# **Experiment 4**

**Aim:** To create an interactive Form using a form widget.

**Theory:** Form widget is used to group multiple form fields together, like TextFormFields, and manage their validation and submission. Here's how you can use a Form with a TextFormField that includes validation logic, and a button to validate and submit the form.

## **Key Concepts in Interactive Forms**

- 1. **Form Widgets** These are components like text fields, checkboxes, radio buttons, dropdowns, and buttons that allow users to input data.
- 2. **Validation** Ensuring that user input meets specific criteria (e.g., email format, required fields).
- 3. **State Management** Forms can store data dynamically and update based on user interactions.
- 4. **Event Handling** Capturing user actions like clicks, typing, or selections to trigger specific responses.
- 5. **UI/UX Considerations** Forms should be visually appealing, easy to navigate, and provide clear feedback.

### **Implementation Approach**

- Create a StatefulWidget to manage form state.
- Define a GlobalKey<FormState> to uniquely identify and manage the form.
- Wrap form fields inside a Form widget using the GlobalKey.
- Add TextFormField widgets inside the Form.
- Provide a validator function for each TextFormField to define validation rules.
- Add a submit button (e.g., ElevatedButton) below the form fields.
- On button press, call \_formKey.currentState!.validate() to check if all fields are valid.
- If validation passes, proceed with form submission logic (e.g., show message, save data, navigate).
- (Optional) Use TextEditingControllers to retrieve or manipulate input data.

#### Code in event.dart:

#### textfield.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google_fonts/google_fonts.dart';
class CustomTextField extends StatelessWidget {
final String text;
final TextEditingController? controller;
 final bool obscureText;
 const CustomTextField({
  Key? key,
  required this.text,
  this.controller,
  this.obscureText = false,
 }) : super(key: key);
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Container(
   decoration: BoxDecoration(
    borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(15.0),
    color: Colors.white,
   child: TextField(
    controller: controller,
    obscureText: obscureText,
    decoration: InputDecoration(
     hintText: text,
     hintStyle: GoogleFonts.poppins(
      color: Colors.black,
      fontSize: 12,
     ),
     border: OutlineInputBorder(
      borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(15.0),
     ),
     contentPadding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(
```

```
vertical: 12.0,
      horizontal: 16.0,
     ),
     enabledBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
      borderSide: BorderSide(color: Colors.black12),
      borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(15),
     ),
     focusedBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
      borderRadius: const BorderRadius.all(
       Radius.circular(15),
      borderSide: BorderSide(
       color: Colors.black12,
      ),
     ),
   ),
  );
}
signup.dart
import 'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart';
import 'package:firebase auth/firebase auth.dart';
import 'package:skillxchange/auth/login.dart';
import 'package:skillxchange/common/button.dart';
import 'package:skillxchange/common/textfield.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google_fonts/google_fonts.dart';
class Signup extends StatefulWidget {
 const Signup({super.key});
 @override
 State<Signup> createState() => SignupState();
}
class _SignupState extends State<Signup> {
```

```
final TextEditingController emailController = TextEditingController();
final TextEditingController passwordController = TextEditingController();
final TextEditingController genderController = TextEditingController();
final TextEditingController mobileController = TextEditingController();
final TextEditingController addressController = TextEditingController();
bool isLoading = false;
void signUpUser() async {
 setState(() {
  isLoading = true;
 });
 try {
  // Firebase authentication
  UserCredential userCredential =
    await FirebaseAuth.instance.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
   email: emailController.text.trim(),
   password: passwordController.text.trim(),
  );
  // Store additional user details in Firestore
  await FirebaseFirestore.instance
    .collection('users')
    .doc(userCredential.user!.uid)
    .set({
   "email": emailController.text.trim(),
   "gender": genderController.text.trim(),
   "mobile": mobileController.text.trim(),
   "address": addressController.text.trim(),
   "createdAt": DateTime.now(),
  });
  ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
   const SnackBar(content: Text("Signup Successful!")),
  );
  // Navigate to login screen
  Navigator.pushReplacement(
```

