

EE1111A Electrical Engineering Principles and Practice

Quiz 1

Semester 1, AY20-21

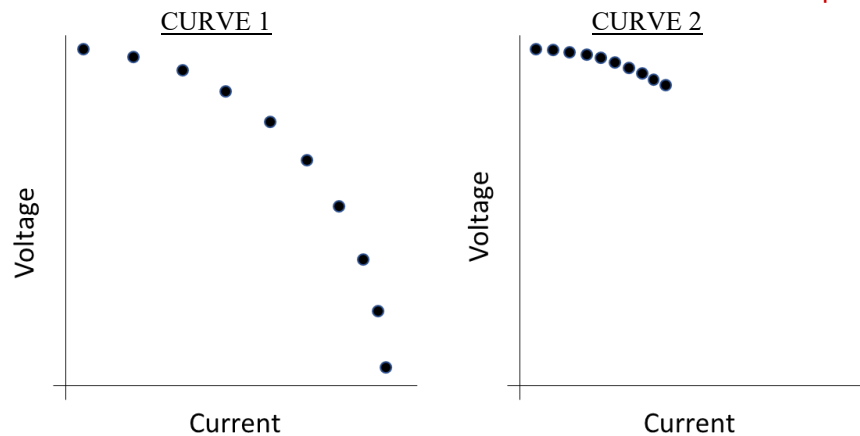
(Correct answers are highlighted)

1. The risk assessment of an activity in EE1111A's studio session was evaluated as shown in the table. What is the risk of this hazard? **Topic: Safety**

Task	Hazard	Possible Consequences	Severity	Likelihood	Risk	Risk Control
Characterization of Ohm's Law	Smoke from burning resistor.	Respiratory and eye irritation	2	1		Safety training.

- A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
2. Which of the following is the least preferred in the hierarchy of safety controls? **Topic: Safety**
- A. Administrative Controls
B. Substitution
C. Engineering Controls
D. Personal Protective Equipment
3. What is $(12.13 + 0.1146) \times 2.2$? Express your answer with correct number of significant figures. **Topic: measurement and significant figures**
- A. 26
B. 27
C. 26.93
D. 26.94
4. The accuracy of a measurement is ... **Topic: Measurement**
- A. determined by how close it is to the true value.
B. the same as the resolution of the instrument
C. independent of the instrument that is being used to make measurements.
D. the same as the precision of the measurements.

5. Bob measured the current flowing through a resistor five times using a digital ammeter. He scribbled down the following readings: 1.39A, 1.38A, 1.391A, 1.375A. Based on the resistance measurements, what is the resolution of the ammeter? **Topic: Measurement**
- A. 1 mA
B. 5 mA
C. 10 mA
D. None of the above
6. An engineer wanted to find the IV curve of a solar cell both indoors and outdoors. He had only ten resistors, so he used the same ten resistors indoors and outdoors. In the following curves, the voltage and current axes intersect at 0, but the engineer forgot to numerically label the graphs. Which of the following statements is most likely true? **Topic: PV**



- A. Curve 1 was taken outdoors
B. Curve 2 was taken outdoors
C. There is insufficient information to determine which was taken outdoors
D. Neither of the curves show the correct relationship between V and I for a solar cell, either indoors or outdoors. The engineer's measurements were thus flawed.

7. In an average month, a house usually used 300 kWh of energy. If the house was located in a place which received 5 hours of peak sun every day, how much total output power from the solar array should we specify when ordering the solar cells?

A. 1 kW
B. 2 kW
C. 10 kW
D. 100 kW

Topic: PV

8. A solar cell was added in series with a battery so that their voltage added. Which of the following is TRUE?

Topic: PV and battery

A. The current out of the combination will always be higher than the current out of just the battery at a given voltage.
B. The maximum power point of the solar cell will change because of the presence of the battery.
C. This is a dangerous arrangement – a solar cell should always be wired in parallel with a battery, not in series.
D. All of the above

9. Each solar panel was 1 m^2 in surface area and had a solar-to-electrical conversion efficiency of 20%. The voltage at the maximum power point was 60 V. How many panels are needed to supply 2000 W of power at 120 V in full normally incident sunlight?

