### An OCIO Digital Literacy Course

#### DevOps For Product Owners

Part 1: The Big Questions



Stephen Curran, Cloud Compass Computing, Inc.



# DevOps For Product Owners

#### Part 1: The Big Questions

- 1. Introductions
- 2. What is DevOps?
- 3. What is the Cloud?
- 4. What is the Bustiness Impact?



### Approach

The course will be completed over two sessions covering a mixture of presentation, lab work and discussion. Please, feel free to jump in at a time with questions, comments, suggestions, snorts, etc. The goal is the material is presented in *your* context.

There will be a couple of labs that allow you to say - I done DevOps

Lots of opportunity for you to drive the course direction.

#### Logistics...

- Any constraints on time?
- Washrooms
- Food and beverages



#### Introductions

#### Who are you?

- Project
- Role
- Experience with Digital Services?

#### Who Am I?

Stephen Curran, Cloud Compass Computing, Inc., Quartech Systems

- Tightrope guy business and technologyAll about the delivery
- Agile Development Methodology
- DevOps since before it was DevOps
- BC Government Projects ICM, JAG and MOTI School Bus and Hired Equipment



### What is DevOps?

DevOps (a clipped compound of "software DEVelopment" and "information technology OPerationS") is a term used to refer to a set of practices that emphasize the collaboration and communication of both software developers and information technology (IT) professionals while automating the process of software delivery and infrastructure changes. It aims at establishing a culture and environment where building, testing, and releasing software can happen rapidly, frequently, and more reliably.\*

Well, that doesn't help...



# Why is DevOps?

#### Roots - merging Developers and Operations work

- Developers make the code
  - User Interface (UI/UX)
  - Business Logic/Rules
  - Integrations
  - Database (usually)
- Ops runs the code
  - Servers
  - Networks
  - Databases

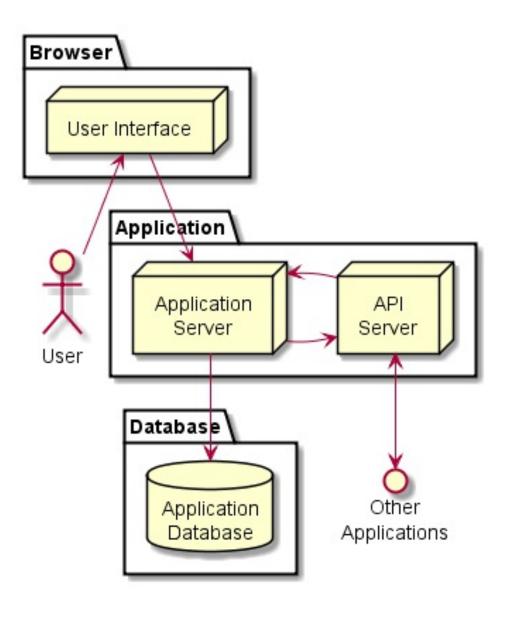


### Backup a bit - what's an app?

#### Examples

- .NET + front end + database
- Java + front end + database
- MEAN (Mongo Express Angular Node)
- Django (Python + front end + database
- Front End: Bootstrap, React, Backbone, Angular, etc.
- Database: Postgres, SQL Server, Oracle, Mongo

User Stories, usability, logic, rules...



