
// Calculate unique cards (distinct printings)
unique_cards = query COUNT(DISTINCT PRINTING_ID)
    FROM COLLECTION_CARD
    WHERE COLLECTION_ID = collection.COLLECTION_ID
// Calculate total available cards in database
total_available = query COUNT(*)
    FROM CARD_PRINTING
// Calculate completion percentage
completion_percentage = (unique_cards / total_available) * 100

display "Total Cards: " + total_cards

```

```

display "Unique Cards: " + unique_cards
display "Collection Completion: " + completion_percentage + "%"
return {total_cards, unique_cards, completion_percentage}

```

3. Search

Search_Cards()

Input: Optional search term, filters (type, domain, rarity, energy, power, might)

Output: List of matching cards

Process:

```

search_term = optional search term
filter_type = optional card type filter
filter_domain = optional domain filter
filter_rarity = optional rarity filter
filter_energy_min = optional minimum energy
filter_energy_max = optional maximum energy
filter_power_min = optional minimum power
filter_power_max = optional maximum power
filter_might_min = optional minimum might
filter_might_max = optional maximum might
// Base query with joins
results = query CARD.CARD_ID, CARD.CARD_NAME, CARD.CARD_TYPE,
          CARD.DOMAIN, CARD.ENERGY, CARD.POWER, CARD.MIGHT,
          CARD_PRINTING.RARITY, CARD_SET.SET_NAME,
          CARD_PRINTING.IMAGE_URL, CARD_PRINTING.PRINTING_ID
FROM CARD
JOIN CARD_PRINTING ON CARD.CARD_ID = CARD_PRINTING.CARD_ID
JOIN CARD_SET ON CARD_PRINTING.SET_ID = CARD_SET.SET_ID
WHERE 1=1

// Apply search term (case-insensitive)
if(search_term not null)
    results = filter WHERE LOWER(CARD.CARD_NAME) LIKE '%' + LOWER(search_term)
    + '%'
end if

// Apply filters
if(filter_type not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.CARD_TYPE = filter_type
end if
if(filter_domain not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.DOMAIN = filter_domain
end if
if(filter_rarity not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD_PRINTING.RARITY = filter_rarity

```

```

end if
if (filter_energy_min not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.ENERGY >= filter_energy_min
end if
if (filter_energy_max not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.ENERGY <= filter_energy_max
end i
if (filter_power_min not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.POWER >= filter_power_min
end if
if (filter_power_max not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.POWER <= filter_power_max
end if
if (filter_might_min not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.MIGHT >= filter_might_min
end if
if (filter_might_max not null)
    results = filter WHERE CARD.MIGHT <= filter_might_max
end if
// Sort results alphabetically
results = ORDER BY CARD.CARD_NAME ASC

display results
return results

```

Get_Card_Details()

Input: card_name or card_id

Output: Complete card information and all printings

Process:

```

card_identifier = card_name or card_id
// Get base card information
if (card_identifier is card_id)
    card_info = query CARD WHERE CARD_ID = card_identifier
else
    card_info = query CARD WHERE CARD_NAME = card_identifier
end if
if (card_info not found)
    display "Card not found"
    return null
end if

// Get all printings of this card
printings = query CARD_SET.SET_NAME, CARD_SET.SET_CODE,
            CARD_PRINTING.PRINTING_ID, CARD_PRINTING.RARITY,

```

```

CARD_PRINTING.FOIL, CARD_PRINTING.ALT_ART,
CARD_PRINTING.OVERNUMBERED, CARD_PRINTING.SIGNED,
CARD_PRINTING.RELEASE_DATE, CARD_PRINTING.IMAGE_URL
FROM CARD_PRINTING
JOIN CARD_SET ON CARD_PRINTING.SET_ID = CARD_SET.SET_ID
WHERE CARD_PRINTING.CARD_ID = card_info.CARD_ID
ORDER BY CARD_PRINTING.RELEASE_DATE DESC

