

# Spotify Playlist Success Case Study Presentation

February 24, 2022

## 1 Executive Summary

1. Across all available metrics of success, Spotify-created playlists are much more successful than nearly all user-created playlists.
2. All considered measures of success are highly correlated.
3. The number of tracks is the most important predictor of short-term and long-term playlist success, with longer playlists tending to be more successful.
4. For Spotify-created playlists, having greater musical diversity (as measured by tracks per album and tracks per artist) is associated with increased success. This effect is present for the user-created playlists, but is less pronounced.
5. Greater musical diversity is more important for a playlist's long-term staying power than for short-term success.
6. For Spotify-created playlists, the primary genres of 'dance & house' and 'pop' are associated with both short-term and long-term success.
7. The most success-inducing genres for Spotify-created and user-created vary considerably. For user-created playlists, "Children's", "Latin" and "Traditional" increase both short- and long-term success.

## 2 Outline

1. Explore massive differences in playlist success between the Spotify-created and user-created playlists.
2. Establish the substantial correlation between each of the measures of success across both Spotify-created and user-created playlists will next be discussed. A principal components analysis will be performed.
3. Briefly present the distribution of the predictors of success, including both the numeric (number of tracks, tracks per artist and tracks per album) as well as the categorical (mood and genre).
4. Fit gradient boosting models to predict measures of both short-term and long-term success, stratifying by Spotify-created and user-created playlists. Use SHAP values to assess the inferential implications of the models.
5. The Appendix contains a number of other subanalyses and assumption checks.

### 3 Introduction

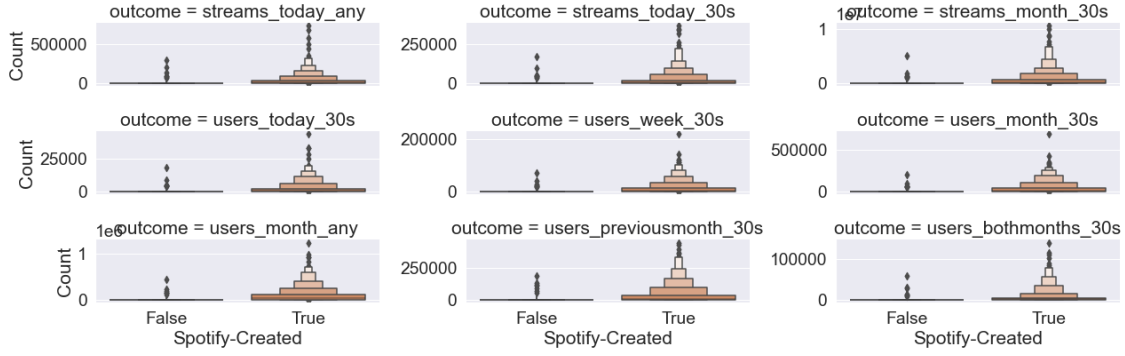
The data under consideration for these analyses consists of 403,366 distinct playlists, with 314,899 distinct playlist owners. Of the 314,899 unique playlist owners, 261,040 (83%) have exactly one playlist in the data. Of the owners with more than one playlist, Spotify itself has the most, with 399. The data is composed of only playlists from US owners, and thus extrapolating any of these analyses to other countries is likely unwarranted or should be done with great caution. Each playlist is categorized by its top three genres and top three moods. There are 26 genres and 27 moods under consideration.

There are a number of potential measures of playlist success included in this dataset. Specifically, we have (1) the number of streams of any length from the playlist today, (2) the number of streams greater than 30 seconds today, (3) the number of active users today, where an active user is defined as having a stream  $> 30$  seconds, (4) the number of active users in the past week, (5) the number of active users in the past month, (6) the number of users who had a stream from this playlist for any length of time in the past month, (7) the number of active users in the previous month, (8) the total number of  $> 30$  second streams in the past month, (9) the number of users who were active this month and the previous month. The data also contains a variable signifying the number of  $> 30$  second streams by the playlist owner in the past month, but this analysis will focus on broader measures of success, and thus we will not analyze this variable. Finally, the data also includes the number of users who skipped more than 90% of their total streams today who also used this playlist. This variable does not directly measure the proportion of skips for each playlist, but instead measures simply whether users who skip often listen to this playlist. This variable will thus also not be included in these analyses.

Some of the potential predictors of stream success include: (1) the number of tracks in the playlist, (2) the number of tracks that were added to the playlist today, (3) The number of unique artists in the playlist, (4) the number of unique albums in the playlist, (5-7) the first, second and third most common genre found in the playlist, (8-10) the first, second and third most common mood found in the playlist. While number of tracks, artists and albums are each measures of playlist size, the most direct measure is number of tracks, so we will thus use it directly in the analyses. We will use number of tracks per artist and number of tracks per album as inverse measures of musical diversity. The dataset also contains unstructured tokens associated with each playlist. Due to the time constraints for these analyses and the unstructured nature of the data, these tokens will not be considered in the analyses.

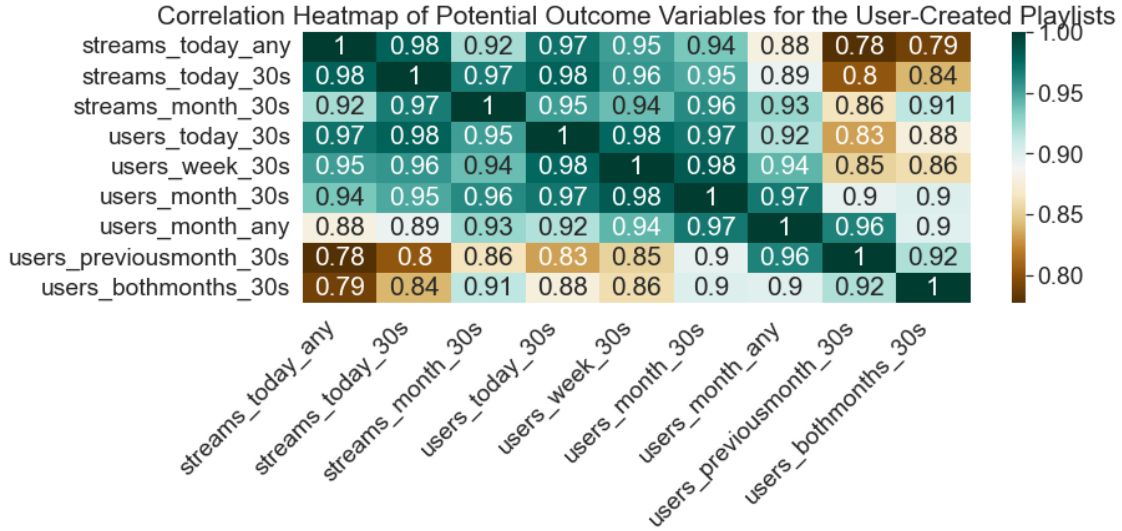
### 4 Comparing Spotify-Created and User-Created Playlists

- There are two Spotify-created playlists that constitute extreme outliers across each of the potential outcome variables, which have more than four times as many  $> 30$  second streams in the past month as the nearest competitor. For the purposes of plotting, these playlists will be removed.
- Even after removing the two most successful Spotify-created playlists, there is still a wide gulf between the Spotify-created and user-created playlists.

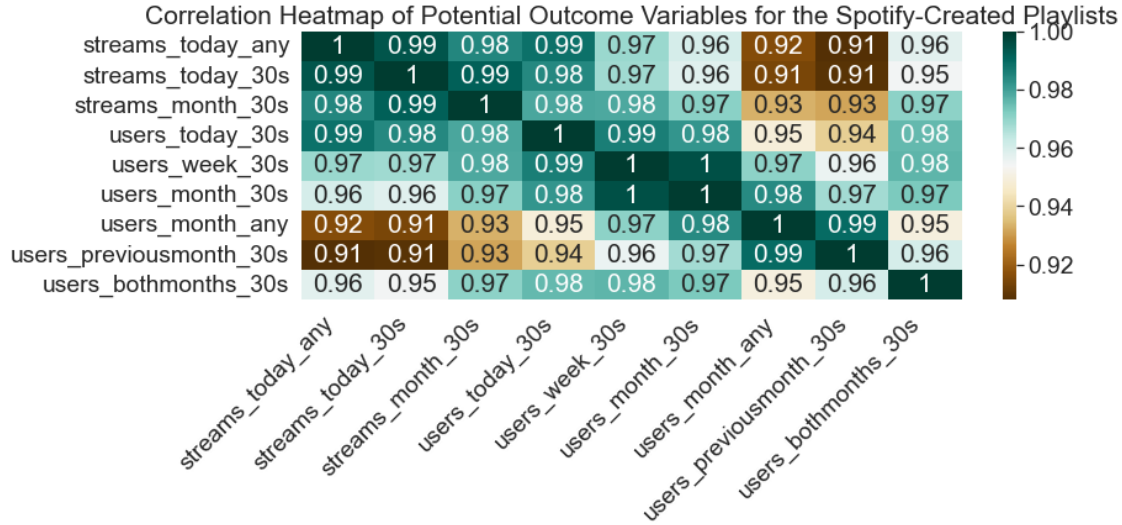


## 5 Exploration of Potential Outcomes

- Amongst the user-created playlists, we see that the minimum correlation between any of the outcomes is 0.78.
- Weakest correlation is between measures of short- and long-term success.

