Gender Identity & Safe Space in School

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Proposal

I'd like to do a final project about creating safe spaces for people of all gender identities in our schools. The purpose would be to inform and empower school leaders with information and tools for preserving the safety and dignity of all students, especially those who do not easily fit into the categories of male and female.

Goals for site:

- Provide quick access to information for educators and GSA organizers.
- Create a feeling of acceptance, safety, and community.
- Inspire activism, creativity, and motivation.
- Provide in-depth information, demonstrations, and external resources for deeper study.

The target audience would be students, faculty, and administration wishing to create or bolster a GSA (Gay-Straight-Alliance) at their school. It could also be used by parents and counselors.

Users would be seeking information and education, as well as tools for improving the openness and safety of their school. Content should be straightforward with extra demonstrations to illustrate the principles of gender identity. The site should motivate users to begin championing equality and safety for students of all genders in ours schools.

User Profile

Users:

The target audience would be students, faculty, and administration wishing to create or bolster a GSA (Gay-Straight-Alliance) at their school. It could also be used by parents and counselors.

Context of use:

Users would be seeking information and education, as well as tools for improving the openness and safety of their school. Content should be straightforward with extra demonstrations to illustrate the principles of gender identity. The site should motivate users to begin championing equality and safety for students of all genders in ours schools.

Competitive Analysis







GSANetwork www.gsanetwork.org

The GSA Network's website serves a very similar function, with a fairly clean layout. Line-lengths may be a bit long and line-height may be a bit short for readability. The color choices avoid the obvious purple and rainbows, but still uses enough color to energize a user. Background design elements are a bit too much and become distracting.

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Intersex Society of North America www.isna.org

ISNA focuses on the biology of gender, but still provides toolkits and FAQs regarding gender identity. The site is boring and clinical would not appeal to students.

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Planned Parenthood www.plannedparenthood.org

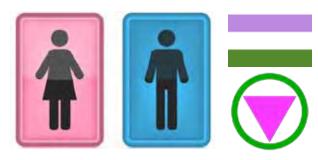
Planned Parenthood also avoides purple and rainbows, which is nice, but not unexpected since it serves a larger function. The site is clean and does a good job of guiding the user, but a more specialized site could provide a more focused experience for exploring gender identity issues and school safety.

