

Zipkin and Sleuth implementation:

Source Code link: https://github.com/vishakhaakumar/SQA-ProjectCode_Zipkin_Sleuth.git

Steps to reproduce:

1. Clone the code from the GitHub above link. (All the code changes and dependencies needed to implement Zipkin and Sleuth is already included in the code)
2. Run each of the microservices individually using
 - a. an IDE such as IntelliJ – right click on the main file and run.
 - b. or through a command prompt – mvn compile and mvn run.
3. Call the microservices from browser or postman by sending valid URL and body.
Eg: <http://localhost:4444/orders/>
4. Open the Zipkin dashboard on the browser on the link: <http://localhost:9411/zipkin/>
5. Open the IDE console to see the automatic logging functionality of sleuth that produces the tracing ID and span ID.

SonarLint and SonarQube implementation:

Source Code link:

https://github.com/vishakhaakumar/SQA-ProjectCode_Zipkin_Sleuth.git
<https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-petclinic.git>

Steps to reproduce:

1. Clone the code from the GitHub above link.
2. Add the SonarLint plugin to the IDE:
 - a. File -> Settings -> Plugins -> search for SonarLint and install it.
3. Analyze the code using SonarLint:
 - a. Right click on code file -> analyze with SonarLint.
 - b. This shows all the programming errors and issues in the file that can be corrected by the developer.
4. Install Docker for desktop.
5. Install SonarQube by pulling the docker image: 'sonarqube:latest'
docker run -d -p 9000:9000 sonarqube:latest
6. Test the sonarQube dashboard on <http://localhost:9000/>
7. Setup the login credentials and generate the token for authentication.
8. Write a sonar_project.properties file with config details for the project.
9. Scan the code on SonarQube using the below command:
mvn clean verify sonar:sonar -Dsonar.projectKey=pets-project -Dsonar.host.url=http://localhost:9000 -Dsonar.login="***"**

10. Verify the scan results, bugs, code coverage, code smells, security vulnerabilities etc on the dashboard.

TestNG - Integrate JUnit with TestNG :

Source Code Link: <https://github.com/ssoad/BankingSystem/tree/master/src>

Steps to reproduce:

1. Download the code from the GitHub link above.
2. Import it to the Eclipse IDE.
3. Install the TestNG from the Eclipse IDE and add it to the build path.
4. Add the test class folder from the file which is provided.
5. Create a XML file with the suite tag and junit=true as shown below in the project folder.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<!DOCTYPE suite SYSTEM "https://testng.org/testng-1.0.dtd">

<suite name="Suite">

  <test thread-count="5" name="Test" junit="true">

    <classes>

      <class name="tests.ExceptionsTest"/>

      <class name="tests.StudentAccountTest"/>

      <class name="tests.SavingsAccountTest"/>

      <class name="tests.BankAccountTest"/>

      <class name="tests.FileOTest"/>

      <class name="tests.BankTest"/>

    </classes>

  </test> <!-- Test -->

</suite> <!-- Suite -->
```

6. Run the xml file which you created with the above command as TestNG.
7. The result is shown in the console.
8. Refresh the project. Upon refresh a test-output folder gets created with index.html, testing-results.xml, testing-failed.xml and etc.

9. Open the index.html file in the web browser. We can see the detailed explanation about the result.

DesigniteJava - Installation and Implementation:

Project : <https://github.com/hkristanto/JHotDraw>

Steps to Reproduce:

1. Install the DesigniteJava using the below link(Try to get the licenced version it is free for student)
<https://www.designite-tools.com/designitejava/>
2. A DesigniteJava.jar file will be downloaded.
3. Download the project from the above link.
4. Create an **empty output or result folder** where the results are generated after the execution .
5. Keep the project, Designitejava.jar file and the empty output folder in one one folder.
6. Open the command prompt from the above folder and enter the following syntax.

java -jar DesigniteJava.jar -i <path of the input source folder> -o <path of the output folder>

Ex : java -jar DesigniteJava.jar -i D:\Report\JHotDraw -o D:\Report\Output

Path of the input source folder - The folder link of the project(In our case D:\Report\JHotDraw - Just open the project folder and copy the link)

Path of the output folder is - The link of the output folder which you created.(D:\Report\Output - Open the output folder and copy the link - It should be empty)

7. The output will be shown as below
8. The detailed result reports will be generated in the Output folder as shown below. We can analyze the different code smells from those files.

> This PC > New Volume (D:) > Report > Output

| | Name | Date modified | Type | Size |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| | ArchitectureSmells | 4/20/2022 1:42 PM | Microsoft Excel Co... | 38 KB |
| | DesigniteLog20042022_1342 | 4/20/2022 1:43 PM | Text Document | 1 KB |
| | DesignSmells | 4/20/2022 1:42 PM | Microsoft Excel Co... | 158 KB |
| | ImplementationSmells | 4/20/2022 1:42 PM | Microsoft Excel Co... | 789 KB |
| | MethodMetrics | 4/20/2022 1:42 PM | Microsoft Excel Co... | 579 KB |
| | TypeMetrics | 4/20/2022 1:42 PM | Microsoft Excel Co... | 119 KB |

nal

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.613]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\Report>java -jar DesigniteJava.jar -r JAXLWNUAO108kHB4
License registered successfully.

D:\Report>java -jar DesigniteJava.jar -i D:\Report\JHotDraw -o D:\Report\Output

Searching classpath folders ...

Could not find any classpath folder.

Parsing the source code ...

Resolving symbols...

Computing metrics...

Detecting code smells...

Exporting analysis results...

wrapping up ...

--Analysis summary--

Total LOC analyzed: 91835 Number of packages: 65

Number of classes: 736 Number of methods: 8188

-Total architecture smell instances detected-

Cyclic dependency: 38 God component: 6

Ambiguous interface: 0 Feature concentration: 19

Unstable dependency: 12 Scattered functionality: 0

Dense structure: 1

-Total design smell instances detected-

Imperative abstraction: 2 Multifaceted abstraction: 0

Unnecessary abstraction: 7 Unutilized abstraction: 184

Feature envy: 10 Deficient encapsulation: 137

Unexploited encapsulation: 0 Broken modularization: 1

Cyclically-dependent modularization: 38 Hub-like modularization: 0

Insufficient modularization: 88 Broken hierarchy: 98

Cyclic hierarchy: 2 Deep hierarchy: 0

Missing hierarchy: 1 Multipath hierarchy: 2

Rebellious hierarchy: 4 Wide hierarchy: 3

-Total implementation smell instances detected-

Abstract function call from constructor: 2 Complex conditional: 157

Complex method: 249 Empty catch clause: 90

Long identifier: 6 Long method: 36

Long parameter list: 155 Long statement: 648

Magic number: 4094 Missing default: 121

Done.

D:\Report>

DbFit - Implementation :

Steps to be followed:

1. Download the dataset using this link <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/rio2016/olympic-games>
2. Download Mysql database
3. After installing the mysql database, go to the c drive, look for program files, open java and go to the bin folder then open the command prompt from the bin folder.
4. Try connecting to the mysql database with the below command

```
mysql -u -root -p
```

Enter the password for the root user

5. Create a database using the command - Create Database SQLDatabase;
6. Type Use SQLDATABASE;
7. Create the tables using below commands.

Database Schema:

1) Athletes :

```
CREATE TABLE athletes ( id integer, name VARCHAR(50), nationality VARCHAR(50),sex VARCHAR(50),dob
date,height double precision,weight double precision,sport VARCHAR(50),gold integer,silver
integer,bronze integer,
PRIMARY KEY (id));
```

2) Events:

```
CREATE TABLE events (
id integer,
sport VARCHAR,
discipline VARCHAR,
name VARCHAR,
venues VARCHAR
);
```

DML Statements:

```
COPY athletes(id, name, nationality, sex, dob, height, weight, sport, gold, silver, bronze)
FROM 'C:\Users\ykulk\Desktop\Database\athletes.csv'
DELIMITER ','
CSV HEADER;

select * from athletes;
```

```
COPY events(id, sport, discipline, name, venues)
FROM 'C:\Users\ykulk\Desktop\Database\events.csv'
DELIMITER ','
CSV HEADER;

select * from events;
```

```
COPY countries(country, code, population, gdp_per_capita)
FROM 'C:\Users\ykulk\Desktop\Database\countries.csv'
DELIMITER ','
CSV HEADER;