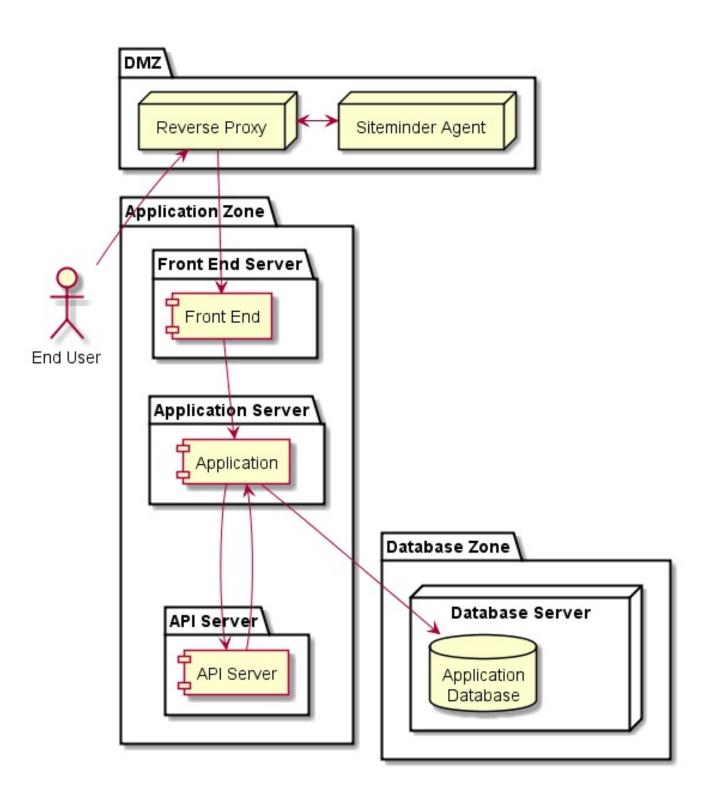


# Backup a bit - where does an app run?

#### Ops View

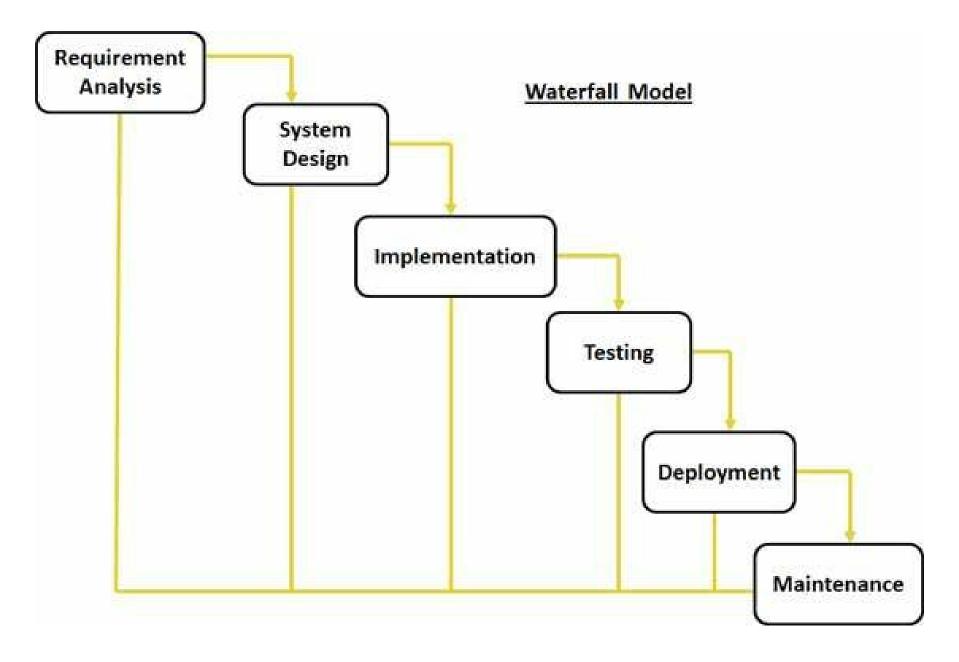
- Networking zones
- URLs https://myapp.gov.bc.ca
  Authentication siteminder
- Encryption SSL
- Firewalls
- Servers
- Storage