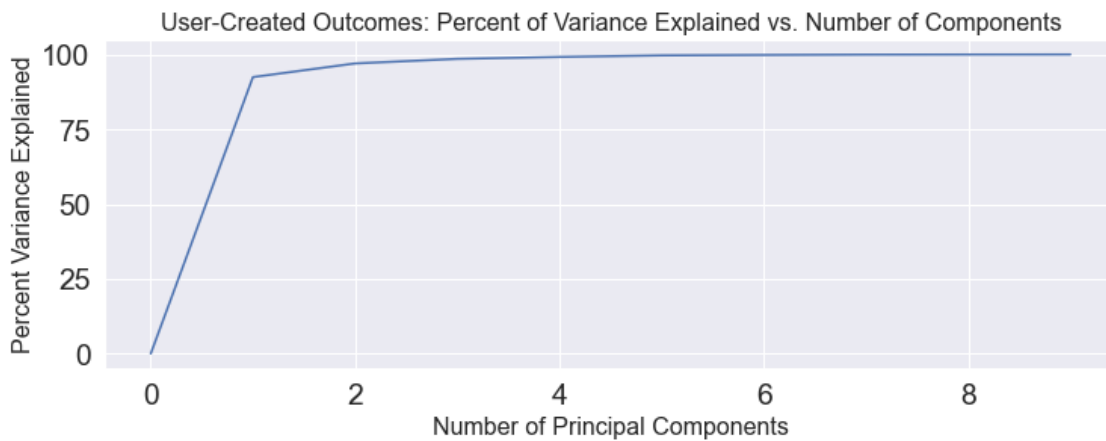


- Amongst the Spotify-created playlists, the potential outcomes are even more highly correlated, with the smallest correlation being 0.91.
- The Spotify-created playlists exhibit a similar general pattern as the user-created in that the weakest correlation is between the long-term and short-term measures of success.



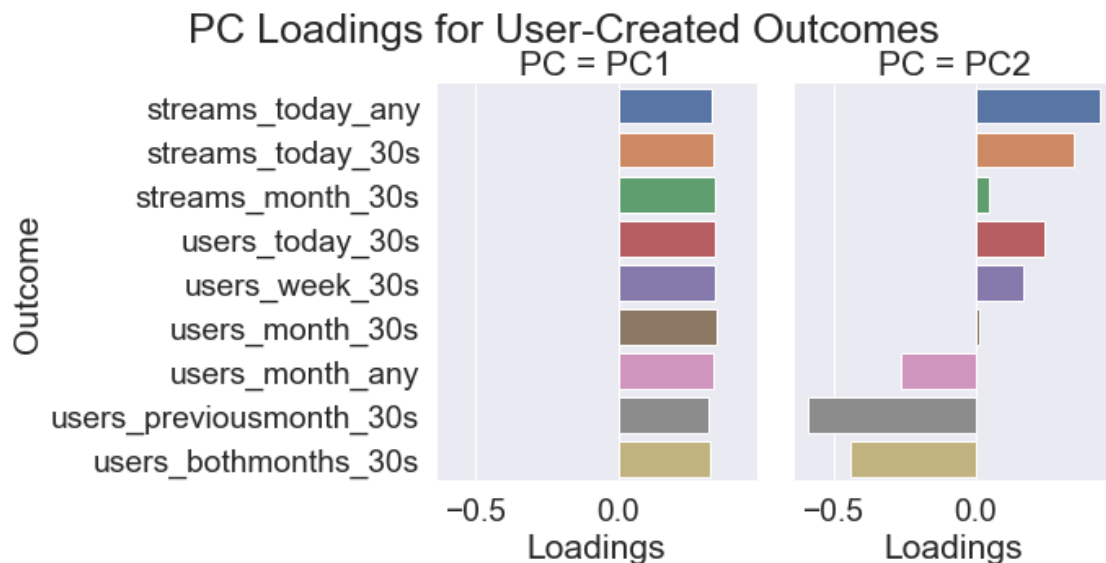
## 5.1 Principal Components Analysis of Potential Outcomes

- We use a Principal Components Analysis (PCA) to address the degree to which the information in the nine potential outcomes can be reduced to one or a few factors.
- We will show results for the User-Created playlists. The Spotify-created playlist results are similar and can be found in the Appendix.
- 92% of the variation is explained by the first component and an additional 5% is explained by the second component.



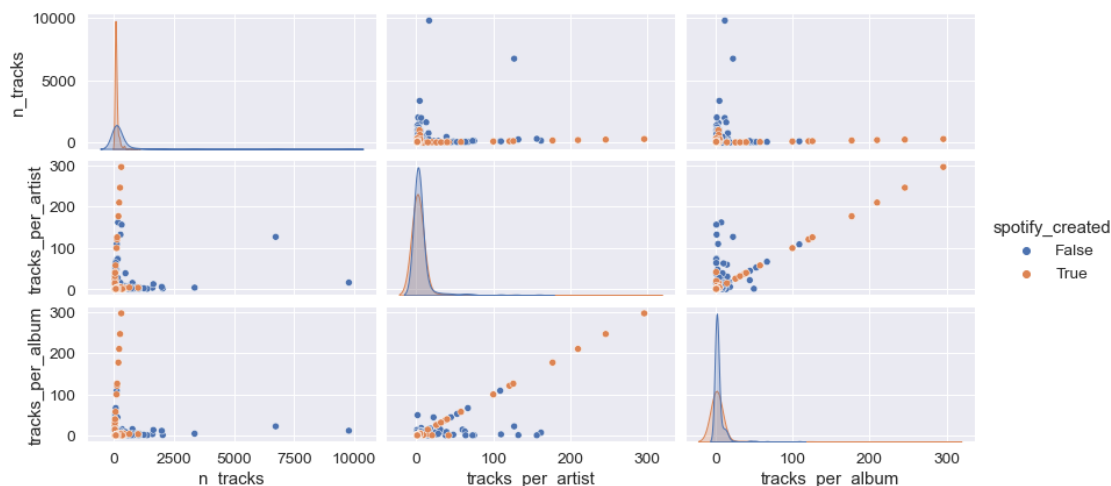
- The plot below presents the loadings for each of the first two principal components.
- The first component loads nearly equally across each of the 9 potential outcomes.

- The second component loads negatively on the long-term measures of success and positively on total streams today.

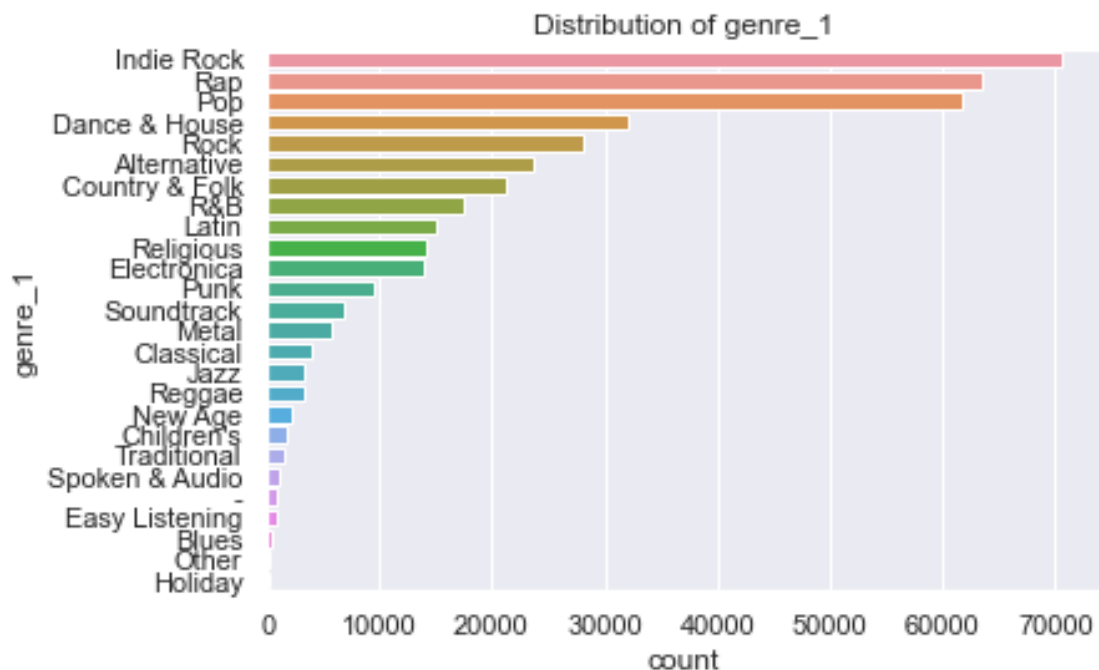
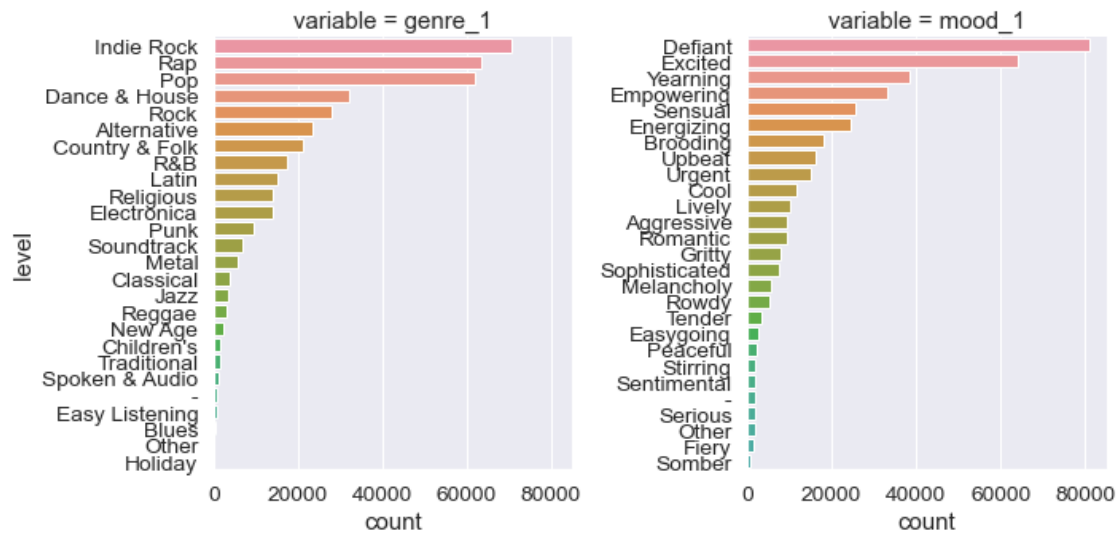