Mood Board



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Images





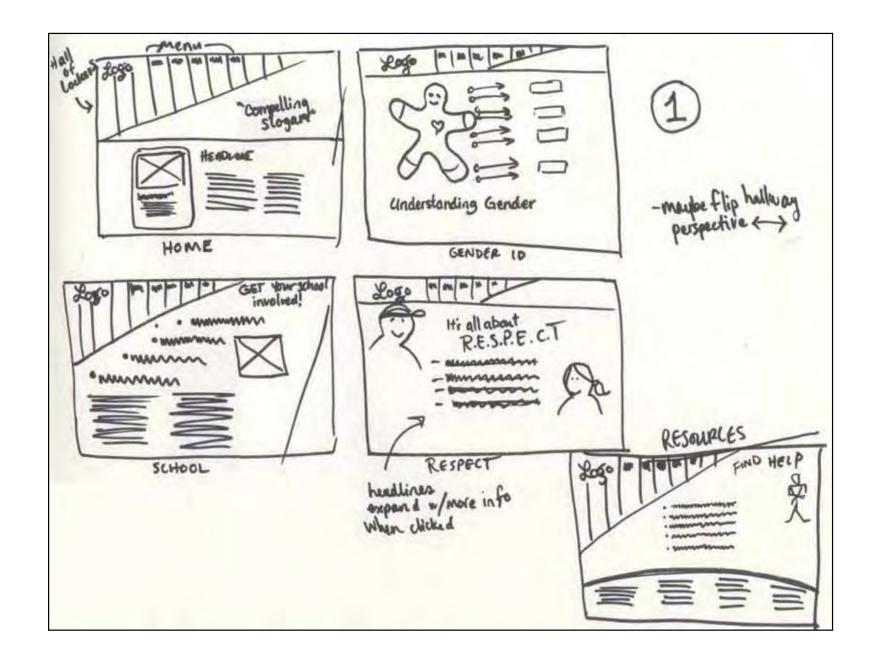




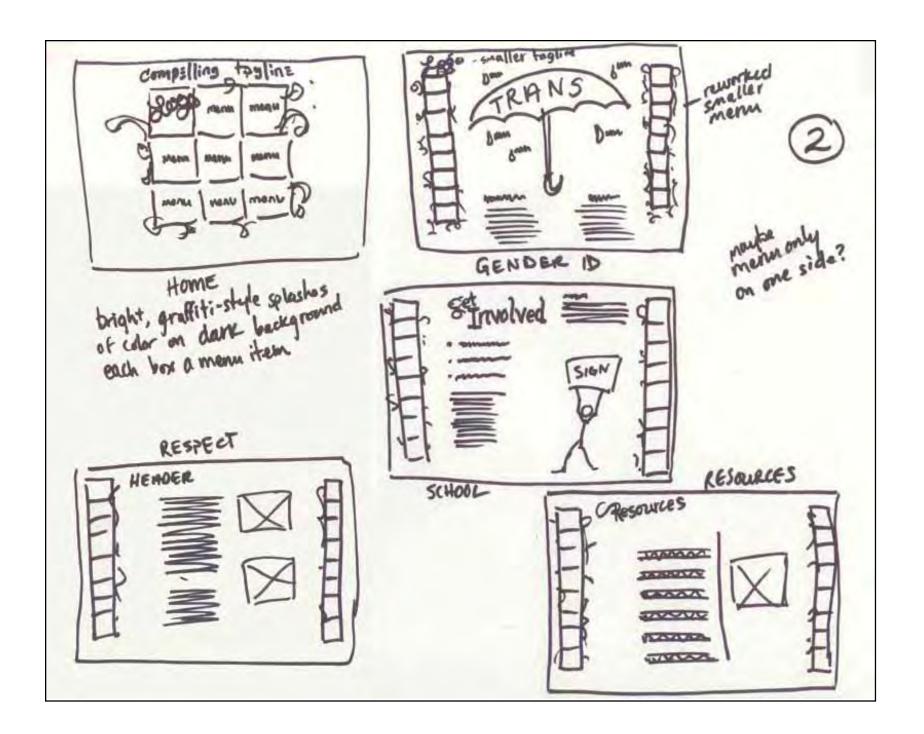


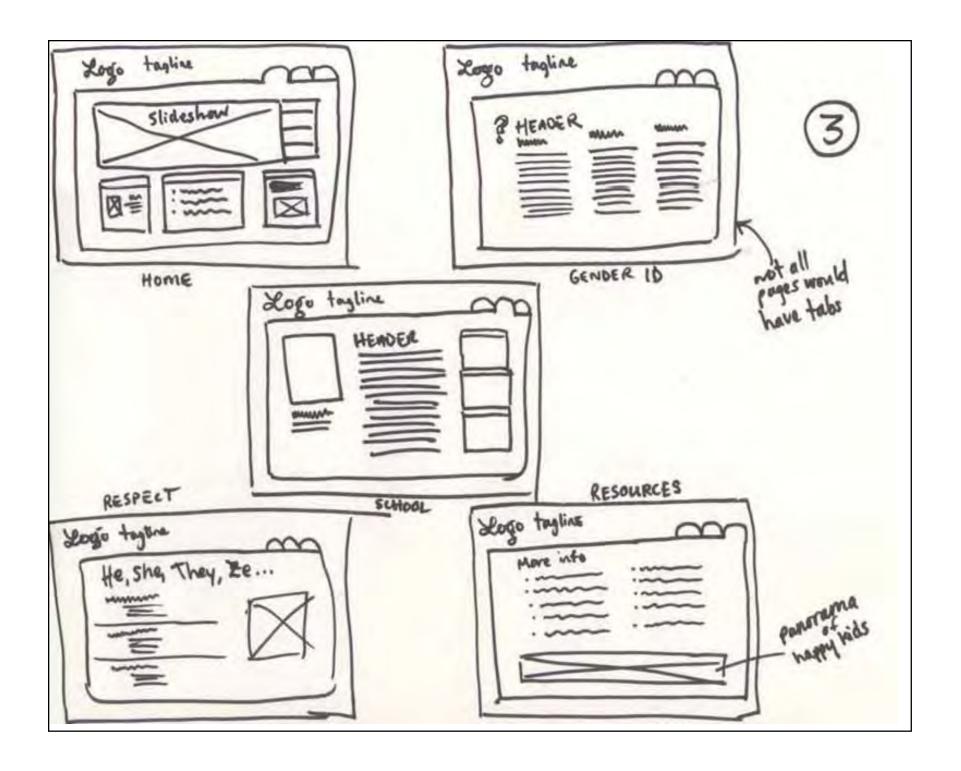


Thumbnails

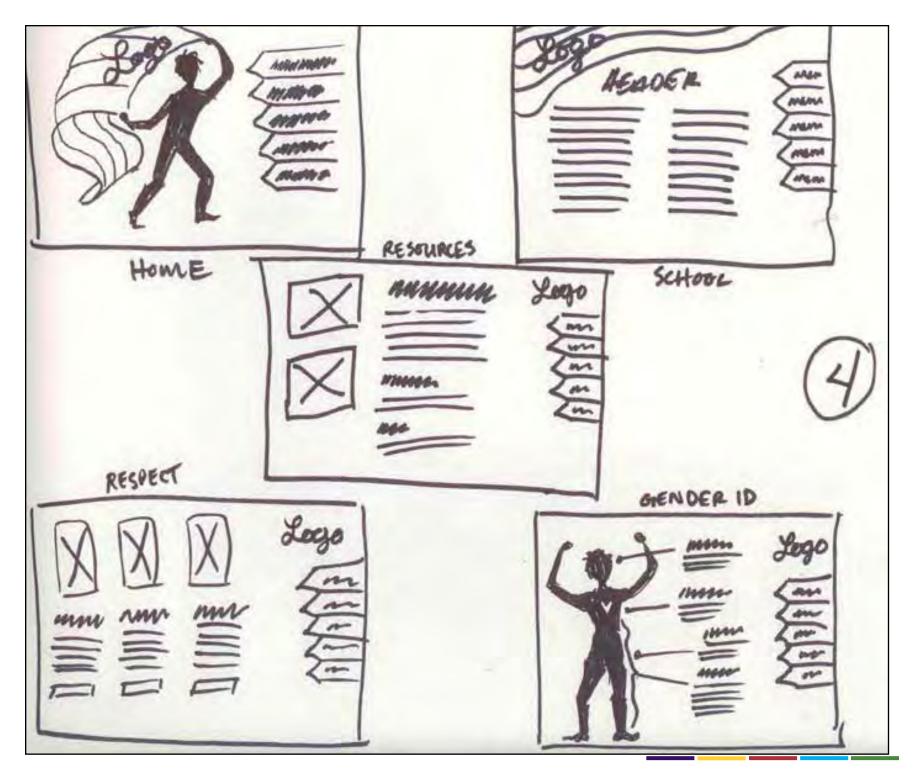


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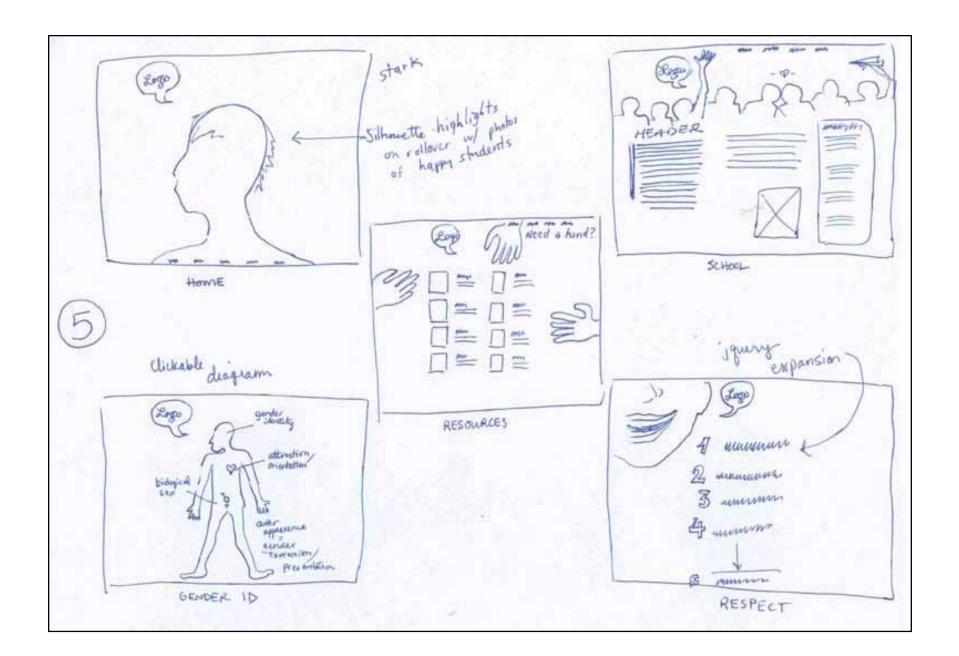