Topic: PV

- A. 1
B. 2
C. 10
D. 20
10. A solar cell had an open-circuit voltage of 0.5 V and a short-circuit current of 1.2 mA. 5 of such solar cells were wired in series into a string. Then, 3 such strings were connected in parallel. Estimate the maximum power available from the set.

Topic: PV

- A. 0.6 mW
B. 1.8 mW
C. 7.2 mW
D. 9.0 mW
11. The mass of a quadcopter including all components and the payload is 1 kg. It is cruising at a constant speed of approximately 6.3 m/s. If the drag force is equal to $0.25(v_h)^2$ where v_h is the speed in the horizontal direction, which of the following statements is correct?
- A. The quadcopter is cruising keeping its body parallel to the ground.
B. The quadcopter is tilted at 30°
C. The quadcopter is tilted at 45°
D. The quadcopter is tilted at 50°

Topic: Dynamic equilibrium (the topic is excluded from the EE EPP syllabus)

12. A water tank is located on the roof of a building. The tank holds 10,000 litres of water when it is full. The mid-point of the tank is at a height of 60m from the reservoir at ground level. The tank is filled up at night using energy obtained from a PV system. The building is located at a place that has an average peak sun of 5 hours. The combined efficiency of inverter, water pump, battery and other ancillary components is 0.5. What is the minimum number of solar panels required to support this pump system if each panel is rated at 250 Watt-peak? (Acceleration due to gravity is 9.8 m/s^2)

Topic: Energy and PV

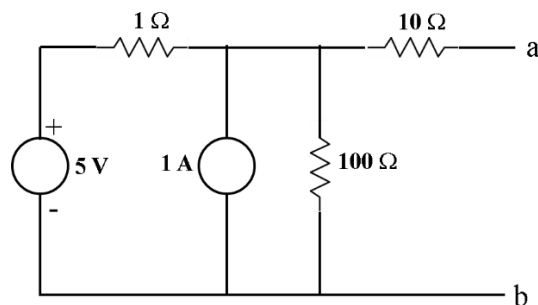
- A. 9400
B. 5
C. 3
D. 9408
13. The operating voltage of a 650 W dc load is 14 V. You are looking for battery packs for this load and found four different models of battery pack. Which of these will give the longest operating time from one recharging to another while ensuring safe operation? (You can use more than one battery pack of the same model) Topic: battery
- A. 14V, 4000 mAh, 20C
B. 14V, 6000 mAh, 5C
C. 7V, 5000 mAh, 10C
D. 7V, 4000 mAh, 8C

14. A DC source consists of 4 cells in 2S2P arrangement. The specifications of the cells show 1.5 V open-circuit voltage (V_{OC}) and $0.5\ \Omega$ internal resistance. However, the battery pack was found to require too frequent recharging. As part of your investigation, you first measured the V_{OC} and I_{SC} which were 3 V and 5 A, respectively. Then you started replacing one battery at a time and found that replacing just one of the cells with a fresh cell of the same type fixed the problem. Which of the following most accurately characterize the faulty battery?

Topic: battery

- A. $V_{OC}=1.0\text{ V}$, $R_{int}=0.5\ \Omega$
- B. $V_{OC}=1.5\text{ V}$, $R_{int}=1\ \Omega$
- C. $V_{OC}=1.5\text{ V}$, $R_{int}=0.1\ \Omega$
- D. $V_{OC}=1.5\text{ V}$, $R_{int}=0.1\ \Omega$

15. What are the Thevenin voltage and the Thevenin resistance between the open terminals 'a' and 'b' of the circuit shown in the figure below.

