



before

after

Progression showing creation of Landsat 8 base layer for ProPublica's Losing Ground.

by Brian T. Jacobs @btjakes

Using an infrared mask (band 5) we placed 15m pan-sharpened true-color (bands 4-3-2) within land areas. Water areas use the 30m "natural infrared" image (bands 7-5-3). This affords us maximum resolution for land with maximum contrast and low sediment water. This was effective for overlaying historical land cover layers.

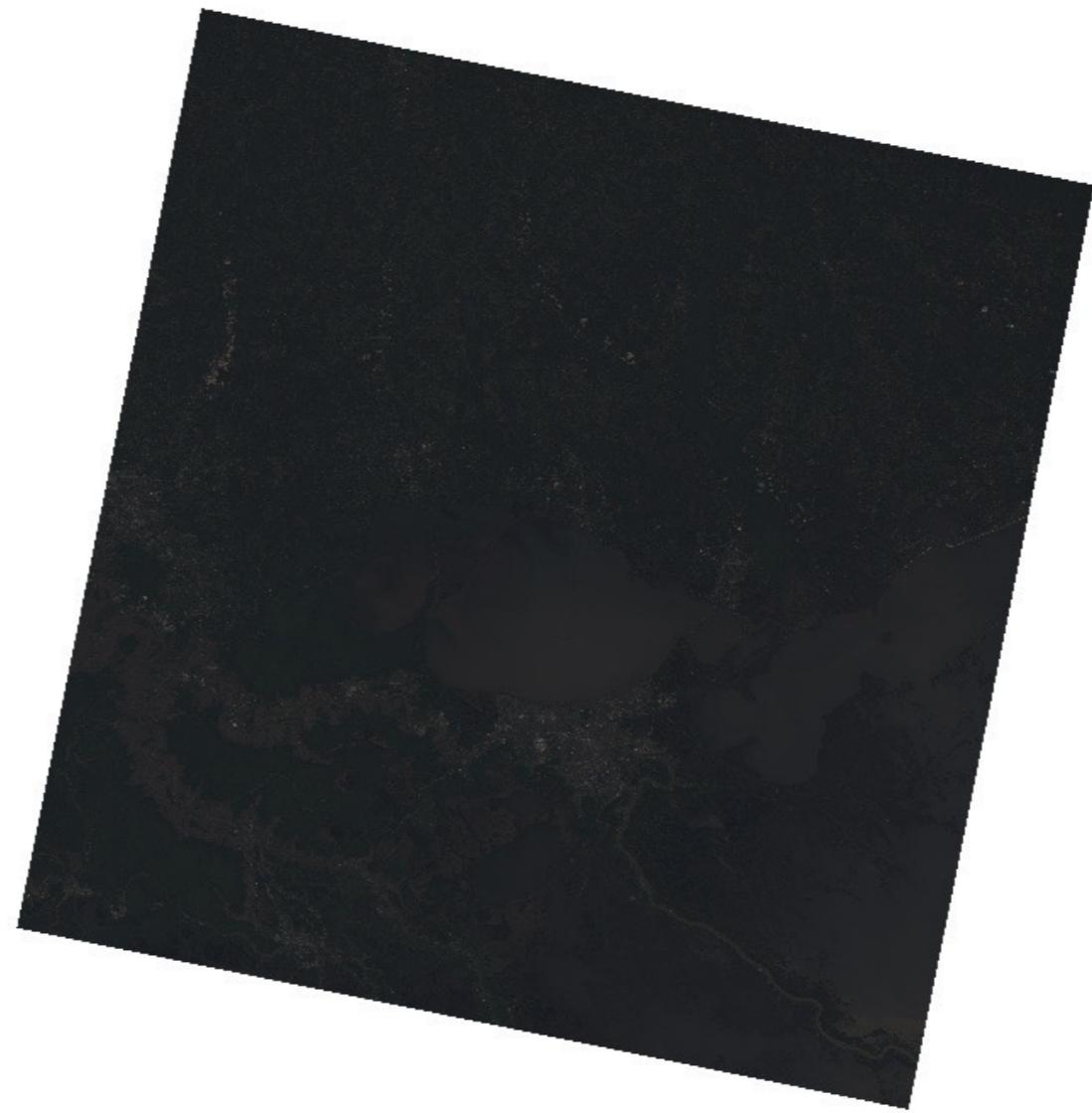
Inspired by techniques by:

Tom Patterson

[http://www.shadedrelief.com/landsat8/
landsat8bluewater.html](http://www.shadedrelief.com/landsat8/landsat8bluewater.html)