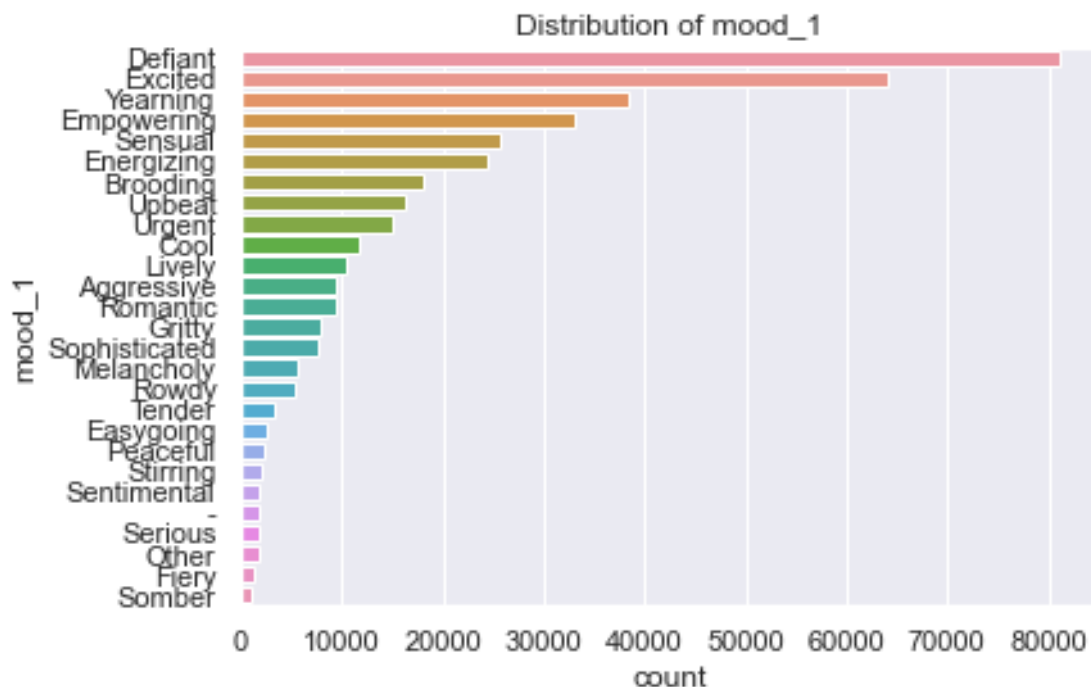
## 5.2 Exploration of Predictors of Interest

- We will briefly describe the distribution of the numeric predictors (number of tracks, artists and albums) and the categorical predictors (genre and mood).
- We create inverse measures of “musical diversity” as measured by number of tracks per artist and number of tracks per album.
- We drew a random sample of user-created playlists for the plots below in order for them not to visually swamp the Spotify-created playlists.
- Spotify-created playlists exhibit a bit more artist and album diversity than the user-created playlists, but the difference is miniscule compared to the outcome variables.



- We now turn our attention to describing the categorical predictors: genre and mood.
- In results now shown, the distribution of genre and mood are similar for user-created and Spotify-created playlists, so we combine them in the plots below.





## 6 Predicting Playlist Success

- We now seek to predict playlist success as measured by the number of users with stream greater than 30 seconds today.
- Separate models are fit for the user-created and Spotify-created playlists.
- For sake of brevity, we leave models predicting number of users with a stream in the current and previous months for the Appendix.

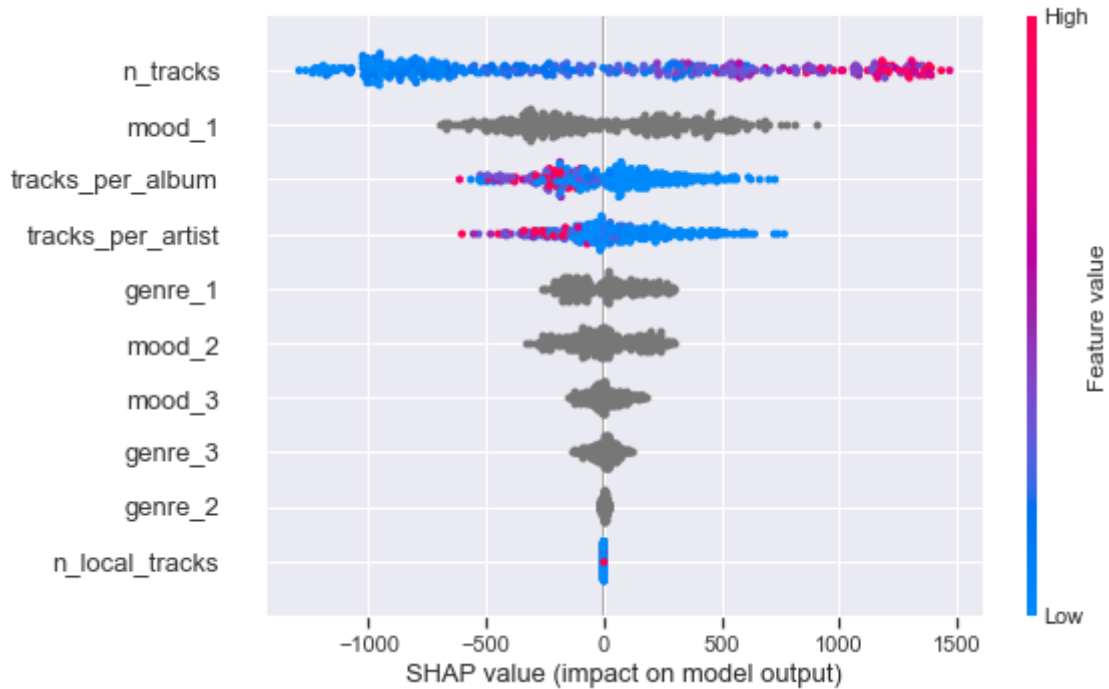
### 6.1 The Modeling Process

- Train a lightgbm gradient boosting model using tenfold cross validation (CV).
- Use early stopping to avoid overfitting and prevent wasted time and compute resources.
- Use the Huber loss function to reduce the effect of the extreme outliers present in our data.
- Based on best number of trees from CV, refit model using all available data.
- We use SHAP values to draw inference from the models.
  1. Create plots of the most important predictors ranked by mean absolute SHAP values.
  2. For genre and mood, create plots that highlight which levels of the variable are related to higher and lower success.

- Deriving measures of inferential uncertainty from gradient boosting models can be challenging. Thus, we also fit a robust M-estimation linear regression with a Huber loss function (results in Appendix).

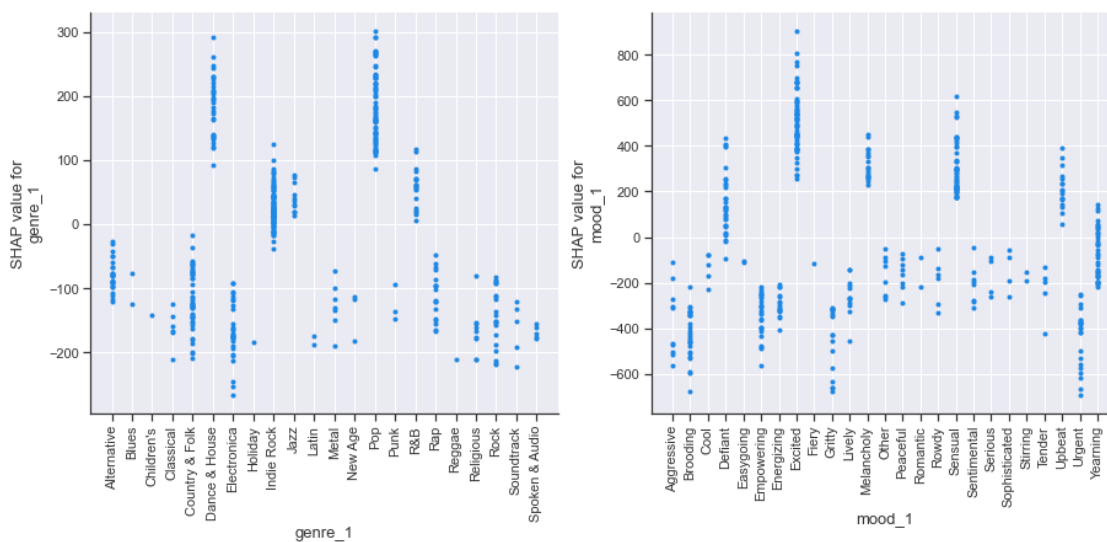
## 6.2 Spotify-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users Today

- Amongst the Spotify-created playlists, the most important variable predicting success is the number of tracks, followed by the primary mood, tracks per album and tracks per artist.
- Playlists with more tracks tend to have more users today.
- Increasing the musical diversity of a playlist tends to increase playlist success as measured by number of users today.



