# Probando la Orange Pi

# Un proyecto de BricoLabs

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Probando la Orange Pi y aprendiendo a usarla. TRABAJO EN CURSO NO TERMINADO

# Índice general

1	Empezar rápido desde linux		2					
	1.1 Crear una SD arrancable		2					
	1.2 Conexión WIFI		5					
2	Orange Pi Zero, características técnicas		7					
	2.1 Especificaciones		7					
	2.2 Esquema de pines		7					
	2.3 Esquemas eléctricos		8					
3	Accediendo al hardware desde linea de comandos		8					
	3.1 LEDs		9					
	3.2 GPIO		9					
4	Bibliotecas útiles							
	4.1 Python	1	lC					
	4.1.1 Instalación de virtualenv	1	l C					
	4.1.2 orangepi_PC_gpio_pyH3	1	l 1					
	4.2 Acceso desde C ...............................	1	1					
	4.2.1 pyA20		11					
	4.2.2 WiringOP-Zero	1	12					
	4.2.3 WiringPI-Python-OP	1	13					
	4.3 Referencias	1	14					

5	Distribuciones disponibles para Orange Pi Zero	14						
	5.1 Armbian oficial	. 14						
	5.1.1 Ubuntu Server (legacy kernel)	. 14						
	5.1.2 Ubuntu Server (mainline kernel)	. 14						
	5.2 Orange Pi oficial	. 15						
	5.3 Diet Pi	. 15						
6	Monitorizar temperatura							
7	Referencias							
8	META	17						
	8.1 Requisitos	. 17						
9	Licencia	17						

# 1 Empezar rápido desde linux

Para usar la Orange Pi Zero tendremos que crear imágenes arrancables en tarjetas micro SD.

### 1.1 Crear una SD arrancable

Dependiendo de donde conectemos la tarjeta tendremos que usar diferentes rutas. En el procedimiento descrito a continuación \${card} será la ruta al dispositivo de la tarjeta y \${p} la partición (si la hay).

Si la tarjeta se conecta via adaptador USB, linux la va a asociar a un dispositivo /dev/sdx, por ejemplo en mi portátil el disco duro es /dev/sda las distintas particiones serán /dev/sda1, /devb/sda2, etc.

Si conectamos una memoria con un adaptador USB linux la podría mapear en /dev/sdb por ejemplo.

Si la memoria se conecta mediante una ranura SD, linux la asociará a un dispositivo /dev/mmcblk0 o /dev/mmcblk1, etc. etc. Dependerá de la ranura usada. Las particiones en este tipo de dispositivos tienen rutas como por ejemplo /dev/mmcblk0p1.

Los datos se pueden almacenar directamente en la memoria SD o en una partición creada en la memoria.

Resumiendo:

- \${card} será /dev/sdb o /dev/mmcblk0
- card{p} será /dev/sdb1 o /dev/mmcblk0p1

Antes de seguir adelante hay que estar completamente seguro del dispositivo asociado a nuestra memoria SD para no armar ningún estropicio.

Hay varias comprobaciones que se pueden hacer:

dmesg | tail nos permitirá echar un ojo a los últimos mensajes en el log del sistema. Si acabamos de insertar la memoria veremos el dispositivo usado.

sudo fdisk -l nos permite ver las particiones montadas en nuestro linux, por ejemplo con mi SD en la ranura SD de mi portatil la salida es (entre otras cosas, he obviado las particiones de los discos duros):

```
Disk /dev/mmcblk0: 7.4 GiB, 7948206080 bytes, 15523840 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x000000000
```

cat /proc/partitions también nos dará una lista de particiones, en mi portátil las que interesan son:

```
179 0 7761920 mmcblk0
179 1 7757824 mmcblk0p1
```

Descargamos la imagen de Jessie adaptada a la *Orange Pi Zero* desde la página https://www.armbian.com/download/

Descomprimimos la imagen y la grabamos en la tarjeta SD con el comando:

```
sudo dd if=./Armbian_5.24_Orangepizero_Debian_jessie_3.4.113.img of=/dev/mmcblk0
```

Insertamos la tarjeta en la *Orange Pi* y le damos alimentación. El primer arranque llevará alrededor de tres minutos, y tras ese tiempo aun hará falta un minuto más para poder hacer login. Este retardo es debido a que el sistema intentará actualizar la lista de paquetes y creará un area de swap de emergencia en la SD, y además cambiará el tamaño de la partición que hemos creado para ocupar todo el espacio libre en la SD.

