A Introduction to
The Center for Advanced Computing

Brock Palen brockp@smich.edu chanics: Usage 000000000 The Scheduler

A Introduction to The Center for Advanced Computing

Brock Palen brockp@umich.edu

TBD

-Outline

Outline

Resources

- Resources
 - Hardware
 - Default Software
- 2 Mechanics: Usage
 - Compiling programs
 - The Batch System
- The Scheduler
 - Understanding the Scheduler
 - Scheduler Commands
- 4 Summary
 - Resources and Access
 - Job Management
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Hardware

Compute Hardware

- 1 Altix node, 32 cores
- 586 Opteron nodes, over 1760 cores
- 400+ nodes on CAEN Grid
- Gigabit networking, Myrinet networking, Infiniband networking
- Upto 96GB of memory (64GB public) for SMP work

Hardware: nyx

Nyx

Resources

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- nyx is the Opteron cluster;
- Login: nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
- Currently has 7TB NFS file system
- Running RedHat Enterprise Linux 4

Bighouse: Available to Aero Space Dept



Hardware: bighouse

Bighouse

Resources

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• bighouse is our Itanium SMP machine;

Mechanics: Usage

- Login: bighouse.engin.umich.edu
- Shares nyx's 7TB NFS file system
- Running SUsE Linux Enterprise Server 10
- ProPack 5 from SGI
- Only available for benchmarking (Private)



The Scheduler

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nodes are great for paramater sweaps, hundereds of jobs etconly for engin accounts

CAEN Grid

- 400+ Nodes, Dual Core
- All nodes have 2GB Ram

Mechanics: Usage

- FAST Single CPU's
- Some Parallel Ability
- Short Jobs Only







Mechanics: Usage

Software

Nyx Defaults

- OpenMPI
- PGI Compilers
- PBS commands

Bighouse Defaults

- Message Passing Toolkit (MPT)
- Intel Compilers
- PBS commands

Grid Defaults

- OpenMPI
- PGI Compilers
- Intel Compilers



1. Show Example



Manipulating Software

All CAC systems use modules to control software. Users *can* and *should* write their own modules if needed.

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module commands

- module list Show loaded modules
- module load *modulename* Load *modulename* for use
- module avail modulename
 Show available versions of module modulename
- module rm modulename
 Remove currently loaded module



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Module Fun

1. example suing fftw follows

Module Customization

- /privatemodules/default Allows users to change their default modules.
- /privatemodules/module/version Holds user created module
- man modulefile

- List Loaded Modules module list
- Show All Modules module avail
- Show All Versions of openmpi module avail openmpi
- Load FFTW
 module load fftw
- Show Variables defined by FFTW module show fftw

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Module Example

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- Load FFTW module load fftw
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Tools

- All of the standard GNU/Linux tools are also available: make, autoconf, awk, sed, Perl, Python,
- We support emacs, vi{m}, and nano (a pico-like editor) on
- Only use notepad on Windows!

Mechanics: Usage

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• If made on windows fix with dos2unix filename

Tools

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Mechanics: Usage

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Mechanics: Usage

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• If made on windows fix with dos2unix filename

- 1. The following applies to the default modules
- 2. Grid: both compilers support OpenMP

Compile Code

Nyx

Resources

• Use: mpicc, mpiCC, mpif90 for MPI code

Mechanics: Usage

• Use: pgcc, pgCC, pgf90 with -mp for OpenMP Code

The Scheduler

Bighouse

- Use: icc, icpc, ifort with -lmpi for MPI code
- Use: icc, icpc, ifort with -openmp for OpenMP code

CAEN Grid

- Use: mpicc, mpiCC, mpif90 for MPI code
- Serial code: Intel or PGI commands are valid.



