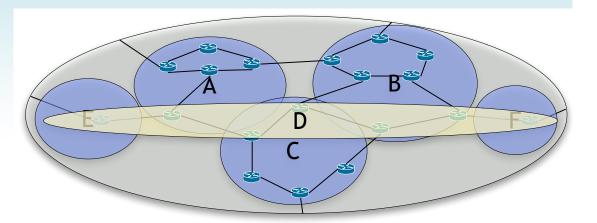


The Problem

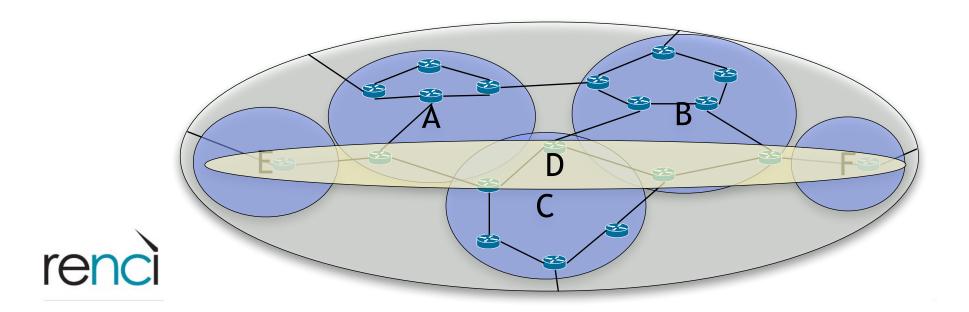


- Offering network services in a multi-domain environment
- In SDN environment primarily boils down to
 - Controller coordination for provisioning (e.g. DISCO)
 - Big-switch' abstractions
- What we would like
 - Offer heterogeneous network services (QoS, resiliency, virtual networks) across many providers
 - Allow providers to trust 'alien' controllers
 - Support nested virtualization
 - Separate resource management from provisioning
 - Split off coordination of resource allocation on long term scale from short-term provisioning



The Overview

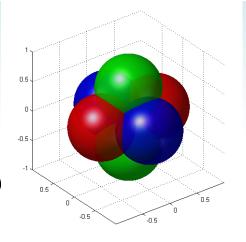
- Multi-domain environment where customers use 'services' (connections or virtual networks)
 - Different QoS requirements (latency, bandwidth, resiliency, isolation)
 - E.g. the Internet can be one of the overlays



The Problem Formulation

- Label
 - Labels can be translated in some points in the netw
- Technology level
 - Binds to a label offset or type.
 - Technology levels have a partial order where A < B indicates B can enclose A and carry its traffic
 - E.g. 802.3 > IP (not necessarily OSI-compliant)
- Label extents within technology levels are defined per port, per network element along with other consumable resources
 - Outgoing bandwidth, Buffer space, Flow table space
- Represent multi-dimensional spaces that can be tested for inclusion/intersection
- A portion of such volume represents a *delegation of resources*
 - Can be used by a controller to form forwarding rules managing traffic
 - Can be further subdivided to create nested delegations

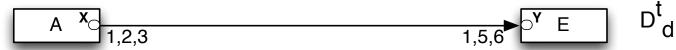




Example

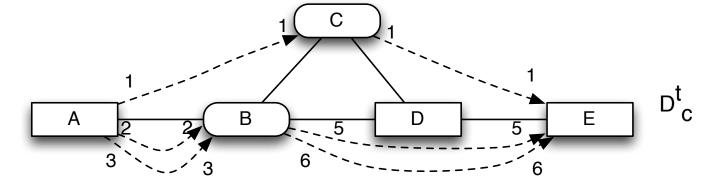
- Constraints are needed to describe delegations
 - Volume inclusion
 - Path/label continuity
 - Label/bandwidth accounting
- ILP formulation in the paper

Customer View



Provider View

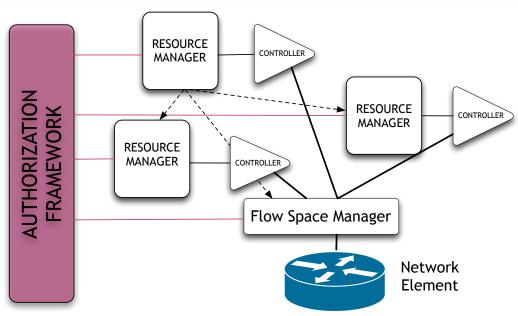




The Architecture

- Form and describe delegations
 - Resource manager
 - Coordinated by customer, directly or via broker
- Inform controllers
 - Controllers know the constraints
- Enforce delegations on behalf of providers at switch level
 - PDP vs. PEP
 - Flow space manager
- Pervasive Authz



