ASSIGNMENT-5

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1.
class Solution {
public:
 vector<vector<int>> construct2DArray(vector<int>& original, int m, int n) {
   if (original.size() != m * n)
     return {};
   vector<vector<int>> ans(m, vector<int>(n));
   for (int i = 0; i < original.size(); ++i)</pre>
     ans[i / n][i % n] = original[i];
   return ans;
 }
} ;
2.
class Solution {
public:
int arrangeCoins(int n) {
int ans = 0;
while((ans+1)*1LL*(ans+2)<=(long long)n*2){
ans++;
return ans;
3.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// Function to sort an square array
void sortSquares(int arr[], int n)
{
    // First convert each array elements
    // into its square
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
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arr[i] = arr[i] * arr[i];
    // Sort an array using "sort STL function "
    sort(arr, arr + n);
}
// Driver program to test above function
int main()
{
    int arr[] = \{ -6, -3, -1, 2, 4, 5 \};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    cout << "Before sort " << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
         cout << arr[i] << " ";
    sortSquares(arr, n);
    cout << "\nAfter Sort " << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
         cout << arr[i] << " ";
    return 0;
}
4.
class Solution {
public:
   vector<vector<int>> findDifference(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2)
       unordered set<int>set1(nums1.begin(),nums1.end());
       unordered set<int>set2(nums2.begin(),nums2.end());
       vector<int>distinct nums1, distinct nums2;
        for(int num: set1){
           if (set2.count (num) == 0) {
               distinct nums1.push back(num);
        for(int num:set2) {
           if (set1.count (num) == 0) {
               distinct nums2.push back(num);
           }
        return {distinct_nums1, distinct_nums2};
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} ;
5.
class Solution {
public:
    int findTheDistanceValue(vector<int>& A, vector<int>& B, int d) {
        int ans = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < A.size(); ++i) {</pre>
            bool found = false;
            for (int j = 0; j < B.size() && !found; ++j) {</pre>
                 if (abs(A[i] - B[j]) \le d) found = true;
            }
            if (!found) ++ans;
        return ans;
} ;
6.
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> findDuplicates(vector<int>& nums) {
        vector<int>ans;
        for(int i=0;i<nums.size();++i){</pre>
            int index=abs(nums[i])-1;
            if(nums[index]<0)</pre>
            ans.push back(abs(nums[i]));
            nums[index] = -nums[index];
        return ans;
} ;
7.
class Solution {
public:
    int findMin(vector<int>& nums) {
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int n = nums.size();
        if (nums[0] \le nums[n-1]) return nums[0];
        int left = 0, right = n - 1;
        while (left < right) {</pre>
            int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
            if (nums[0] <= nums[mid])</pre>
                left = mid + 1;
            else
                right = mid;
        return nums[left];
};
8.
class Solution {
public:
  vector<int> findOriginalArray(vector<int>& changed) {
    vector<int> ans;
    queue<int> q;
    sort(changed.begin(), changed.end());
    for (const int num : changed)
      if (!q.empty() && num == q.front()) {
        q.pop();
      } else {
       q.push(num * 2);
       ans.push back(num);
    return q.empty() ? ans : vector<int>();
 }
} ;
```