Times 3: Dev/Test/Prod





# Making it Work - Theory



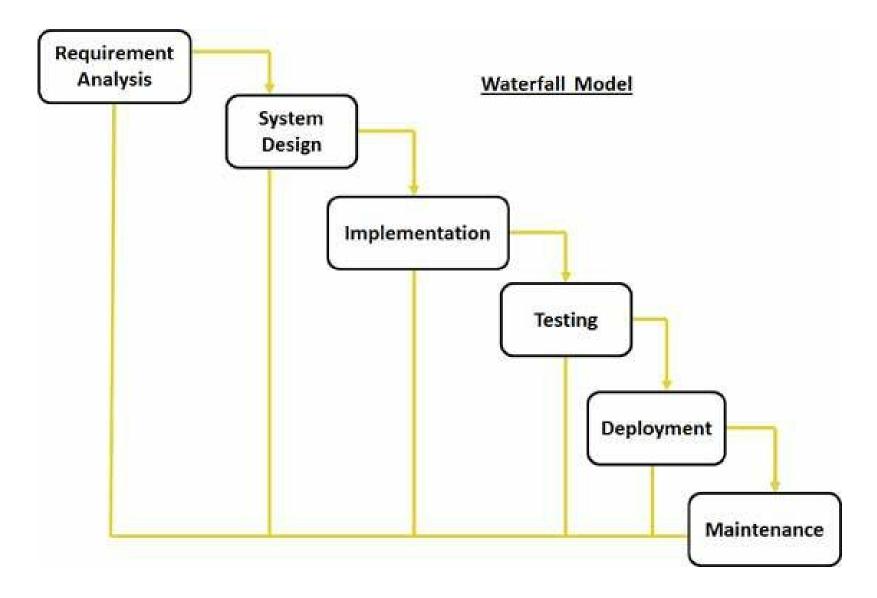
Meetings, documents, agreements and requests



# Reality

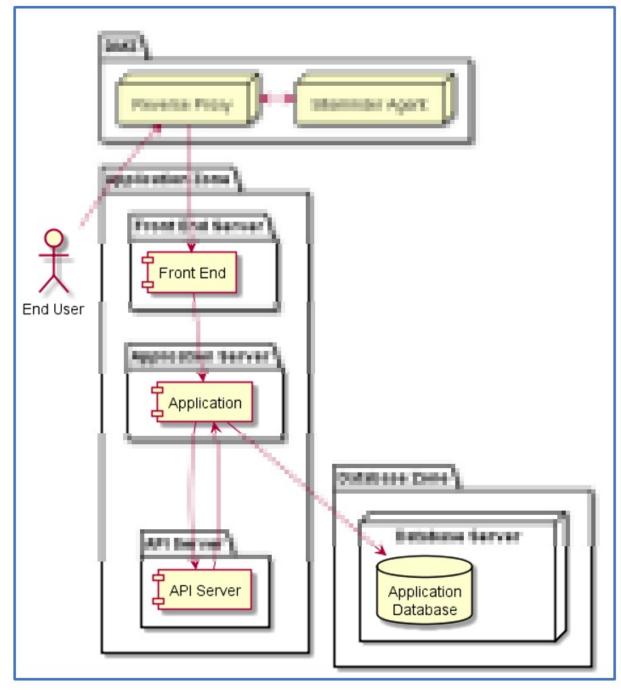
- Requirements: change
- Implementation: *Takes too long* 
  - Devs: Code Development
  - Ops: Acquisition/Configuration of Servers
- Testing: Skipped
- Deployment is...