select * from countries;
```

8. To run DbFit you need Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 7 or higher version.
9. Download the DbFit from this link <http://dbfit.github.io/dbfit/>
10. Unzip the file and run the startFitnesse.bat file in the command line.
11. Wait for the commands to complete and keep the server running.
12. Open the <http://localhost:8085/> in the web browser
13. Open [http://localhost:8085/HelloWorldTest](http://localhost:8085>HelloWorldTest) in your browser. You should see an editor where you can create and run your test page.
14. `!|dbfit.MySqlTest|`

`!|Connect|localhost|dbfit_user|password|dbfit| - This Connects to the mysql.`
15. `!path lib/*.jar` - Add this line below the above commands - In order to load the DbFit extension into FitNesse, your test pages have to load the correct libraries by including the following command:
16. `!|Query|select* from Athletes|`
`|id |name|`

17. Save the page and click on the Test button.

UI Test Setup

In this part of the document, the setup process for UI testing will be explained.

This process was verified on a Windows 11 environment.

1. Install Java SDK 1.8.0_321 version

1. Download Java SDK 1.8.0_321 version for Windows from the link below:

<https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/downloads/#java8-windows>

2. Install Java SDK 1.8.0_321 version

3. Set JAVA_HOME and Path environment variable:

Windows Settings > System > About > Advanced system settings > Environment variables (2)

> 1. Add 'JAVA_HOME' system variable

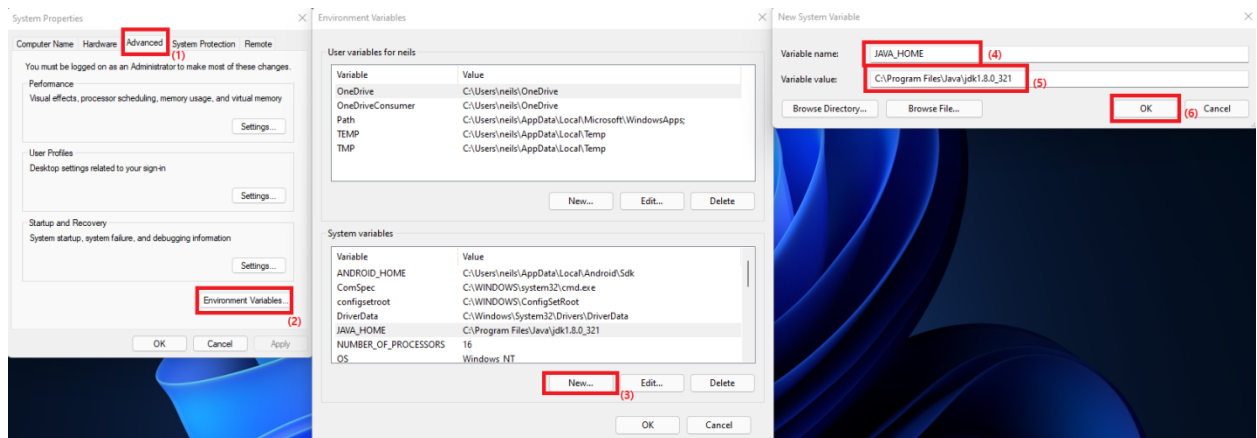
(New (3))

→ Variable name: "JAVA_HOME" (4)

→ Variable value: Java SDK installed location (5)

(e.g. "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_321")

→ Press OK button (6))



> 2. Add "%JAVA_HOME%\bin" folder to 'Path' system variable

(Click 'Path' in the system variable list (3))

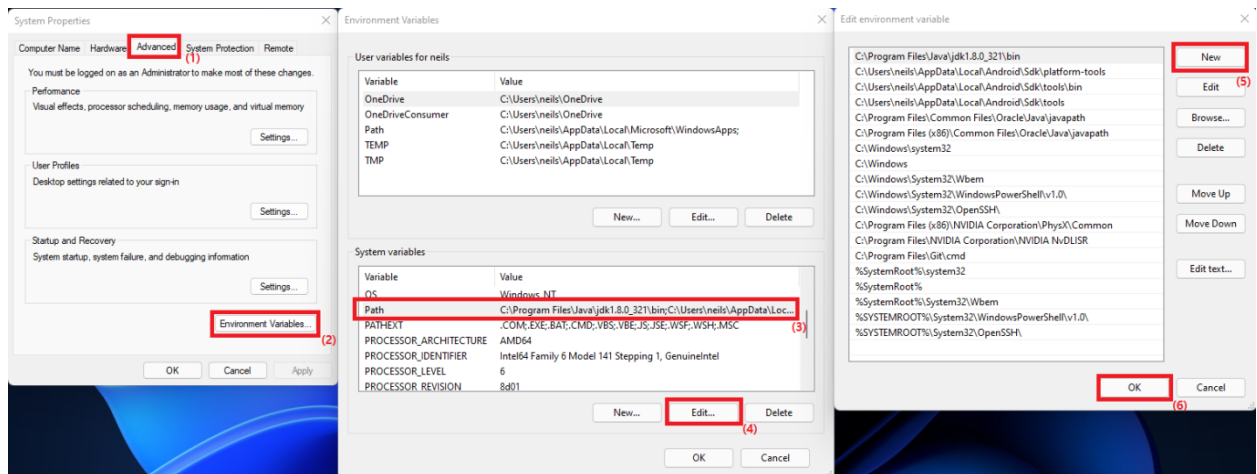
→ Press Edit button (4)

→ Press New button (5)

→ Type 'bin' folder location in the Java SDK installation folder

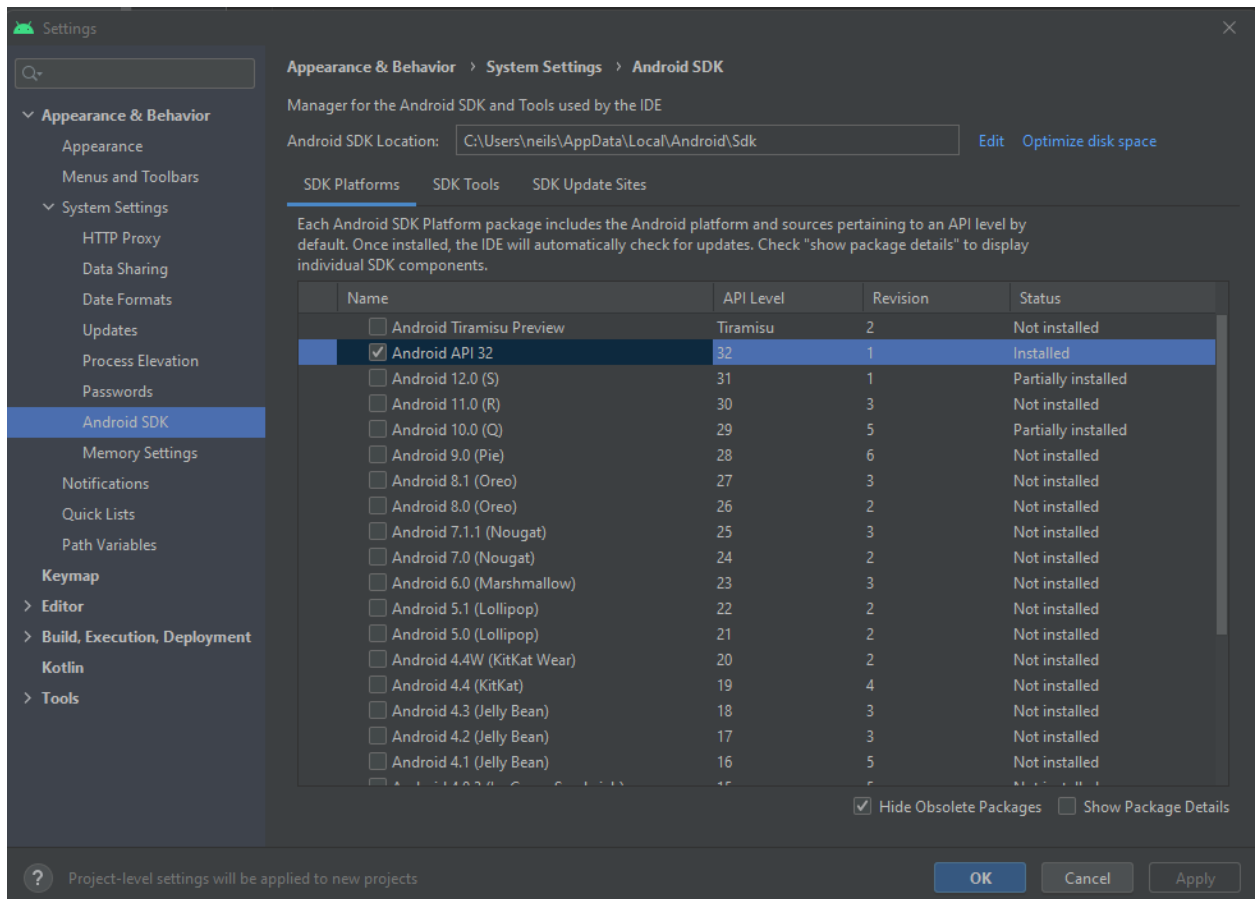
(e.g. "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_321\bin")

→ Press OK button (6))



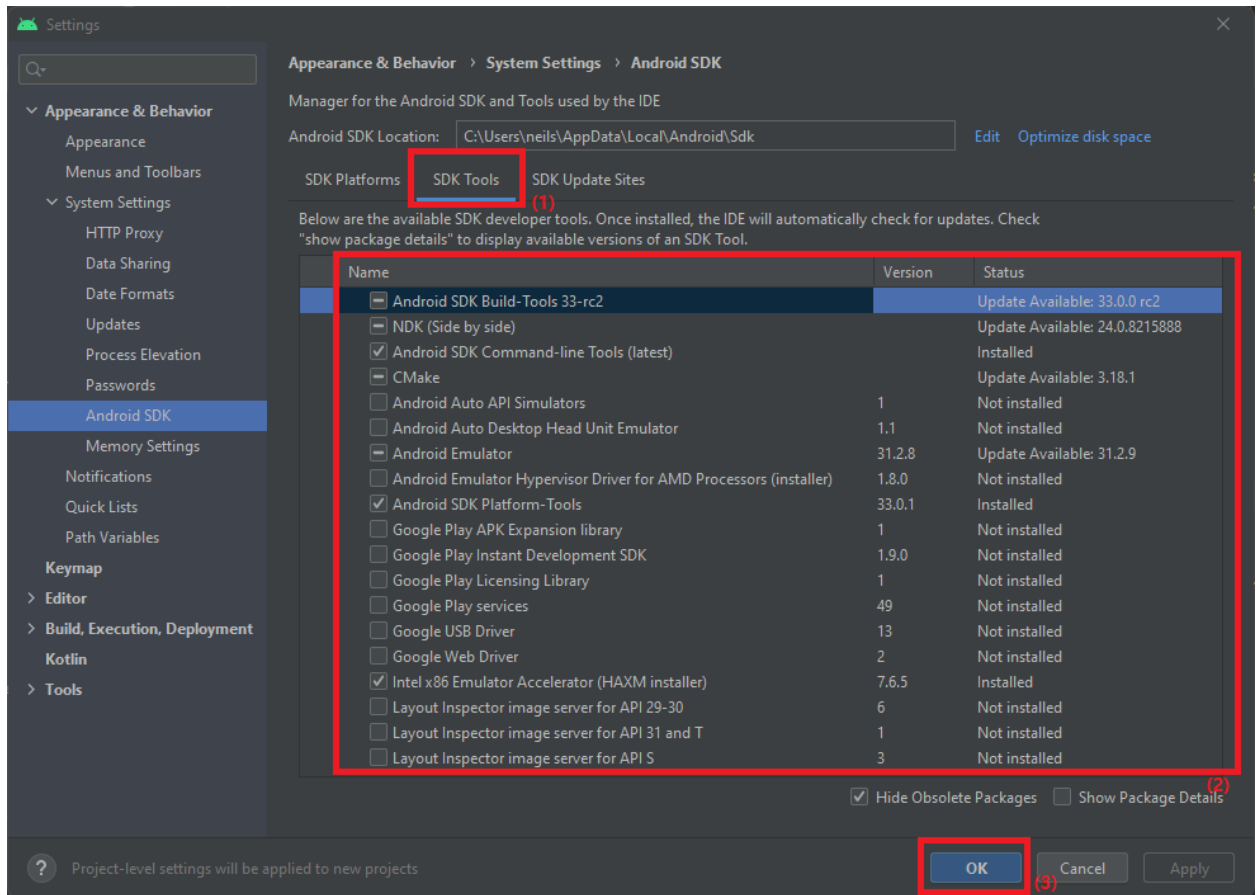
2. Install Android Studio, Android SDK, Android Virtual Device

1. Download Android Studio from the link below:
<https://developer.android.com/studio>
2. Install Android Studio
