The higher-derivative example from section 2.4 of hep-th/0701238

The identity which we will prove here comes from appendix A of hep-th/0111128. The declaration of the indices, Weyl tensor and covariant derivative:

First apply the product rule to write out the derivatives,

```
@distribute!(%): @prodrule!(%):
@distribute!(%): @prodrule!(%):

@prodsort!(%): @canonicalise!(%): @rename_dummies!(%): @sumflatten!(%):
@collect_terms!(%);
```

$$\begin{split} exp &:= C_{ijmn}C_{ikmp}\nabla_q\nabla_jC_{nkpq} - C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ipmq}\nabla_pC_{jqnk} - 2\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{mkpq}\nabla_pC_{jknq} \\ &- C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ikmp}\nabla_qC_{jpnq} + C_{ijmn}C_{ikmp}\nabla_j\nabla_qC_{nkpq} - 2\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{jkmp}\nabla_qC_{nkpq} \\ &- C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_m\nabla_pC_{jqnk} - \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_q\nabla_mC_{nqkp} + \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijpq}\nabla_pC_{mnkq} \\ &- \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{jkpq}\nabla_kC_{mnpq} - \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijkp}\nabla_qC_{mnpq} \\ &- \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_m\nabla_qC_{nqkp} - \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{mnkp}\nabla_qC_{jqkp} + \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_j\nabla_kC_{mnpq} \\ &- \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_p\nabla_qC_{npkq} + C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijmp}\nabla_qC_{nqkp} - C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijmp}\nabla_qC_{nkpq} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_m\nabla_jC_{nkpq} + \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{mkpq}\nabla_nC_{jkpq} - \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{jkpq}\nabla_mC_{nkpq} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_j\nabla_mC_{nkpq} + \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikmp}\nabla_q\nabla_qC_{jknp} + C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ipmq}\nabla_kC_{jpnq} \\ &- \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_q\nabla_qC_{mnkp} - \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijpq}\nabla_kC_{mnpq}; \end{split}$$

Because the identity which we intend to prove is only supposed to hold on Einstein spaces, we set the divergence of the Weyl tensor to zero,

$$\begin{split} exp \ := & \ C_{ijmn}C_{ikmp}\nabla_q\nabla_jC_{nkpq} - C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ipmq}\nabla_pC_{jqnk} - 2\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{mkpq}\nabla_pC_{jknq} \\ - & \ C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_m\nabla_pC_{jqnk} - \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_q\nabla_mC_{nqkp} + \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijpq}\nabla_pC_{mnkq} \\ - & \ \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{jkpq}\nabla_kC_{mnpq} + \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_j\nabla_kC_{mnpq} \\ + & \ \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_m\nabla_jC_{nkpq} + \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{mkpq}\nabla_nC_{jkpq} - \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_iC_{jkpq}\nabla_mC_{nkpq} \\ + & \ \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikpq}\nabla_j\nabla_mC_{nkpq} + \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ikmp}\nabla_q\nabla_qC_{jknp} + C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ipmq}\nabla_kC_{jpnq} \\ - & \ \frac{1}{4}\,C_{ijmn}C_{ijkp}\nabla_q\nabla_qC_{mnkp} - \frac{1}{2}\,C_{ijmn}\nabla_kC_{ijpq}\nabla_kC_{mnpq}; \end{split}$$

This expression should vanish upon use of the Bianchi identity. By expanding all tensors using their Young projectors, this becomes manifest,

```
@young_project_product!(%):
@sumflatten!(%):
@canonicalise!(%):
@rename_dummies!(%):
@collect_terms!(%);
```

@canonicalise: not applicable.

$$exp := 0;$$

This proves the identity.