## **Decision Trees**

11 试题

1 point

1.

Questions 1 to 6 refer to the following common scenario:

Consider the following dataset:

x1	x2	х3	у
1	1	1	+1
0	1	0	-1
1	0	1	-1
0	0	1	+1

Let us train a decision tree with this data. Let's call this tree T1. What feature will we split on at the root?

7	



x1



1 point

2.

Decision Trees   Coursera  Refer to the dataset presented in Question 1 to answer the following.		
Fully train T1 (until each leaf has data points of the sa What is the depth of T1?	me output label).	
3		
1 point  3. Refer to the dataset presented in Question 1 to answer What is the training error of T1?	er the following.	
1 point  4. Refer to the dataset presented in Question 1 to answer Now consider a tree T2, which splits on x1 at the root, in the 1st level, and has leaves at the 2nd level. Note: function on features 1 and 2. What is the depth of T2?	and splits on x2 this is the XOR	

Refer to the dataset presented in Question 1 to answer the following.

https://www.coursera.org/learn/ml-classification/exam/c4ssq/decision-trees

0

What is the training error of T2?

1 point

5.

1 point

6.

Refer to the dataset presented in Question 1 to answer the following.

Which has smaller depth, T1 or T2?

- 0
- O T2

T1

1 point

7.

(True/False) When deciding to split a node, we find the best feature to split on that minimizes classification error.

- O True
- O False

1 point

8.

Let's say we have learned a decision tree on dataset D. Consider the split learned at the root of the decision tree. Which of the following is true if one of the data points in D is removed and we re-train the tree?

- O The split at the root will be different
- O The split at the root will be exactly the same as before
- The split could be the same or could be different

1 point

9.

Consider two datasets D1 and D2, where D2 has the same data points as D1, but has an extra feature for each data point. Let T1 be the decision tree trained with D1, and T2 be the tree trained with D2. Which of the following is true?

提交测试			
0	False		
0	True True		
11. (True/Fa classifier	lse) Decision stumps (depth 1 decision trees) are always linearrs.		
1 point			
	<mark>True</mark> False		
always h	nave equal or lower training error than decision stumps (depth on trees).		
10. (True/Fa	lse) Logistic regression with polynomial degree 1 features will		
1 point			
0	Too little information to guarantee anything		
0	T2 has better test error than T1		
0	T2 has better training error than T1		





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