// Display card details
display "Card Name: " + card_info.CARD_NAME
display "Type: " + card_info.CARD_TYPE
display "Domain: " + card_info.DOMAIN
display "Energy: " + card_info.ENERGY
display "Power: " + card_info.POWER
display "Might: " + card_info.MIGHT
display "Ability: " + card_infoABILITY_TEXT
display "Artist: " + card_info.ARTIST
display "Collector Number: " + card_info.COLLECTOR_NUMBER
display "Flavor Text: " + card_info.FLAVOR_TEXT

// Display all printings
display "Available Printings:"
for each printing in printings
    display " - " + printing.SET_NAME + " (" + printing.RARITY + ")"
    if (printing.FOIL) display " Foil"
    if (printing.ALT_ART) display " Alternate Art"
    if (printing.OVERNUMBERED) display " Overnumbered"
    if (printing.SIGNED) display " Signed"
end for

return {card_info, printings}

```

Installation Instructions

Prerequisites

The intended operating system for this application is Windows, as this is the only one I tested.

Install:

- Node.js (v16 or higher) <https://nodejs.org/en>
- PostgreSQL (v15 or higher)
<https://www.enterprisedb.com/downloads/postgres-postgresql-downloads>

Database Setup

1. Access the SQL Shell (psql) and create a new PostgreSQL database:
CREATE DATABASE riftbounddb;
2. Connect to database:
\c riftbounddb
3. Import the database:
\i 'C:/Users/YourName/Downloads/riftbound_backup.sql'; // Example path

Tips:

- *Ensure file path is accurate and wrapped in single quotes.*
- *All backslashes are changed to forward slashes in path.*
- *Path must include the riftbound_backup.sql file.*

4. If import is successful, you are free to close the shell with

```
\q
```

Backend Setup

1. Navigate to the backend folder using terminal in VS Code or Command Prompt:

```
cd backend
```

2. Install dependencies:

```
npm install
```

```
npm install dotenv
```

Tips: If you encounter an issue that 'npm' is not recognized, visit this link for a comprehensive guide and fix:

<https://www.codewithharry.com/blogpost/solving-npm-not-recognized-error-windows>

3. Create a .env file and update database credentials:

```
DB_USER=postgres  
DB_HOST=localhost  
DB_NAME=riftbounddb  
DB_PASSWORD=Enter-your-DB-password-here  
DB_PORT=5432  
JWT_SECRET=Your-Secret-Key  
PORT=3001
```

Tips: To generate a random key, use this command in the terminal and copy into the .env file for JWT_SECRET:

```
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(32).toString('hex'))"
```

4. Start the backend server:

```
node server.js
```

Frontend Setup

Note: Keep the backend server running. Open a new terminal window and navigate back to the project root before proceeding.

1. Navigate to the frontend folder:

```
cd frontend
```

2. Install dependencies:

```
npm install
```

3. Start the development server:

```
npm start
```

4. Open your browser to <http://localhost:3000>

User Manual

When you first access the application, you'll arrive at the landing page. The navigation bar at the top provides access to:

- Card Library - Browse all available cards
- Your Collection - View and manage your personal card collection
- Login/Sign Up - Access your account

The bottom of the landing page features Riftbound content created by one of my friends.



Account Management

First-time visitors can browse the Card Library as a guest without creating an account. However, to add cards to a collection or build decks, you must sign in.

1. Click the Login button in the navigation bar
2. A modal window will appear with login fields
3. New users: Click "Create an account" and follow the prompts
4. Returning users: Enter your username and password, then click Login
5. Once logged in, your username will appear in the navigation bar next to the Logout button

Two side-by-side screenshots of modals used for account management. The left modal is titled "Login" and contains fields for "Username" and "Password", with a "Login" button at the bottom. It also has a "Sign Up" link at the bottom. The right modal is titled "Create Account" and contains fields for "Username", "Email", and "Password", with a "Sign Up" button at the bottom. It also has a "Login" link at the bottom. Both modals have a close button in the top right corner.

Search and Filter Options

The Card Library features a comprehensive filter container with the following tools:

- **Search Bar-** Search for cards by name (not case-sensitive)
 - Example: Typing "fury" will display cards like Fury Rune, Fury Rune (overnumbered), and Blind Fury

Filter Options

Rarity Filter - Multi-select dropdown to filter by card rarity

Type Filter - Multi-select dropdown to filter by card type

Domain Icons - Clickable icons to show cards from specific domains

Attribute Sliders - Set ranges for:

- Energy
- Might
- Power

Collapse Filter - Minimizes the filter panel to show only the search bar, dropdowns, and toggle

Fury
Rarity ▾
Type ▾
 Hide

Domains
Energy (0-12)
Any





0
2
4
6
8
10
12

Might (0-10)
Any





0
2
4
6
8
10

Power (0-4)
Any



0
1
2
3
4

Showing 3 cards



Fury Rune

OGN • 007/298

✓ Greg Gielmetti & Leah Chen • ©2025 RG



Fury Rune

OGN • 007a/298

✓ Fairfuel • ©2025 RG



Blind Fury

4

SPELL

ACTION (Play on your turn or in showdows.)
Each opponent reveals the top card of their Main Deck. Choose one and play it, ignoring its cost. Then recycle the rest.

OGN • 025/298

✓ Six More Vodka • ©2025 RG

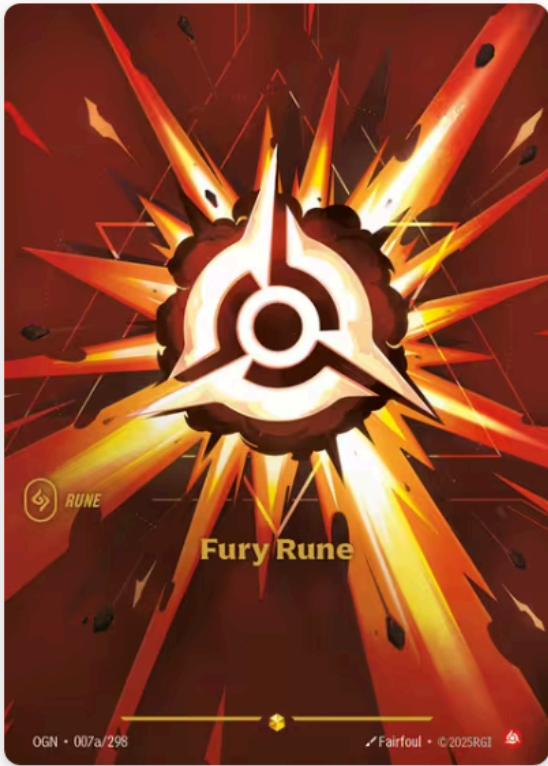
Viewing Card Details

Click on any card to open a detailed view showing:

- Card image
- Card traits and statistics
- Add to Collection button

Note: If you're not logged in, clicking "Add to Collection" will prompt you to log in or create an account. Once logged in, the card will be added to your collection with confirmation from the server.

To close the card detail view, click the X button or click outside the modal.



Fury Rune



Type: Rune

Domain: Fury

Rarity: Overnumbered

Artist: Greg Ghielmetti & Leah Chen

Collector Number: OGN-007/298

[ADD TO COLLECTION](#)

Each opponent reveals the top card of their Main Deck.

My Collection

1

TOTAL CARDS

1

UNIQUE CARDS

0%

COLLECTION COMPLETE

Search cards by name...



Accessing Your Collection

Click Your Collection in the navigation bar to view your default collection page.

The collection page displays:

- Total Cards - The total number of cards you own (including duplicates)
- Unique Cards - The number of different cards in your collection
- Completion Percentage - Progress toward collecting all available cards

Managing Card Quantities

Each card in your collection shows:

- Card image and details
- Plus (+) icon - Increment the quantity of this card
- Minus (-) icon - Decrement the quantity of this card

Use these buttons to accurately track how many copies of each card you own.