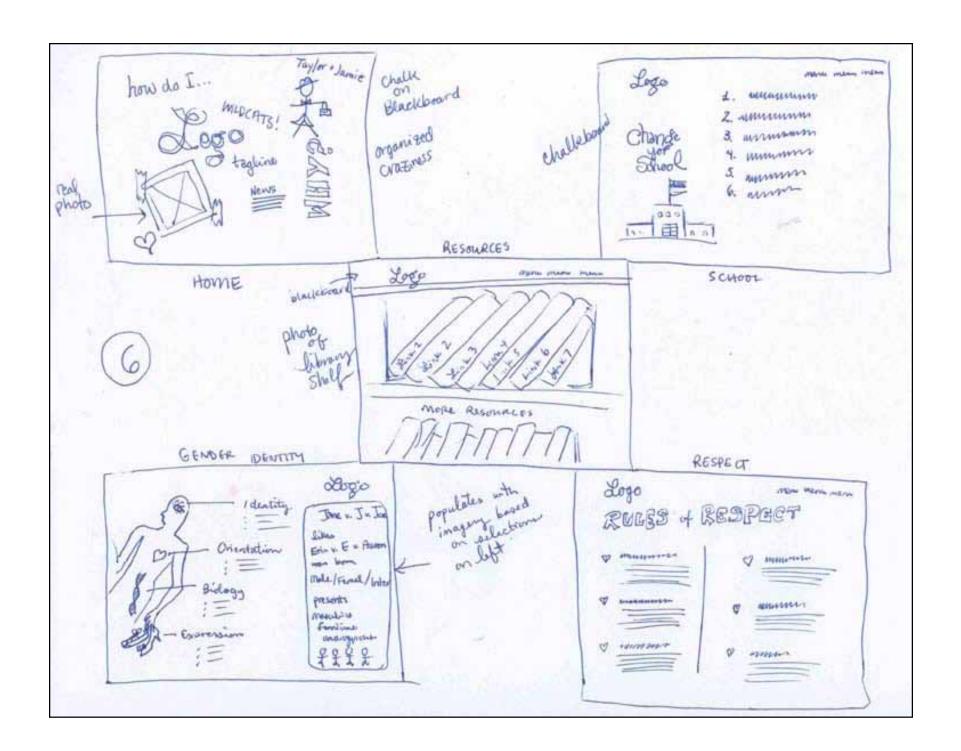


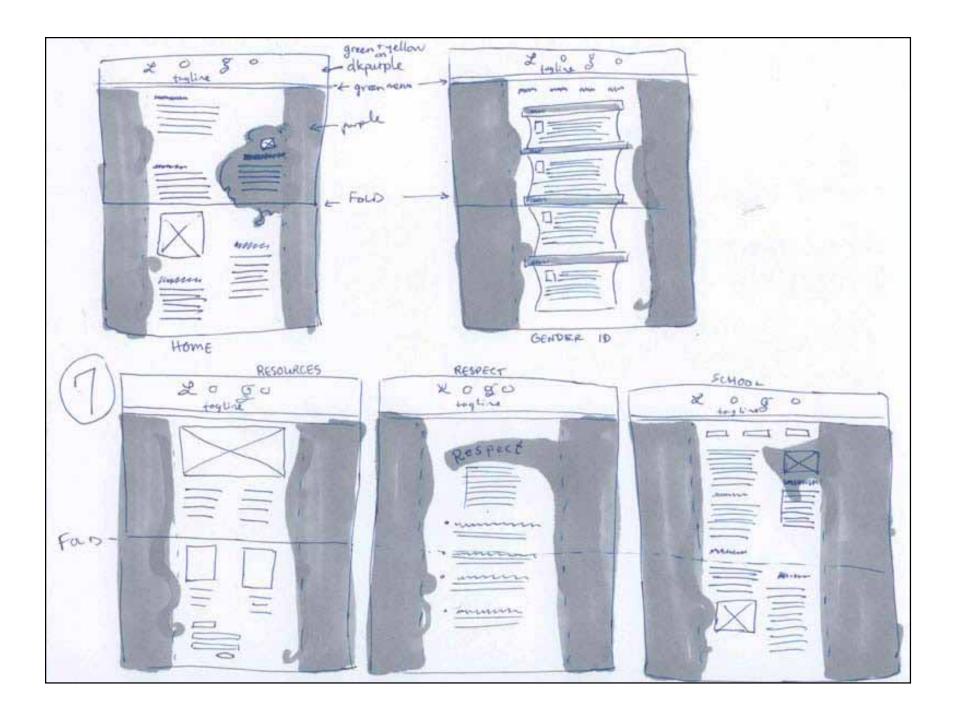
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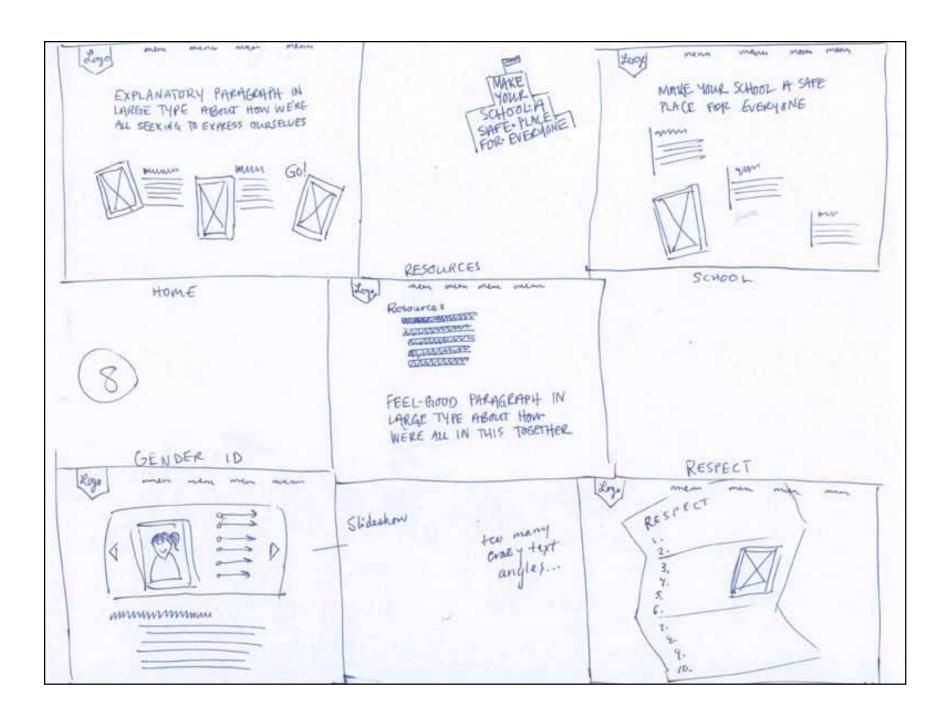