De momento solo la he arrancado y efectivamente las particiones han cambiado tras el arranque así que tiene buena pinta.

Volvemos a insertar la SD en la *Orange Pi* y la conectamos con un cable ethernet al router de casa. El Armbian viene configurado por defecto para obtener su IP desde un servidor DHCP.

Como mi cutre-router no me da información de las IP asignadas usamos *nmap*:

```
nmap -sP 192.168.0.0/24
```

Con eso averiguamos la IP asignada a la *Orange Pi Zero* y ya podemos hacer login con el siguiente comando <sup>1</sup>:

```
ssh root@192.168.0.109
```

¡Y ya estamos!

```
>> ~/w/r/p/debianpostinstall on master x ssh root@192.168.0.109
The authenticity of host '192.168.0.109 (192.168.0.109)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is 8a:22:e7:1c:d4:44:45:db:c0:90:4e:af:e9:d3:54:db.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.0.109' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
root@192.168.0.109's password:
You are required to change your password immediately (root enforced)
Welcome to <mark>ARMBIAN</mark> Debian GNU/Linux 8 (jessie) 3.4.113-sun8i
System load: 0.16 Up time: 16 min
Memory usage:
                 17 % of 241Mb
                                       ΙÞ:
                                                          192.168.0.109
CPU temp:
                  36°C
Usage of /:
                  14% of 7.2G
New to Armbian? Check the documentation first: docs.armbian.com
Changing password for root.
(current) UNIX password: [
```

Figura 1: Primer login en Orange Pi

Lo primero es poner al dia el sistema:

```
apt-get update
apt-get upgrade
```

Si quieres puedes reconfigurar el time zone:

dpkg-reconfigure tzdata

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>La password por defecto de Armbian es **1234**, nos pedirá cambiarla en el primer login.

#### 1.2 Conexión WIFI

```
Vamos a comprobar que todo va bien:
```

```
root@orangepizero:~# iwconfig
lo
         no wireless extensions.
tunl0
         no wireless extensions.
wlan0
         IEEE 802.11bgn ESSID:off/any
         Mode: Managed Access Point: Not-Associated Tx-Power=20 dBm
          Retry long limit:7 RTS thr:off
                                             Fragment thr:off
          Encryption key:off
          Power Management:on
eth0
          no wireless extensions.
Todo tiene buena pinta, vamos a ver si detecta WIFIs:
root@orangepizero:~# iwlist wlan0 scan |grep ESSID
```

```
ESSID: "wificlientesR"

ESSID: "casa_de_verano"

ESSID: "MOVISTAR_BEEF"

ESSID: "wificlientesR"

ESSID: "R-wlan90"

ESSID: "MOVISTAR_BAAF"

ESSID: "MOVISTAR_BAAF"

ESSID: "ababab"

ESSID: "WLAN 77"

ESSID: "castillo"

ESSID: "unaWifi"

ESSID: ""

ESSID: "mikasa"
```

Para configurar el wifi echamos un ojo al fichero /etc/network/interfaces pero en ese mismo fichero encontramos el aviso:

```
# Armbian ships with network-manager installed by default. To save you time # and hassles consider using 'sudo nmtui' instead of configuring Wi-Fi settings # manually.
```

Así que basta con ejecutar sudo nmtui y ya podemos dar de alta nuestra wifi (yo la prefiero con IP estática).

Ejecutamos ifconfig y ya vemos nuestro nuevo interface configurado:

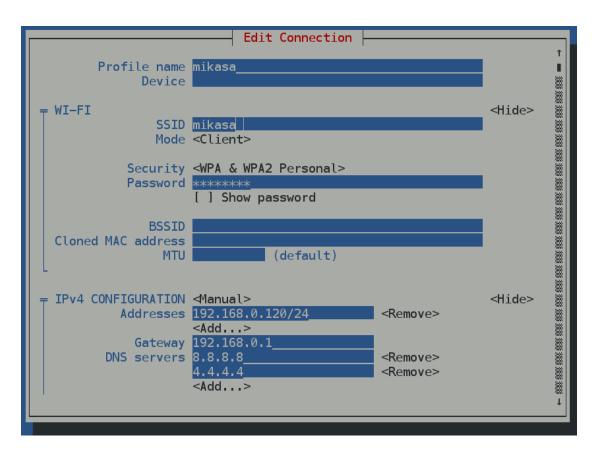


Figura 2: Configuración WIFI

#### ifconfig

```
wlan0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr a4:7c:f2:9a:97:7c
   inet addr:192.168.0.120 Bcast:192.168.0.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
   inet6 addr: fe80::a67c:f2ff:fe9a:977c/64 Scope:Link
   UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
   RX packets:2 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
   TX packets:8 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
   collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
   RX bytes:328 (328.0 B) TX bytes:852 (852.0 B)
```