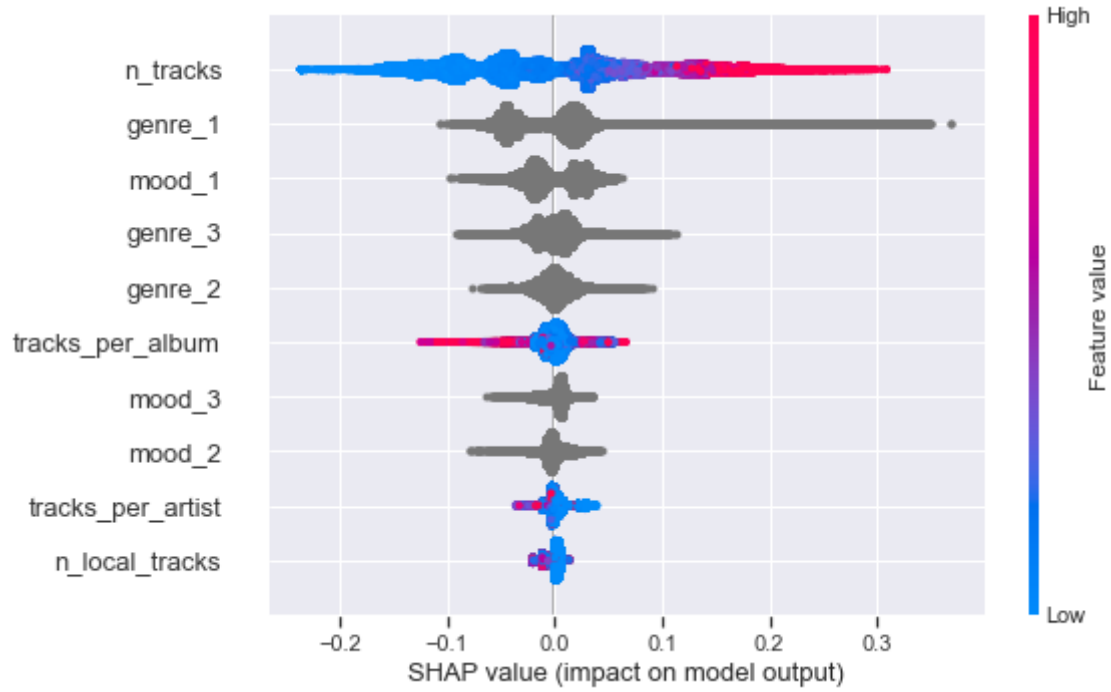


### 6.2.1 Spotify-Created Playlists: Genre and Mood Effects

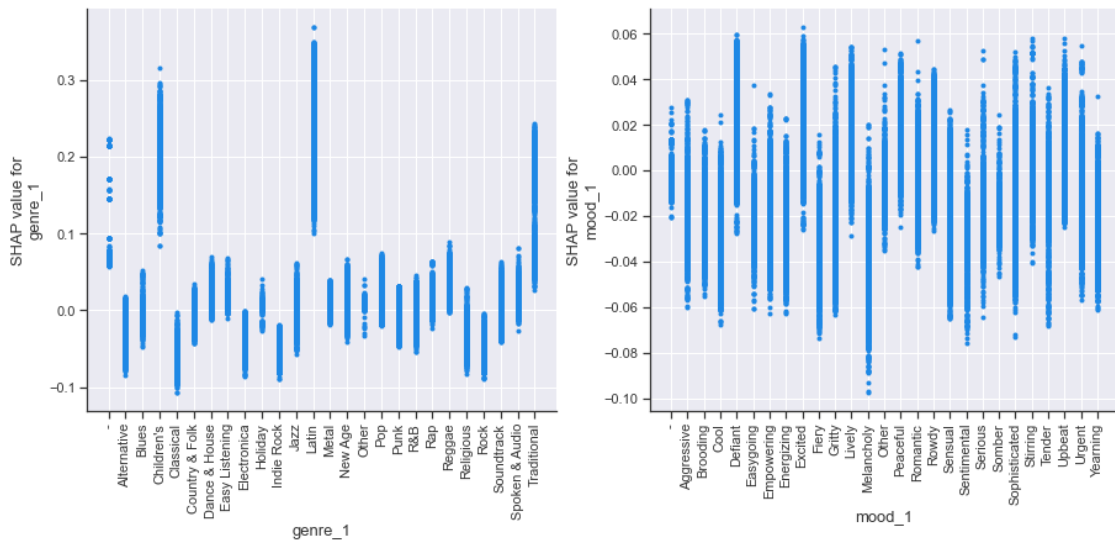


### 6.3 User-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users Today

- Increasing number of tracks is also associated with increased number of users today.
- Genre appears relatively more important than in the Spotify playlists, with the most successful genres being “Children’s”, “Latin” and “Traditional”.
- In a robust linear regression model, each of these genres are found to be significantly more successful than genre = “-”.