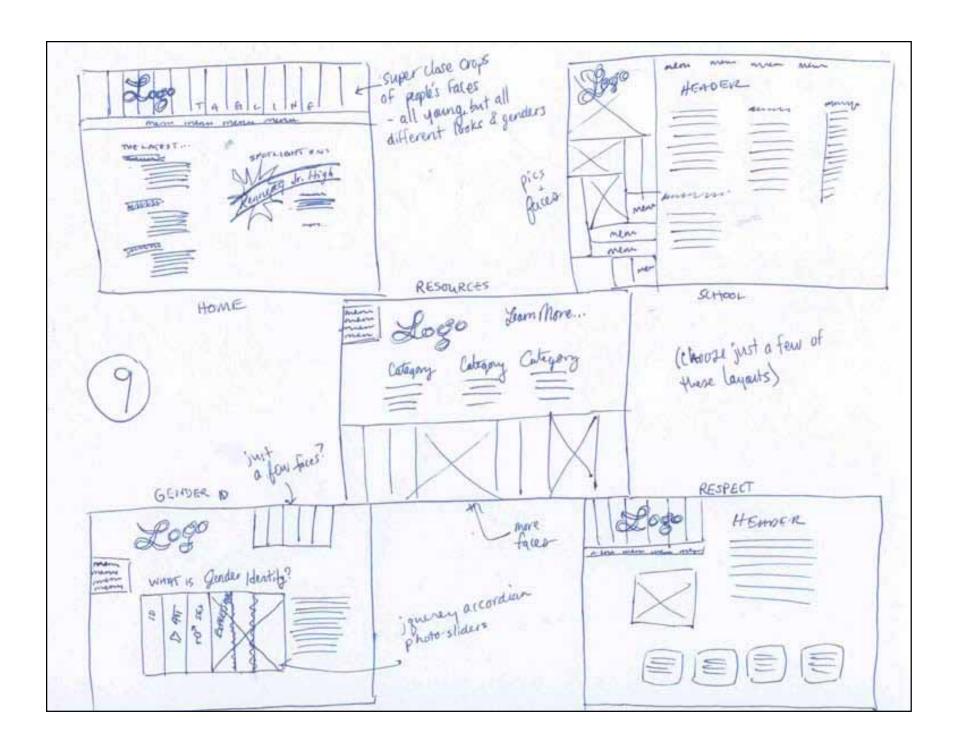
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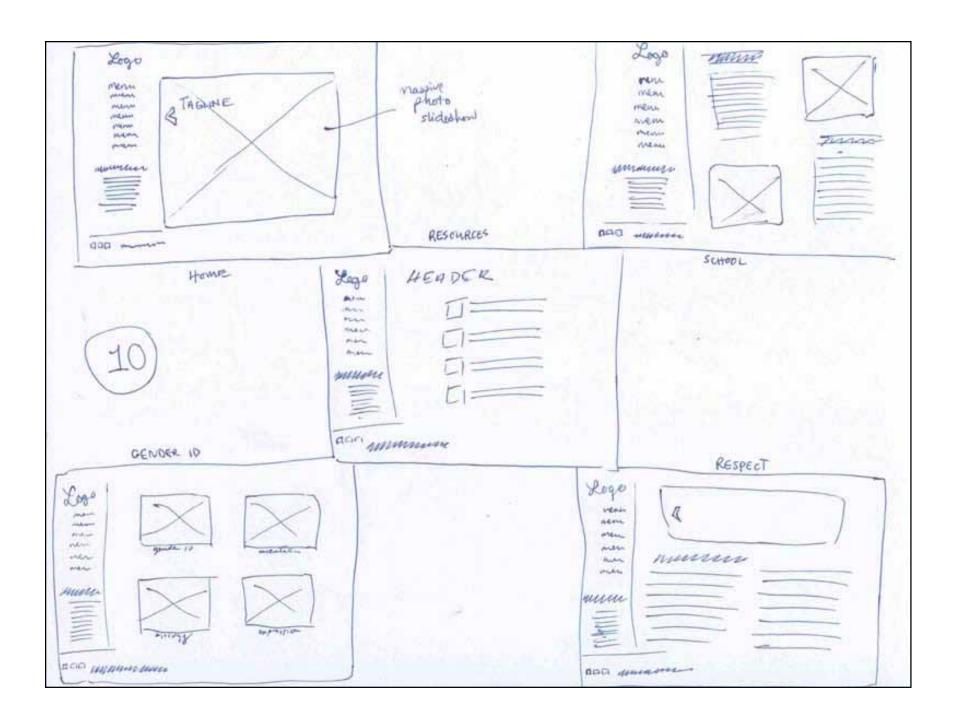












Studies: Color & Type



Color Study:

Lavender is traditional for the symbolism of blue+pink, and green for the symbolism of those outside the gender binary. However, these two colors will be challenging to work with together and may need to be relegated to a symbolic photo or image rather than design elements. I would use a much darker purple instead, to maintain vibrance and energy.

Type Study:

An energetic-but-legible title font (Gill Sans Ultra Bold)

A clear paragraph font appropriate for the education environment (Shruti)

An energetic-but-legible title font (AR ESSENCE)

A clear paragraph font appropriate for the education environment (Trebuchet MS)

An energetic-but-legible title font (Elephant)

A clear paragraph font appropriate for the education environment (Tw Cen MT)

An energetic-but-legible title font (Bizarre)

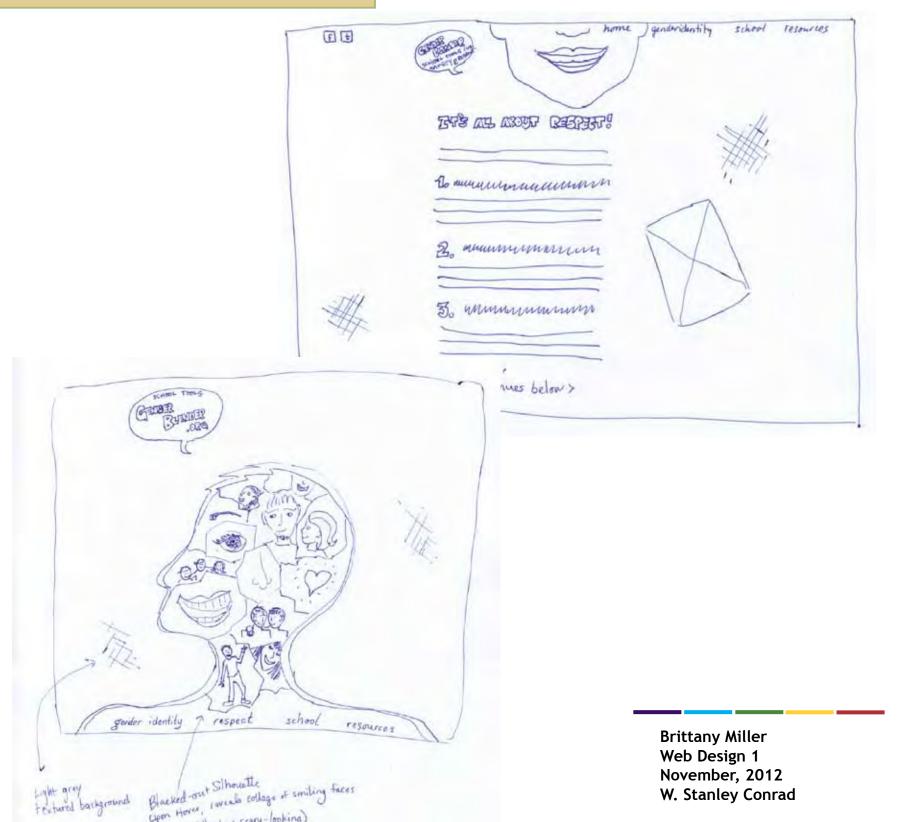
A clear paragraph font appropriate for the education environment (Bell Gothic Standard)

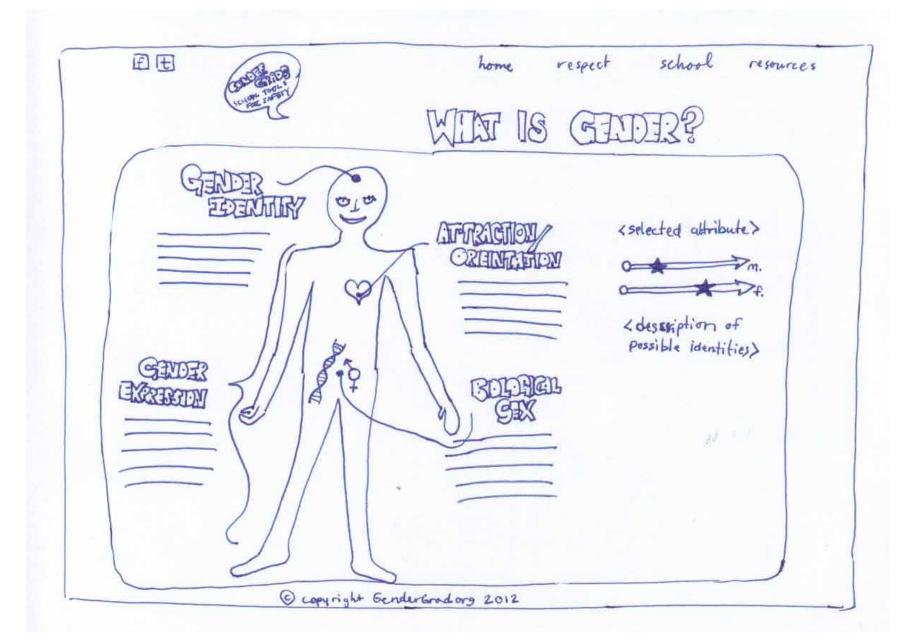
An energetic-but-legible title font (Chaparral Pro)