3. Create any empty project to start Android Studio
4. Open Android SDK manager (Settings > Appearance & Behavior > System Settings > Android SDK)
5. Select "Android API 32" and press the OK button to install it.



6. Open "SDK tools" tab and install the following tools:

- Android SDK Build-Tools
- Android SDK Platform-Tools
- Android SDK Command-line Tools
- Intel x86 Emulator Accelerator (HAXM installer)
- Android Emulator
- CMake



7. Set ANDROID_HOME and Path environment variable:

Windows Settings > System > About > Advanced system settings > Environment variables (2)

> 1. Add 'ANDRIOD_HOME' system variable

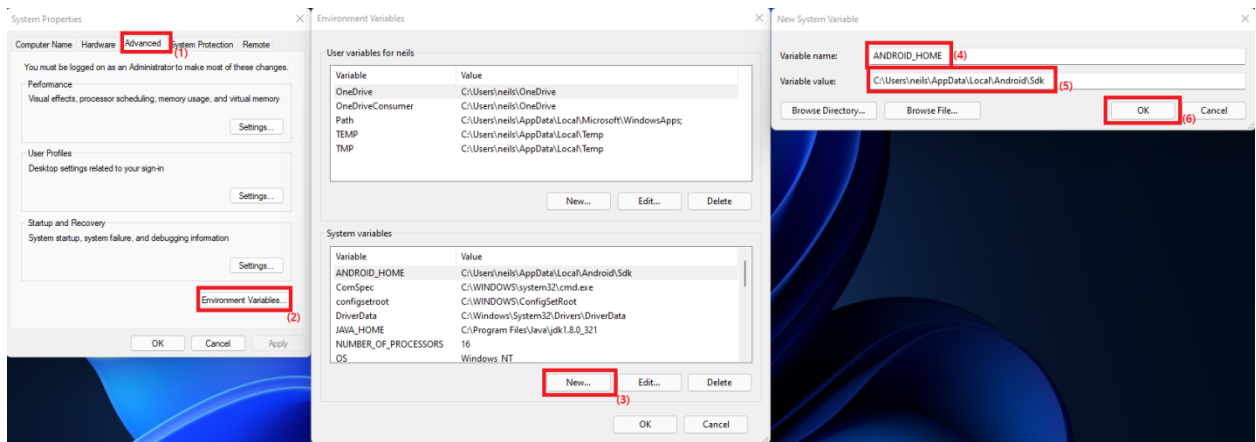
(New (3))

→ Variable name: "ANDROID_HOME" (4)

→ Variable value: Android SDK installed location (5)

(e.g. "C:\Users\neils\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk")

→ Press OK button (6))



> 2. Add “platform-tools”, “tools\bin”, and “tools” folder in Android SDK folder to ‘Path’ system variable

(Click ‘Path’ in the system variable list (3))

→ Press Edit button (4)

→ Press New button (5)

→ Enter ‘platform-tools’ folder location in the Java SDK installation folder
(e.g. “C:\Users\neils\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk\platform-tools”)

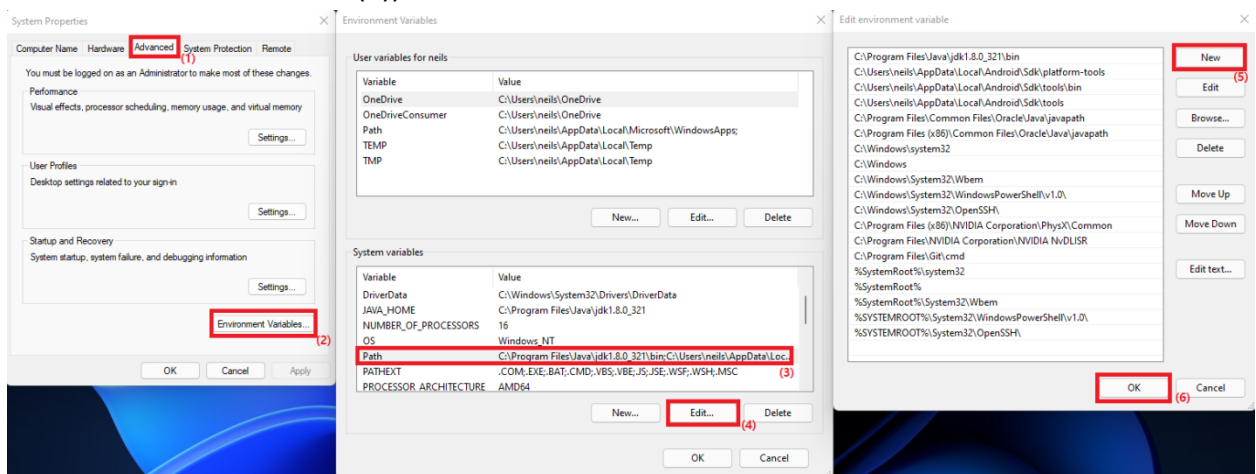
→ Press New button (5)

→ Enter ‘tools\bin’ folder location in the Java SDK installation folder
(e.g. “C:\Users\neils\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk\tools\bin”)

→ Press New button (5)

→ Enter ‘tools’ folder location in the Java SDK installation folder
(e.g. “C:\Users\neils\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk\tools”)

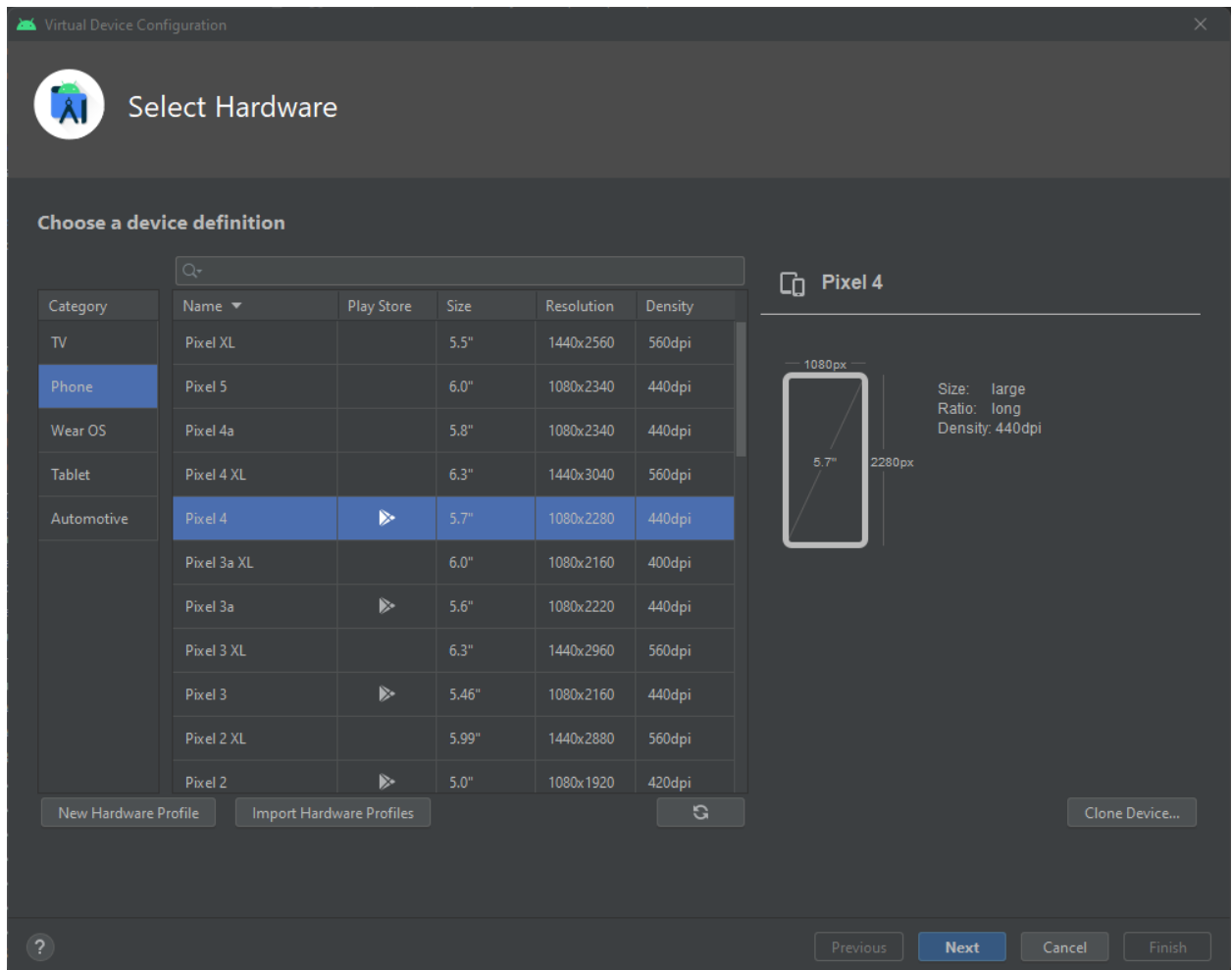
→ Press OK button (6)



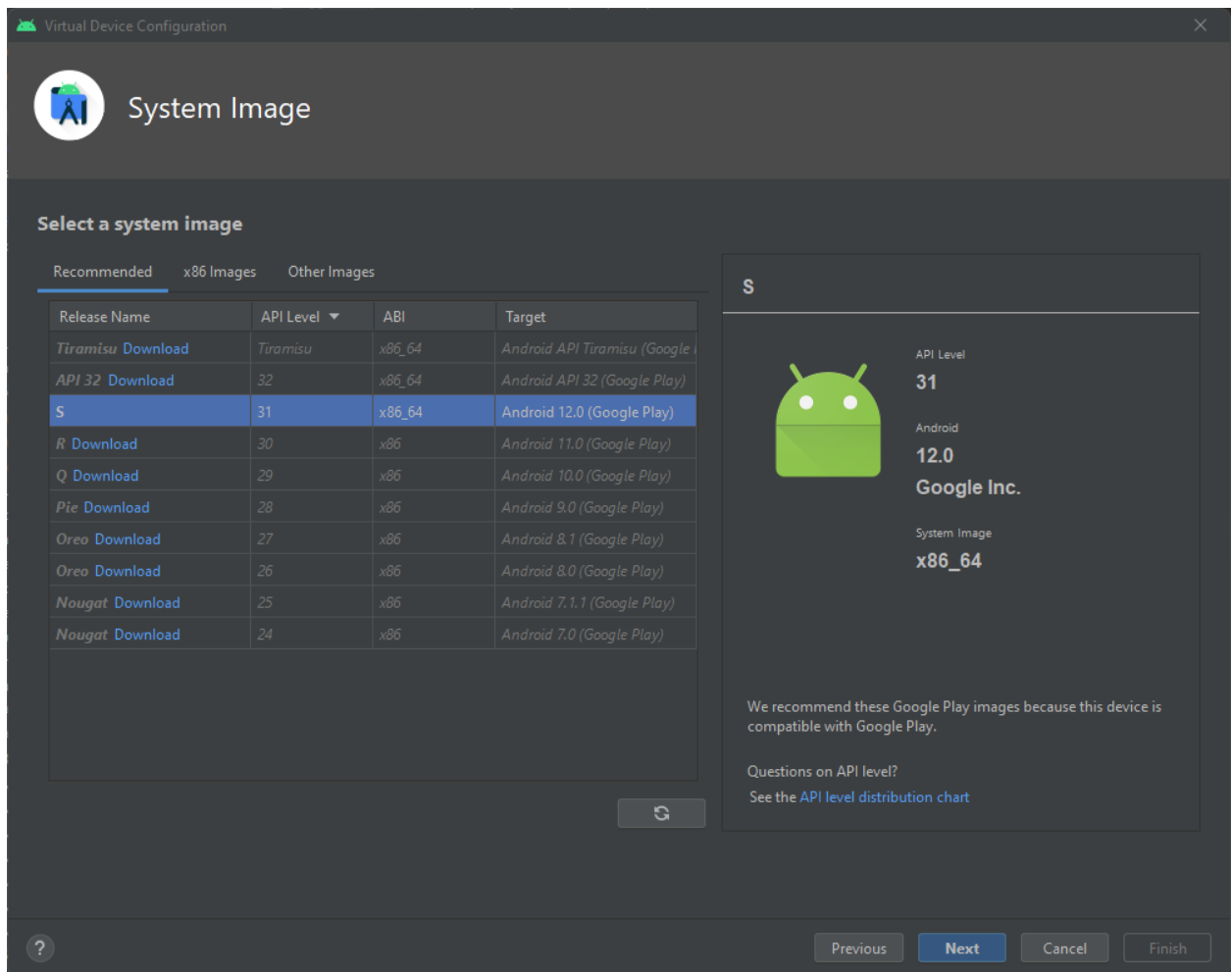
3. Create an Android Virtual Device

1. Android Studio > Tools > Device Manager > Create device >

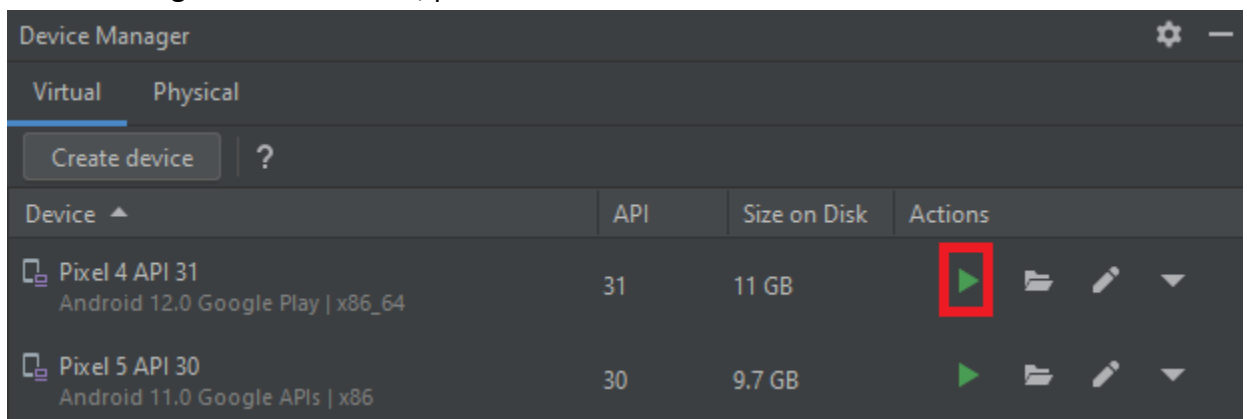
2. Select Hardware: “Phone” > “Pixel 4” > “Next”



3. Select a system image: “API Level 31” (Release Name: “S”) > “Next”



4. Press "Finish" button
5. After creating the virtual device, press Start button next to the device created.



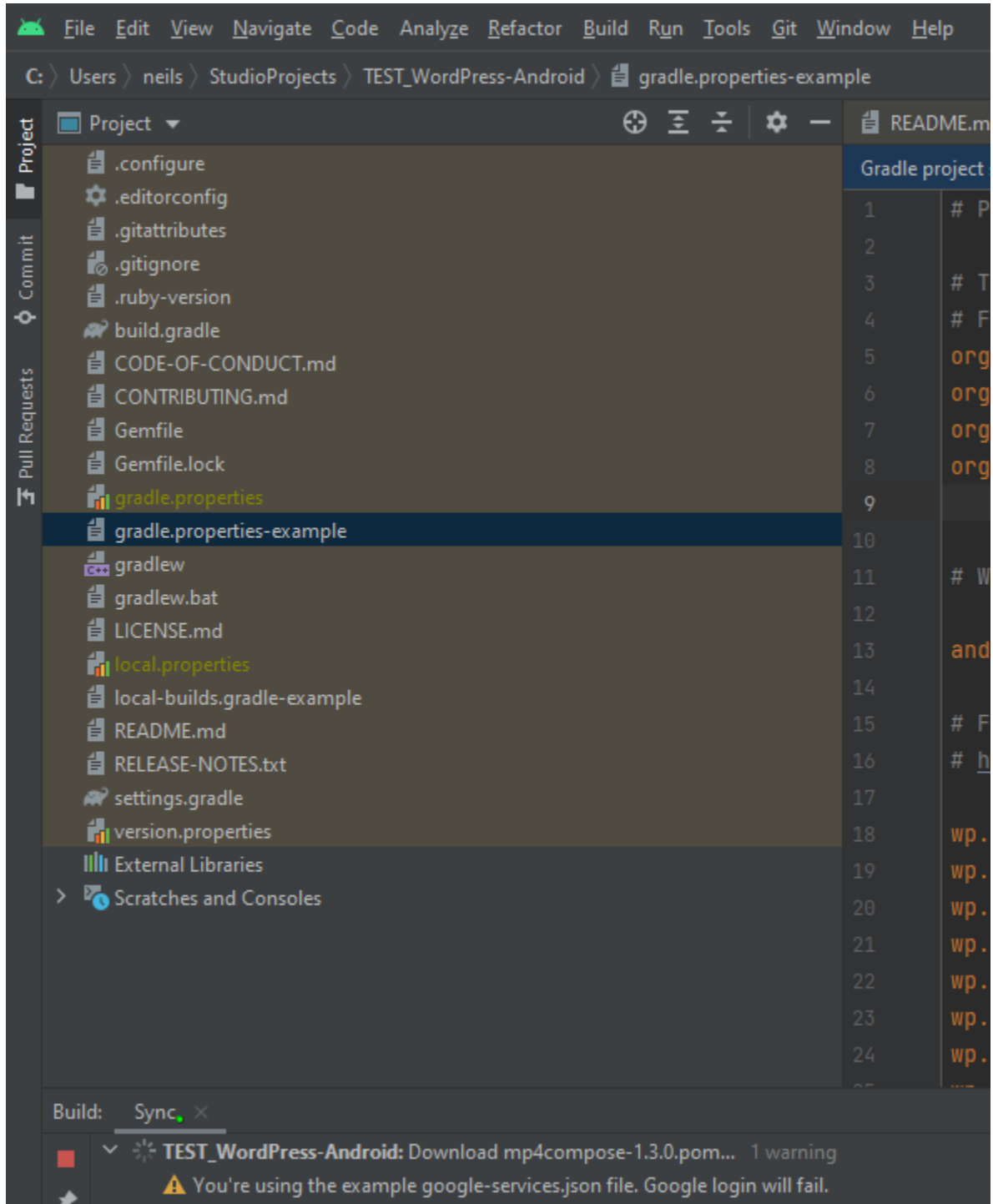
4. Download and import WordPress Android app on Android Studio

1. Android Studio > Git > Clone
2. Type WordPress-Android's repository url:

<https://github.com/wordpress-mobile/WordPress-Android>