# 2 Orange Pi Zero, características técnicas

La tarjeta de desarrollo Orange Pi Zero viene equipada con un procesador Cortex A7 Allwinner H2+ quad core, con 256 o 512MB RAM, Ethernet, y puertos USB. Disponible en Aliexpress (tienda oficial) por 6.99 dolares, mas 3.39 dolares como gastos de envío.

### 2.1 Especificaciones

- SoC Allwinner H2(+) quad core Cortex A7 processor @ 1.2 GHz with Mali-400MP2 GPU @ 600 MHz
- System Memory 256 to 512 MB DDR3-1866 SDRAM
- Storage micro SD card slot
- Connectivity 10/100M Ethernet + 802.11 b/g/n WiFi (Allwinner XR819 WiFi module)
   with u.FL antenna connector and external antenna
- USB 1x USB 2.0 host ports, 1x micro USB OTG port
- Expansion headers Unpopulated 26-pin "Raspberry Pi B+" header + 13-pin header with headphone, 2x USB 2.0, TV out, microphone and IR receiver signals
- Debugging Unpopulated 3-pin header for serial console
- Misc 2x LEDs
- Power Supply 5V via micro USB port or optional PoE
- Dimensions 52 x 46 mm
- Weight 26 grams

# 2.2 Esquema de pines

Un excelente esquema de pines puede conseguirse en OSHLab

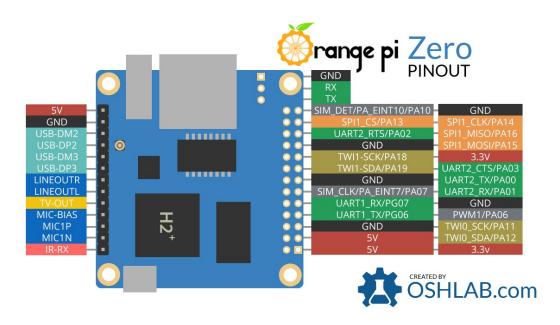


Figura 3: Pineado Orange Pi

El mapeado de los pines de la Orange (de los micros Allwinner en realidad) en el kernel de Linux viene dado por la formula:

(Position of letter in alphabet - 1) \* 32 + Pin number

Para todos los pines PA de nuestra Orange Pi Zero, el número del kernel coincide con el del pin. Pero para los pines *PG06* y *PG07* se corresponden con los códigos *198* y *199*.

# 2.3 Esquemas eléctricos

Pueden bajarse de aquí

# 3 Accediendo al hardware desde linea de comandos

La memoria es más que suficiente para correr programas. El Armbian consume únicamente 40Mb en funcionamiento.

root@orangepizero:~# free

	total	used	free	shared	buffers	cached
Mem:	247068	122300	124768	4620	7908	69548
-/+ buff	ers/cache:	44844	202224			

Swap: 131068 0 131068

Vamos a hacer algunas pruebas con el hardware. En Armbian, como todo Unix que se precie, todo es un fichero.

En el directorio /sys/class encontraremos cosas interesantes:

```
root@orangepizero:~# ls /sys/class
backlight cuse
                graphics
                         i2c-dev
                                   mdio_bus power_supply script spidev
                                                                                  video4linux
                                                                         thermal
bdi
     devfreq hdmi
                                           scsi_device spi_master tty
                   ieee80211 mem
                                    PPP
                                                                         vtconsole
block
        disp
                hidraw input
                                misc
                                                scsi_disk
                                                            sunxi_cma_test udc
                                         ΓС
bsg
     dma
           hwmon leds
                           mmc_host rfkill
                                              scsi host sunxi dump usb device
cedar_dev gpio
                i2c-adapter lirc net
                                                rtc
                                                        sound sunxi_info vc
```

#### 3.1 **LEDs**

Si miramos dentro del directorio leds veremos que hay un directorio que representa cada uno de los leds de la placa:

```
root@orangepizero:~# cd /sys/class/leds/
root@orangepizero:/sys/class/leds# ls
green_led red_led
```