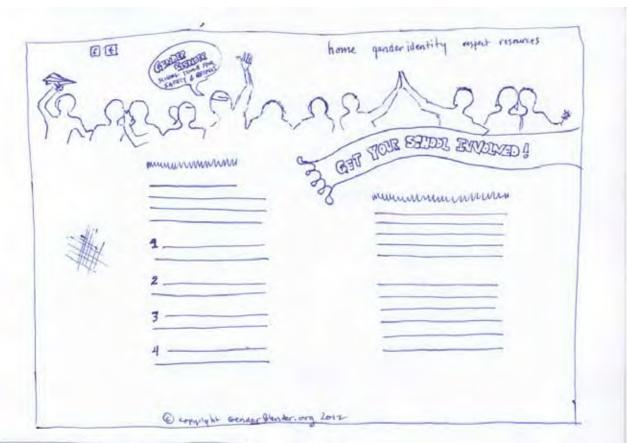
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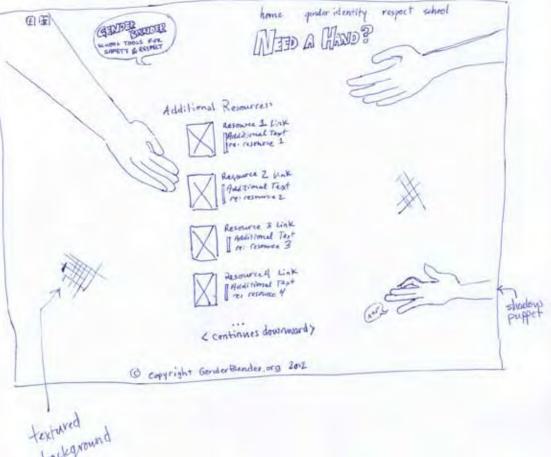
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Sketches