...Dreaded

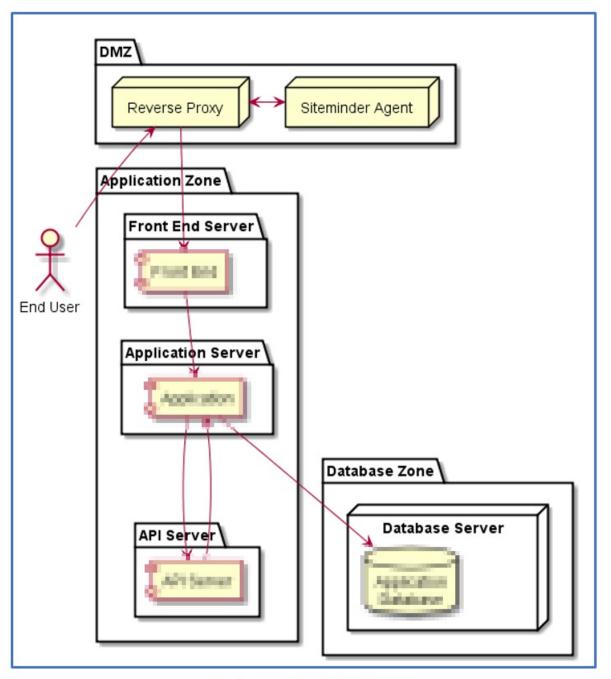




# What Ginger Hears...



What Developers See



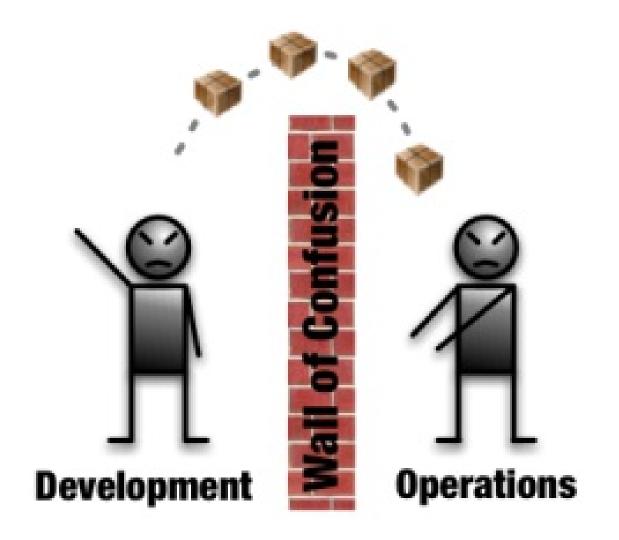
What Ops See



# Deployment

The rubber hits the road and...

...so does The Wall of Confusion





### What goes wrong?

#### **Inconsistent Environments**

- Developers build in their world, deliver to a different one
  - Each Dev creates their own development/test capability best efforts
    - Execution environment doesn't match reality, either does test data
  - Periodically delivers code usually at a milestone e.g. UAT
    - Agile methodology SHOULD address this
  - Test data doesn't match production
    - Non-Functional Requirements

#### Impact:

• It works on my machine!



### What goes wrong?

#### **Ineffective Communications**

- Communication is via Word documents the dreaded Release Guide
  - Premise: To deploy this app, do this...
  - Assumption: The writer knows the readers world...impossible

#### Impact:

- Steps are performed manually
- On-the-fly adjustments are made...further invalidating the assumption
  - On Dev, Test and Prod



### What goes wrong?

#### **Unnecessary Dependencies**

- The *iStore* optimization
  - iStores/funding force optimizations on time and cost
  - Method: Few servers, shared resources

#### Impact:

- Unwanted dependencies between apps
  - Coordination of multple apps because of shared dependencies
  - Outages of an app because of an upgrade to another
- The Release Party



### All of which leads to...

# The Day After

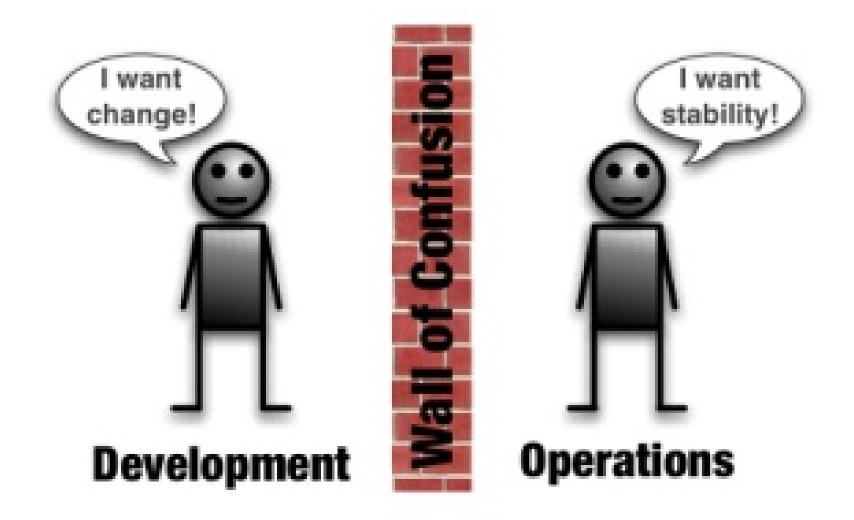


Twentieth Century Fox



### The Reflex Response

- We are doing it right, we just need to do it better next time
- Test more take longer, check *EVERYTHING*
- Except the users still want more fixes/capabilities





