

0.a. Goal

Goal 1. Eradicate poverty in all its forms and everywhere

0.b. Target

1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, especially the poor and vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources and have access to basic services, land ownership, control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources and new technologies and financial services tailored to their needs, including microfinance

0.c. Indicator

1.4.1. Percentage of the population living below the poverty line

0.e. Metadata update

2020

1.a. Organisation

ISTEEBU

1.b. Contact person(s)

NDAYISENGA Modest

1.c. Contact organisation unit

Department of Social Studies and Statistics and Poverty Monitoring, Ponit focal ODD

1.d. Contact person function

Head of Service and Focal Point

1.e. Contact phone

79401937

1.g. Contact email

ndayimode2010@gmail.com

2.a. Definition and concepts

Number of the population below the national poverty line in relation to the total population

2.b. Unit of measure

%

3.a. Data sources

ECVMB

3.b. Data collection method

Data are collected from household surveys using the "household" questionnaire

3.c. Data collection calendar

The probable date of the next collection will be 2020

3.d. Data release calendar

In 2021

3.e. Data providers

ISTEEBU

3.f. Data compilers

ISTEEBU is responsible for compiling this indicator at the national level

3.g. Institutional mandate

ISTEEBU is the body recognized by the Burundian government for the collection, processing and dissemination of official statistics helping in planning and decision-making.

4.a. Rationale

The indicator is relevant because it reflects the situation on the living conditions of the population.

4.b. Comment and limitations

Updating the indicator requires a household survey that is very resource-intensive and almost all of the funding comes from partners.

4.c. Method of computation

Number of the population below the national poverty line compared to the total population

4.d. Validation

The results of the survey are validated at two levels: technical validation and official validation before publication

5. Data availability and disaggregation

The indicator is available at national level, province, area of residence (Total; Urban area; Rural area)

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

The indicator can be compared to other indicators of the same type at regional and international level

7. References and Documentation

Report of the Survey on Household Living Conditions in Burundi