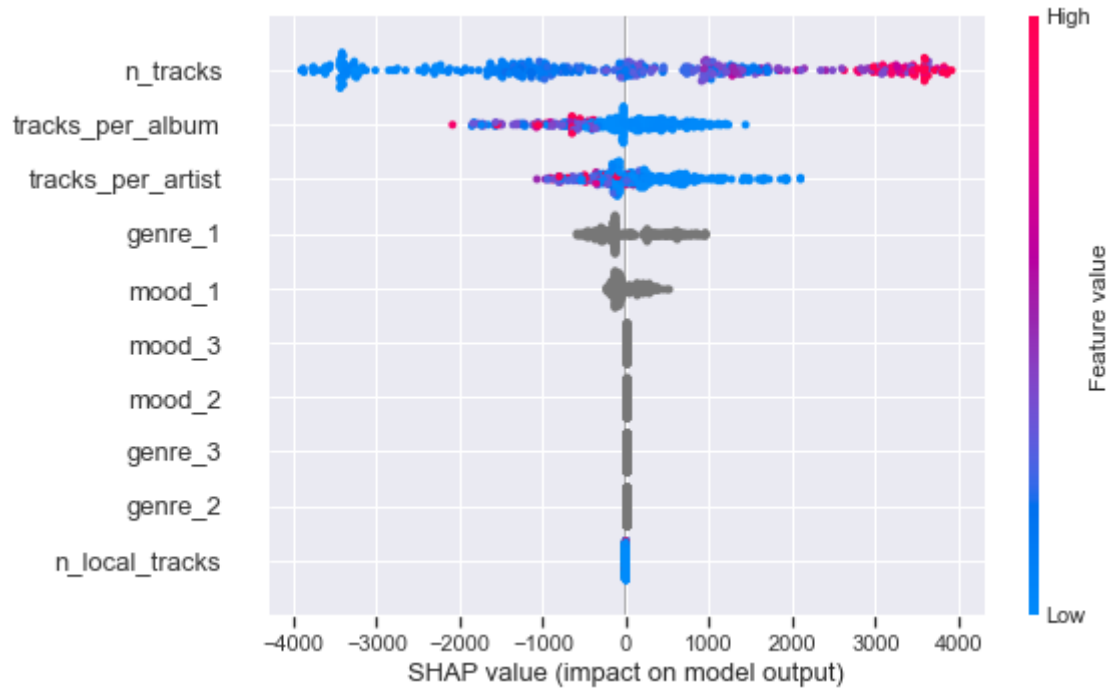


### 6.3.1 User-Created Playlists: Genre and Mood Effects

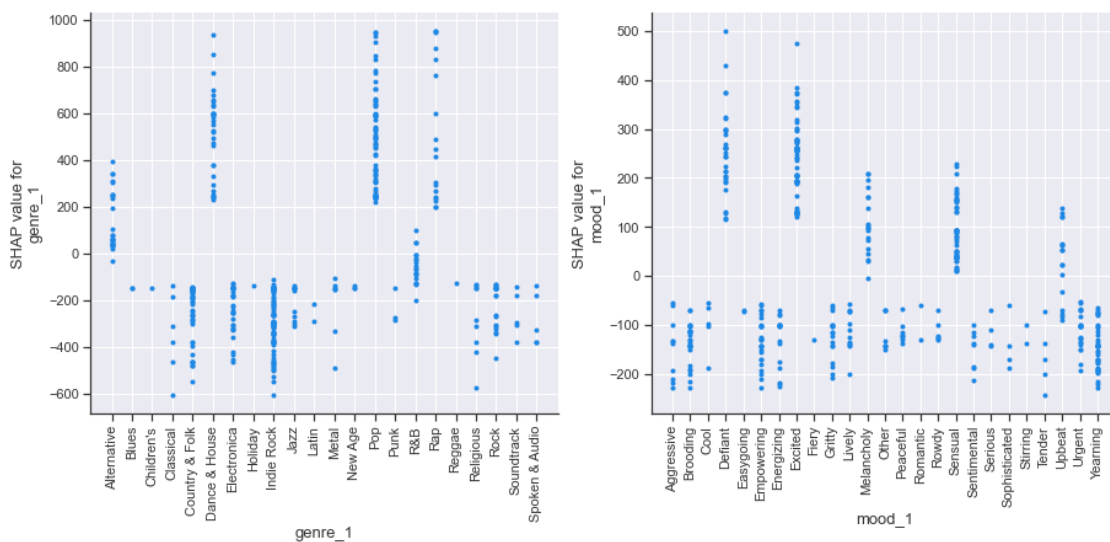


## 7 Appendix

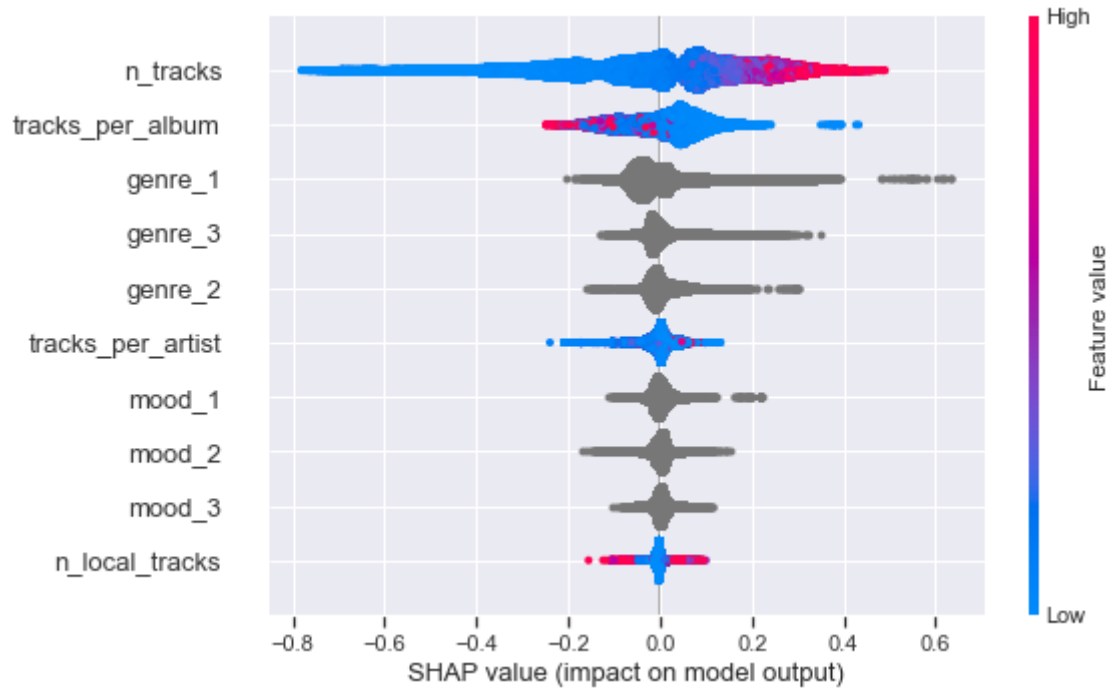
### 7.1 Spotify-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users in Current and Previous Month



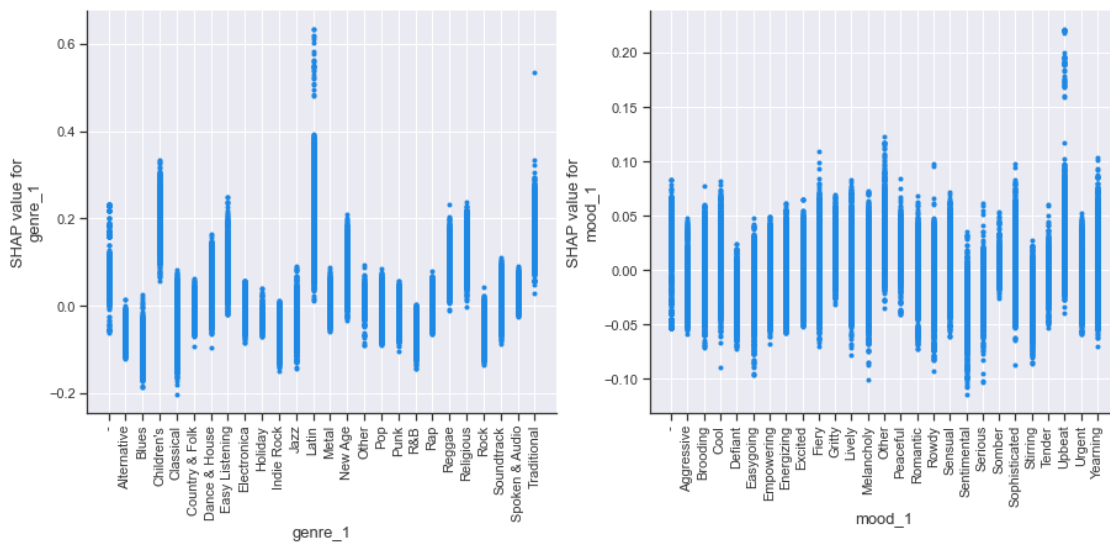
### 7.2 Spotify-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users in Current and Previous Month



### 7.3 User-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users in Current and Previous Month



### 7.4 User-Created Playlists: Modeling Results for Number of Users in Current and Previous Month

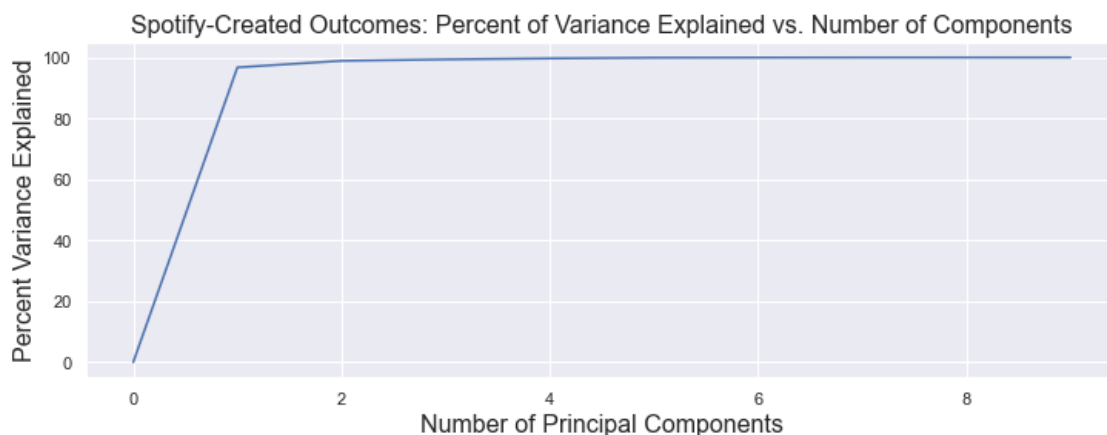


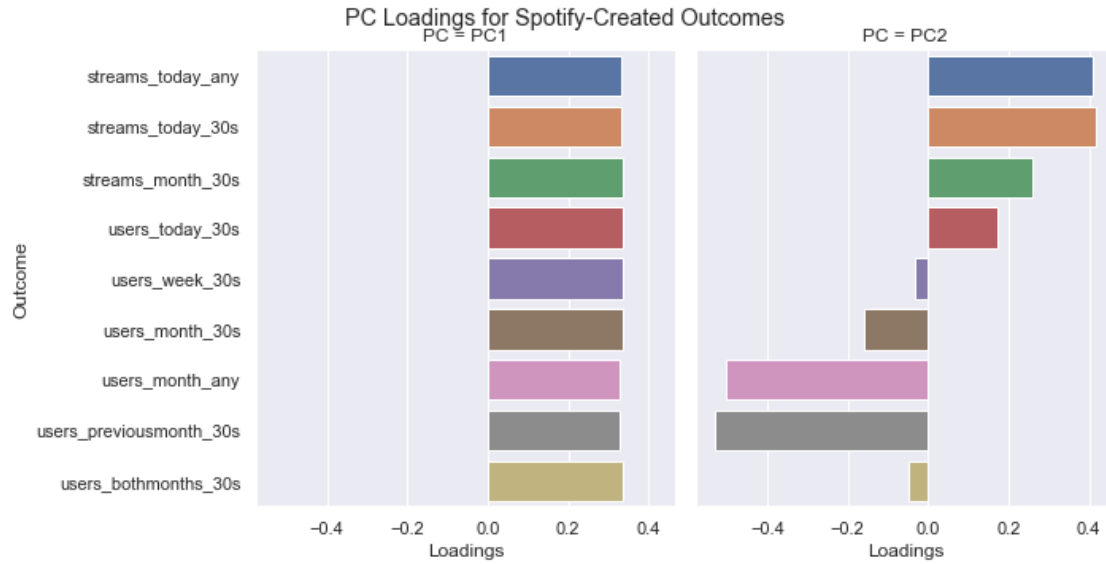
## 7.5 Assumptions:

1. This is a random sample of playlists. If this a biased sample, then any generalizations that we make from the data is likely to be meaningfully inaccurate.
2. Spotify treats each user-created playlist equally in terms of promotion. For examples, if the Spotify algorithms were promoting some genres above others at the time this data was collected, then we are unlikely to get a good read on how genre affects listenership.
3. (a) Spotify treats its own playlists differently than the non-Spotify playlists. If this assumption is correct, then it is likely that Spotify playlists are not particularly comparable to non-Spotify playlists.  
  
(b) Spotify treats its own playlists equally with each other. Thus, an analysis with only Spotify playlists should be okay.
4. Each playlist included in the dataset has existed for at least two months. This ensures that the monthly average users in the previous month variable is not biased by how long the playlist has existed.
5. The Spotify algorithms do not amplify small variations in success. If playlist A was slightly more successful than Playlist B two months ago under 'fair' algorithmic treatment, then the algorithms will not amplify playlist A over playlist B, and thus widen the gulf between the success of the two playlists.
6. For the categorical variables, genre\_1-genre\_3 and mood\_1-mood\_3, when the value is '-' this is not a missing value, but is instead imparting the information that the given playlist does not easily fit into the predefined genre and mood types.

