## PROBLEM SHEET 2

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The following questions are about the language of numbers and strings.

- 1. Write down the abstract syntax tree for the pre-term plus(let(len(x); i, plus(i; n)); num[2]).
- 2. Assume  $\Sigma \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{0,1\}$ . Write a program that
  - has a free variable x of type Str,
  - appends the string 0110 to x,
  - computes the length of the compound string, and
  - adds that number to itself.

Your program should not mention the string literal str[0110] more than once.

- 3. Produce a typing derivation for the following terms, assuming that  $\Sigma \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{0,1\}$ .
  - (i)  $x : \mathsf{Str} \vdash x : \mathsf{Str}$
  - (ii)  $\vdash \mathsf{plus}(\mathsf{num}[1]; \mathsf{num}[1]) : \mathsf{Num}$
  - (iii)  $x : \mathsf{Str} \vdash \mathsf{cat}(x; \mathsf{str}[01]) : \mathsf{Str}$
  - (iv)  $x : \mathsf{Str}, n : \mathsf{Num} \vdash \mathsf{plus}(\mathsf{let}(\mathsf{len}(x); i. \mathsf{plus}(i; n)); \mathsf{num}[2]) : \mathsf{Num}$
- 4. Perform the following substitutions, step-by-step.
  - (i)  $\mathsf{plus}(\mathsf{let}(\mathsf{len}(x); i. \mathsf{plus}(i; n)); \mathsf{num}[2])[i/x]$
  - $(ii) \ \mathsf{plus}(\mathsf{let}(\mathsf{len}(x); i.\, \mathsf{plus}(i; n)); \mathsf{num}[2])[\mathsf{num}[0]/n]$
  - (iii) plus(let(len(x); i. plus(i; n)); num[2])[i/n]
- 5. State the cases of the inversion lemma for the following constructs:
  - (i) len(e)
  - (ii)  $let(e_1; x. e_2)$
- 6. Prove the weakening lemma for the programming language of numbers and strings.
- 7. (\*) Complete the proof of substitution from Lecture 4.

[Hint: In the case of variables, consider various cases: is it the variable I'm substituting for, or is it not? Also, you will have to use weakening, so assume that you have proven that already.]

8. Prove that types are unique, i.e. that for every context  $\Gamma$  and pre-term e there exists at most one  $\tau$  such that  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ .

[Hint: assume that there exist two, and prove that they must be the same.]