

## **0.a. Goal**

The goal of the ISCO is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends.

## **0.b. Target**

The target of the ISCO is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends. The target is to provide a common framework for the classification of occupations across different countries and regions, facilitating the comparison of occupational data and the analysis of labour market trends.

## **0.c. Indicator**

0.c.1 The indicator is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

## **0.d. Series**

0.d.1 The series is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO) (ISCO)

## **0.e. Metadata update**

The metadata update is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

## **0.f. Related indicators**

The related indicators are the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO); the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO); the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO)

## **1.a. Organisation**

The organisation is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (NIS) (NIS) (ISCO)

## **1.b. Contact person(s)**

The contact person(s) is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO (ISCO) (ISCO)

## **1.c. Contact organisation unit**

The contact organisation unit is the number of occupations classified in the ISCO, the number of occupations classified in the ISCO, the number of occupations classified in the ISCO

## **1.d. Contact person function**

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### 1.e. Contact phone

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### ***1.f. Contact mail***

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000000000000 (00)

### ***1.g. Contact email***

phanchinda@yahoo.com [ ]

### 2.a. Definition and concepts

[illegible]

### 2.b. Unit of measure

[illegible]

### 3.a. Data sources

(CDHS) [ ]

### ***3.b. Data collection method***

[illegible]

[illegible]

### 3.c. Data collection calendar

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### 3.d. Data release calendar

[illegible]

### 3.e. Data providers

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### 3.f. Data compilers

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### 3.g. Institutional mandate

NIS

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#### ***4.a. Rationale***

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data collected from the survey are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The data are made available to the public through a variety of channels, including the DHS website and data archives.

#### 4.c. Method of computation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data collected from the survey are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The data are made available to the public through a variety of channels, including the DHS website and data archives.

#### 4.d. Validation

Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data collected from the survey are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The data are made available to the public through a variety of channels, including the DHS website and data archives.

### 5. Data availability and disaggregation

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### 6. Comparability/deviation from international standards

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### 7. References and Documentation

[1] Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) is a household survey that provides information on a wide range of demographic and health indicators. The survey is conducted in a representative sample of households and covers a wide range of topics, including fertility, mortality, and health status. The data collected from the survey are used to monitor and evaluate the progress of development programs and to inform policy decisions. The survey is conducted in a standardized manner, allowing for comparison of results across different countries and over time. The data are made available to the public through a variety of channels, including the DHS website and data archives.

[https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry\\_id=6](https://dhsprogram.com/Countries/Country-Main.cfm?ctry_id=6) [1] [2]