#### 0.a. Goal

Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

## 0.b. Target

3.3 By 2030, end the epidemic of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

# 0.c. Indicator

3.3.1. HIV / AIDS prevalence rate (15 - 49 years

## 1.a. Organisation

**MSPLS** 

# 1.b. Contact person(s)

NIYUNGEKO Jacqueline

## 1.e. Contact phone

79976694

## 1.g. Contact email

niyungeko.jacqueline@gmail.com

# 2.a. Definition and concepts

The HIV / AIDS prevalence rate (15-49 years) is the proportion of the population aged 15 to 49 who test positive for HIV / AIDS in relation to the total population aged 15 to 49

## 2.b. Unit of measure

%

#### 3.a. Data sources

Health statistics yearbook

#### 3.b. Data collection method

Data is collected from administrative registers of health facilities

#### 3.c. Data collection calendar

Collection is done annually

#### 3.d. Data release calendar

Every year

## 3.e. Data providers

**MSPLS** 

# 3.f. Data compilers

**MSPLS** 

## 3.g. Institutional mandate

The Ministerial departments are the members of the SSN whose mission is to collect, process and disseminate the data of their sector.

#### 4.a. Rationale

The indicator is relevant because it reflects the health situation in Burundi.

### 4.b. Comment and limitations

Updating the indicator requires exhaustive collection in health facilities. For most of the data, data from private health facilities are not taken into account.

# 4.c. Method of computation

Ratio of the population aged 15 to 49 tested positive for HIV / AIDS to the total population aged 15 to 49 multiplied by 100

#### 4.d. Validation

The results of the data collection are validated at two levels: internal validation and validation at the CTIS level before publication

# 5. Data availability and disaggregation

The indicator is available at national level and by sex. (Total; Women; Men)

# 6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

The indicator can be compared to other indicators of the same type at regional and international level

# 7. References and Documentation

Health statistics yearbook

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