Podemos ver, por ejemplo, a que evento está asociado cada led ejecutando cat green\_led/trigger (tiene el valor default\_on) o cat red\_led/trigger (tiene el valor none).

```
root@orangepizero:/sys/class/leds# cat green_led/trigger
none mmc0 mmc1 timer heartbeat backlight [default-on] rfkill0 phy1rx phy1tx phy1assoc phy1radio
root@orangepizero:/sys/class/leds# cat red_led/trigger
[none] mmc0 mmc1 timer heartbeat backlight default-on rfkill0 phy1rx phy1tx phy1assoc phy1radio
```

O podemos encender el led rojo ejecutando echo  $1 > red_led/brightness$ , y para apagarlo ya os podéis imaginar que es echo  $0 > red_led/brightness$ .

#### 3.2 **GPIO**

Podemos ver los GPIO disponibles ejecutando:

```
root@orangepizero:~# cat /sys/kernel/debug/gpio
GPIOs 0-383, platform/sunxi-pinctrl, sunxi-pinctrl:
  gpio-10 (? ) out hi
  gpio-17 (red_led ) out lo
  gpio-202 (xradio_irq ) in lo
```

Podemos activar un nuevo puerto GPIO, digamos el 15:

```
root@orangepizero:~# echo 15 >/sys/class/gpio/export
```

Ahora veremos el puerto activo:

En el directorio /sys/class/gpio/gpio15/ tendremos los interfaces usuales para puertos gpio definidos en el kernel de linux.

### 4 Bibliotecas útiles

### 4.1 Python

### 4.1.1 Instalación de virtualenv

Para probar bibliotecas de Python instalamos:

```
sudo aptitude install python-pip
sudo aptitude install python-virtualenv
sudo aptitude install python-dev
```

El caso es que el *virtualenv* no me funciona después de ejecutar estos pasos. Finalmente he tenido que ejecutar, como *root*, los siguientes comandos:

```
pip install --upgrade pip
pip install --upgrade virtualenv
```

Despues de eso ya he podido usar virtualenv sin problemas.

#### 4.1.2 orangepi\_PC\_gpio\_pyH3

Tenemos dos repos disponibles:

El repositorio original con las librerías gpio para H3:

```
git clone https://github.com/duxingkei33/orangepi_PC_gpio_pyH3
```

Y un fork del repositorio original ya adaptado a la Orange Pi Zero (que es el que usaremos):

```
git clone https://github.com/nvl1109/orangepi_PC_gpio_pyH3
```

**IMPORTANTE:** Si usamos el repositorio original tenemos que revisar el fichero orangepi\_PC\_gpio\_pyH3/pyA20/gpio/mapping.h

Por ejemplo: la definicion de STATUS LED debe quedar en el GPA17 en lugar de GPA15:

```
{ "STATUS_LED", SUNXI_GPA(17), 2 },
```

Nos clonamos el repo. Vamos a hacer todas las pruebas desde la cuenta de root.

Creamos un entorno para pruebas y lo activamos:

```
virtualenv test_pyH3_zero
source test_pyH3_zero/bin/activate
```

Compilamos la biblioteca:

```
cd orangepi_PC_gpio_pyH3
python setup.py install
```

Y ya podemos probar los ficheros de ejemplo:

```
examples/blink_led.py
examples/blink_POWER_STATUS_PL10.py
```

El resto de ejemplos no van a funcionar, están escritos para la A20-OLinuXino-MICRO

#### 4.2 Acceso desde C

#### 4.2.1 pyA20

La biblioteca de Python *orangepi\_PC\_gpio\_pyH3*, en realidad se basa en bibliotecas escritas en C que tenemos disponibles dentro del repo en el directorio *pyA20* 

```
cd pyA20
ls
gpio/ i2c/ __init__.py spi/ utilities/
```

Nos interesa probar las bibliotecas en los directorios gpio e i2c, al menos de momento. Serían  $gpio\_lib$  e  $i2c\_lib$  respectivamente.

Probamos el acceso al *gpio* desde C con un programa sencillo que nos haga encender y apagar el led de la OPI.

```
#include <gpio_lib.h>
sunxi_gpio_init();
sunxi_gpio_set_cfgpin(SUNXI_GPA(17), SUNXI_GPIO_OUTPUT);
while(1) {
    sunxi_gpio_output(SUNXI_GPA(17), 1);
    sleep(1);
    sunxi_gpio_output(SUNXI_GPA(17), 0);
    sleep(1);
}
```

#### 4.2.2 WiringOP-Zero

Esta biblioteca imita a la WiringPI que se usa con Raspberry Pi.