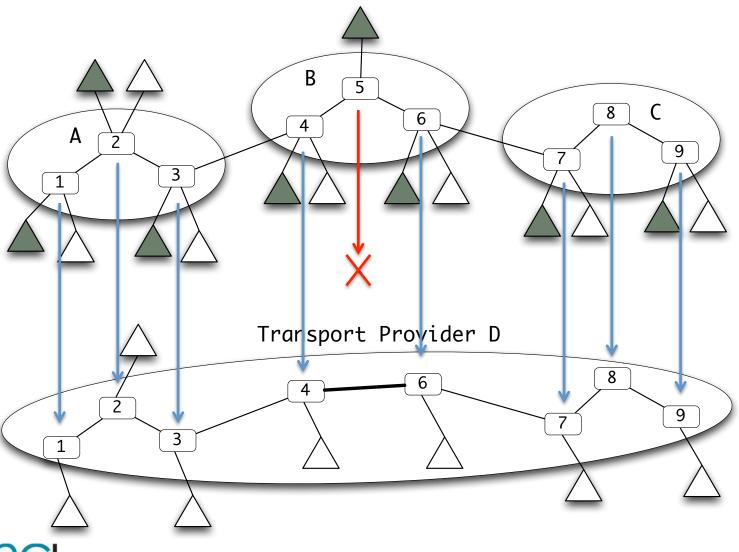


The Prototype

- Delegation framework
 - GUI tool to form reservations and describe using GraphDB
 - Floodlight module to accept these descriptions
- Sample multi-domain application
 - Virtual transport provider built out of 3 other providers (virtual or physical)
 - Provides transport path-based services using a portion of L2 MAC address field delegated to it for path identification
- Tested in a GENI slice

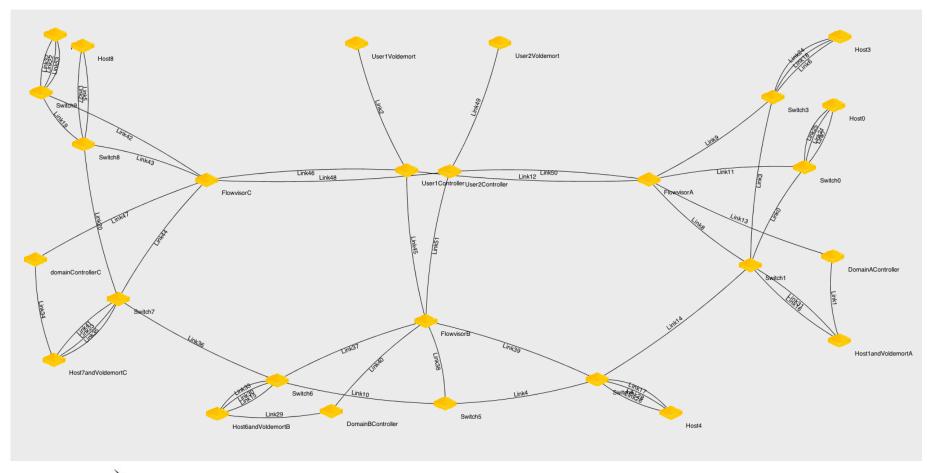


The Experiment





The Experiment (GENI Slice)





The Prototype Modules in Floodlight

- Topology delegation
 - Accepts constrained delegation descriptions in GraphDB
- Topology verification
 - Uses stochastic probing across delegated label space to verify connectivity
 - LLDP not suitable for this purpose
- ARP Resolution
 - Listens for client ARP requests
 - Performs substitution of MAC address with Path IDs
- Circuit computation
 - Computes paths and assigns path IDs



Outcomes

- Direct control over provider equipment with verifiable constraints
- Explicit communication of constraints to controllers
- Nested virtualization
- Efficient use of label spaces
- Dynamic resource allocation
- Multiple approaches in one architecture
- Support for an economy