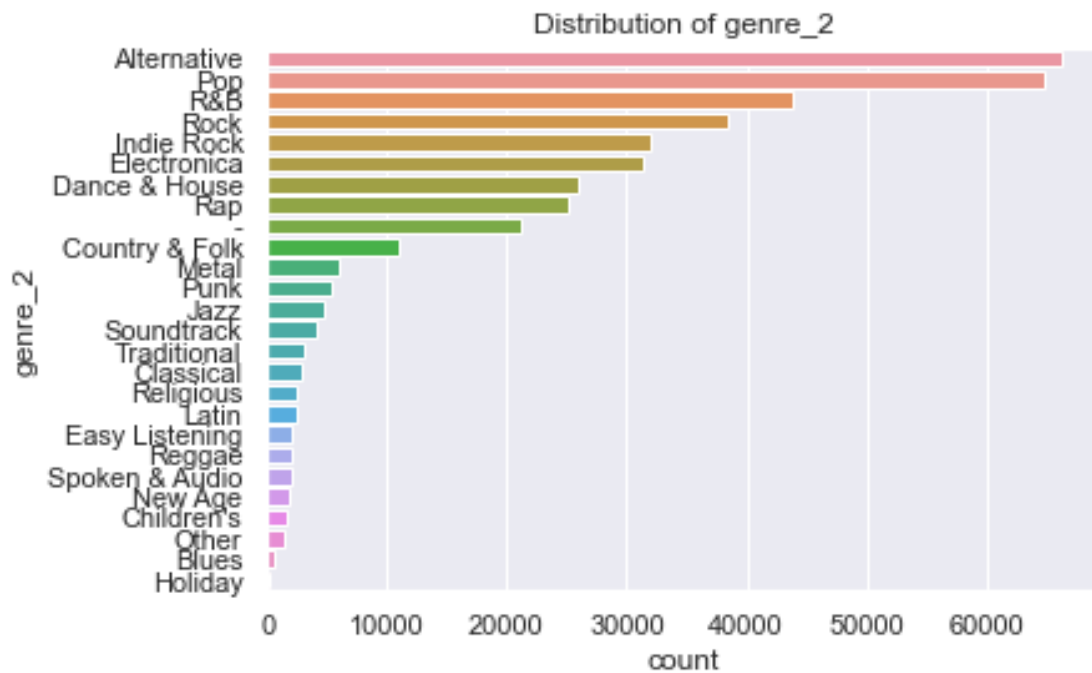
## 7.6 PCA Analysis of Outcomes for Spotify-Created Playlists

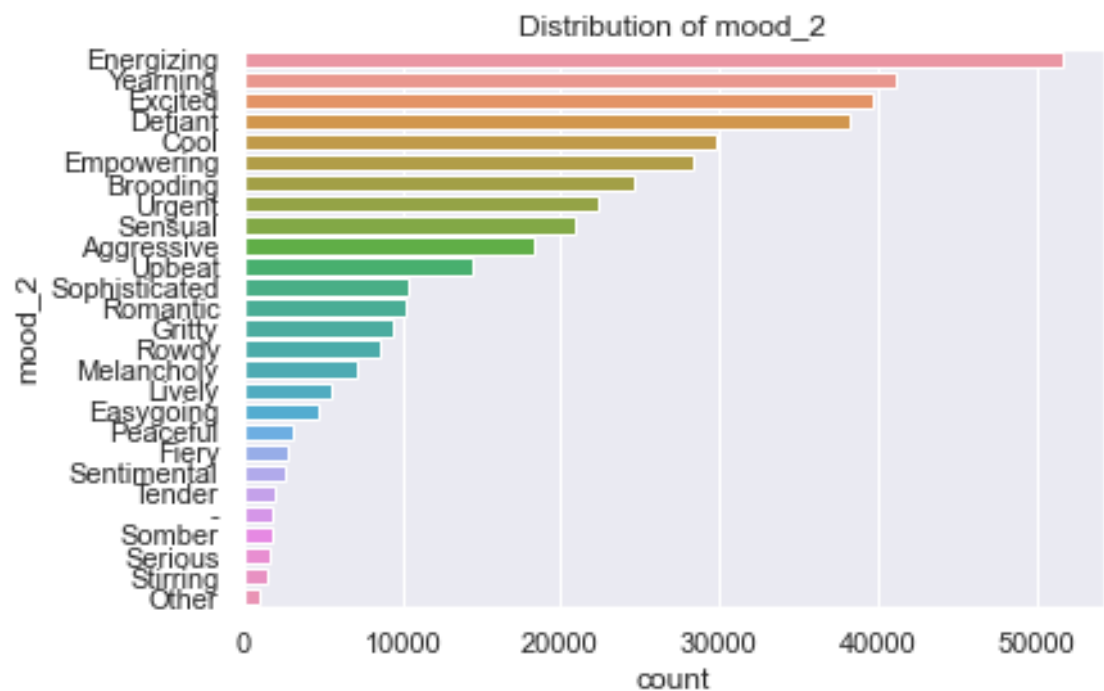
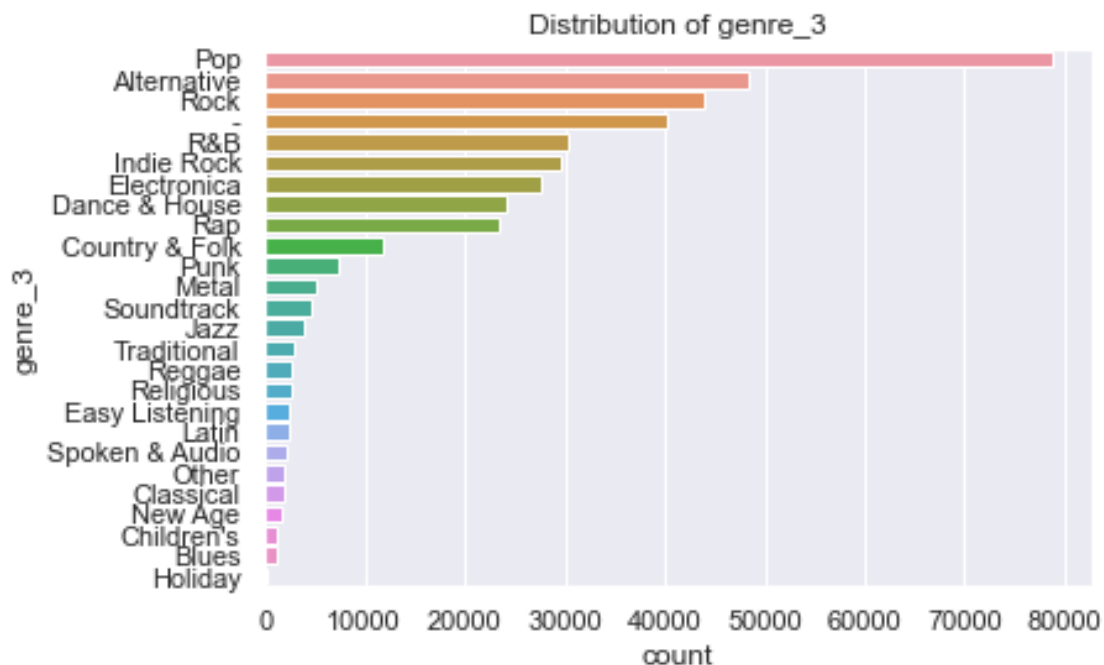
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1d4c8c775b0>

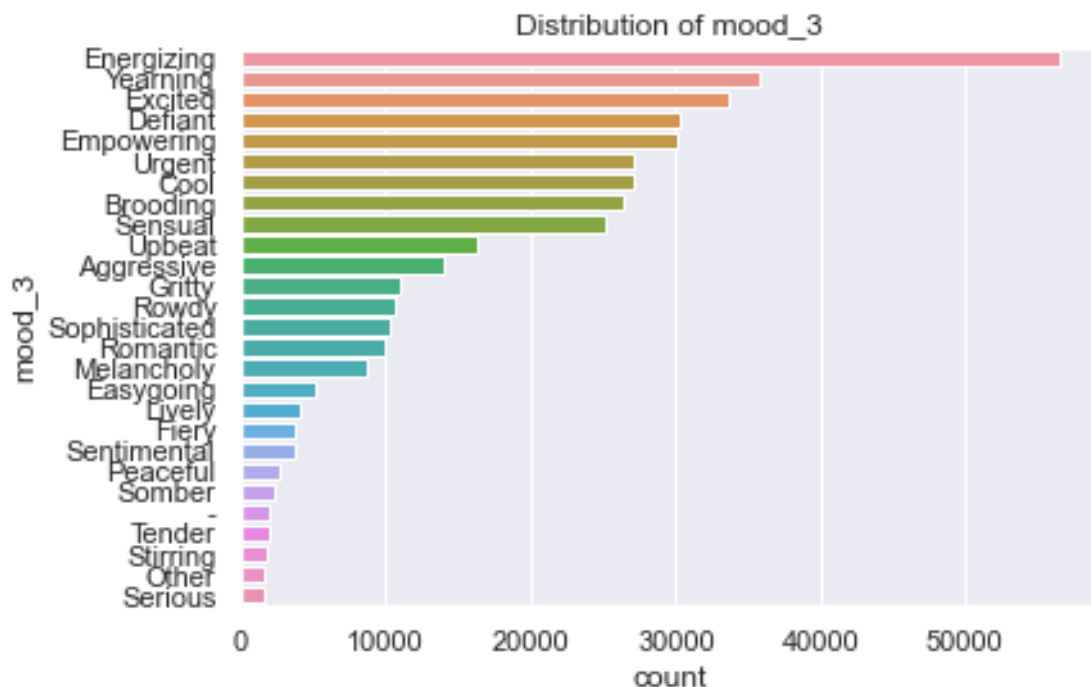




## 7.7 Plots of Distribution of Secondary and Tertiary Genre and Mood







## 7.8 Robust Linear Regression Model Results

### 7.8.1 RLM Model for Spotify-Created Playlists, Outcome = Users Today

Results: Robust linear model

```
=====
==
Model:                RLM                Df Residuals:      351
Dependent Variable:    users_today_30s    Norm:
HuberT
Date:                 2022-02-24 20:49    Scale Est.:        mad
No. Observations:      399                Cov. Type:          H1
Df Model:              47                  Scale:
1289.6
-----
--
                                Coef.      Std.Err.    z      P>|z|      [0.025
0.975]
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--
Intercept                592.5850    210.9870    2.8086  0.0050    179.0581
1006.1119
genre_1[T.Alternative]    321.4248    387.0639    0.8304  0.4063   -437.2066
1080.0561
genre_1[T.Blues]          1730.9971   1164.6920    1.4862  0.1372   -551.7574
```