Tenemos un fork que viene preparado para la Orange Pi Zero disponible aquí:

https://github.com/xpertsavenue/WiringOP-Zero

GPIO funciona completamente y al parecer aun no han testeado el i2c (tiene mala pinta)

Para compilarla seguimos las instrucciones:

```
git clone https://github.com/xpertsavenue/WiringOP-Zero
cd WiringOP-Zero
chmod +x ./build
sudo ./build
```

Podemos comprobar que todo se ha instalado correctamente:

#### gpio readall

+-	+	+-		+	+0	range Pi Ze	Pro++-	+	+-	+
	H2+	wPi	Name	Mode	V	Physical	V   Mode	Name	wPi	H2+
+-	+	+-		+	+	+++	++	+	+	-++
-	-	-	3.3v			1    2	1 1	5v		1 1
-	12	8	SDA.0	ALT5	0	3    4	1 1	5V		1 1
-	11	9	SCL.0	ALT5	0	5    6	1 1	0v		1 1
-	6	7	GPIO.7	ALT3	0	7    8	1   OUT	TxD3	15	198
1	- 1		0v			9    10	0   ALT5	RxD3	16	199

```
RxD2 | ALT5 | 0 | 11 || 12 | 0 | ALT3 | GPIO.1
  1 |
      0 |
                                           | 1 | 7
  0 |
      2 |
           TxD2 | ALT5 | 0 | 13 || 14 |
                               3 |
      3 |
           CTS2 | ALT3 | 0 | 15 || 16 | 0 | ALT4 | GPIO.4
                                           | 4
                                               | 19
       1
                  | | 17 || 18 | 0 | ALT4 | GPIO.5
                                           | 5
                                               | 18
 15 |
     12 |
           MOSI | ALT5 | 0 | 19 || 20 |
                               | 0v
                                           | 16 | 13 |
           MISO | ALT5 | 0 | 21 || 22 | 0 | ALT3 | RTS2
                                           | 6
                                               | 2
 14 | 14 |
           SCLK | ALT5 | 0 | 23 || 24 | 0 | ALT5 | CE0
                                           | 10 | 13
   | | 25 || 26 | 0 | ALT3 | GPIO.11 | 11 | 10 |
| 17 | 30 | STAT-LED | OUT | 1 | 27 || 28 |
                                    | PWR-LED |
| H2+ | wPi | Name | Mode | V | Physical | V | Mode | Name
                                           | wPi | H2+ |
```

Instalamos las i2c-tools aptitude install i2c-tools, después de eso ya funciona el comando gpio i2cd.

#### 4.2.3 WiringPI-Python-OP

Una receta para compilar WiringPI-Python-OP

Edited by nopnop2002 at 2017-3-18 22:51

diyer replied at 2017-3-6 06:03 can someone explain how to map wiringPO on zero plaese?

You can update WiringPi-Python-OP to WiringPi-Python-OP-ZERO.

1.Download [WiringOP libary for the Orange Pi Zero] from here.

https://github.com/xpertsavenue/WiringOP-Zero

2.Download WiringPi-Python-OP from here.(But not Install)

https://github.com/lanefu/WiringPi-Python-OP

3.Replace base library

cd WiringPi-Python-OP rm -R WiringPi cp -R \$HOME/WiringOP-Zero ./ mv WiringOP-Zero WiringPi

4.Build WiringPi-Python-OP-ZERO library

sudo apt-get install python-dev python-setuptools swig swig 2.0 -python wiringpi.i sudo python setup.py install cd tests sudo python test.py

WiringPi-Python-OP-ZERO have there pin. PysPin PinInLib 1(3.3V) 2(5V) 3 8 4(5V) 5 9 6(GND) 7 7 8 15 9(GND) 10 16 11 0 12 1 13 2 14(GND) 15 3 16 4 17(3.3V) 18 5 19 12 20(GND) 21 13 22 6 23 14 24 10 25(GND) 26 11

This is same as RPI TYPE A or B

#### 4.3 Referencias

- Probando la Orange Pi Zero
- GPIO from commandline
- mas de lo mismo
- hilo GPIO en foro
- WiringPi\_OrangePi explicación lanefu
- El repo donde pretende unificar WiringPI
- Otro Repo mas
- · Otro mas, este tio no para
- Hilo en el foro hablando de unificiación de bibliotecas
- Otro hilo
- Otro hilo más con I2C SPI

# 5 Distribuciones disponibles para Orange Pi Zero

### 5.1 Armbian oficial

En la página oficial de Armbian tenemos dos opciones:

### 5.1.1 Ubuntu Server (legacy kernel)

Es la versión estable

#### **5.1.2 Ubuntu Server (mainline kernel)**

Es la versión de desarrollo.