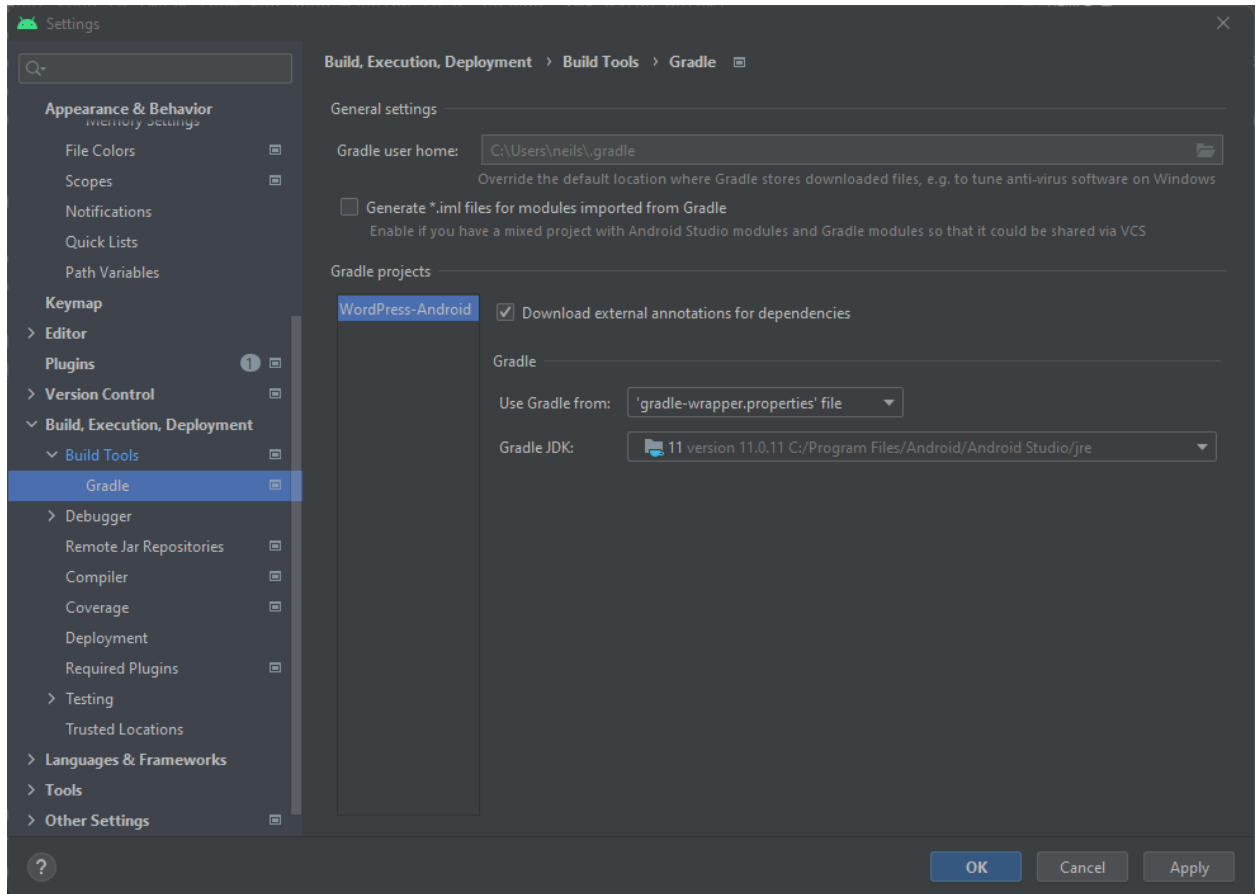
Then, Android Studio will download the source code.

3. After downloading the source code and opening the project, Android Studio will automatically try to build the app. However it might fail because “gradle.properties” file does not exist. Copy “gradle.properties-example” and paste it as “gradle.properties”



4. Gradle JDK needs to be changed to Java SDK 11 version.

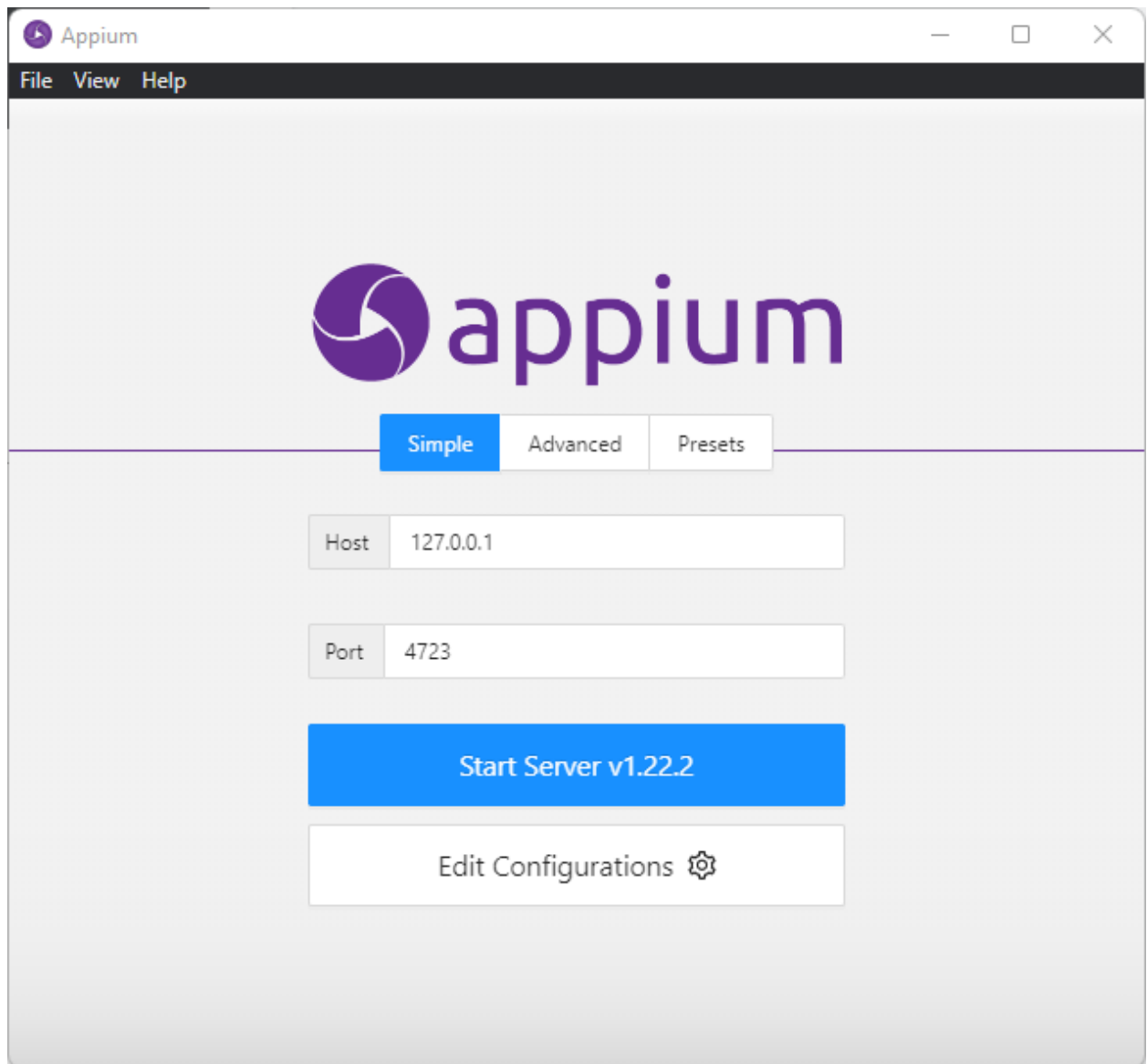
Android Studio > File > Settings > Build, Execution, Deployment > Build Tools > Gradle > Gradle
JDK: “11 version”



5. Test run the app

5. Download and install Appium Server, Appium Inspector

1. Download and install Appium Server from:
<https://github.com/appium/appium-desktop/releases/tag/v1.22.3>
2. Open Appium Server GUI
3. Put 127.0.0.1 for Host, and '4723' for Port. Then press Start Server button



4. Then, Appium Server will start
5. Download and install Appium Inspector from:
<https://github.com/appium/appium-inspector/releases>

2022.2.1

Latest

What's Changed

- fix: add connectionRetryTimeout in attaching to an existing session #290
- include sauce:options by default and give job a name #285

Full Changelog: [v2022.1.2...v2022.2.1](#)

▼ Assets

12

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Appium-Inspector-2022.2.1-mac.zip | 93.5 MB |
| Appium-Inspector-linux-2022.2.1.AplImage | 95.9 MB |
| Appium-Inspector-mac-2022.2.1.dmg | 97.8 MB |
| Appium-Inspector-mac-2022.2.1.dmg.blockmap | 105 KB |
| Appium-Inspector-windows-2022.2.1.exe | 136 MB |
| Appium-Inspector-windows-2022.2.1.exe.blockmap | 143 KB |
| Appium-Inspector-windows-2022.2.1.zip | 95.1 MB |
| Appium-Inspector-2022.2.1-mac.zip.blockmap | 102 KB |
| latest-linux.yml | 405 Bytes |
| latest-mac.yml | 529 Bytes |
| Source code (zip) | |
| Source code (tar.gz) | |

👍 8

👏 3

🗨️ 2

13 people reacted

6. Remote Host: 127.0.0.1

Remote

Port:

4723

Remote

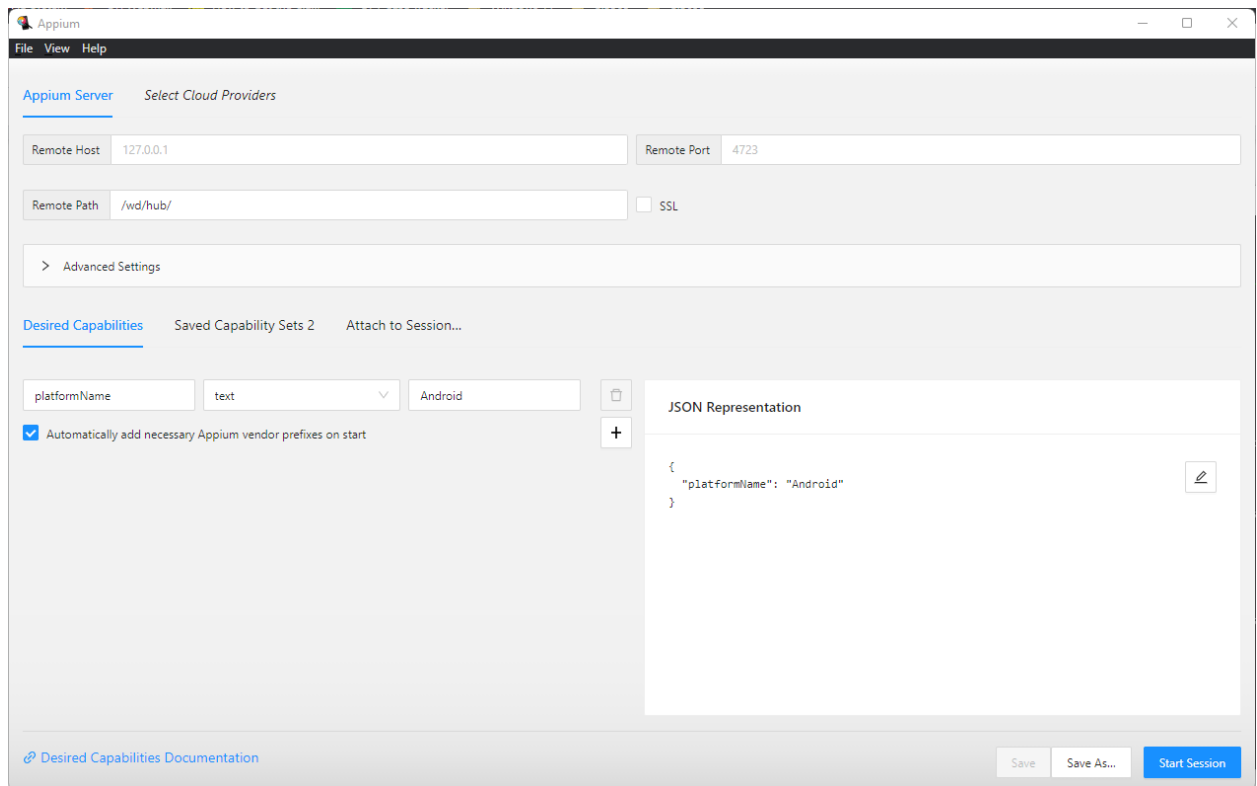
Path:

/wd/hub/

Desired Capabilities >

Name: platformName

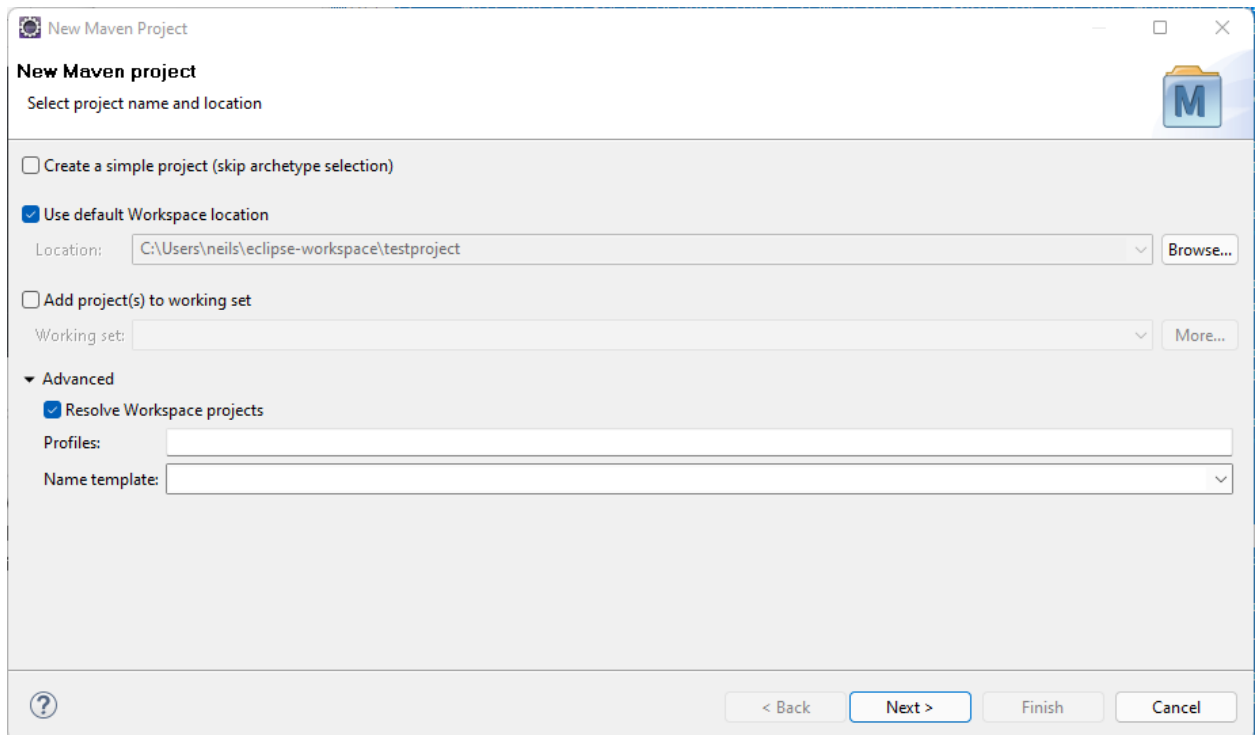
Value: Android



7. Press Start Session button on the bottom right.

6. Download and setup Eclipse and TestNG

1. Download Eclipse IDE for Java EE Developers:
<https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/>
2. Launch Eclipse, select "Help" > "Install New Software" from the menu bar.
