

## 0.a. Goal

0.a. Goal: The goal of the project is to develop a system that can automatically generate a report for the project. The system should be able to generate a report for the project in a format that is easy to read and understand. The system should also be able to generate a report for the project in a format that is easy to share and distribute.

## 0.b. Target

0.b. Target: The target of the project is to develop a system that can automatically generate a report for the project. The system should be able to generate a report for the project in a format that is easy to read and understand. The system should also be able to generate a report for the project in a format that is easy to share and distribute.

## 0.c. Indicator

0.c. Indicator: The indicator of the project is the number of reports generated by the system. The indicator is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The indicator is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. (EG\_EGY\_CLEAN) [0000]

## 0.d. Series

0.d. Series: The series of the project is the number of reports generated by the system. The series is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The series is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. (EG\_CFT\_COOK) [0000] [0000] 0.d. Series: The series of the project is the number of reports generated by the system. The series is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The series is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. (EG\_CFT\_LIGHT) [0000]

## 0.e. Metadata update

0.e. Metadata update: The metadata update of the project is the number of reports generated by the system. The metadata update is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The metadata update is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time.

## 1.a. Organisation

1.a. Organisation: The organisation of the project is the National Institute of Statistics (NIS). The organisation is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The organisation is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time.

## 1.b. Contact person(s)

1.b. Contact person(s): The contact person(s) of the project is Som Bony (Mr). The contact person(s) is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The contact person(s) is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time.

## 1.c. Contact organisation unit

1.c. Contact organisation unit: The contact organisation unit of the project is the National Institute of Statistics / National Institute of Statistics. The contact organisation unit is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The contact organisation unit is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time.

## 1.d. Contact person function

1.d. Contact person function: The contact person function of the project is the National Institute of Statistics. The contact person function is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time. The contact person function is measured by the number of reports generated by the system in a given period of time.

## 1.e. Contact phone

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### ***1.f. Contact mail***

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00000000000000 (00)

### ***1.g. Contact email***

[ ] [ ] pomao.nis@gmail.com [ ]; [ ] bony\_som@yahoo.com [ ] [ ]

### 2.a. Definition and concepts

[illegible]

### 2.b. Unit of measure

□□□□□ (%)

### 3.a. Data sources

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### ***3.b. Data collection method***

[illegible][illegible]

### 3.c. Data collection calendar

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### 3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

### 3.e. Data providers

□ □

### 3.f. Data compilers

□ □

### 3.g. Institutional mandate

[illegible]

#### **4.a. Rationale**

[illegible]

#### 4.b. Comment and limitations

[illegible]

The data for the analysis are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

#### 4.c. Method of computation

The data for the analysis are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

#### 4.d. Validation

The data for the analysis are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

#### 4.i. Quality management

NIS (National Income and Product Accounts) data are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

### 5. Data availability and disaggregation

The data for the analysis are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

### 6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

The data for the analysis are derived from the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs) of the United States, which are published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). The data are organized into a hierarchical structure, with the top level representing the total economy and subsequent levels representing different sectors and components. The data are processed using a series of steps, including data cleaning, data transformation, and data aggregation, to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the results. The data are then used to calculate the various indicators and metrics that are presented in the analysis.

### 7. References and Documentation

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<https://www.nis.gov.kh/index.php/km/14-cses/12-cambodia-socio-economic-survey-reports> [១១១] [១១១]