Compile Example

Resources

Copy Code: cp ~brockp/mpicodes.tar ~ tar -xvf mpicodes.tar cd ~/mpicodes

Mechanics: Usage

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Serial Code

- Fortran 90 pgf90 -fastsse -o f90hello helloworld.f90
- C pgcc -fastsse -o chello helloworld.c

-Compile Example Ctd.

Resources

1. 'man make' Make lets you manage large bits of code. Works for all source types

```
MPI Code
    make
    mpirun -np 2 c_ex01
    Thats it... Ok not really
    make clean
    mpicc -fastsse -o c_ex01 c_ex01.c
```

1. 'man make' Make lets you manage large bits of code. Works for all source types

Compile Example Ctd.

Resources

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MPI Code

Resources

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Mechanics: Usage

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All some to the compute radio (providing other than tage radio).

We use a system called Trape, it, it defined from PBS

- The batch system:

The batch system control access to question.

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Resources Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Summa

Introduction to the PBS Batch System

PBS

- All access to the compute nodes (everything other than the login node) is via the batch system
- We use a system called Torque, it is derived from PBS
- The batch system controls access to queues
- The scheduling system decides if and where jobs can run
- There is a single public queue: cac
- There are many private queues for people who own or rent nodes
- If you don't know use the route queue

Introduction to the PBS Batch System

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troduction to the PBS Batch System

Mechanics: Usage

he Scheduler

Summary

Introduction to the PBS Batch System

PBS Files

Resources

The steps to using the batch system are:

- Create a batch file: this is a short (5-15 lines) text file with some batch commands and the commands to run your program
- Submit the file to the batch system
- Oheck on the status of your job
- Delete your job if you want to cancel it

Resources Mechanics: Usage

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The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
```

Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1, walltime=1:00:00
```



Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1, walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
```

```
Creating a PBS Batch File

A simple stagle con example
#1/Int/Ach
#282 -11 -10 miss-1, walltime-1:00:00
#282 -1 inches-1, walltime-1:00:00
#282 -2 size completed and
#282 -2 miss-1 miss-1 miss-1 miss-1
#282 -2 miss-1 miss-1
#282 -2 miss-1 miss-1
#282 -2 miss-1
```

```
Mechanics: Usage
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```

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1, walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
```



Mechanics: Usage Resources

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

A simple single cpu example

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1, walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
```

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Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cat $PBS_NODEFILE
```

Mechanics: Usage 00000000000

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N 1-cpu
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cat $PBS_NODEFILE
cd ~/input1dir/
mcnp5.mpi i=input o=output r=restart
```



#PBS -1 nodes=8:ppn=2,walltime=8:00:00 mpirum -mp 16 mcmp5.mpi i=imput2 o=output2 r=restart2

Creating a PBS Batch File

#PBS -M brockp@smich.edu #PBS -m ae

#1/bin/sh

#PBS -N mcmp-8x2

cd \${HOME}/input2/ echo "I ran on: ' cat \$PBS_NODEFILE

```
Resources
```

Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Creating a PBS Batch File

A more complicated example:

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N mcnp-8x2
#PBS -l nodes=8:ppn=2,walltime=8:00:00
#PBS -q route
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -m ae
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cd ${HOME}/input2/
echo "I ran on: "
cat $PBS_NODEFILE
mpirun -np 16 mcnp5.mpi i=input2 o=output2 r=restart2
```





Resources Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Summary

Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs

• After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:

```
$ qsub mcnp.q
542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
```

 After you submit your script, you can check on the status of your job:

If you want to delete your job:

```
$ adel 54
```



```
ubmitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs
   a After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:
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```

Mechanics: Usage Resources 0000000000

The Scheduler

Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs

• After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:

```
$ qsub mcnp.q
542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
```

 After you submit your script, you can check on the status of your job:

```
$ qstat -au brockp
nyx-login.engin.umich.edu:
                    Username Queue
                                      Jobname
                                                             TSK Memory Time S Time
542.nyx-login.engin.brockp
                                     mcnp-8x2
                                                                         08:00 R 00:00
                             short
$ checkjob 542
[... lots of output ...]
```