Rob Simon

[http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/blogs/
elegantfigures/2013/10/22/how-to-make-
a-true-color-landsat-8-image/](http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/blogs/elegantfigures/2013/10/22/how-to-make-a-true-color-landsat-8-image/)



Unprocessed true color scene (4-3-2)



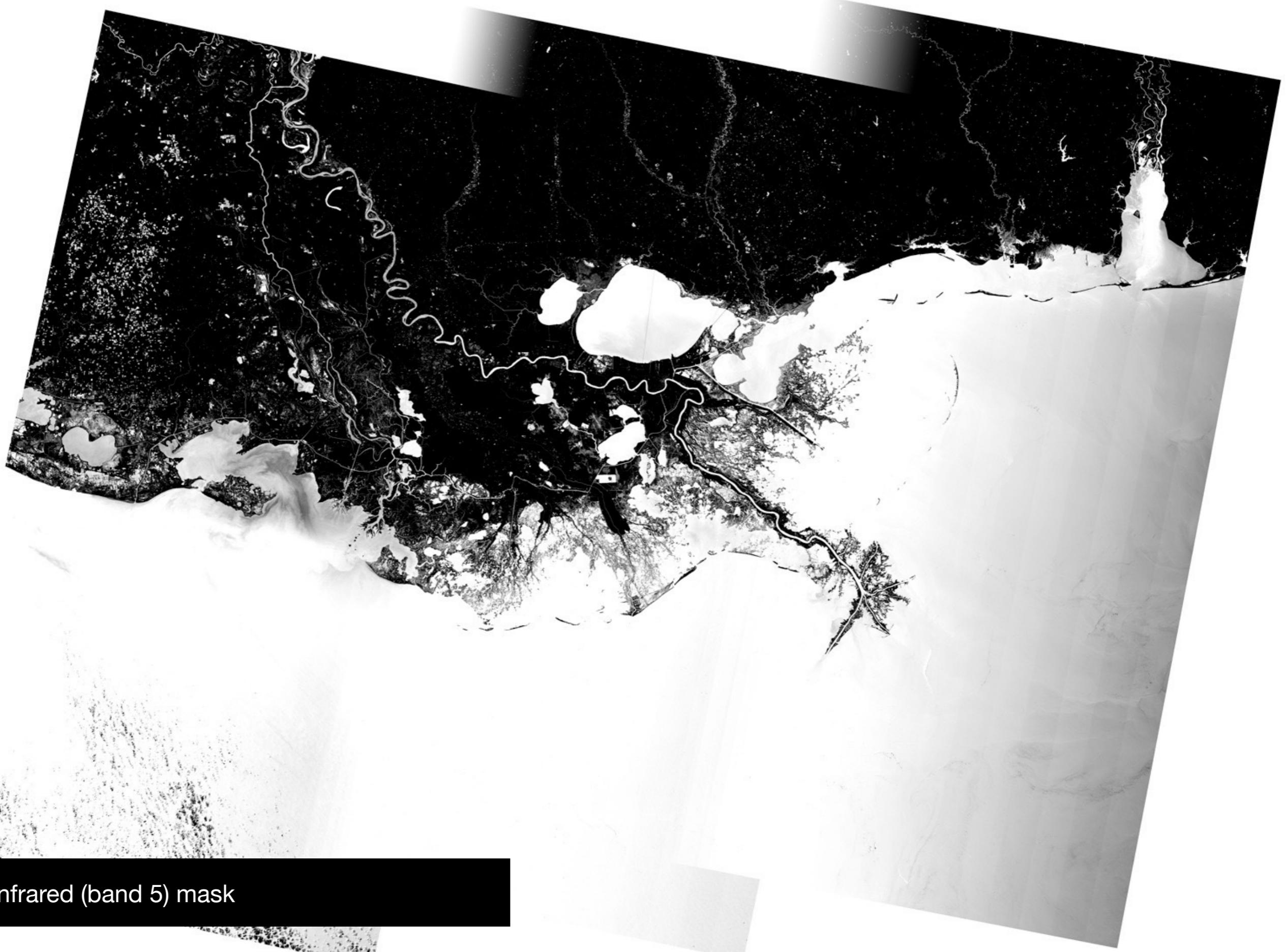
Processed true color scene (4-3-2) w/ alpha
gradient. 15m w/ pansharpening.



15m true color (4-3-2) 6-scene mosaic.



30m "Natural infrared" (7-5-3) 6-scene mosaic.



Infrared (band 5) mask



15m true color (4-3-2) within black of mask.
30m natural infrared (7-5-3) within white.



Detail area



Detail: 15m true color (before)



Detail: 15m true color / 30m natural infrared (after)