Paste "http://beust.com/eclipse" into the "Work with:" field and press Enter. Eclipse will take a while to fetch the relevant package to display, select the checkbox next to TestNG and click "Next" to complete the dialogue. Eclipse will take a while to install the TestNG package and then prompt you to restart Eclipse.
3. Eclipse > File > New > Maven Project
4. Next



New Maven Project
Select project name and location

☐ Create a simple project (skip archetype selection)

☒ Use default Workspace location

Location:

☐ Add project(s) to working set

Working set:

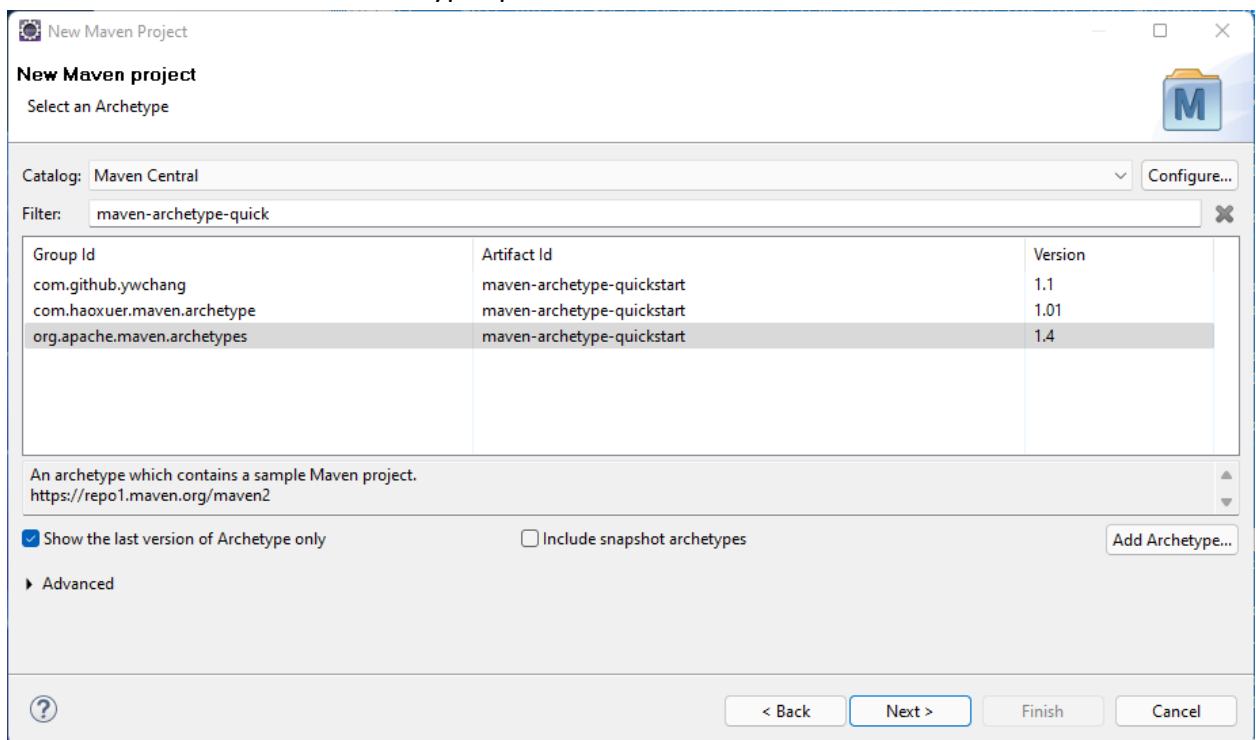
▼ Advanced

☒ Resolve Workspace projects

Profiles:

Name template:

5. Select the following Archetype
 - a. Group ID: org.apache.maven.archetypes
 - b. Artifact ID: maven-archetype-quickstart



New Maven Project
Select an Archetype

Catalog:

Filter:

| Group Id | Artifact Id | Version |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------|
| com.github.ywchang | maven-archetype-quickstart | 1.1 |
| com.haoxuer.maven.archetype | maven-archetype-quickstart | 1.01 |
| org.apache.maven.archetypes | maven-archetype-quickstart | 1.4 |

An archetype which contains a sample Maven project.
<https://repo1.maven.org/maven2>

☒ Show the last version of Archetype only ☐ Include snapshot archetypes

► Advanced

6. Type the following and press Finish button:
 - a. Group ID: com.appium-temp.test

- b. Artifact ID: testproject
- c. Package: com.appium_temp.test.testproject

New Maven Project

New Maven project

Specify Archetype parameters

Group Id:

Artifact Id:

Version:

Package:

Properties available from archetype:

| Name | Value |
|------|-------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

[Add...](#)
[Remove](#)

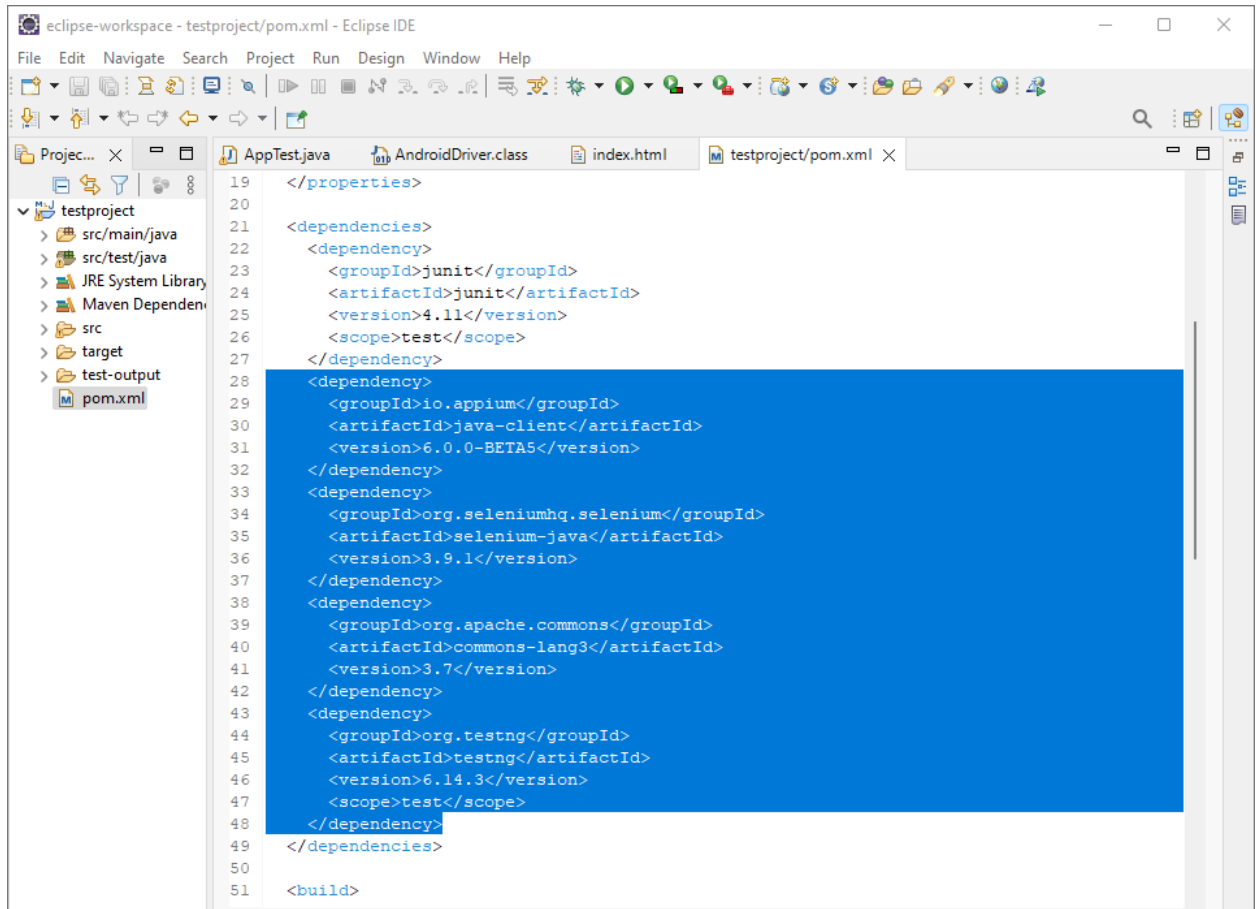
► Advanced

[< Back](#) [Next >](#) **Finish** [Cancel](#)

7. After the project is created, select “pom.xml” file and add the following dependencies:

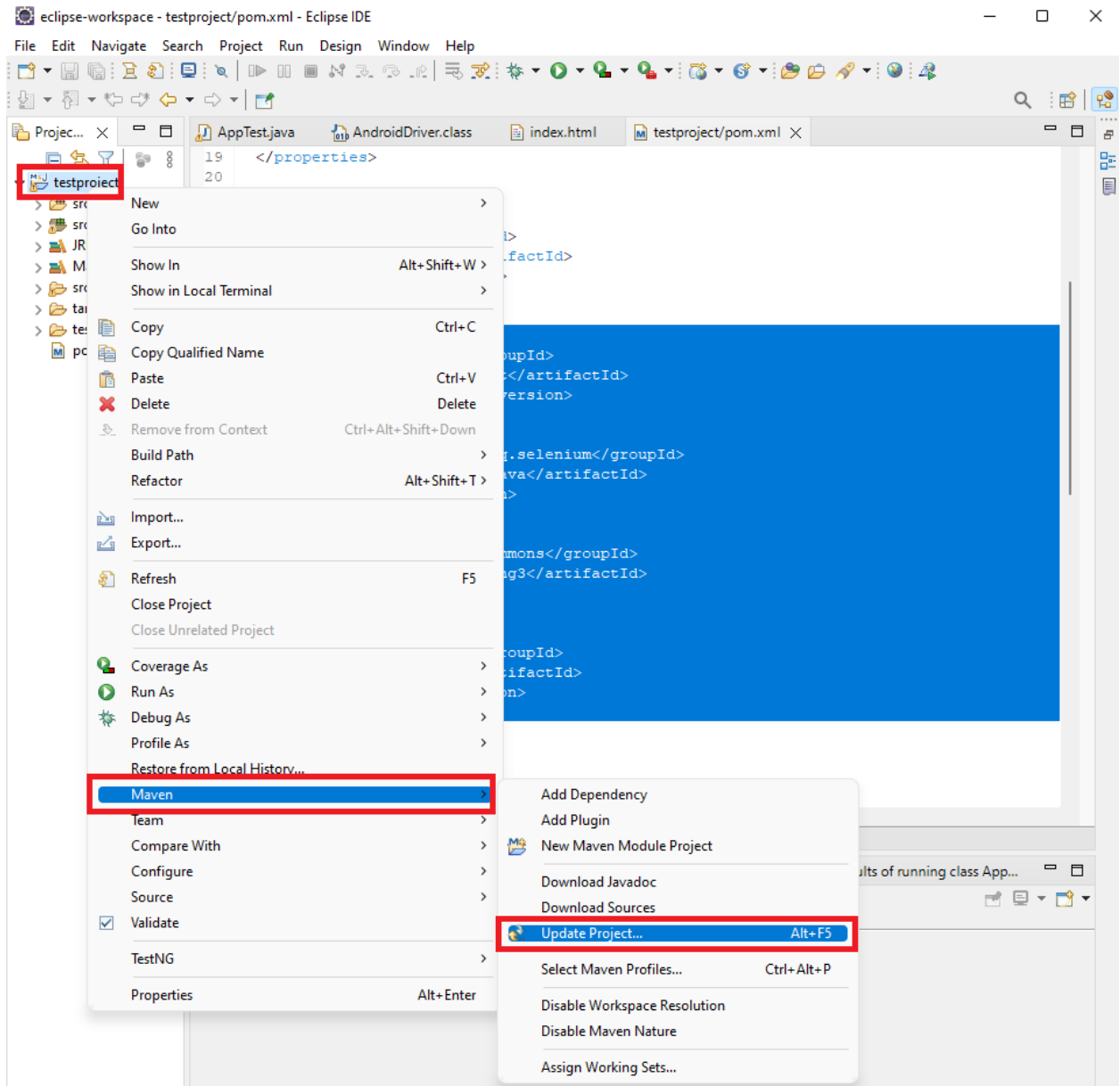
```
<dependency>
  <groupId>io.appium</groupId>
  <artifactId>java-client</artifactId>
  <version>6.0.0-BETA5</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium</groupId>
  <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
  <version>3.9.1</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.apache.commons</groupId>
  <artifactId>commons-lang3</artifactId>
  <version>3.7</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
```