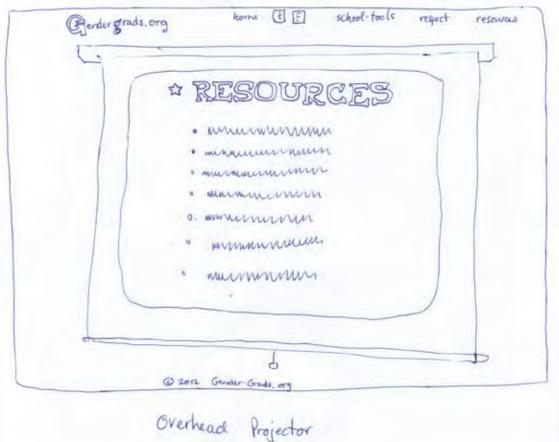


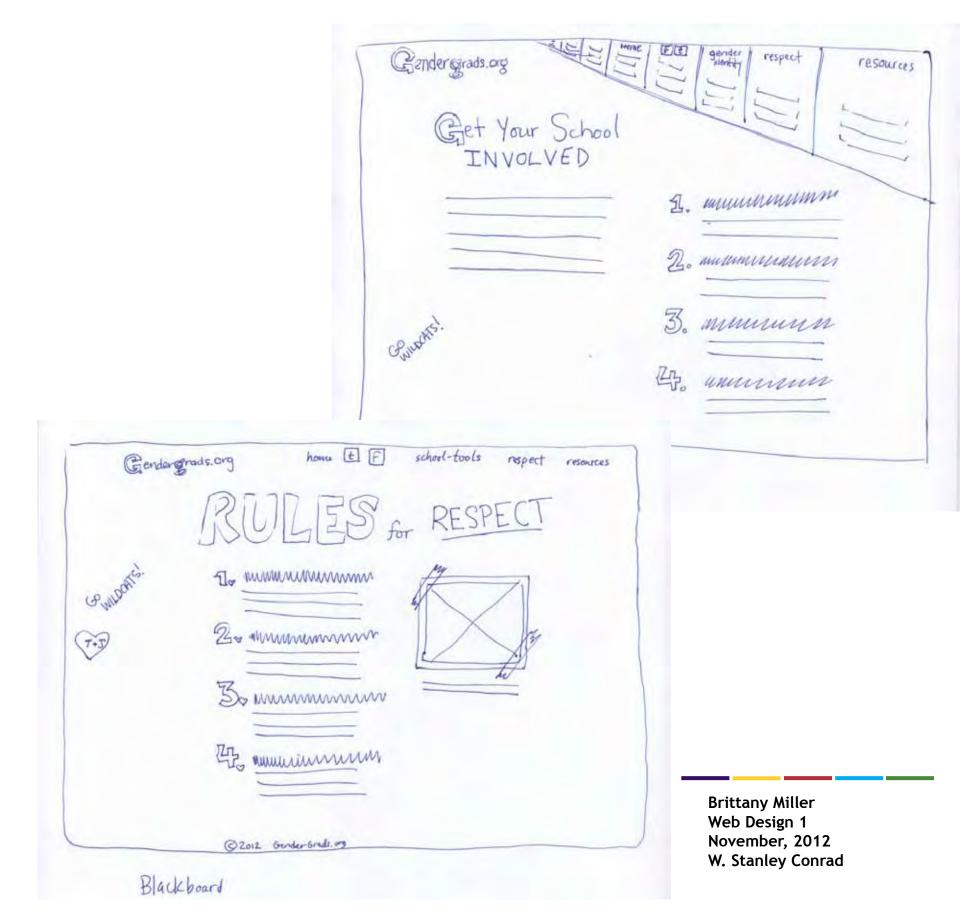


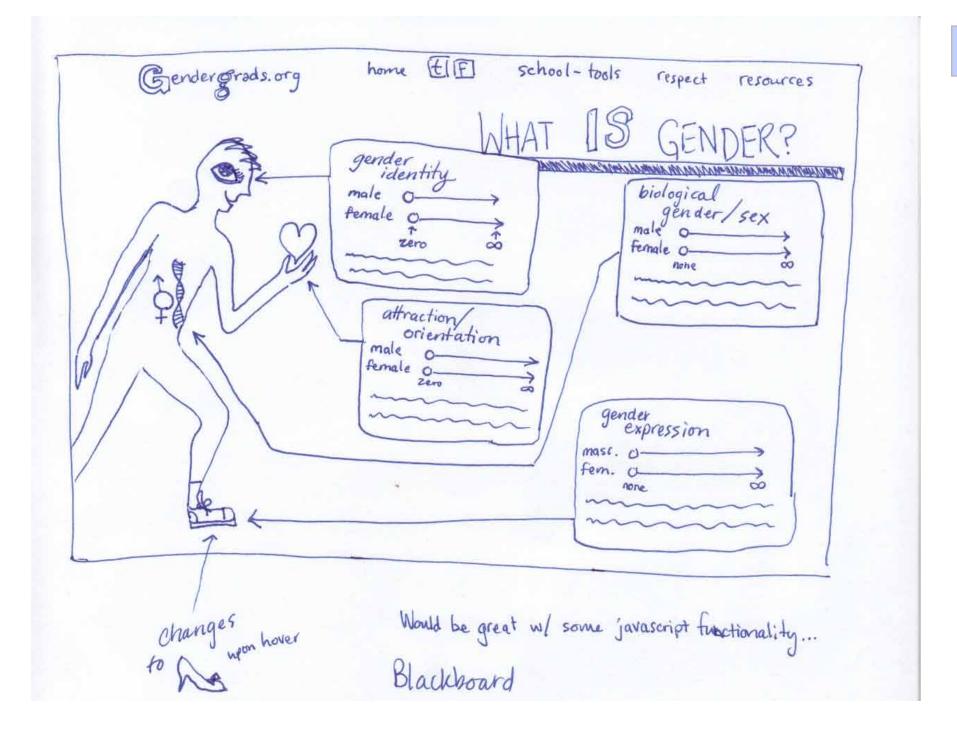




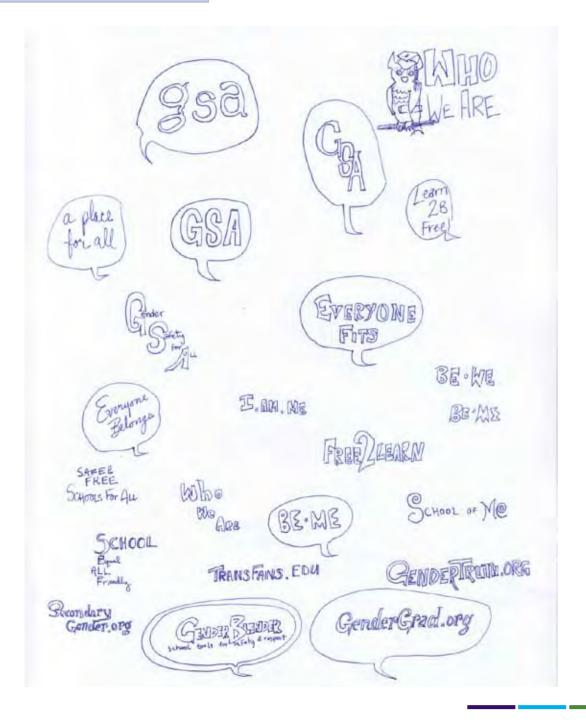
Blackboard



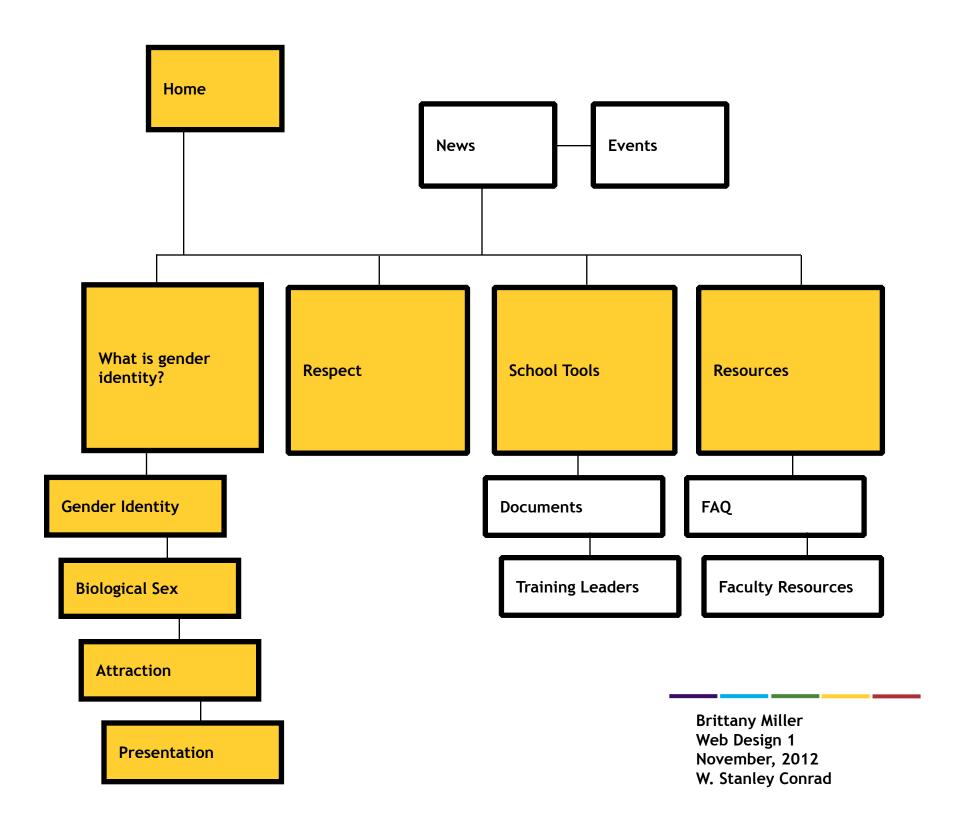




Logo Sketches



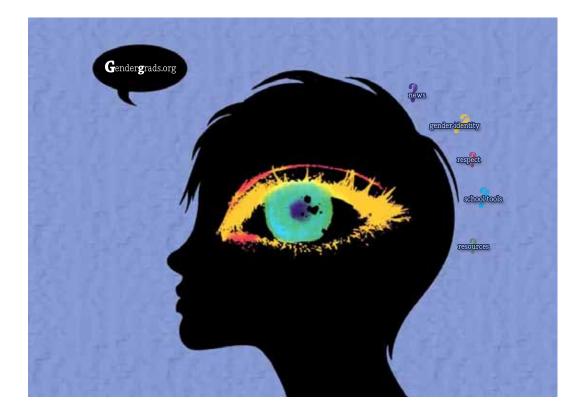
Site Architecture

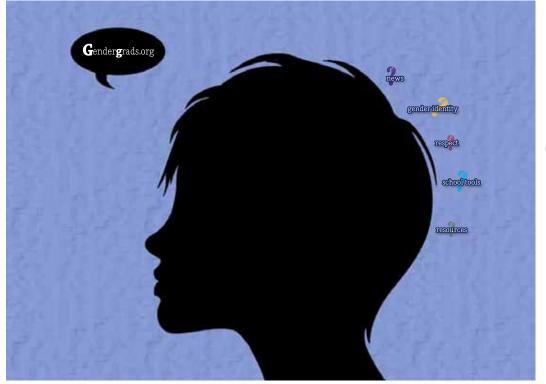


Wire Frames



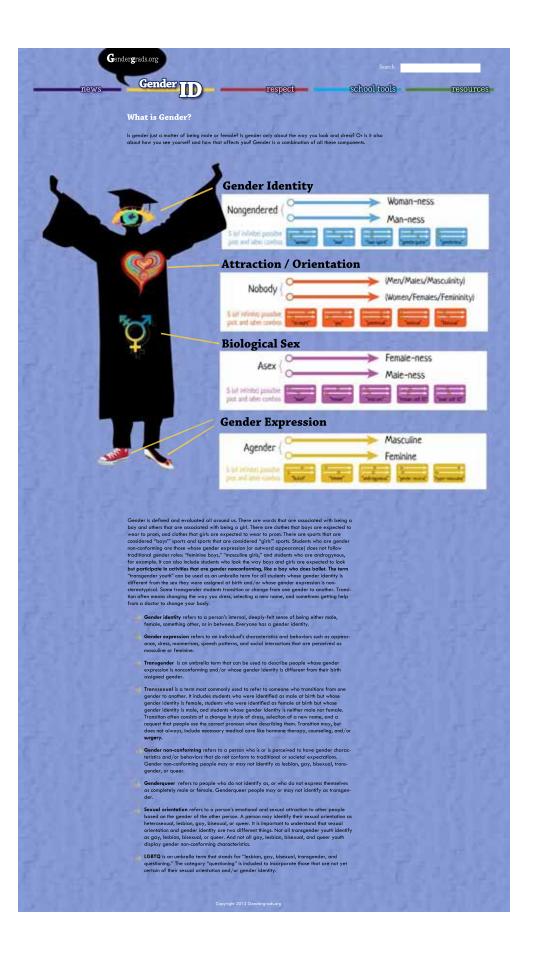
Prototypes





(upon hover)

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gender identity respect

school tools Resources 4U

Need a Hand?

Resources for Students



Resource - outside link to helpful site Additional text regarding this resource and how it might be helpful to a student or faculty member.



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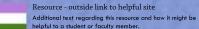
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Trans Youth Suport Network Additional text regarding this resource and how it might be helpful to a student or faculty member.



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Gender**g**rads.org

gender identity Respect

school tools

How do I show Respect?





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Sex Segregation:

Many school environments and some school activities are sex segregated. Examples include restrooms, some physical education activities, some class projects, and some student activities. Such segregation can cause difficulties for transpender students if they are not allowed access to those facilities or activities that match their gender identity. Not only can such a denial affect students' emotional well-being, but in some cases it can also affect their physical well-being. For instance, if transpender students are denied access to the restroom that corresponds with heir gender identity, they might avoid using the restroom at school altogether. This can lead to many physical and emotional health problems and can also create and incentive for the student to disengage from school.

Sex segregation can be especially difficult for transgender students who do not identify as either male or female. If such a student is only presented with the choice of a male or female restroom, the student is forced to make a choice that close not most their gender identity. And after intense such a "choice" is meaningles because the student is horaxed by other students regardless of whether the student opts to use the male or the female restroom. Haraxement in restrooms is a common form of discrimination against gender enn-conforming students. Because of transpholia and sex stereotyping, these students are regularly subjected to verbal and physical haraxement in restrooms. Therefore, it is important that schools toke teps to make sure that restrooms and other sex-segregated spaces be made accessable and safe for students who are transgender and/or gender non-conforming.





Gendergrads.org foouses on making your school safe for transgender and gender non-conforming youth. Get the tools to help your GSA raise awareness regarding gender identify and expression. Leam how to educate students and staff about gender non-conformity and transgender issues. Fight for policies at your school that provide strong protections for transgender and gender non-conforming youth.

63% of California students reported that they sometimes or often hear students make negative comments based on gender presentation.