#### It's a little worse in Government

- Each application is a project an event
  - Not a product with a lifecycle
  - Focus is on the application, not long term
- Contracted teams
  - Each starts with own approach & tools
  - Highly variable contact with Ops
  - Improvements are local (team) not system-wide
- Limited access to data
  - Production type data
  - Production volumes of data

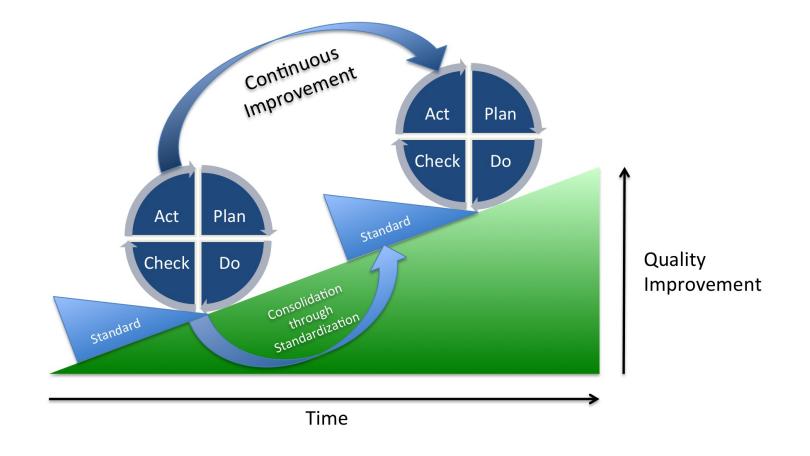




# So...What is DevOps?

The application of Lean principles to the end to end systems:

Maximize value; minimize waste



...using some really powerful tools



# Analogous to Agile

And to some extent driven by agile...

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
Working software over comprehensive documentation
Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

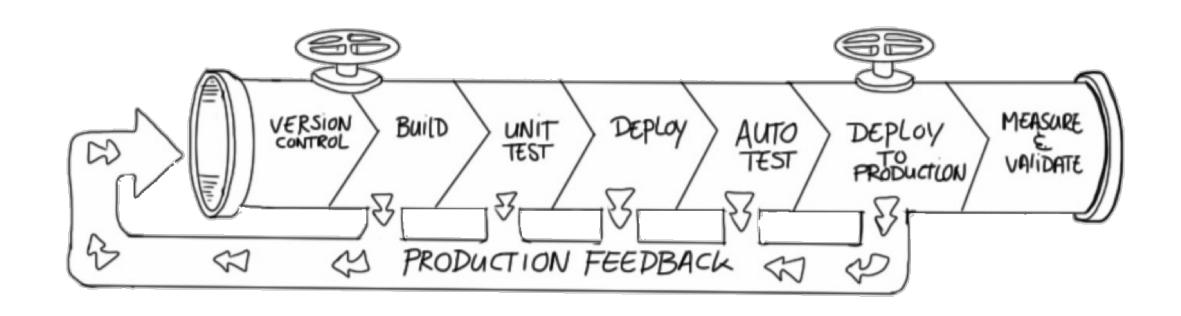


#### Problem: The Release Guide

- Old: Write It in Word every step
  - Compile Code
  - Build Code for each component
  - Test the Build
  - Install pre-requisites
  - Install code
  - Restart components
  - Verify components
- Better: Write it as a repeatable script
  - Not easy done incrementally by lazy programmers
  - …in isolation
- Even Better: Create tools to improve each step



