## YAML Terms for GitHub Actions

## Workflow Syntax

Work flow triggers are events that cause a workflow to run:

- Events that occur in your workflow's repository
- Events that occur outside of GitHub and trigger a repository\_dispatch event on GitHub
- Scheduled times
- Manual

name: The name of the GitHub Action

on: When or condition of when the workflow is triggered. There are different filters, branches, labels, that can be used to trigger the workflow.

jobs: A jobs runs in a runner environment as determined by runs-on

## **Course Notes**

### **Workflow Components**

Actions: Reusable tasks that perform specific jobs within a workflow

**Workflows:** Automated processes defined in your repository that coordinate one o more jobs, triggered by events or on a schedule

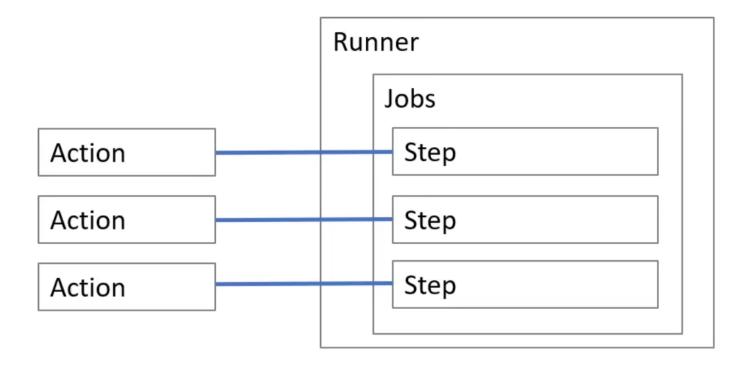
Jobs: Groups of steps that execute on the same runner, typically running in parallel unless configured otherwise

Steps: Individual tasks within a job that run commands or actions sequentially

Runs: Instances of workflow execution triggered by events, representing the complete run-through of a workflow

**Runners:** Servers that host the environment where the jobs are executed, available as GitHub-hosted or self-hosted options

Marketplace: A platform to find and share reusable actions



## **Scheduling Events**

Schedule can us a cron expression to trigger a workflow at a specific time or day

For example:

# Triggering Single or Multiple Events

Single Event

For example on **Push** 

```
name: CI on Push

on:
    push:
        branches:
            - main

jobs:
    build:
        runs-on: ubuntu-latest
        steps:
            - uses: actions/checkout@v2
            - name: Run a one-line script
            run: echo "Hello world!"
```

#### Multiple Events

For example on Push, Pull, Request, Release

Note: If you specify multiple events, only one of those events needs to occur to trigger your workflow. If multiple triggering events for your workflow occur at the same time, multiple workflow runs will be triggered

```
name: CI on Multiple Events
on:
    push:
        branches:
            - main
    pull_request:
        branches:
            - main
    release:
        types: [published, created]
jobs:
    build-and-test:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
        uses: actions/checkout@v2
        - name: Set up Python
```

#### Manual Events

Workflows can be triggered manually through Github UI, GitHub CLI, or GitHub REST API

```
gh workflow run greet.yml \
-f name=brian \
-f greeting=hello \
-F data=@myfile.txt
```

a workflow\_dispatch: and inputs: event must be added to run manually

#### Webhook Events

Many of the listed GitHub Workflow Triggers are triggered by a **webhook** 

Most of these webhooks will be triggered within GitHUb when users are interacting with GitHub which will in turn will trigger API actions. Users generally don't have to directly call the API to trigger the workflow

Using repository\_dispatch with webhook type you can trigger the Workflow via an external HTTP endpoint.

• will only trigger a workflow run if the workflow file is on the default branch

For example:

```
name: Workflow on Respository Dispatch

on:
    repository_dispatch:
        types:
            - webhook

jobs:
    respond-to-dispatch:
        runs-on: unbuntu-latest
        steps:
            - name: Checkout repository
            uses: actions/checkout@v2
            - name: Run a script
            run: echo "Event of type ${GITHUB_EVENT_NAME}"
```

When you make the request to the webhook you must:

- Send a POST request to the repo's dispatches endpoint
- Set the Accept type for application/vnd.github+json
- Provide Authorization to your Personal Access Token
- Pass the event type "webhook"