0.a. Goal

Goal 10: Reduce inequality in society

0.b. Target

Target 10.1: By 2030, gradually achieve and maintain the income growth rate of the bottom 40% of the population higher than the national average growth rate (Global 10.1 target)

0.c. Indicator

Indicator 10.1.1. Growth rate of household income per capita

0.d. Series

Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita [10.1.1] SI_HEI_TOTL

0.e. Metadata update

June 2021

1.a. Organisation

General Statistics Office

1.f. Contact mail

54 Nguyen Chi Thanh, Dong Da, Hanoi

1.g. Contact email

banbientap@gso.gov.vn

2.a. Definition and concepts

Household income growth rate is the annual growth rate of real household income per capita.

2.c. Classifications

Not applicable

3.a. Data sources

- Vietnam's population living standard survey.

3.d. Data release calendar

2 years.

3.e. Data providers

General Statistics Office

3.f. Data compilers

General Statistics Office

4.a. Rationale

The indicator helps to reflect the fairness in the development of common prosperity of a country, helps to consider and propose welfare policies for the disadvantaged group (poor group) in society.

5. Data availability and disaggregation

Data is available every 2 years from 2010 to 2018 of the general income growth rate of the country; the income growth rate of the poorest 40% of the population and the income growth of the poorest 40% of the population compared to the national average.

(Published source: 2020 national report on 5-year progress towards implementation of sustainable development goals)

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

This indicator corresponds to the global SDG target 10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditures or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population

The indicator name of Vietnam is not exactly the same as the name of the global indicator, but the Vietnamese indicator covers more broadly than the global indicator. In which, there is a regulation to classify the poorest 40% of the population, so it is possible to calculate the ratio between the growth rate of the poorest 40% of the population compared with the growth rate of the whole country. guaranteed international comparison.

7. References and Documentation

- National statistical survey program issued under Decision No. 43/2016/QD-TTg dated October 17, 2016 of the Prime Minister

- Circular No. 03/2019/TT-BKHĐT dated January 22, 2019 stipulating the set of statistical indicators for sustainable development of Vietnam;

- https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/