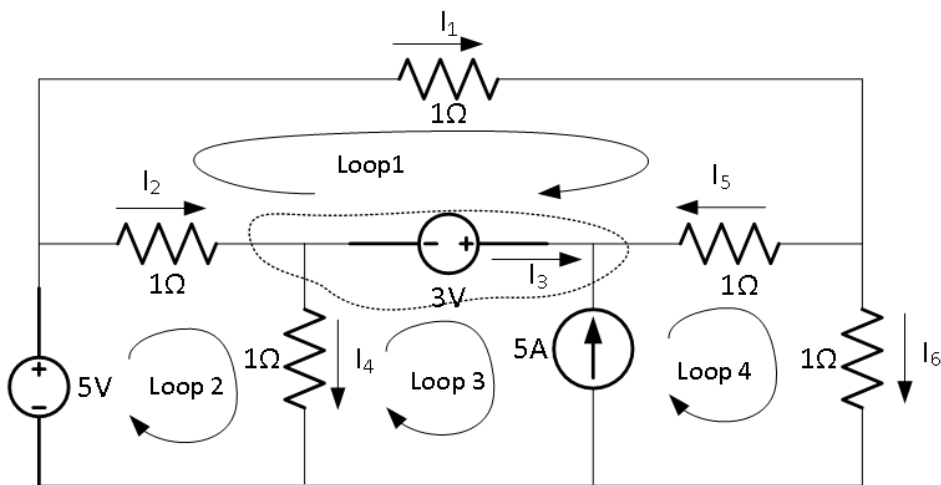


Topic: Circuits (Thevenin)

- A. $V_{Th} \cong 6.0\text{ V}$ and $R_{Th} \cong 11\ \Omega$
- B. $V_{Th} \cong 100.0\text{ V}$ and $R_{Th} \cong 11\ \Omega$
- C. $V_{Th} \cong 6.0\text{ V}$ and $R_{Th} \cong 110\ \Omega$
- D. $V_{Th} \cong 5.0\text{ V}$ and $R_{Th} \cong 11\ \Omega$

16. For the circuit shown below, which of the four equations given is correct KCL equation?

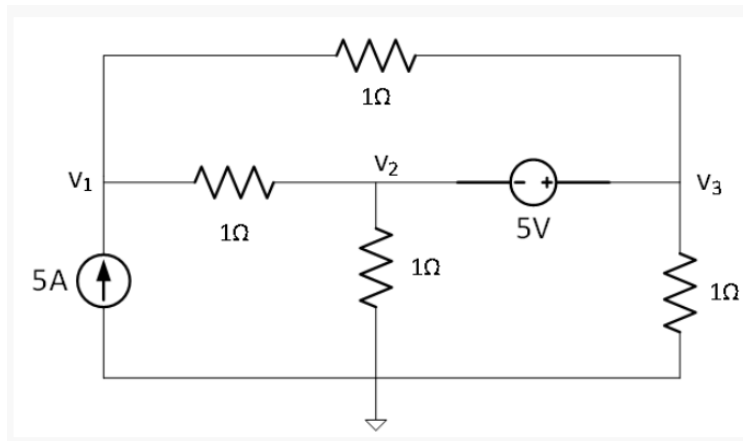
Topic: Circuit



- A. $I_1 + I_2 - 5 = 0$
- B. $I_2 + I_5 + 5 - I_4 = 0$
- C. $I_5 + I_6 - I_1 = 0$
- D. $I_2 + I_5 - I_4 = 0$

17. Which of the following KCL equations in terms of the node voltages is CORRECT?

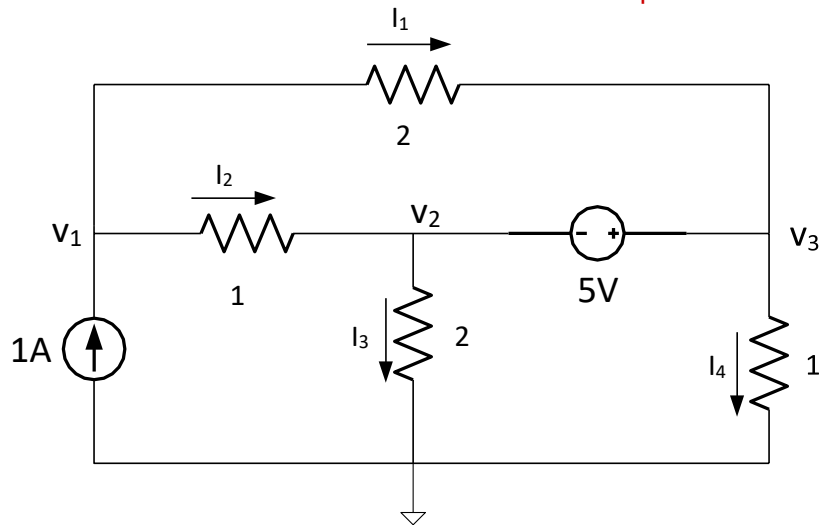
Topic: Circuit



- A. $\frac{V_1 - V_2}{1} + 5 + \frac{V_1 - V_3}{1} = 0$
- B. $\frac{V_2 - V_1}{1} - 5 + \frac{V_2}{1} = 0$
- C. $\frac{V_2 - V_1}{1} + \frac{V_2}{1} + \frac{V_3}{1} + \frac{V_3 - V_1}{1} = 0$
- D. $\frac{V_3 - V_1}{1} + 5 + \frac{V_3}{1} = 0$