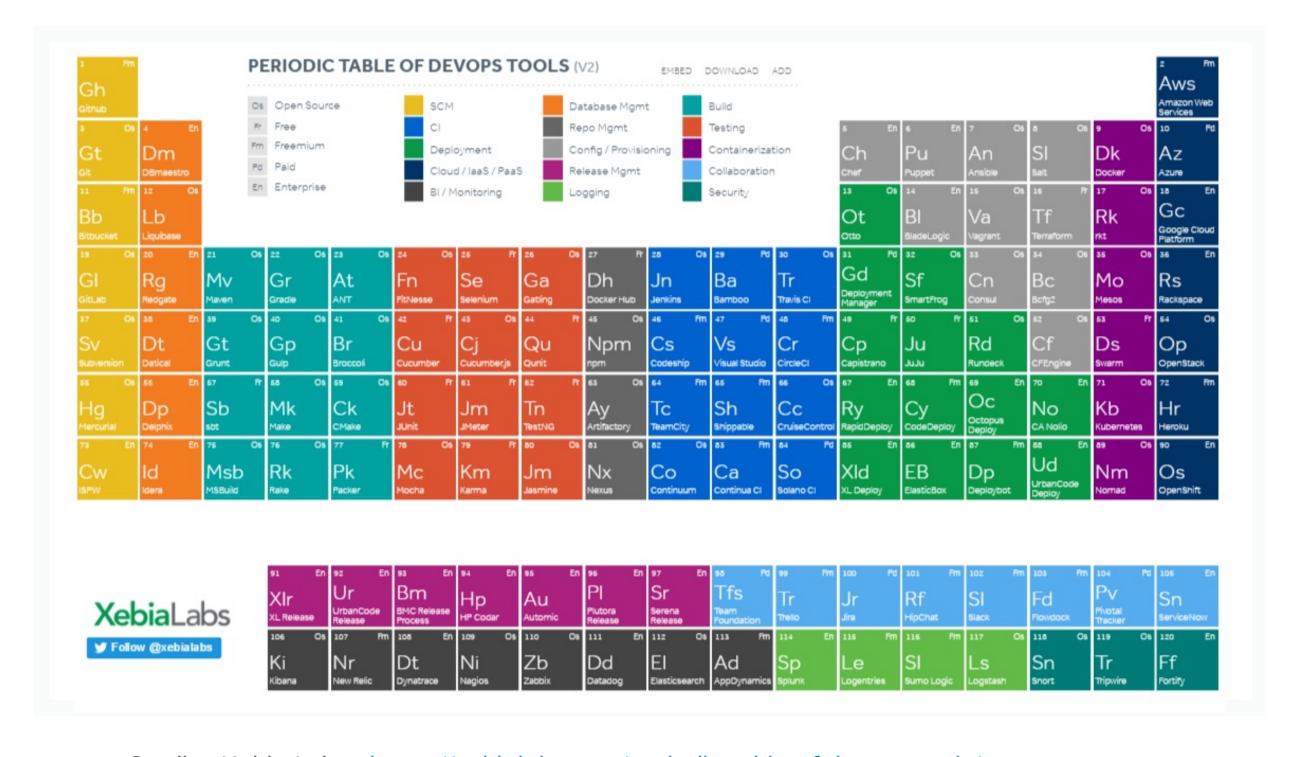
### Solution: The Deployment Pipeline



- Subversion, git, github manage codeMaven, grunt build tools
- xUnit unit test tools
- Selenium, Jmeter integration test tools
- Migrations, Datical, E-F database upgrades
- Jenkins Continuous Integration, job runner
- Connected via triggers



