

0.a. Goal

0.a. Goal: The goal of the indicator is to measure the progress of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

0.b. Target

0.b. Target: The target of the indicator is to measure the progress of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator. The target is to ensure that the indicator is relevant, reliable, and valid, and that it is used to inform policy and practice.

0.c. Indicator

0.c. Indicator: The indicator is a measure of the progress of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and is used to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

0.d. Series

0.d. Series: The series is a set of data points that are used to measure the progress of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

0.e. Metadata update

0.e. Metadata update: The metadata update is a process that is used to ensure that the indicator is relevant, reliable, and valid, and that it is used to inform policy and practice.

0.f. Related indicators

0.f. Related indicators: The related indicators are a set of data points that are used to measure the progress of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

1.a. Organisation

1.a. Organisation: The organisation is the entity that is responsible for the indicator and is used to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

1.b. Contact person(s)

1.b. Contact person(s): The contact person(s) is the individual or individuals who are responsible for the indicator and are used to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

1.c. Contact organisation unit

1.c. Contact organisation unit: The contact organisation unit is the unit within the organisation that is responsible for the indicator and is used to provide a clear and concise summary of the key findings of the indicator.

1.d. Contact person function

[illegible]

1.e. Contact phone

$$[0] + 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ [00]$$

1.f. Contact mail

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000000000000 (00)

1.g. Contact email

phanchinda@yahoo.com []

2.a. Definition and concepts

[illegible]

2.b. Unit of measure

[illegible]

3.a. Data sources

[illegible]

3.b. Data collection method

[illegible]

[illegible]

3.c. Data collection calendar

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3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

3.e. Data providers

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ (NIS) □□

3.f. Data compilers

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3.g. Institutional mandate

[illegible]

4.a. Rationale

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

4.c. Method of computation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

4.d. Validation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

5. Data availability and disaggregation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

7. References and Documentation

[1] Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on fertility, mortality, and other health-related issues. The data is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development goals and to inform policy and program decisions.

https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry_id=6 [1] [2]