53% of California students reported that their school is unsafe for "guys who aren" as masculine as other guys" and 34% reported that their school is unsafe for "girls who aren" as feminine as other girls."

90% of transgender youth surveyed for a nationwide survey reported feeling unsafe at school because of their gender expression.

Only 40% of California students report that sometimes or often they hear teachers or staff stop others when others make negative comments based on gender presentation.

Feeling Unsafe at School

Hearing Negative Comments

55% of transgender youth on a nationwide survey report being physically harassed at school because of their gender expression.

81% of transgender youth on a nationwide survey reported being sexually harassed at school in the past year because of their gender expression.

Improving Protections and Reducing Harassment and Violence

Colifornia students were less likely to be harrassed for gender non-confarmity if their school harrassment policy included sexual orientation and gender, teachers intervened when negative comments were made, their school had a Goy-Straight Alliance dub, and students learned about LGBT issues in school.

In a recent poll, 95% of youth supported expanding current hate crimes laws to cover gender and sexual orientation.

In the U.S., 4 states, 52 cities and 9 counties include transgender people in their anti-discrimination laws. This means that 24% of the U.S. population is protected from discrimination on the basis of gender identity by statute, and 76% are not.

Get educated about your rights

First, learn about the rights of transgender and gender non-conforming youth in Minnesota schools. Harassment and discrimination on the basis of gender identity and gender-related appearance or behavior is prohibited under Minnesota law.

Learn how to file a complaint about harassment or discrimination based on gender identity or

Are transgender or gender non-conforming youth safe at your school?

If your answer is no, then launch GSA Network's Beyond the Binary Campaign.

Download our Beyond the Binary Campaign Guide (4 p.)

Download our Beyond the Binary: A Tool Kit for Gender Identity Activism in Schools (52 p.)



Get your campaign started

Change your school policy regarding gender identity. Make sure gender identity and expression are listed in your school's non-discrimination policy. Go a step further and work to get your school to adopt the model policy for protecting transgender and gender non-conforming students that covers everything from bathrooms and locker rooms to dress codes and school records.

Challenge the administration during prom, dances, and graduation. Make sure your administra-tion allow students of any gender to run for the "King" or "Queen" of your prom or other school dances. Other school ceremonies, such as the color of your graduation gowns, are often gender-segregated. Learn how to fight back.

Organize the Transgender Day of Remembrance. Participate in this annual event in November to memorialize those who were killed due to anti-transgender harted or prejudice. Use the event to educate students, teachers, and administrators about transgender issues, so we can try to prevent anti-transgender harted and violence from continuing.

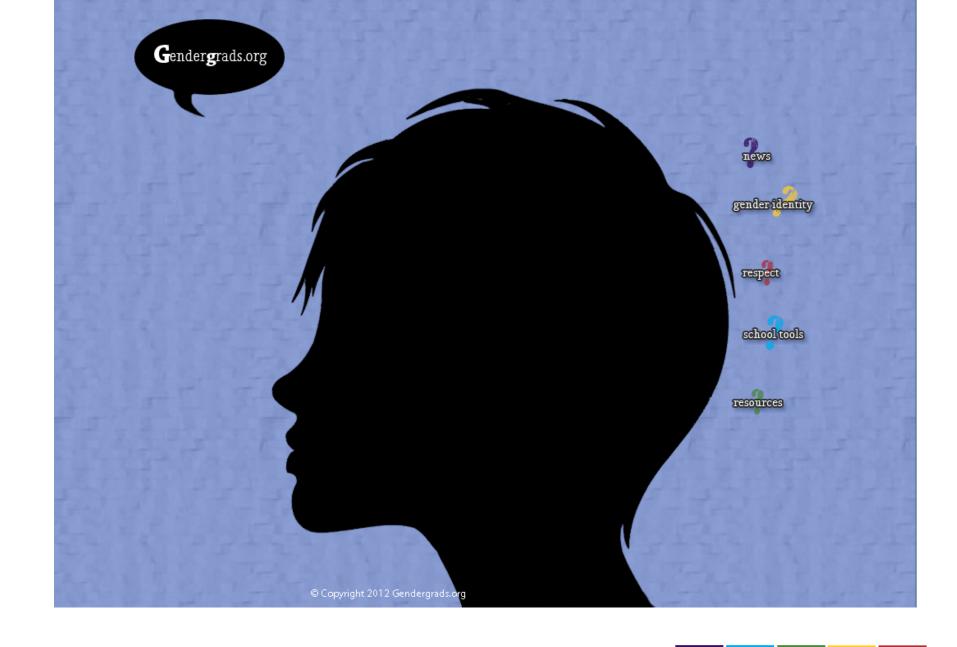
Conduct student trainings regarding gender issues. Educate your peers to understand more about gender issues, including learning important terminology and understanding the challenges faced by transgender and gender non-conforming youth at school.