```
context,
   MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => const Login()),
  );
} on FirebaseAuthException catch (e) {
  ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
   SnackBar(content: Text(e.message ?? "Signup failed")),
 );
}
setState(() {
 isLoading = false;
});
}
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Scaffold(
  backgroundColor: Colors.white,
  body: SingleChildScrollView(
   child: Padding(
    padding: const EdgeInsets.all(20.0),
    child: Column(
     crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
     children: [
      const SizedBox(height: 100),
       mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
       children: [
        SizedBox(
         height: 100,
         width: 100,
         child: Center(child: Image.asset("assets/key.png")),
        ),
       ],
      const SizedBox(height: 40),
      Text(
       "Sign up",
```

```
style: GoogleFonts.poppins(
  fontSize: 30,
  fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
),
),
const SizedBox(height: 5),
Text(
 "Create an account for buying new shoes",
 style: GoogleFonts.poppins(),
),
const SizedBox(height: 40),
CustomTextField(
 text: "Enter E-mail",
 controller: emailController,
const SizedBox(height: 10),
CustomTextField(
 text: "Enter Password",
 controller: passwordController,
 obscureText: true,
),
const SizedBox(height: 10),
CustomTextField(
text: "Gender",
 controller: genderController,
),
const SizedBox(height: 10),
CustomTextField(
 text: "Mobile Number",
 controller: mobileController,
),
const SizedBox(height: 10),
CustomTextField(
```

```
text: "Address",
    controller: addressController,
   ),
   const SizedBox(height: 40),
   isLoading
      ? const Center(child: CircularProgressIndicator())
      : CustomButton(
        onTap: signUpUser,
        text: "Sign up",
      ),
   const SizedBox(height: 40),
   InkWell(
    onTap: () {
     Navigator.pushReplacement(
      context,
      MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => const Login()),
     );
    },
    child: Row(
      mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
      children: [
      Text(
        "Have an account? ",
        style: GoogleFonts.poppins(),
      ),
      Text(
       "Login",
        style: GoogleFonts.poppins(fontWeight: FontWeight.bold),
      ),
     ],
    ),
   ),
  ],
),
```

```
);
}
}
On clicking on Submit:
void signUpUser() async {
  setState(() {
   isLoading = true;
  });
  try {
   // Firebase authentication
   UserCredential userCredential =
     await FirebaseAuth.instance.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
    email: emailController.text.trim(),
    password: passwordController.text.trim(),
   );
   // Store additional user details in Firestore
   await FirebaseFirestore.instance
     .collection('users')
     .doc(userCredential.user!.uid)
     .set({
    "email": emailController.text.trim(),
    "gender": genderController.text.trim(),
    "mobile": mobileController.text.trim(),
    "address": addressController.text.trim(),
    "createdAt": DateTime.now(),
   });
   ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
    const SnackBar(content: Text("Signup Successful!")),
   );
   // Navigate to login screen
   Navigator.pushReplacement(
    context,
    MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => const Login()),
```

```
);
} on FirebaseAuthException catch (e) {
   ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
        SnackBar(content: Text(e.message ?? "Signup failed")),
   );
}

setState(() {
   isLoading = false;
});
}
```

## **Output:**



# Sign up

Create an account for buying new shoes

| Enter E-mail   |         |  |
|----------------|---------|--|
| Enter Password |         |  |
| Gender         |         |  |
| Mobile Number  |         |  |
| Address        |         |  |
|                | Sign up |  |

Have an account? Login

**Github Link:** <a href="https://github.com/brijeshforcollege/flutter">https://github.com/brijeshforcollege/flutter</a>

### Conclusion

Implementing form validation in Flutter using Form and TextFormField provides a structured and efficient way to collect and validate user input. By leveraging the GlobalKey<FormState> and validator functions, you can ensure that the data entered meets your requirements before

| processing it. This approach helps enhance app reliability, user experience, and data accuracy in a clean and maintainable way. |  |  |  |  |
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| a cicair and maintainable way.  |  |  |  |  |
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