```
<groupId>org.testng</groupId>
<artifactId>testng</artifactId>
<version>6.14.3</version>
<scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```



Then, save the file.

8. On the Project panel, right-click the project name > Maven > Update Project



9. Open `/src/test/java > com.appium_temp.test.testproject > AppTest.java` and paste the following code:

```
package com.appium_temp.test.testproject;

import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.net.URL;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.remote.DesiredCapabilities;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.ExpectedConditions;
import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait;
import org.testng.annotations.BeforeSuite;
import org.testng.annotations.AfterSuite;
import org.testng.annotations.BeforeMethod;
import org.testng.annotations.BeforeTest;
import org.testng.annotations.Test;
import io.appium.java_client.MobileElement;
```

```

import io.appium.java_client.TouchAction;
import io.appium.java_client.android.AndroidDriver;
import io.appium.java_client.remote.MobileCapabilityType;
import org.junit.Assert;
public class AppTestForDemo {
    public static URL url;
    public static DesiredCapabilities capabilities;
    public static AndroidDriver<MobileElement> driver;
    public static WebDriverWait wait;

    @BeforeSuite
    public void setupAppium() throws MalformedURLException {

        final String URL_STRING = "http://127.0.0.1:4723/wd/hub";
        url = new URL(URL_STRING);

        capabilities = new DesiredCapabilities();
        capabilities.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.DEVICE_NAME, "Android Device");
        capabilities.setCapability("appPackage", "org.wordpress.android.prealpha");
        capabilities.setCapability("appActivity", "org.wordpress.android.ui.WPLaunchActivity");
        capabilities.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.NO_RESET, true);
        capabilities.setCapability(MobileCapabilityType.AUTOMATION_NAME, "UiAutomator2");
        //4
        driver = new AndroidDriver<MobileElement>(url, capabilities);
        driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(2, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
        driver.resetApp();

        wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, 30);
    }

    @BeforeMethod
    public void setupBeforeEachMethod() throws InterruptedException {
        driver.resetApp();
    }

    @AfterSuite
    public void uninstallApp() throws InterruptedException {
        driver.resetApp();
    }

    @Test (enabled=true) public void loginTest001InvalidEmailFormat() throws InterruptedException {

        wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/continue_with_wpcom_button")));
        driver.findElement(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/continue_with_wpcom_button")).click();

        wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/input")));
        driver.findElement(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/input")).sendKeys("invalid_email_format");

        wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/login_continue_button")));
        driver.findElement(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/login_continue_button")).click();

        wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/text_input_error_icon")));
        wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/textinput_error")));
        Assert.assertEquals(driver.findElement(By.id("org.wordpress.android.prealpha:id/textinput_error")).getText(), "Enter a valid email address");
    }
}