# So Many Tools...

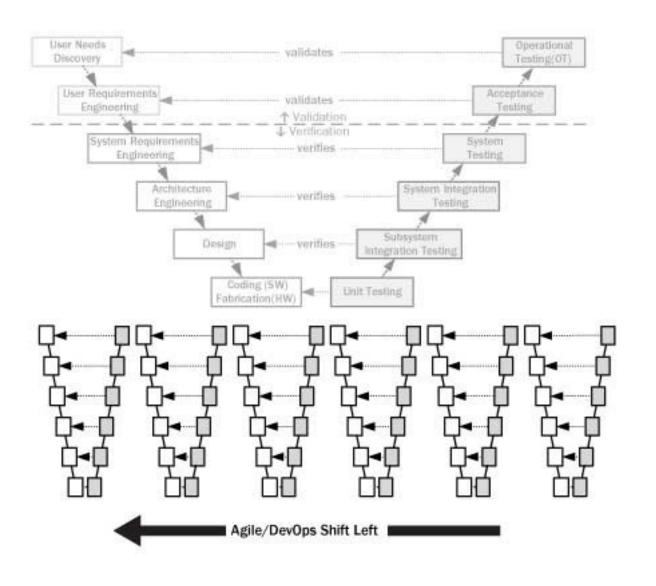




Credit - Xebia Labs - https://xebialabs.com/periodic-table-of-devops-tools/

### Problem: The Day After

Solution: Release Early and Often - "Shift Left"





# Problem: The Day After

#### Solution: Really Fast Releases

Done properly - aka "Roll-forward"

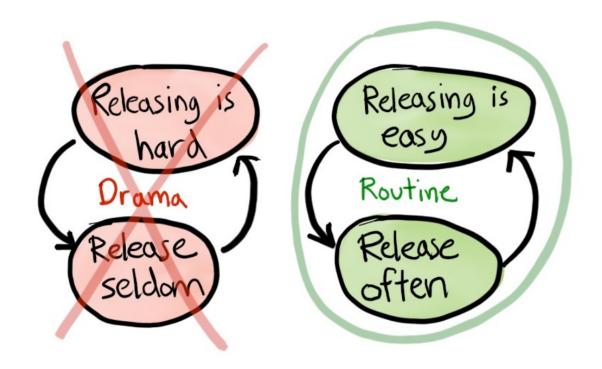
- 1. Issue found
- 2. Issue documented e.g. JIRA entered
- 3. Issue investigated
- 4. Issue fixed, checked in
- 5. Build / Deploy
- 6. Verify fix
- 7. Deploy to Test
- 8. Verify
- 9. Deploy To Production...phewwww!!!





# Problem: Change is Bad

Small a frequent releases



Big Release - Big Risk - many things to break - hard to fix

Small Release - Small Risk - only a few things to break - easy to fix



### Problem: Works on my System!

#### Solution: Consistent Environments

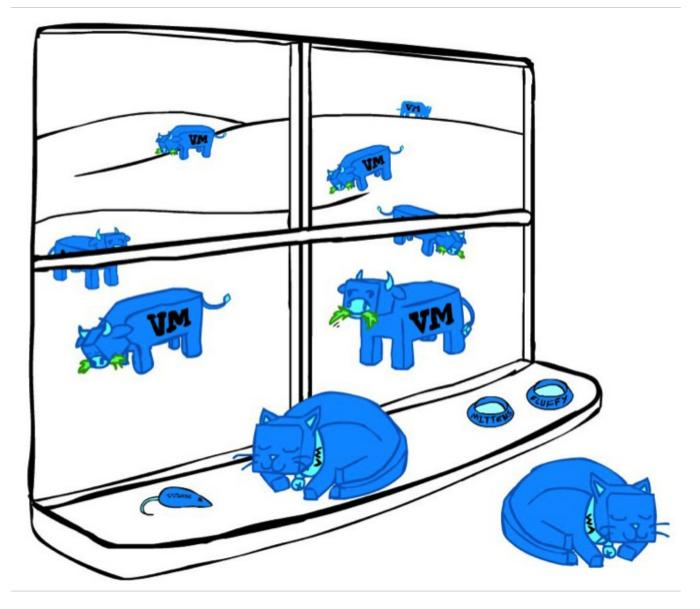
#### Tools to enable consistency

- Ansible, Puppet, Chef server setup tools
- Subversion, git, github configuration as code

#### Tools so Dev = Production

- Vagrant VMs
- Docker Containers

NOTE: Open source licensing *REALLY* helps.