# 5.2 Orange Pi oficial

Tiene varias distribuciones, parece que no esta puesta al dia o bien las fechas no son consistentes.

### 5.3 Diet Pi

En esta página parece que hay una versión ultraligera.

# 6 Monitorizar temperatura

Podemos ver estadísticas de nuestra OPI con:

sudo armbianmonitor -m

Stop monitoring using [ctrl]-[c]

Time	CPU	load	%cpu	%sys	%usr	%nice	%io	%irq	CPU
21:04:18:	1152MHz	0.08	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	40°C
21:04:23:	240MHz	0.07	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C
21:04:28:	240MHz	0.15	6%	1%	0%	0%	4%	0%	40°C
21:04:33:	240MHz	0.12	6%	1%	0%	0%	4%	0%	38°C
21:04:38:	240MHz	0.11	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C
21:04:43:	240MHz	0.11	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C
21:04:49:	240MHz	0.10	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38°C
21:04:54:	240MHz	0.09	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C
21:04:59:	240MHz	0.08	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38°C
21:05:04:	240MHz	0.08	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38°C
21:05:10:	240MHz	0.07	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	40°C
21:05:15:	240MHz	0.06	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	37°C
21:05:20:	240MHz	0.06	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C
21:05:25:	240MHz	0.05	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	37°C
21:05:30:	240MHz	0.05	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	39°C

También podemos instalar RPi-Monitor con el comando:

```
sudo armbianmonitor -r
```

Una vez instalado podemos visitar desde nuestro navegador la dirección ip de nuestra OPI Zero *http://opi-adress:8888* para ver las estadísticas.

¡Ojo! Las gráficas no se refrescan automáticamente hay que recargar la página.



RPi-Experiences | GitHub | Raspberry Pi Foundation

Figura 4: Estadísticas en RPi-Monitor

Para desinstalar el RPi-Monitor basta con:

sudo aptitude uninstall rpimonitor

## 7 Referencias

- · Página oficial
- Recursos oficiales aquí hay imágenes y los esquemáticos
- Tienda en Aliexpress
- http://linux-sunxi.org/Bootable\_SD\_card
- https://www.armbian.com/orange-pi-zero/
- https://docs.armbian.com/User-Guide\_Getting-Started/
- https://docs.armbian.com/Hardware\_Allwinner/
- GPIO Una explicación de como acceder al gpio desde terminal
- Info variada Aquí tenemos el esquema de pines
- GPIO desde el espacio de usuario
- sunxi-gpio
- · orange pi español
- · ArchLinux ARM on Orange Pi
- Lakka Nightly Builds Lakka is the official Linux distribution of RetroArch and the libretro

ecosystem. Each game system is implemented as a libretro core, while the frontend RetroArch takes care of inputs and display. This clear separation ensures modularity and centralized configuration. Also nightly build for H3 is supported

### 8 META

Este documento está escrito en Markdown-Pandoc. Pandoc es un sistema muy sencillo de documentación que permite generar múltiples formatos de salida.

Las fuentes del documento están en el directorio **doc/src** dentro del árbol de directorios del proyecto.

Los formatos de salida son el fichero **README.md** en formato *Markdown-Github* y los documentos que puedes encontrar en el directorio **doc/out** incluyendo un fichero en formato *pdf*.

Los documentos en los distintos formatos de salida se generan automáticamente sin mas que ejecutar:

\$ cd doc

\$ make

Otras opciones que soporta el makefile serían:

reset para regenerar todos los documentos de salida.

clean para borrar todos los fichero de salida

**pdf, latex, mediawiki, epub, odt, docx** genera el fichero de salida en el formato especificado: pdf, latex, etc. etc.

Ejemplos:

\$ make reset

\$ make odt

## 8.1 Requisitos

Necesitas tener instalaco **Pandoc**, hay una pequeña introducción en el el github de BricoLabs.

### 9 Licencia

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