

# Python Functions & Modules — Lesson Notes

## Function Basics

```
def greet(name, greeting="Hello"):  
    """Return a personalized greeting."""  
    return f"{greeting}, {name}!"  
  
# Keyword arguments  
greet(name="Alice", greeting="Hi")  
  
# *args and **kwargs  
def log(*args, **kwargs):  
    for arg in args:  
        print(arg)  
    for key, val in kwargs.items():  
        print(f"{key}={val}")
```

## Decorators

```
import time  
  
def timer(func):  
    def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):  
        start = time.time()  
        result = func(*args, **kwargs)  
        print(f"{func.__name__} took {time.time() - start:.2f}s")  
        return result  
    return wrapper  
  
@timer  
def slow_function():  
    time.sleep(1)
```

## Modules & Packages

```
my_project/  
├── main.py  
└── utils/
```

```
|   └── __init__.py
|   └── math_helpers.py
|   └── string_helpers.py
#
# main.py
from utils.math_helpers import calculate_area
from utils import string_helpers
```

## Generators

```
def fibonacci(n):
    a, b = 0, 1
    for _ in range(n):
        yield a
        a, b = b, a + b

for num in fibonacci(10):
    print(num)
```

## Key Takeaways

1. Use default parameters and keyword arguments for flexible functions.
  2. Decorators add behavior to functions without modifying them.
  3. Organize code into modules and packages for maintainability.
  4. Generators are memory-efficient for large sequences.
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