

Braids group

Escuela simetrías
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Título

puras chingonías



Puras chingonías

The **n-strand braid groups** B_n has the presentation:

$$B_n = \langle \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_{n-1} \mid \sigma_i \sigma_j = \sigma_j \sigma_i \text{ for } |i-j| \geq 2, \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i = \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \rangle.$$



Pure braids

Two words β_1 and β_2 represent the same braid $\Leftrightarrow \beta_1\beta_2^{-1} = 1$.



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Definition

Dibujo de pure braid



Pure braids

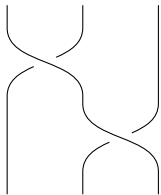
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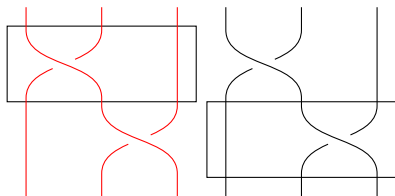
Definition

Dibujo de pure braid

Theorem

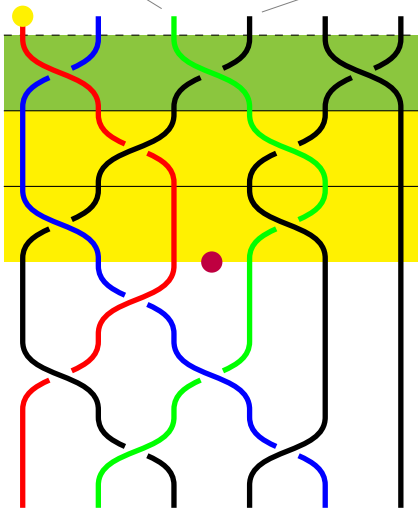
The pure braid group P_n is biorderable for all $n \geq 1$.





strand 3

strand 3 (from bottom)



strand 3

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Mapping class groups

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The **mapping clas group** $\mathcal{MCG}(\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{P})$ of the surface \mathcal{S} relative to \mathcal{P} is the group of all isotopy classes of orientation-preserving homeomorphisms $\psi : \mathcal{S} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$ satisfying $\psi|_{\partial\mathcal{S}} = id$ and $\psi(\mathcal{P}) = \mathcal{P}$.



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Proposition

There is an isomorphism $B_n \cong \mathcal{MCG}(D_n)$, where D_n is the disk D^2 with n regularly spaced points.



Order in B_n

σ -positive
subword property

Proposition

Thanks.