### Problem: Unnecessary Dependencies

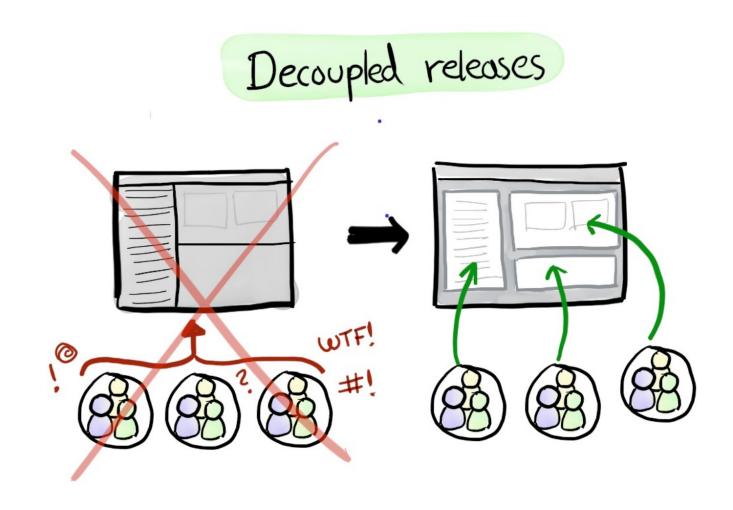
#### Solution: Stop it!!

#### Fake Dependencies

- Enterprise Release Scheduling don't!!
- Eliminate artificial deadlines

#### Architectural Dependencies

- Isolate apps / parts of apps
  - Different servers (\$\$\$)
  - Docker, etc.
- Don't share databases
  - But don't duplicate data
  - Use APIs



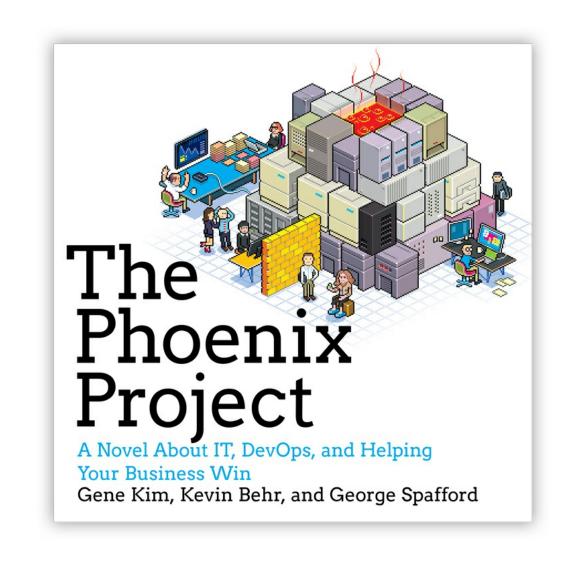


### So...what is DevOps?

- A culture of continuous improvement as it relates to the end to end delivery of systems
- ...supported by a growing (and standardizing) set of automation tools

#### The Three Ways

- Systems Thinking
  - Focus on impacts to the *entire* system
- Create Feedback Loops
  - Verify your assumptions/theories
- Continual Experimentation and Learning





# Are we doing DevOps??

#### **Anti-Patterns**

- No version control
- No discussion of Dev environments
- Cross Project Release Schedules
- Text-based Release Guide
- Post-deployment Fixes without Releases
- Multi-app Release Party Email Chains
- Server Names pets (vs. *Services*)
- Test Date = Start UAT Date 1 Day
- Go to Test, go to Production dates
- Production Date = Go Live Date 1
   Day
- Day After syndrome it hurts!

#### **Patterns**

- Version Control for everything
- Devs world ~= Production
- Many, many, many deployments
  - Support for Agile Methodology
  - Automatic deployment to Dev
  - Triggered deployment to Test, Prod
  - No manual steps database
- Early deployments to test, prod
- Automated tests
- Automatic feedback and notifications
- App deployments are independent
- Business drives production releases
- Day After is just like the Day Before

