0.a. Goal

1. Eradicate poverty in all its forms, everywhere

0.b. Target

1.3 Implement, at the national level, adequate social protection measures and systems, for all, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and vulnerable 06

0.c. Indicator

1.3.1 Percentage of the population covered by basic social protection programs, by sex and for the following population groups: people in situations of poverty and vulnerability (orphans and vulnerable children, elderly people, people with disabilities, people with chronic and degenerative diseases , children 0-2 years)

0.d. Series

Population covered by basic social protection programs as a percentage

0.e. Metadata update

1/20/2020

0.f. Related indicators

No indicators related to0679c9a6a6d43z0

1.a. Organisation

Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action (MGCAS)

1.b. Contact person(s)

Ângelo Tivane and Arnaldo Muthemba

1.c. Contact organisation unit

Planning and Cooperation Directorate

1.d. Contact person function

Head of Planning Department, technical

1.e. Contact phone

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2. Definition, concepts, and classifications

The coverage of social protection programs is the percentage of the population that benefit from social protection programs. Estimates include direct and indirect beneficiaries.

2.a. Definition and concepts

The coverage of social protection programs is the percentage of the population that benefit from social protection programs. Estimates include direct and indirect beneficiaries

Coverage of Social Protection Programs (Social Assistance) Poor and vulnerable population (Elderly, Disabled, Chronic and Degenerative Sick, Orphaned Child and Child of a mother who cannot breastfeed, Child with malnutrition)

2.b. Unit of measure

Percentage

3.a. Data sources

Administrative source. Annual report of the PES of the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action (MGCAS) and data from the denominator are from the Population and Housing Census and INE projections

3.b. Data collection method

The Delegations of the National Institute of Social Action collect the data and introduce it into the INAS Information System on line (e-INAS) and the National Institute of Social Action (INAS), in turn harmonizes, verifies and makes validation based also on the reports sent periodically by the delegations.

INAS in turn sends the periodic report to the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action for final validation and sent to the District Health, Women and Social Action Services and Provincial Social Affairs Services.

Population data are collected at INE

3.c. Data collection calendar

27 December 2020

3.d. Data release calendar

20 January 2021

3.e. Data providers

Delegations of the National Institute of Social Action

3.f. Data compilers

Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action

3.g. Institutional mandate

Ministerial Diploma No. 117/2015, of December 31; decree nº 47/2018, of 6 August, presidential decree nº 9/2015 of 13 March, resolution nº 18/2015 of 10 July

4.a. Rationale

The focus is that all poor families are beneficiaries of Protection Programs (Social Assistance) The higher the percentage means the greater coverage of poor households

4.b. Comment and limitations

The indicator is reliable, as data are collected at source at national level and are disaggregated by target group (direct beneficiary), sex of the head of household and Province.

Limitations: The available data do not allow the use of the global indicator formula, as the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action has not yet started to implement social transfers per person in accordance with Decree 47/2018, of 6 August.

4.c. Method of computation

Coverage = Number of Households benefiting from Social Protection (Social Assistance) Programs / Poor and vulnerable households according to the IV Poverty Assessment in Mozambique X100

4.d. Validation

Analyzed at the level of the Technical Council and validated by the Advisory Council of the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action

4.h. Methods and guidance available to countries for the compilation of the data at the national level

The guidance given internationally or globally and the use of the population below the poverty line but the country uses households below the poverty line

4.i. Quality management

The report data are analyzed by the Monitoring and Evaluation Division team, by the head of the Planning Department, by the Director of planning and cooperation, by the Technical Council and finally by the Advisory Council of the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action.

4.j. Quality assurance

During the data collection process, the INAS team controls the quality of the data that the Delegations report before being sent to the Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action.

Comparison of the information for the current period with that of the previous period and also with the planned one.

Check the veracity of the data with INAS and the delegations

4.k. Quality assessment

The Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Action is organizing the statistics area to work in coordination with the National Statistics Institute (INE) to improve the quality of the entire process, from data collection to data publication

5. Data availability and disaggregation

Data are available annually and are disaggregated by sex of the head of household, Province and Target group

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

This indicator cannot be compared with other countries, as households are used in the calculation process instead of population. This is because, at the moment, the Assistance Programs make social transfers to the household and not to the individual.

7. References and Documentation

www.mgcas.mz.co ,

National Basic Social Security Strategy (ENSSB)