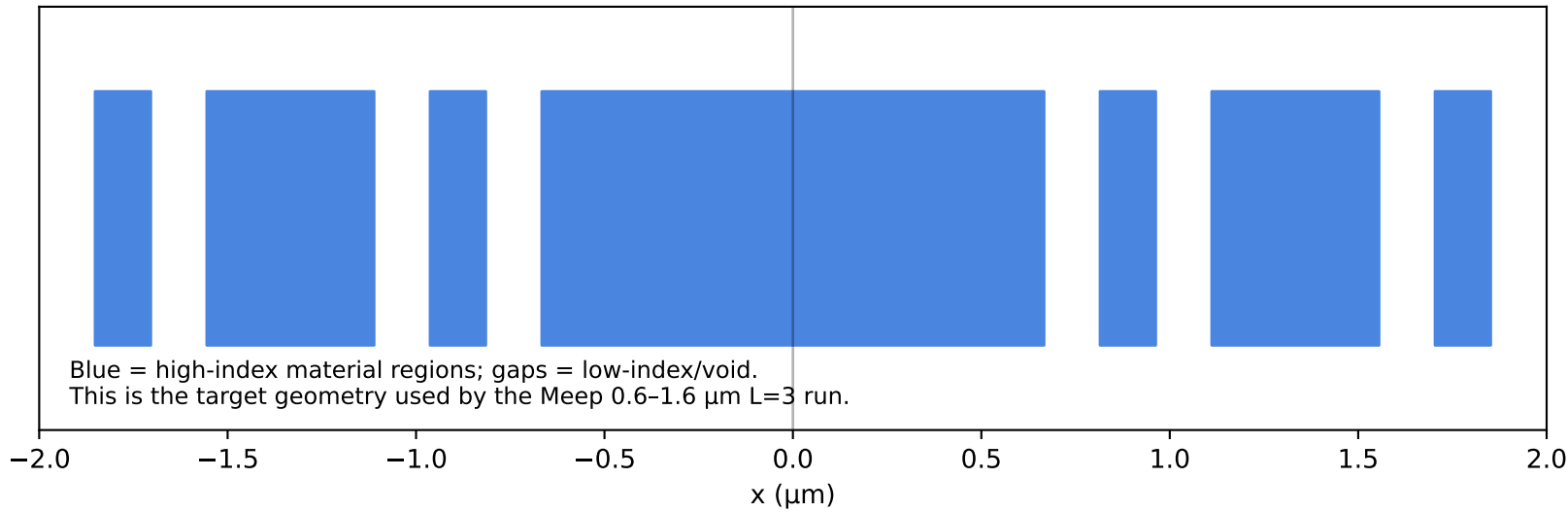


Fabrication Spec (MVP): 1D Optical Cantor Barrier (Level 3)

Target band: 0.6–1.6 μm
Model indices: $n_{\text{hi}}=1.5$, $n_{\text{lo}}=1.0$
Cantor window length $a = 4.000\ \mu\text{m}$, levels=3
Min feature $\approx a/3^L = 0.148148\ \mu\text{m} \approx 148\ \text{nm}$
Total high-index length (within a): $2.814815\ \mu\text{m}$
Suggested tolerance: $\pm 50\ \text{nm}$ (feature widths)

1D layout along propagation (x) — high-index segments (Cantor complement)



Segment table (x-start, x-end, length) [μm]

#	x_start	x_end	len
1	-1.851852	-1.703704	0.148148
2	-1.555556	-1.111111	0.444444
3	-0.962963	-0.814815	0.148148
4	-0.666667	0.666667	1.333333
5	0.814815	0.962963	0.148148
6	1.111111	1.555556	0.444444
7	1.703704	1.851852	0.148148

Fabrication notes

- Substrate: Fused silica (SiO_2) slide, 25x25x1 mm (typical)
- 1D Cantor multilayer along propagation: alternating high-index material and void/low-index gaps with the Cantor *complement* occupied by the high-index material.
Measured in free-space normal incidence through the patterned region.
- Start with levels=3 (min feature $\sim 148\ \text{nm}$ for $a=4\ \mu\text{m}$).
 - Baseline control: uniform slab with same total high-index length.
 - Pattern should extend across the illuminated aperture (e.g., 0.5–2 mm in y).