```

10. Run the code.

Performance testing:

Jmeter Setup and implementation:

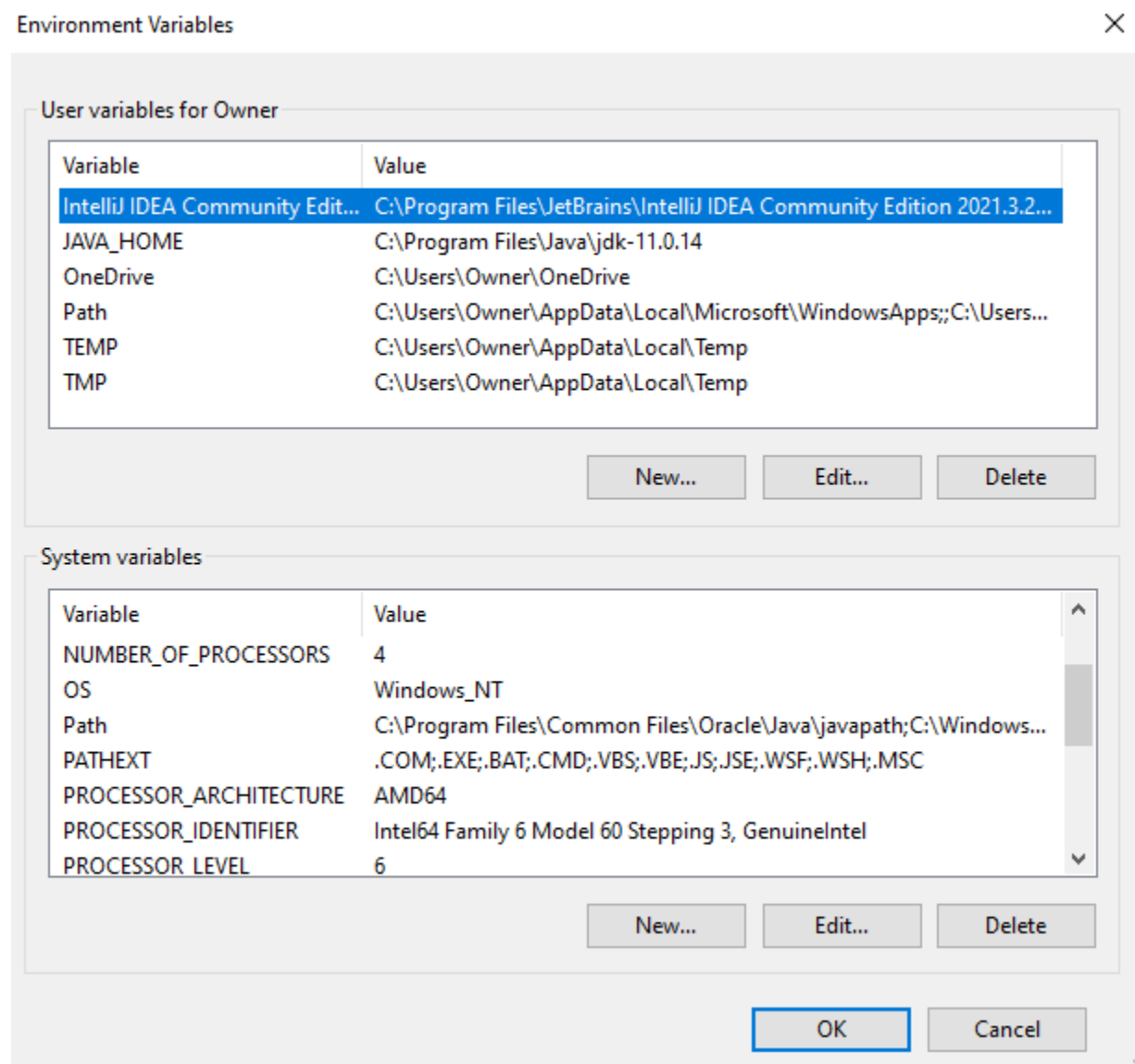
Install java jdk 11.0.4 from following website

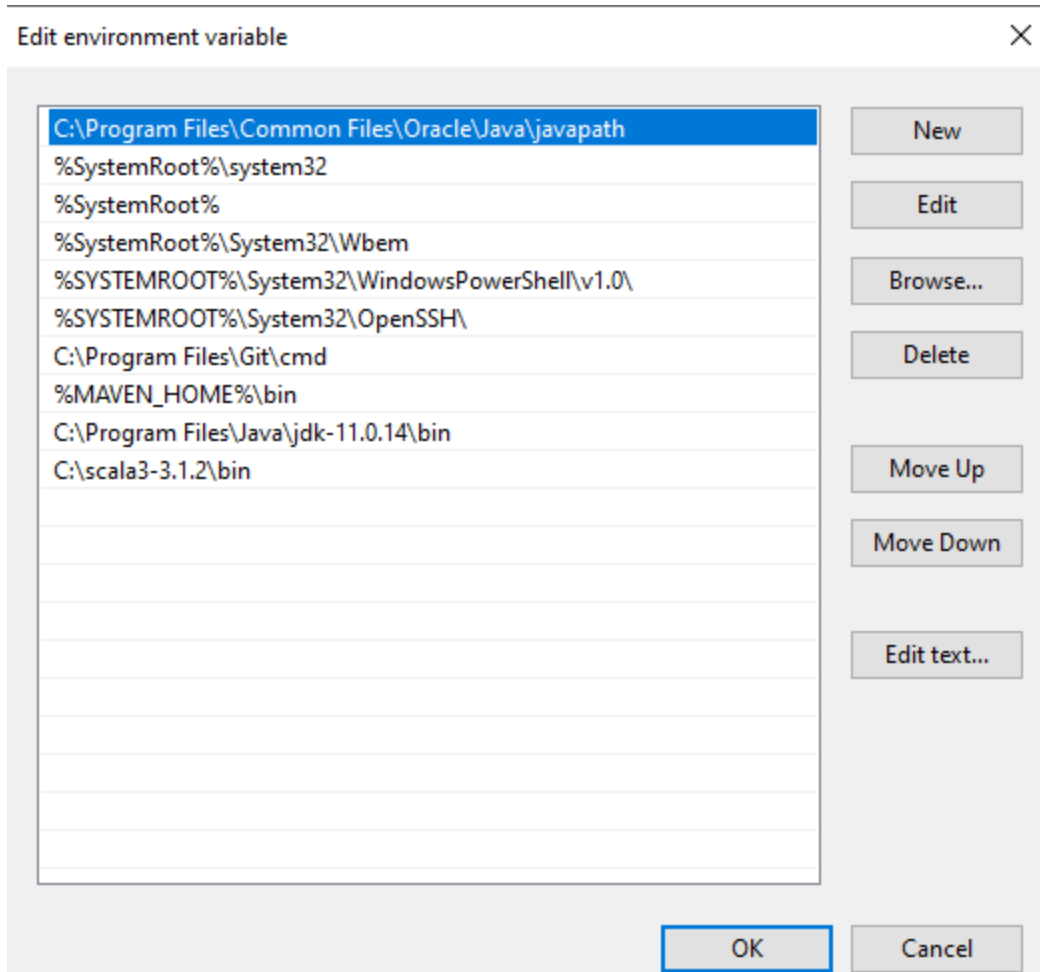
<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1AfckoQ947dhBYXEooFwZb6r1QzwHGW6i/edit>

Install Jmeter from the following site

https://jmeter.apache.org/download_jmeter.cgi

After installation environment Variable name and path variable should be declared steps are following





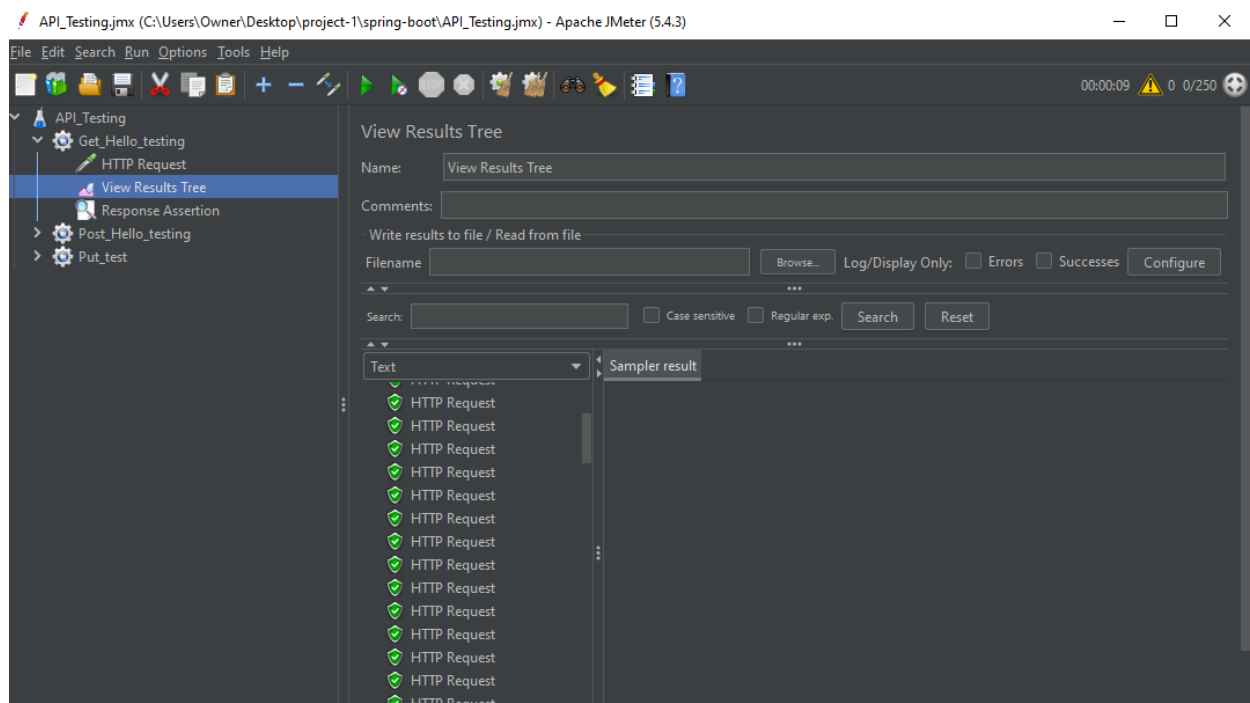
Open the apache jmeter from jmeter.bat under the Apache jmeter folder. Then write the test cases for following project:

<https://github.com/TechPrimers/spring-boot-swagger-example>

In Jmeter IDE following steps have taken for testing the project

add>thread group>sampler>listener>assertion

The result in the IDE will be shown in the following



For Gatling Installation :

<https://gatling.io/>

This is the gatling website from there the gatling zip file has been uploaded.

unzip the gatling folder.

