

DATA ANALYTICS AND VISULIZATION

LAB ASSIGNMENT WEEK-2:

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OBJECTIVE:

1)As part of a university analytics project, you're analyzing student performance across departments.

students.csv:

student_id, name, department

S001, Arjun, CSE

S002, Kavya, ECE

S003, Rahul, CSE

grades.csv:

grade_id, student_id, course, score

G01, S001, DBMS, 85

G02, S002, DSP, 78

G03, S003, DBMS, 92

G04, S001, OS, 88

Tasks:

- Merge the datasets to view student performance by course and department.
- Group by department and course to calculate average scores.
- Create a pivot table with student name as rows and courses as columns with scores.

Questions:

- Which department has the highest average in DBMS?

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd

# Data setup
students = pd.DataFrame({
    'student_id': ['s001', 's002', 's003'],
    'name': ['Arjun', 'Kavya', 'Rahul'],
    'department': ['CSE', 'ECE', 'CSE']
})

grades = pd.DataFrame({
    'student_id': ['s001', 's002', 's003', 's001'],
    'course': ['DBMS', 'DSP', 'DBMS', 'OS'],
    'score': [85, 78, 92, 88]
})

# Merge and analyze
merged = pd.merge(grades, students, on='student_id')
avg = merged.groupby(['department', 'course'])['score'].mean().reset_index()
pivot = merged.pivot_table(index='name', columns='course', values='score')

# Output
print("\n Average Scores by Department and Course:")
print(avg)

print("\n Pivot Table (Student vs Course):")
print(pivot)

# DBMS top department
dbms_top = avg[avg['course'] == 'DBMS'].sort_values(by='score', ascending=False).iloc[0]
print(f"Highest DBMS Avg: {dbms_top['department']} ({dbms_top['score']})")
```

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```

Average Scores by Department and Course:			
department	course	score	
0	CSE	DBMS	88.5
1	CSE	OS	88.0
2	ECE	DSP	78.0

Pivot Table (Student vs Course):			
course	DBMS	DSP	OS
name			
Arjun	85.0	NaN	88.0
Kavya	NaN	78.0	NaN
Rahul	92.0	NaN	NaN

Highest DBMS Avg: CSE (88.5)

REFLECTION:

This program showcases a strong grasp of data manipulation using **pandas**, one of Python's most powerful libraries for structured data. By merging two datasets—students and grades—it mirrors real-world relational database operations, such as **JOINS**, and demonstrates how to extract meaningful insights from raw tabular data.

The use of **groupby** to calculate average scores by department and course reflects an analytical mindset, turning individual records into aggregated performance metrics. This is especially valuable in academic or institutional settings where trends across departments matter more than individual scores.

