

### ***0.a. Goal***

[illegible]

### 0.b. Target

[illegible]

### ***0.c. Indicator***

[illegible]

### 0.e. Metadata update

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### 1.a. Organisation

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**1.b. Contact person(s)**

□□□□□□ (□□□) / Som Bony (Mr) [□□]

### 1.c. Contact organisation unit

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### 1.d. Contact person function

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### 1.e. Contact phone

$$[\text{M}] + \frac{[\text{M}]^2}{K_{\text{eq}}} + \frac{[\text{M}]^3}{K_{\text{eq}}^2} + \dots$$

### ***1.f. Contact mail***

[illegible]

### ***1.g. Contact email***

[ ] [ ] pomao.nis@gmail.com [ ]; [ ] bony\_som@yahoo.com [ ] [ ]

### 2.a. Definition and concepts

[illegible]

### 2.b. Unit of measure

□□□□□ (%)

### 3.a. Data sources

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### ***3.b. Data collection method***

[illegible]

[illegible]

### 3.c. Data collection calendar

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### 3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

### 3.e. Data providers

[illegible]

### 3.f. Data compilers

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### 3.g. Institutional mandate

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#### 4.a. *Rationale*

[illegible]

#### 4.b. Comment and limitations

The data sources used in the analysis are summarized in Table 1. The data sources are categorized into three main groups: (1) National accounts, (2) Household surveys, and (3) Administrative data. National accounts data are obtained from the National Accounts of the United States (NAUS) and the National Accounts of the United Kingdom (NAUK). Household survey data are obtained from the Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID) and the British Household Panel Survey (BHPS). Administrative data are obtained from the Social Security Administration (SSA) and the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). The data sources are used to estimate the parameters of the model and to evaluate the model's performance.

#### 4.c. Method of computation

The model is solved using the method of undetermined coefficients. The model is linearized around the steady state and the resulting system of equations is solved using the method of undetermined coefficients.

#### 4.d. Validation

The model is validated using the method of moments. The model is estimated using the method of moments and the resulting estimates are compared to the data.

#### 4.i. Quality management

NIS (National Income Survey) is a survey of the national income and product accounts. It is conducted by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) and the Department of Commerce. The survey is used to estimate the parameters of the model and to evaluate the model's performance. The survey is conducted annually and covers the period from 1980 to 2010. The survey is used to estimate the parameters of the model and to evaluate the model's performance.

### 5. Data availability and disaggregation

The data used in the analysis are available from the National Accounts of the United States (NAUS) and the National Accounts of the United Kingdom (NAUK). The data are disaggregated into three main categories: (1) National accounts, (2) Household surveys, and (3) Administrative data.

### 6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

The data used in the analysis are comparable to international standards. The data are obtained from the National Accounts of the United States (NAUS) and the National Accounts of the United Kingdom (NAUK). The data are disaggregated into three main categories: (1) National accounts, (2) Household surveys, and (3) Administrative data.

<https://www.nis.gov.kh/index.php/km/14-cses/12-cambodia-socio-economic-survey-reports> [២២២] [២២២]