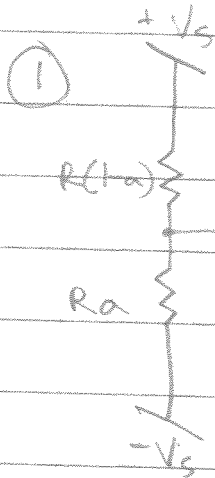


Intro to circuits prelab + lab



$$\Delta V = I R (1-a)$$

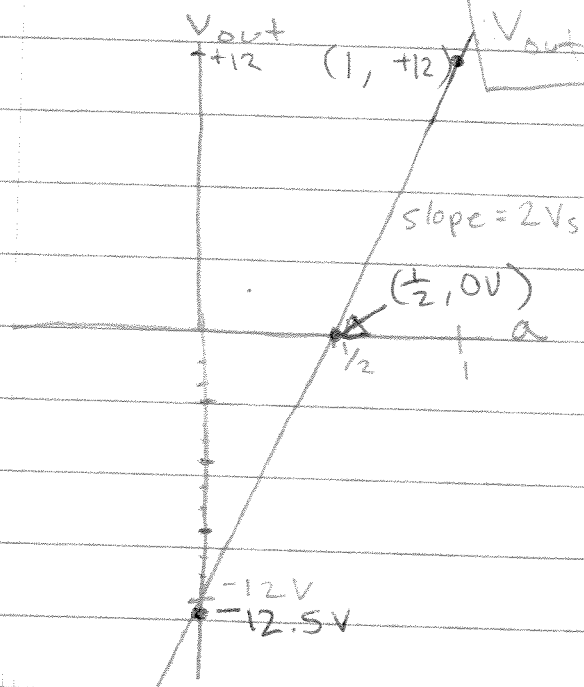
$$I = \frac{2V_s}{R}$$

$$\therefore \Delta V = \frac{2V_s}{R} (1-a) \times R = 2V_s (1-a)$$

$$V_{out} = V_s - 2V_s(1-a) = V_s(1-2(1-a))$$

$$= V_s(1-2+2a)$$

$$V_{out} = V_s(2a-1)$$



graph:

$$V_{out} = 12(2a-1) = 24a-12$$

② $i_{total} = i_1 + i_2$ $i_1 = \frac{V}{R_1}$ $i_2 = \frac{V}{R_2}$ $i = \frac{V}{R_{eq}}$

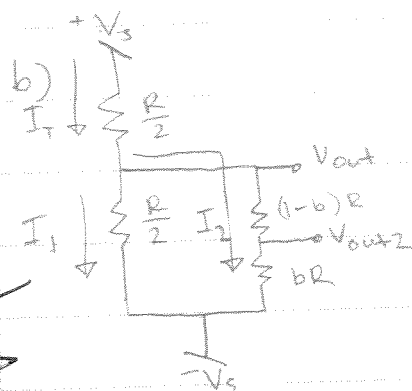
$$i_t = \frac{V}{R_1} + \frac{V}{R_2} = \frac{R_2 V}{R_1 R_2} + \frac{R_1 V}{R_1 R_2} = \frac{R_2 V + R_1 V}{R_1 R_2} = \frac{V(R_2 + R_1)}{R_1 R_2}$$

$$i_t = \frac{V}{\underbrace{\frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}}_{R_{eq}}}$$

$$\therefore R_{eq} = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

③ a) $V_{out} = 12(2a-1) = 12(2\frac{1}{2}-1) = 12(0) = 0$

$V_{out} = 0V$



$$R_{eq} = \frac{R}{2} + \left[\frac{\frac{R}{2} R}{\frac{R}{2} + R} \right] = \frac{R}{2} + \left[\frac{\frac{R^2/2}{3R/2}}{\frac{3R}{2}} \right] = \frac{R}{2} + \frac{2R^2}{6R}$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{3R}{6} + \frac{2R}{6} = \frac{5R}{6}$$

$$I_{total} = \frac{V_{total}}{R_{eq}} = \frac{2V_s}{5R/6} = \frac{12V_s}{5R}$$

$$V_{out} = V_s - I_T \frac{R}{2} = V_s - \frac{12V_s}{5R} \cdot \frac{R}{2} = V_s - \frac{6}{5}V_s = -2.4V$$

* because R_{eq} has changed!

c) $V_{out2} = V_{out} - I_2 R(1-b)$ or $V_{out2} = V_{out} - \left[\frac{12V_s}{5R} - \frac{(V_{out} + V_s)2}{R} \right]$

$$I_2 = I_T - I_1 = \frac{12V_s}{5R} - \frac{(V_{out} + V_s)}{R/2} = \frac{12V_s}{5R} - \frac{9.6 \cdot 2}{R}$$

$$I_2 = .00288 - .00192 = 9.6 \times 10^{-4} A$$

graph: $V_{out2} = -2.4V - [9.6 \times 10^{-4} A \cdot 10,000 \Omega](1-b)$

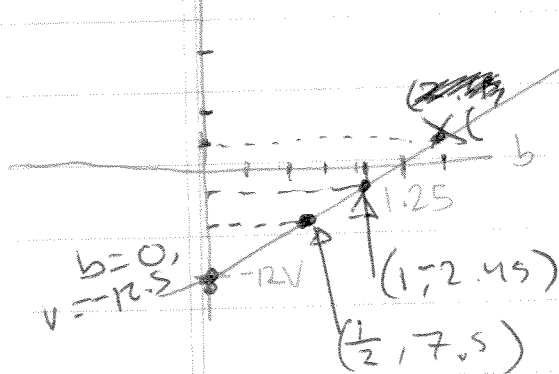
V_{out2}

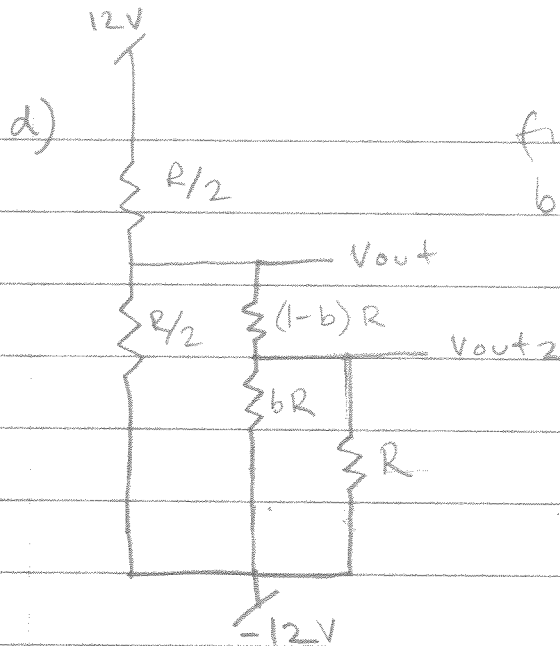
$$V_{out2} = -2.4V - 9.6(1-b) = -2.4V - 9.6 + 9.6b$$

$V_{out2} = 9.6b - 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.1110 \\ \times 210 \\ \hline 9.6 \\ \hline 2.4 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{9.6}{2} = 4.8 + .2 = 5.0$$





find V_{out} when $b=0, 1$
 $b=0$:

$$R_{eq} = \frac{R}{2} + \frac{R/2 \cdot R}{R/2 + R} = 8,333,33$$

$$V_{out,0} = 12V - I_T R/2 = -2.4V$$

$$I_{T,0} = \frac{24V}{8,333,3 \Omega} = .00288A$$

$$\frac{R^2}{2R} = \frac{R}{2}$$

$b=1$:

$$R_{eq} = \frac{R}{2} + \frac{R/2 \cdot R/2}{R} = \frac{R}{2} + \frac{R^2/4}{R} = \frac{R}{2} + \frac{R}{4} = \frac{3R}{4}$$

$$I_{T,1} = \frac{24V \cdot 4}{3R} = \frac{32}{R} = .0032A$$

$$V_{out,1} = 12V - .0032 \cdot \frac{10,000}{2} = -4V$$

before resistance

b	Vout
0	-2.45
1	-2.45
$\frac{1}{2}$	-2.45

after resistance is added

b	vout
0	-2.45 -2.35
1	-2.73
$\frac{1}{2}$	-2.45 -3.88

