SHA-1 pseudocode

leftshift 32) or h4

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Note 1: All variables are unsigned 32-bit quantities and wrap modulo 2^{32} when
calculating, except for
         ml, the message length, which is a 64-bit quantity, and
         hh, the message digest, which is a 160-bit quantity.
Note 2: All constants in this pseudo code are in big endian.
Initialize variables:
h0=0x67452301, h1=0xEFCDAB89, h2=0x98BADCFE, h3=0x10325476, h4=0xC3D2E1F0
ml = message length in bits (always a multiple of the number of bits in a
character).
Pre-processing:
append the bit '1' to the message e.g. by adding 0x80 if message length is a
multiple of 8 bits.
append 0 \le k < 512 bits '0', such that the resulting message length in bits is <u>congruent</u> to -64 \equiv 448 \pmod{512}
append ml, the original message length, as a 64-bit big-endian integer.
   Thus, the total length is a multiple of 512 bits.
Process the message in successive 512-bit chunks:
break message into 512-bit chunks
for each chunk
    break chunk into sixteen 32-bit big-endian words w[i], 0 \le i \le 15
    Extend the sixteen 32-bit words into eighty 32-bit words:
    for i from 16 to 79
         w[i] = (w[i-3] \text{ xor } w[i-8] \text{ xor } w[i-14] \text{ xor } w[i-16]) \text{ } \frac{\text{left}}{\text{rotate }} 1
    Initialize hash value for this chunk:
    a = h0, b = h1, c = h2, d = h3, e = h4
    Main loop:[3][54]
    for i from 0 to 79
         if 0 \le i \le 19 then
             f = (b \text{ and } c) \text{ or } ((\text{not } b) \text{ and } d)
             k = 0x5A827999
         else if 20 \le i \le 39
             f = b xor c xor d
             k = 0x6ED9EBA1
         else if 40 \le i \le 59
             f = (b \text{ and } c) \text{ or } (b \text{ and } d) \text{ or } (c \text{ and } d)
             k = 0x8F1BBCDC
         else if 60 \le i \le 79
             f = b xor c xor d
             k = 0 \times CA62C1D6
         temp = (a \ leftrotate \ 5) + f + e + k + w[i]
         e = d
         d = c
         c = b leftrotate 30
         b = a
         a = temp
    Add this chunk's hash to result so far:
    h0 = h0 + a, h1 = h1 + b, h2 = h2 + c, h3 = h3 + d, h4 = h4 + e
Produce the final hash value (big-endian) as a 160-bit number:
hh = (h0 leftshift 128) or (h1 leftshift 96) or (h2 leftshift 64) or (h3
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