18. Which option gives the closest values of node voltages V_1 , V_2 , and V_3 in the circuit below?

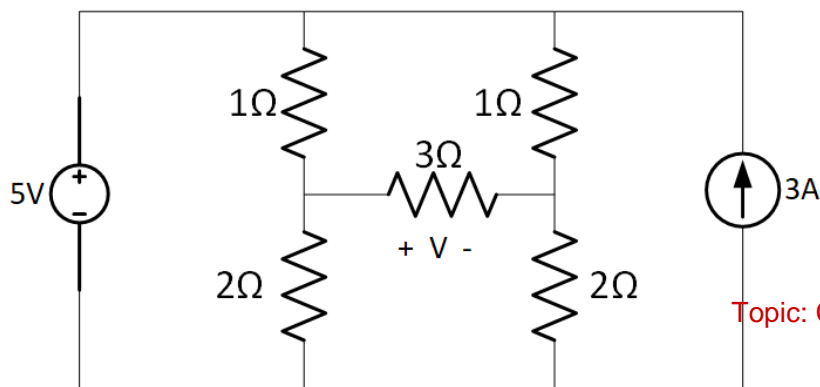
Topic: Circuit



- A. $V_1 = 3V, V_2 = 2V, V_3 = 1V$
 B. $V_1 = 3V, V_2 = -1V, V_3 = 4V$
 C. $V_1 = 1V, V_2 = -5V, V_3 = 5V$
 D. $V_1 = 2V, V_2 = 1V, V_3 = 5V$

19. In the circuit below, which option gives the CORRECT values of voltage V , the contribution of voltage source (V_1) and the contribution of the current source (V_2)?

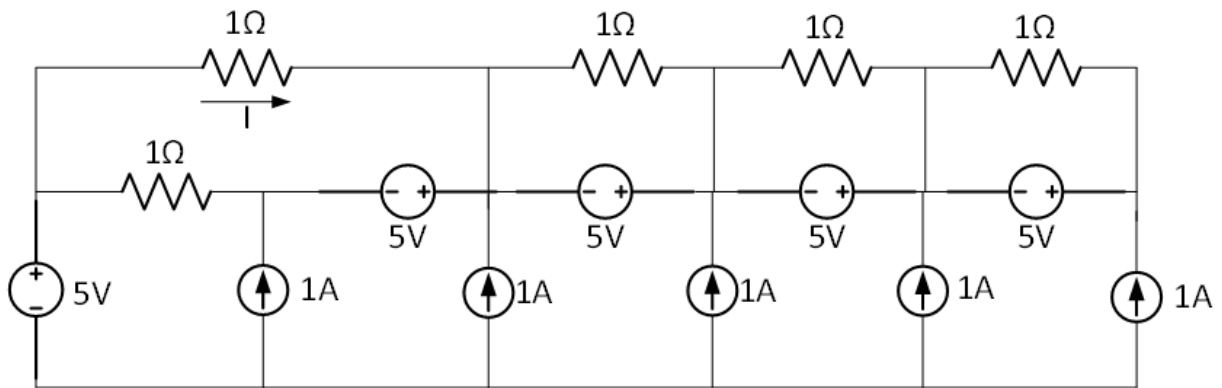
According to Superposition principle, $V = V_1 + V_2$.



Topic: Circuits (superposition)

- A. $V=3\text{ V}, V_1=2\text{ V}, V_2=1\text{ V}$
 B. $V=10/3\text{ V}, V_1=0\text{ V}, V_2=10/3\text{ V}$
 C. $V=0\text{ V}, V_1=0\text{ V}, V_2=0\text{ V}$
 D. $V=3\text{ V}, V_1=1\text{ V}, V_2=2\text{ V}$

20. Which option gives the CORRECT value of the current I in the circuit.



Topic: Circuits

- A. 5 A
- B. 2.5 A
- C. -5 A
- D. -2.5 A