Provide teacher and staff frainings on gender a waveness issues. Preventing discrimination from occurring in the first place is one of the most effective ways to protect transgender and gender non-conforming students. Teachers and administrators at your school are required by law to prevent discrimination, but may not have the necessary information to do that effectively. So, train them!

Fight for gender-neutral bathrooms. Campaign to get your school to designate a gender-neutral bathroom on campus. For example, your school can make a single-stall restroom accessible to students of any gender.

Use visual activism or poster campaigns. Art activism is a powerful way of bringing attention to your cause. Your GSA can use buttons, T-shirts, ribbons, or stickers with messages and slogans that will encourage others to respect transgender students or challenge the gender binary. Consider if your GSA might also be able to display posters in teachers' classrooms. You can start by getting some buttons or free posters from GSA Network.

Screen Shots



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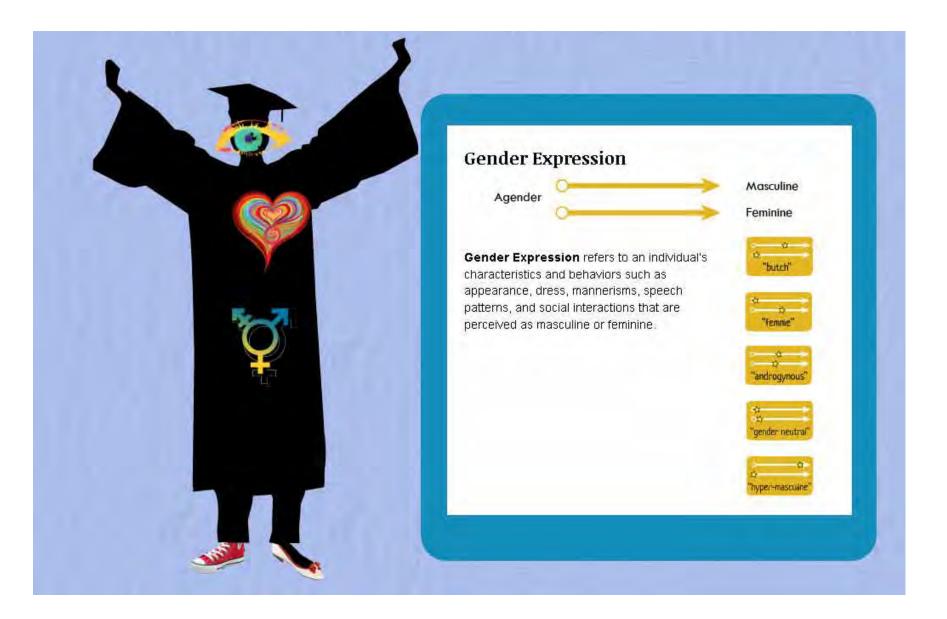
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How do I show Respect?

Transphobic words

Calling someone a Tranny or "Too butch to be a girt" etc. demeans and trivializes the wide variety of experiences held by those who identify as transgender if you see this type of transphobic language being used, challenge it.

Real Name?

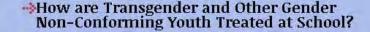
Asking someone what their 'real' name is implies that their chosen name is in someway invalid or not 'real' in the same way, asking someone what their 'real' gender is disrespects their own gender identity.

Coming Out

A gender identity is personal. If someone chooses to come out to you as transithis means they trust you. Make sure to honor that trust by checking with them before telling anyone else as they may not want others to know.

Just Ask!

It is important to respect the names and pronouns that people prefer if you are unsure, simply ask, "What are your preferred pronouns?"



In addition to the typical challenges faced by all students, those who are transgender and/or gender non-conforming must also be ready to survive slurs, bullying, harassment, and assaults by fellow students and even teachers. Instead of creating safe spaces for gender non-conforming and transgender students, school administrations often enforce policies and practices that can punish gender non-conforming and transgender youth simply for being who they are. Examples of discrimination based on gender identity, appearance, and behavior include: refusing to allow students to wear clothing that fits their gender identity, denying students access to educational or extra-curricular opportunities due to their actual or perceived gender identity and/or expression, and a school's failure to protect students from harassment based on their actual or perceived gender identity and/or expression.

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Harassment:

Students who are transgender or gender non-conforming often face persistent and severe harassment that can involve name-calling, threats of violence, sexual innuendos or sexual harassment, and even physical assault. A recent study of California students found that 53% of students said their schools were not safe for guys who aren't as masculine as other guys, and 34% of students said their schools were not safe for girls who aren't as feminine as other girls. Students who are gender non-conforming and/or transgender are often thought to be gay, bisexual, or lesbian (even if they do not identify as any of these), which increases the harassment and/or discrimination that they experience. This is because gender discrimination and harassment is often rooted in homophobia, as gender and sexual orientation are seen as interconnected.



Recognizing and validating the names and pronouns that correspond to transgender students' gender identity is important for their emotional health and well-being. A student's name appears in a large variety of places — student records, IDs, class roll-call, school publications, tests, and homework assignments to name just a few. Many transgender students adopt new names that are essential to their identity. They also may request that they be referred to by the pronoun that corresponds, or most closely corresponds, with their gender identity. It is important that these requests be respected.

Some gender non-conforming students do not change their name or ask to be referred to by a different pronoun. Even for these students, however, names and pronouns can still be used to discriminate against them. For example, some gender non-conforming students are teased through the use of the wrong pronoun or variations of their names. For example, a boy called Juan who is perceived to be effeminate is called "Juanita" to express other students' beliefs that he is not acting the way a boy "is supposed to act." This type of name calling or the misuse of an appropriate name or pronoun can be very damaging to a student's ability to fully engage in, and feel safe at, school.

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Only 40% of California students report that sometimes or often they hear teachers or staff stop others when others make negative comments based on gender presentation.

Experiencing Harassment

27% of California students report being harassed because they aren't masculine Gendergrads org focuses on making your school safe for transgender and gender non-conforming youth. Get the tools to help your GSA raise awareness regarding gender identity and expression. Learn how to educate students and staff about gender non-conformity and transgender issues. Fight for policies at your school that provide strong protections for transgender and gender non-conforming youth.

Challenge the gender binary system in schools!

Get educated about your rights

First, learn about the rights of transgender and gender non-conforming youth in Minnesota schools. Harassment and discrimination on the basis of gender identity and gender-related appearance or behavior is prohibited under Minnesota law.

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Develops on Beyond the Binary, A Tool Kit for Sender Ideally Actions in Schools 52 p.)



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