For running the gatling we also need scala,maven and java.

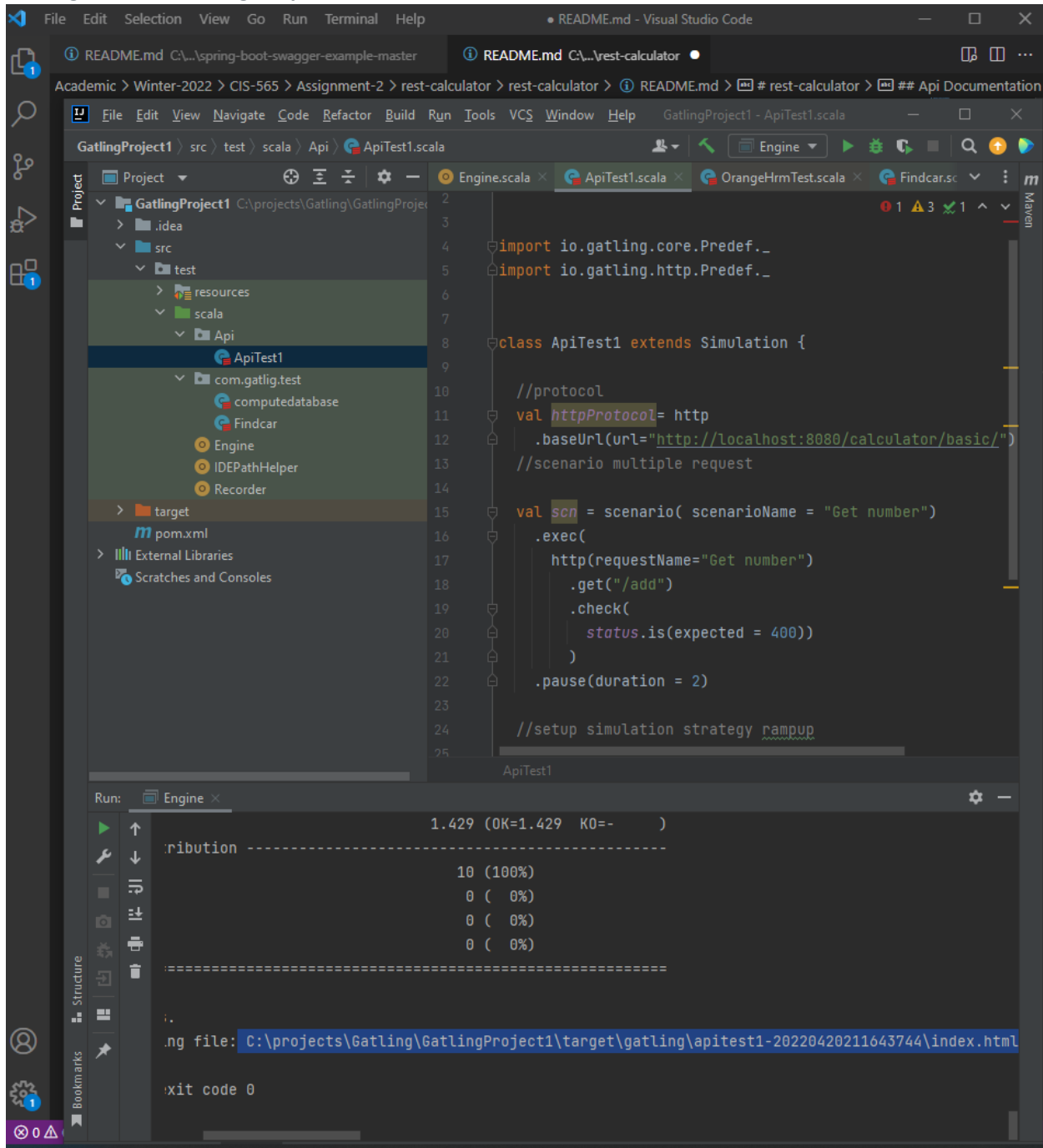
After installing all the prerequisites tools for gatling I created a maven project from the following command prompt:

Create a folder>Open CMD>navigate to folder>run command maven Create a fold

er>Open CMD>navigate to folder>run command maven archetype:generate

It will create a project then open it in the IntelliJ IDE

It will give the following output:




For Recording, here a Open source project is used and after recording it will create a HAR file then open it to a gatling web recorder.

for open a gatling web recorder window :

Goto >project>recorder class>run

It will show the following window

Gatling Recorder - Configuration

 **Gatling**

Recorder mode: HTTP Proxy

Network

Listening port*: localhost HTTP/HTTPS 8000 HTTPS mode: Self-signed Certificate

Outgoing proxy: host: HTTP Username Password

Simulation Information

Package: Class Name*: RecordedSimulation Format: Java 8

☒ Follow Redirects? ☒ Infer HTML resources? ☒ Automatic Referers? ☒ Remove cache headers?

☐ Use Class Name as request prefix? ☐ Use HTTP method and URI as request postfix? ☐ Save & check response bodies?

Output

Simulations folder*: C:\gatling-charts-highcharts-bundle-3.7.6\user-files\simulations **Browse**

Encoding: Unicode (UTF-8)

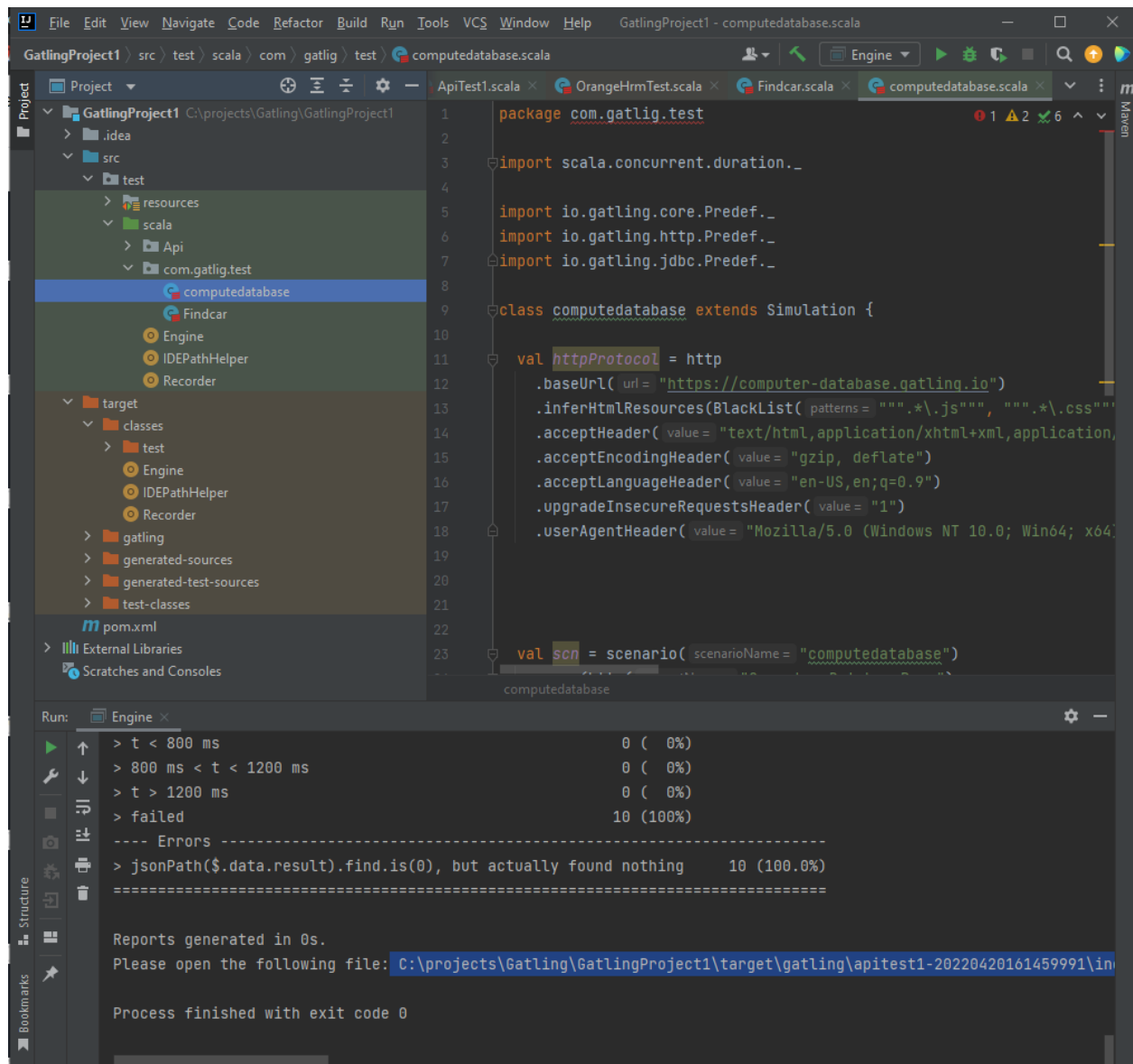
Filters

Java regular expressions that match the entire URI **Enable Filters**

| AllowList | DenyList |
|----------------------|--|
| <div>+ - Clear</div> | <div>+ - Clear No static resources</div> |

Save preferences ☐ **Start!**

Import the HAR file in this gatling recorder and click the start button so it will generate a simulation script in the IDE.



Then Run the engine class and execute the report



Then we can use various API method and scenarios, ramp up, protocol under this simulation script:

File Edit View Navigate Code Refactor Build Run Tools VCS Window Help GatlingProject1 - ApiTest1.scala

GatlingProject1 > target

Project

- GatlingProject1 C:\projects\Gatling\GatlingProject1
 - .idea
 - src
 - test
 - resources
 - scala
 - Api
 - ApiTest1
 - com.gatling.test
 - computedatabase
 - Findcar
 - Engine
 - IDEPathHelper
 - Recorder
 - target
 - pom.xml
 - External Libraries
 - Scratches and Consoles

Engine.scala x ApiTest1.scala x OrangeHrmTest.scala x Findcar.sc x

```
1 package Api
2
3
4 import io.gatling.core.Predef._
5 import io.gatling.http.Predef._
6
7
8 class ApiTest1 extends Simulation {
9
10     //protocol
11     val httpProtocol= http
12         .baseUrl(url="http://localhost:8080/calculator/basic/")
13     //scenario multiple request
14
15     val scn = scenario( scenarioName = "Get number")
16     .exec(
17         http(requestName="Get number")
18             .get("/add")
19             .check(
20                 status.is(expected = 400))
21             )
22     .pause(duration = 2)
23
24 }
```

Run: Engine x

1.429 (OK=1.429 KO=-)

tribution -----

| | |
|----|--------|
| 10 | (100%) |
| 0 | (0%) |
| 0 | (0%) |
| 0 | (0%) |

=====

ng file: C:\projects\Gatling\GatlingProject1\target\gatling\apitest1-20220420211643744\index.html

xit code 0

After modifying the simulation Run the engine class and get report:

