

0.a. Goal

[illegible]

0.b. Target

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000000000000000000000000 00 0000000000000000000000 0.000 00000000
0000000000000000 0 00000000000000 00 00000000000000 0.000 {000}

0.c. Indicator

[illegible]

0.d. Series

[illegible]

0.e. Metadata update

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□ [□□]

0.f. Related indicators

[illegible]

1.a. Organisation

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ (NIS) □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□

1.b. Contact person(s)

□□□□□□□□ (□□□) [□□]

1.c. Contact organisation unit

, ,

1.d. Contact person function

[illegible]

1.e. Contact phone

$$[0] + 000 \ 000 \ 000 \ 000 \ [00]$$

1.f. Contact mail

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000000000000 (00)

1.g. Contact email

phanchinda@yahoo.com []

2.a. Definition and concepts

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2.b. Unit of measure

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3.a. Data sources

(CDHS) []

3.b. Data collection method

[illegible]

[illegible]

3.c. Data collection calendar

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ Qrt□, □□□□ [□□]

3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

3.e. Data providers

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ (NIS) □□

3.f. Data compilers

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3.g. Institutional mandate

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4.a. Rationale

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data from the survey is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The survey is a valuable tool for understanding the needs and priorities of the population and for improving the quality of life.

4.c. Method of computation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data from the survey is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The survey is a valuable tool for understanding the needs and priorities of the population and for improving the quality of life.

4.d. Validation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data from the survey is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The survey is a valuable tool for understanding the needs and priorities of the population and for improving the quality of life.

5. Data availability and disaggregation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data from the survey is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The survey is a valuable tool for understanding the needs and priorities of the population and for improving the quality of life.

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

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7. References and Documentation

[1] Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data from the survey is used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The survey is a valuable tool for understanding the needs and priorities of the population and for improving the quality of life.

https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry_id=6 [1] [2]