

SI 10: Set Theory and Logic

Assume that all sets mentioned here are subsets of a set X .

1 Drawing Sets

Draw Diagrams for the following:

1. $(A \cup B) \cap C \rightarrow A \cup B$
2. $A \rightarrow (A \setminus B)$
3. $A \rightarrow (A \setminus B) \cap B$
4. $(A \cup C) \setminus (A \cap C)$
5. $(A \cap C) \setminus (A \cup C) \rightarrow (A \setminus B) \cap B$

In logic, there is the concept of negation, denoted by the operator “ \neg ”, and it is read as “not”. So “ $\neg A$ ” is read as “not A ”. Now, using only previously defined operators:

6. Come up with a definition for \neg . In other words, $\neg A \iff ?$

2 Set Proofs

Using only the set rules defined on the next page, prove the following:

7. $(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$
8. $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$

Set Rules

1. $D \cup E \subseteq F \iff D \subseteq F \text{ and } E \subseteq F$
2. $D \subseteq E \cap F \iff D \subseteq E \text{ and } D \subseteq F$
3. $D \subseteq E \cup F \iff D \setminus E \subseteq F$
4. \cup and \cap are commutative