4013.7515						
genre_1[T.Children's]	-445.0210	1603.4611	-0.2775	0.7814	-3587.7470	
2697.7050						
genre_1[T.Classical]	1301.9412	1010.0657	1.2890	0.1974	-677.7513	
3281.6336						
genre_1[T.Country & Folk]	-169.5201	365.2716	-0.4641	0.6426	-885.4392	
546.3991						
genre_1[T.Dance & House]	660.8945	377.2358	1.7519	0.0798	-78.4740	
1400.2630						
genre_1[T.Easy Listening]	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.5453	0.5855	-0.0000	
0.0000						
genre_1[T.Electronica]	-603.0586	405.2874	-1.4880	0.1368	-1397.4072	
191.2900						
genre_1[T.Holiday]	-199.2876	1612.9078	-0.1236	0.9017	-3360.5288	
2961.9536						
genre_1[T.Indie Rock]	266.7984	283.7900	0.9401	0.3472	-289.4198	
823.0166						
genre_1[T.Jazz]	-360.3224	556.3045	-0.6477	0.5172	-1450.6592	
730.0144						
genre_1[T.Latin]	-5.5204	1156.6357	-0.0048	0.9962	-2272.4847	
2261.4439						
genre_1[T.Metal]	-147.9796	714.6698	-0.2071	0.8360	-1548.7068	
1252.7475						
genre_1[T.New Age]	-570.1787	1000.4309	-0.5699	0.5687	-2530.9872	
1390.6299						
genre_1[T.Other]	0.0000	0.0000	1.7542	0.0794	-0.0000	
0.0000						
genre_1[T.Pop]	695.8092	296.2827	2.3485	0.0189	115.1058	
1276.5127						
genre_1[T.Punk]	17.1923	961.5249	0.0179	0.9857	-1867.3619	
1901.7465						
genre_1[T.R&B]	365.5038	452.5511	0.8077	0.4193	-521.4800	
1252.4876						
genre_1[T.Rap]	296.8161	501.3839	0.5920	0.5539	-685.8783	
1279.5104						
genre_1[T.Reggae]	198.2037	1805.6950	0.1098	0.9126	-3340.8934	
3737.3008						
genre_1[T.Religious]	-931.6740	613.0447	-1.5197	0.1286	-2133.2195	
269.8714						
genre_1[T.Rock]	-516.6896	418.6339	-1.2342	0.2171	-1337.1970	
303.8178						
genre_1[T.Soundtrack]	-1068.7898	966.9534	-1.1053	0.2690	-2963.9836	
826.4040						
genre_1[T.Spoken & Audio]	-244.9543	1205.7641	-0.2032	0.8390	-2608.2086	
2118.3000						
genre_1[T.Traditional]	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.3063	0.7594	-0.0000	
0.0000						
mood_1[T.Aggressive]	-254.2457	631.9588	-0.4023	0.6875	-1492.8622	

984.3709						
mood_1[T.Brooding]	-437.9987	363.1691	-1.2060	0.2278	-1149.7970	
273.7997						
mood_1[T.Cool]	-221.0991	893.3308	-0.2475	0.8045	-1971.9953	
1529.7971						
mood_1[T.Defiant]	140.3623	381.5733	0.3679	0.7130	-607.5076	
888.2322						
mood_1[T.Easygoing]	-968.6157	1166.1635	-0.8306	0.4062	-3254.2542	
1317.0227						
mood_1[T.Empowering]	-348.6438	365.1943	-0.9547	0.3397	-1064.4115	
367.1239						
mood_1[T.Energizing]	-157.2315	453.6704	-0.3466	0.7289	-1046.4091	
731.9462						
mood_1[T.Excited]	700.3149	298.4466	2.3465	0.0189	115.3704	
1285.2594						
mood_1[T.Fiery]	-1175.7843	1605.0526	-0.7326	0.4638	-4321.6296	
1970.0611						
mood_1[T.Gritty]	-759.8694	448.2712	-1.6951	0.0901	-1638.4648	
118.7260						
mood_1[T.Lively]	-206.9745	525.4376	-0.3939	0.6936	-1236.8133	
822.8642						
mood_1[T.Melancholy]	346.0206	418.6357	0.8265	0.4085	-474.4904	
1166.5315						
mood_1[T.Other]	-790.2208	997.5676	-0.7921	0.4283	-2745.4174	
1164.9759						
mood_1[T.Peaceful]	594.4401	615.4594	0.9658	0.3341	-611.8382	
1800.7184						
mood_1[T.Romantic]	167.0885	1472.1465	0.1135	0.9096	-2718.2655	
3052.4426						
mood_1[T.Rowdy]	-126.0988	682.2825	-0.1848	0.8534	-1463.3478	
1211.1502						
mood_1[T.Sensual]	372.3687	345.6100	1.0774	0.2813	-305.0144	
1049.7519						
mood_1[T.Sentimental]	951.1252	614.1904	1.5486	0.1215	-252.6658	
2154.9162						
mood_1[T.Serious]	-504.0052	932.1720	-0.5407	0.5887	-2331.0287	
1323.0182						
mood_1[T.Somber]	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.8718	0.3833	-0.0000	
0.0000						
mood_1[T.Sophisticated]	3097.9696	835.1919	3.7093	0.0002	1461.0235	
4734.9158						
mood_1[T.Stirring]	-778.8670	1276.0579	-0.6104	0.5416	-3279.8946	
1722.1606						
mood_1[T.Tender]	989.2884	948.0818	1.0435	0.2967	-868.9177	
2847.4945						
mood_1[T.Upbeat]	752.1248	445.0139	1.6901	0.0910	-120.0865	
1624.3361						
mood_1[T.Urgent]	-625.8362	399.0035	-1.5685	0.1168	-1407.8687	

```

156.1962
mood_1[T.Yearning]          -163.0275   328.3333 -0.4965  0.6195  -806.5490
480.4940
n_tracks                     4.3197      1.0171   4.2470  0.0000      2.3261
6.3132
tracks_per_album             23.7652      3.3748   7.0419  0.0000     17.1507
30.3798
=====
==

```

```
<statsmodels.robust.robust_linear_model.RLMResultsWrapper at 0x1d4c893a160>
```

## 7.8.2 RLM Model of User-Created Playlists, Outcome = Users Today

Note that for the following model outputs, the baseline level for both the genre and mood categorical predictors is “-”, which I am taking to mean there is no easily discernible genre or mood detectable for the given playlist.

```

Results: Robust linear model
=====
Model:                RLM                Df Residuals:      402913
Dependent Variable:    users_today_30s      Norm:              HuberT
Date:                 2022-02-24 20:50      Scale Est.:        mad
No. Observations:     402967               Cov. Type:          H1
Df Model:              53                  Scale:              0.73545
-----
              Coef.  Std.Err.   z    P>|z|    [0.025  0.975]
-----
Intercept          0.4775    0.0191 25.0304 0.0000   0.4401   0.5149
genre_1[T.Alternative] -0.0373   0.0280 -1.3342 0.1821  -0.0922   0.0175
genre_1[T.Blues]     -0.0499   0.0392 -1.2741 0.2026  -0.1268   0.0269
genre_1[T.Children's]  0.1435   0.0312  4.6023 0.0000   0.0824   0.2046
genre_1[T.Classical] -0.0907   0.0293 -3.0895 0.0020  -0.1482  -0.0331
genre_1[T.Country & Folk] 0.0057   0.0281  0.2024 0.8396  -0.0495   0.0609
genre_1[T.Dance & House]  0.0254   0.0280  0.9064 0.3648  -0.0295   0.0802
genre_1[T.Easy Listening] 0.0205   0.0338  0.6068 0.5440  -0.0457   0.0867
genre_1[T.Electronica] -0.0404   0.0282 -1.4323 0.1520  -0.0956   0.0149
genre_1[T.Holiday]    0.0271   0.0542  0.5004 0.6168  -0.0792   0.1335
genre_1[T.Indie Rock]  -0.0407   0.0279 -1.4625 0.1436  -0.0953   0.0139
genre_1[T.Jazz]       -0.0234   0.0296 -0.7878 0.4308  -0.0815   0.0347
genre_1[T.Latin]       0.2287   0.0282  8.1150 0.0000   0.1734   0.2839
genre_1[T.Metal]       0.0101   0.0289  0.3495 0.7267  -0.0465   0.0667
genre_1[T.New Age]    -0.0051   0.0302 -0.1702 0.8649  -0.0643   0.0540
genre_1[T.Other]      -0.0759   0.0519 -1.4627 0.1436  -0.1775   0.0258
genre_1[T.Pop]         0.0018   0.0278  0.0654 0.9478  -0.0527   0.0564
genre_1[T.Punk]       -0.0318   0.0284 -1.1182 0.2635  -0.0875   0.0239
genre_1[T.R&B]        -0.0094   0.0281 -0.3351 0.7375  -0.0646   0.0457

