

0.a. Goal

በሰነዱ ላይ የተጠቀሱት ፊርማዎች በአካል ብቻ መጣጠን አለባቸው፡፡
የሰነዱ ዝርዝር መረጃዎች በቅጽ (000)

0.b. Target

() 0,0: 00000000 0000 00
00
0000000000000000 0 000
000 {000}

0.c. Indicator

[illegible]

0.d. Series

0.0.0 00000000000000000000000000000000 00-00 0000000000000000000000, 000
00000000 {00} {00} 0.0.0 00000000000000000000000000000000 00-00 000000000000
000000000000000000000000000000 {0000}

0.e. Metadata update

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□ [□□]

1.a. Organisation

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ (NIS) □□□□□□□□□□ [□□]

1.b. Contact person(s)

□□□□□□□□ (□□□) [□□]

1.c. Contact organisation unit

[illegible]

1.d. Contact person function

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

1.e. Contact phone

$$[0] + 000 \ 000 \ 000 \ 000 \ [00]$$

1.f. Contact mail

0000 000000 0000 0000 0000000000000000 0 00000000000000000000000000000000
0000000000000000 (00)

1.g. Contact email

phanchinda@yahoo.com []

2.a. Definition and concepts

[illegible]

2.b. Unit of measure

□□□□□ [□□]

3.a. Data sources

[illegible]

3.b. Data collection method

[illegible]

[illegible]

3.c. Data collection calendar

Quater3, []

3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

3.e. Data providers

□ □

3.f. Data compilers

[illegible]

3.g. Institutional mandate

[illegible]

4.a. Rationale

The rationale for the study is to provide a comprehensive overview of the current state of the country's health and development. The study is based on the 2016 CDHS survey, which is a nationally representative survey of the population aged 15 and above. The survey covers a wide range of topics, including reproductive health, maternal and child health, and household characteristics. The data from the survey is used to generate estimates of various health indicators, such as fertility rates, contraceptive use, and child mortality. The study aims to provide policymakers and the public with the information needed to make informed decisions about the country's health and development. The study is organized into four main sections: 4.a. Rationale, 4.b. Comment and limitations, 4.c. Method of computation, and 5. Data availability and disaggregation. The first section, 4.a. Rationale, provides a brief overview of the study's purpose and objectives. The second section, 4.b. Comment and limitations, discusses the strengths and weaknesses of the study. The third section, 4.c. Method of computation, describes the methods used to calculate the estimates. The fourth section, 5. Data availability and disaggregation, provides information on the data sources and the availability of disaggregated data.

4.b. Comment and limitations

The study is based on the 2016 CDHS survey, which is a nationally representative survey of the population aged 15 and above. The survey covers a wide range of topics, including reproductive health, maternal and child health, and household characteristics. The data from the survey is used to generate estimates of various health indicators, such as fertility rates, contraceptive use, and child mortality. The study aims to provide policymakers and the public with the information needed to make informed decisions about the country's health and development. The study is organized into four main sections: 4.a. Rationale, 4.b. Comment and limitations, 4.c. Method of computation, and 5. Data availability and disaggregation. The first section, 4.a. Rationale, provides a brief overview of the study's purpose and objectives. The second section, 4.b. Comment and limitations, discusses the strengths and weaknesses of the study. The third section, 4.c. Method of computation, describes the methods used to calculate the estimates. The fourth section, 5. Data availability and disaggregation, provides information on the data sources and the availability of disaggregated data.

4.c. Method of computation

The study is based on the 2016 CDHS survey, which is a nationally representative survey of the population aged 15 and above. The survey covers a wide range of topics, including reproductive health, maternal and child health, and household characteristics. The data from the survey is used to generate estimates of various health indicators, such as fertility rates, contraceptive use, and child mortality. The study aims to provide policymakers and the public with the information needed to make informed decisions about the country's health and development. The study is organized into four main sections: 4.a. Rationale, 4.b. Comment and limitations, 4.c. Method of computation, and 5. Data availability and disaggregation. The first section, 4.a. Rationale, provides a brief overview of the study's purpose and objectives. The second section, 4.b. Comment and limitations, discusses the strengths and weaknesses of the study. The third section, 4.c. Method of computation, describes the methods used to calculate the estimates. The fourth section, 5. Data availability and disaggregation, provides information on the data sources and the availability of disaggregated data.

5. Data availability and disaggregation

The data from the 2016 CDHS survey is available in English and is disaggregated by sex, age, and education level. The data is available in the form of a database, which can be accessed through the CDHS website. The data is also available in the form of a report, which provides a summary of the key findings of the survey. The data is available for a period of 10 years from the date of publication. The data is available for a period of 10 years from the date of publication. The data is available for a period of 10 years from the date of publication.

7. References and Documentation

[1] Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Program, https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry_id=6 [online]. Available: [date].