

0.a. Goal

()

0.b. Target

[illegible]

0.c. Indicator

[illegible]

0.e. Metadata update

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1.a. Organisation

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ (NIS) □□□□□□□□□□ □□

1.b. Contact person(s)

□□□□□□ (□□□) / Som Bony (Mr) [□□]

1.c. Contact organisation unit

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ / □

1.d. Contact person function

□□□□□□ [□□]

1.e. Contact phone

$$[\text{M}] + \frac{[\text{M}]^2}{[\text{M}] + K_{\text{M}}} = \frac{[\text{M}]^2}{[\text{M}] + K_{\text{M}}} + [\text{M}]$$

1.f. Contact mail

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□□□□□□□□□□□□ [□□]

1.g. Contact email

[] [] pomao.nis@gmail.com []; [] bony_som@yahoo.com [] []

2.a. Definition and concepts

Definition and concepts are the foundation of any research. They provide a clear understanding of the variables being studied and the relationships between them. In this section, we will define the key concepts used in this study and explain how they are related to each other. The first concept is the independent variable, which is the variable that is manipulated or changed by the researcher. The second concept is the dependent variable, which is the variable that is measured or observed. The third concept is the control variable, which is the variable that is held constant to ensure that the results are due to the independent variable. The fourth concept is the confounding variable, which is a variable that can affect the dependent variable and is not controlled for. The fifth concept is the mediating variable, which is a variable that explains the relationship between the independent and dependent variables. The sixth concept is the moderating variable, which is a variable that affects the strength or direction of the relationship between the independent and dependent variables. The seventh concept is the outcome variable, which is the final result of the study. The eighth concept is the predictor variable, which is the variable that is used to predict the outcome variable. The ninth concept is the criterion variable, which is the variable that is used to evaluate the success of the study. The tenth concept is the construct variable, which is the variable that is used to represent a theoretical concept. The eleventh concept is the latent variable, which is a variable that cannot be directly measured but can be inferred from other variables. The twelfth concept is the manifest variable, which is a variable that can be directly measured. The thirteenth concept is the observed variable, which is a variable that is measured in a specific study. The fourteenth concept is the measured variable, which is a variable that is measured in a specific study. The fifteenth concept is the measured variable, which is a variable that is measured in a specific study.

2.b. Unit of measure

Percentage (%)

3.a. Data sources

Data sources are the sources from which data is collected. In this study, the data sources are the CSES () and ()

3.b. Data collection method

Data collection method is the method used to collect data. In this study, the data collection method is the CSES () and ()

[illegible]

3.c. Data collection calendar

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3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

3.e. Data providers

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ [□ □]

3.f. Data compilers

□ □

3.g. Institutional mandate

[illegible]

4.a. *Rationale*

[illegible]

4.b. Comment and limitations

[illegible]

4.c. Method of computation

(mm)

4.d. Validation

()

4.i. Quality management

[illegible]

5. Data availability and disaggregation

[illegible]

6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

[illegible]

<https://www.nis.gov.kh/index.php/km/14-cses/12-cambodia-socio-economic-survey-reports>