```

genre_1[T.Rap]	0.0399	0.0279	1.4292	0.1529	-0.0148	0.0946
genre_1[T.Reggae]	0.0639	0.0297	2.1478	0.0317	0.0056	0.1221
genre_1[T.Religious]	-0.0631	0.0282	-2.2376	0.0253	-0.1183	-0.0078
genre_1[T.Rock]	-0.0452	0.0280	-1.6176	0.1058	-0.1000	0.0096
genre_1[T.Soundtrack]	-0.0039	0.0286	-0.1350	0.8926	-0.0599	0.0522
genre_1[T.Spoken & Audio]	-0.0047	0.0332	-0.1404	0.8883	-0.0698	0.0605
genre_1[T.Traditional]	0.0993	0.0314	3.1655	0.0015	0.0378	0.1609
mood_1[T.Aggressive]	-0.0045	0.0212	-0.2115	0.8325	-0.0460	0.0370
mood_1[T.Brooding]	-0.0226	0.0207	-1.0891	0.2761	-0.0632	0.0180
mood_1[T.Cool]	-0.0174	0.0210	-0.8280	0.4077	-0.0586	0.0238
mood_1[T.Defiant]	0.0532	0.0204	2.6097	0.0091	0.0133	0.0932
mood_1[T.Easygoing]	-0.0553	0.0233	-2.3711	0.0177	-0.1009	-0.0096
mood_1[T.Empowering]	0.0055	0.0205	0.2668	0.7896	-0.0347	0.0456
mood_1[T.Energizing]	-0.0176	0.0206	-0.8570	0.3914	-0.0579	0.0227
mood_1[T.Excited]	0.0387	0.0204	1.8972	0.0578	-0.0013	0.0786
mood_1[T.Fiery]	-0.0221	0.0256	-0.8632	0.3880	-0.0723	0.0281
mood_1[T.Gritty]	-0.0355	0.0213	-1.6634	0.0962	-0.0772	0.0063
mood_1[T.Lively]	0.0377	0.0211	1.7841	0.0744	-0.0037	0.0790
mood_1[T.Melancholy]	-0.0545	0.0217	-2.5092	0.0121	-0.0970	-0.0119
mood_1[T.Other]	0.0040	0.0254	0.1591	0.8736	-0.0457	0.0538
mood_1[T.Peaceful]	-0.0040	0.0236	-0.1716	0.8638	-0.0503	0.0422
mood_1[T.Romantic]	-0.0045	0.0211	-0.2133	0.8311	-0.0458	0.0368
mood_1[T.Rowdy]	0.0042	0.0218	0.1908	0.8487	-0.0386	0.0469
mood_1[T.Sensual]	-0.0135	0.0206	-0.6539	0.5132	-0.0538	0.0269
mood_1[T.Sentimental]	-0.0833	0.0246	-3.3923	0.0007	-0.1315	-0.0352
mood_1[T.Serious]	-0.0143	0.0250	-0.5703	0.5685	-0.0633	0.0348
mood_1[T.Somber]	-0.0623	0.0280	-2.2258	0.0260	-0.1171	-0.0074
mood_1[T.Sophisticated]	0.0033	0.0213	0.1543	0.8774	-0.0384	0.0450
mood_1[T.Stirring]	0.0200	0.0244	0.8224	0.4109	-0.0277	0.0678
mood_1[T.Tender]	0.0062	0.0229	0.2732	0.7847	-0.0386	0.0510
mood_1[T.Upbeat]	0.0372	0.0209	1.7755	0.0758	-0.0039	0.0783
mood_1[T.Urgent]	0.0178	0.0208	0.8549	0.3926	-0.0230	0.0586
mood_1[T.Yearning]	-0.0143	0.0205	-0.6987	0.4847	-0.0544	0.0258
n_tracks	0.0001	0.0000	53.0255	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001
tracks_per_album	-0.0000	0.0000	-1.6380	0.1014	-0.0000	0.0000

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<statsmodels.robust.robust\_linear\_model.RLMResultsWrapper at 0x1d4d9b5d070>

### 7.8.3 OLS Model of User Created Playlists, Outcome = Users Today

This is a model of number of users today for the non-Spotify playlists. Take note of the incredibly large standard errors on our estimates when we do not employ a loss function that is robust to outliers.

Results: Ordinary least squares

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Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.000
Dependent Variable:	users_today_30s	AIC:	4140974.1152
Date:	2022-02-24 20:50	BIC:	4141563.0721
No. Observations:	402967	Log-Likelihood:	-2.0704e+06
Df Model:	53	F-statistic:	1.180
Df Residuals:	402913	Prob (F-statistic):	0.173
R-squared:	0.000	Scale:	1699.7

	Coef.	Std.Err.	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Intercept	1.2035	1.3420	0.8968	0.3698	-1.4268	3.8338
genre_1[T.Alternative]	-0.5632	1.9695	-0.2860	0.7749	-4.4233	3.2969
genre_1[T.Blues]	-0.4999	2.7576	-0.1813	0.8562	-5.9047	4.9049
genre_1[T.Children's]	1.1479	2.1936	0.5233	0.6008	-3.1515	5.4473
genre_1[T.Classical]	-1.1414	2.0647	-0.5528	0.5804	-5.1882	2.9054
genre_1[T.Country & Folk]	-0.6222	1.9803	-0.3142	0.7534	-4.5036	3.2591
genre_1[T.Dance & House]	-0.0923	1.9686	-0.0469	0.9626	-3.9507	3.7661
genre_1[T.Easy Listening]	-0.6473	2.3767	-0.2724	0.7854	-5.3056	4.0110
genre_1[T.Electronica]	-0.8544	1.9821	-0.4310	0.6664	-4.7392	3.0305
genre_1[T.Holiday]	-0.5885	3.8160	-0.1542	0.8774	-8.0678	6.8909
genre_1[T.Indie Rock]	-0.7986	1.9597	-0.4075	0.6836	-4.6396	3.0424
genre_1[T.Jazz]	-0.4959	2.0855	-0.2378	0.8120	-4.5834	3.5916
genre_1[T.Latin]	0.5322	1.9823	0.2685	0.7883	-3.3531	4.4176
genre_1[T.Metal]	-0.5730	2.0306	-0.2822	0.7778	-4.5529	3.4069
genre_1[T.New Age]	-0.9145	2.1236	-0.4306	0.6667	-5.0767	3.2477
genre_1[T.Other]	-0.8709	3.6496	-0.2386	0.8114	-8.0240	6.2821
genre_1[T.Pop]	-0.2399	1.9576	-0.1225	0.9025	-4.0766	3.5969
genre_1[T.Punk]	-0.8336	2.0002	-0.4168	0.6769	-4.7540	3.0868
genre_1[T.R&B]	-0.7183	1.9798	-0.3628	0.7167	-4.5986	3.1620
genre_1[T.Rap]	-0.3503	1.9636	-0.1784	0.8584	-4.1988	3.4983
genre_1[T.Reggae]	-0.3277	2.0920	-0.1566	0.8755	-4.4279	3.7725
genre_1[T.Religious]	-0.7106	1.9828	-0.3584	0.7201	-4.5968	3.1756
genre_1[T.Rock]	-0.0104	1.9670	-0.0053	0.9958	-3.8656	3.8448
genre_1[T.Soundtrack]	0.3482	2.0116	0.1731	0.8626	-3.5945	4.2910
genre_1[T.Spoken & Audio]	-0.5224	2.3385	-0.2234	0.8232	-5.1059	4.0610
genre_1[T.Traditional]	0.6116	2.2080	0.2770	0.7818	-3.7159	4.9392
mood_1[T.Aggressive]	0.5344	1.4906	0.3585	0.7199	-2.3870	3.4559
mood_1[T.Brooding]	0.0589	1.4573	0.0404	0.9677	-2.7973	2.9151
mood_1[T.Cool]	-0.0634	1.4776	-0.0429	0.9658	-2.9594	2.8326
mood_1[T.Defiant]	0.3676	1.4347	0.2562	0.7978	-2.4445	3.1796
mood_1[T.Easygoing]	-0.2866	1.6398	-0.1748	0.8612	-3.5005	2.9273
mood_1[T.Empowering]	0.2961	1.4410	0.2055	0.8372	-2.5281	3.1203
mood_1[T.Energizing]	0.4055	1.4465	0.2803	0.7792	-2.4297	3.2407
mood_1[T.Excited]	0.7369	1.4337	0.5140	0.6072	-2.0730	3.5468
mood_1[T.Fiery]	0.0122	1.8012	0.0068	0.9946	-3.5181	3.5426
mood_1[T.Gritty]	0.0013	1.4995	0.0009	0.9993	-2.9376	2.9402
mood_1[T.Lively]	0.2418	1.4850	0.1628	0.8706	-2.6686	3.1523
mood_1[T.Melancholy]	0.1516	1.5269	0.0993	0.9209	-2.8410	3.1442

mood_1[T.Other]	0.0283	1.7856	0.0158	0.9874	-3.4714	3.5279
mood_1[T.Peaceful]	0.1250	1.6594	0.0753	0.9399	-3.1273	3.3773
mood_1[T.Romantic]	0.9962	1.4824	0.6720	0.5016	-1.9093	3.9017
mood_1[T.Rowdy]	0.4852	1.5336	0.3164	0.7517	-2.5206	3.4909
mood_1[T.Sensual]	0.5650	1.4482	0.3901	0.6965	-2.2735	3.4034
mood_1[T.Sentimental]	-0.1200	1.7282	-0.0694	0.9446	-3.5073	3.2673
mood_1[T.Serious]	1.8377	1.7595	1.0444	0.2963	-1.6109	5.2863
mood_1[T.Somber]	0.0115	1.9681	0.0058	0.9953	-3.8459	3.8689
mood_1[T.Sophisticated]	0.1403	1.4974	0.0937	0.9253	-2.7945	3.0751
mood_1[T.Stirring]	0.1790	1.7150	0.1044	0.9169	-3.1823	3.5403
mood_1[T.Tender]	0.3622	1.6079	0.2252	0.8218	-2.7892	3.5136
mood_1[T.Upbeat]	0.7530	1.4738	0.5109	0.6094	-2.1356	3.6417
mood_1[T.Urgent]	0.2116	1.4655	0.1444	0.8852	-2.6608	3.0839
mood_1[T.Yearning]	0.1184	1.4399	0.0822	0.9345	-2.7037	2.9404
n_tracks	0.0003	0.0001	2.5696	0.0102	0.0001	0.0005
tracks_per_artist	-0.0005	0.0007	-0.7858	0.4320	-0.0018	0.0008

Omnibus:	2142164.888	Durbin-Watson:	1.999
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	180443014585193.719
Skew:	268.776	Prob(JB):	0.000
Kurtosis:	103668.698	Condition No.:	108308

\* The condition number is large (1e+05). This might indicate strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.