

0.a. Goal

The goal of the ISCO is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends.

0.b. Target

The target of the ISCO is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends. The target is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends.

0.c. Indicator

0.c.1 The indicator is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

0.d. Series

0.d.1 The series is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO) (ISCO)

0.e. Metadata update

The metadata update is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

0.f. Related indicators

The related indicators are the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO); the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO); the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

1.a. Organisation

The organisation is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (NIS) (NIS) (NIS)

1.b. Contact person(s)

The contact person(s) is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO) (ISCO)

1.c. Contact organisation unit

The contact organisation unit is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO, the number of occupations classified in the ISCO, the number of occupations classified in the ISCO

1.d. Contact person function

[illegible]

1.e. *Contact phone*

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1.f. Contact mail

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1.g. Contact email

phanchinda@yahoo.com []

2.a. Definition and concepts

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2.b. Unit of measure

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3.a. Data sources

[illegible]

3.b. Data collection method

[illegible]

[illegible]

3.c. Data collection calendar

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3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

3.e. Data providers

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3.f. Data compilers

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3.g. Institutional mandate

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4.a. Rationale

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

4.c. Method of computation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

4.d. Validation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

5. Data availability and disaggregation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

7. References and Documentation

[1] Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and includes information on population, fertility, mortality, and health. The data are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development and to inform policy and program decisions.

https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry_id=6 [1] [2]