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2

① Explain table view with example.

⇒ ~~step = 1~~

step ① Create new xcode project and give name as you want like (tableviewDemo)

step ② Delete Default view controller & Default view controller class.

step ③ Add Tableview controller into Main.storyboard.

step ④ Create new Cocoa Touch class file for tableview controller then select storyboard goto Attribute inspector and select created file in class.

step ⑤ Enter whole coding in tableviewController class.

⇒ Code.

```
import UIKit
```

```
class TableViewController : UITableViewController
```

```
{
```

2

```
let data = ["First", "second"]
```

```
override func tableView(_: UITableView,  
numberOfRowsInSection section: Int) ->
```

```
Int {
```

```
    return data.count
```

```
}
```

```
override func tableView(_: UITableView,  
cellForRowAt indexPath: IndexPath) -> UITableViewCell  
{
```

```
    let cell = tableView.dequeueReusableCell  
        (withIdentifier: "cell")
```

```
    cell?.textLabel?.text = data[indexPath.row]
```

```
    return cell
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



3

② Explain pickerView with example.

⇒ The pickerView is a slot-machine view to show one or more set of value.

⇒ users select values by rotating wheels so that desired row of values aligns with selection indicator.

step = ① create a single view App and give name IOSPickerTutorial.

step = ② Drag and drop the picker view on story board.

step = ③ create outlet

step = ④ Go to the viewController.swift file.  
The picker view must conform to UIPickerViewDataSource and UIPickerViewDelegate protocol.

```
class ViewController: UIViewController,  
                    UIPickerViewDelegate,  
                    UIPickerViewDataSource
```

step = ⑤ change viewDidLoad method to  
override func viewDidLoad()

4

2

```
super.viewDidLoad()
```

```
pickerView.delegate = self  
pickerView.dataSource = self
```

3

step=6) create array.

```
let colors = ["Red", "yellow", "Green"]
```

step=7) The array will be data source for our picker view. The UIPickerView protocol requires delegate methods to define no of components and rows of a picker. Implement these methods.

```
func numberOfComponents(in pickerView: UIPickerView) -> Int
```

{

```
    return 1
```

}

```
func pickerView(_ pickerView: UIPickerView,  
    numberOfRowsInComponent component: Int) -> Int
```

{

```
    return colors.count
```

}

⑤

Step-⑧ we define one component with number of rows equal to number of array item. we assign data in our array to corresponding row.

```
func pickerView(_PickerView: UIPickerView,  
titleForRow row: Int, forComponent  
component: Int)
```

→ String?

{

return colors[row]

}

Step-⑨ Build and Run project.



6

③ Explain scroll view with example.

⇒ A scroll view can be used to present content that is larger than the screen.

step: ① create new single view App and give name "SwiftUIScrollViewTutorial".

step: ② open scrollViewController and add following properties.

```
var scrollView: UIScrollView!  
var imageView: UIImageView!
```

step: ③ modify viewDidLoad() as shown.

```
override func viewDidLoad()  
{
```

```
    super.viewDidLoad()
```

```
    imageView = UIImageView(image: UIImage(named: "image.png"))
```

```
    scrollView = UIScrollView(frame: view.bounds)  
    scrollView.backgroundColor = UIColor.black  
                                color())
```

```
    scrollView.contentSize = imageView.bounds.size  
    scrollView.autoresizingMask = UIViewAutoresizingFlexibleWidth |  
    UIViewAutoresizingFlexibleHeight
```

7

```
scrollView.addSubview(imageView)  
view.addSubview(scrollView)
```

}