• If you want to delete your job:



Resources 00000000 Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

ummary

Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs

• After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:

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$ qsub mcnp.q
542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
```

 After you submit your script, you can check on the status of your job:

• If you want to delete your job:

```
$ qdel 542
```



Mechanics: Usage
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The Scheduler

eduler Sun

PBS Email

Resources

PBS will send an email at the start and end of your job if you use the -m and -M options in your PBS script. The email after a job completes successfully looks like:

Date: Sun, 30 Apr 2006 12:50:17 -0400
From: adm <adm@nyx-login.engin.umich.edu>
To: "Palen, Brock E"

Frockp@umich.edu>
Subject: PBS JOB 542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu

PBS Job Id: 542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
Job Name: mcnp-8x2
Execution terminated
Exit_status=0
resources_used.cput=13:17:26
resources_used.mem=1220672kb
resources_used.vmem=11146704kb
resources_used.walltime=00:49:57





```
Resources
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```

The Scheduler

Summary

PBS Example

PBS Example Job

cd ~/mpicodes

nano run

Edit #PBS -M Ctl+o

Ctl+x

qsub run

Interactive Jobs

The CAC has CPU's for jobs 15 minutes or less

These CPU's can be used for testing PBS scripts and debugging

Interactive jobs allow users to interact with the shell on a remote

qsub -I -l nodes=2:ppn=2,walltime=15:00 -q ca





```
Resources
00000000
```

The Scheduler

Summar

PBS Example

PBS Example Job

cd ~/mpicodes
nano run
Edit #PBS -M
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Resources
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The Scheduler

Summary

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```
PBS Example
```

Resources

```
PBS Example Job
```

cd ~/mpicodes nano run Edit #PBS -M Ctl+o Ctl+x qsub run

Interactive Jobs

The CAC has CPU's for jobs 15 minutes or less

Mechanics: Usage

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These CPU's can be used for testing PBS scripts and debugging code

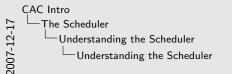
The Scheduler

Interactive jobs allow users to interact with the shell on a remote node

qsub -I -l nodes=2:ppn=2,walltime=15:00 -q cac







ling the Scheduler

The scheduler determines what jobs can run, when they can run, and where. There are many factors that go into the scheduler's

and Priority

- Maximum number jobs eligible for scheduling: 4
 Maximum number of CPUs in use by one person: depends or
- queue

 u Maximum number of jobs in the queue at one time: no limit
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 Who you are: user and group level priorities
- How long you we wanted: the longer you want, the higher you priority
 a Your recent usage (fairshare): People with less usage over the

Resources

Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

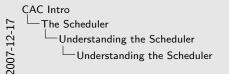
mmary O

Understanding the Scheduler

The scheduler determines what jobs can run, when they can run, and where. There are many factors that go into the scheduler's decision.

Limits and Priority

- Maximum number jobs eligible for scheduling: 4
- Maximum number of CPUs in use by one person: depends on queue
- Maximum number of jobs in the queue at one time: no limit
- Who you are: user and group level priorities
- How long you've waited: the longer you wait, the higher your priority
- Your recent usage (fairshare): People with less usage over the past month will have a higher priority than those with a lot of usage



and where. There are many factors that go into the scheduler's

m Maximum number of CPUs in use by one person: depends of

a How long you've waited: the longer you wait, the higher your

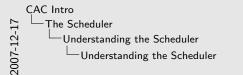
a Your recent usage (fairshare): People with less usage over the past month will have a higher priority than those with a lot of Resources Mechanics: Usage The Scheduler

Understanding the Scheduler

The scheduler determines what jobs can run, when they can run, and where. There are many factors that go into the scheduler's decision.

Limits and Priority

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Understanding the Scheduler

Mechanics: Usage

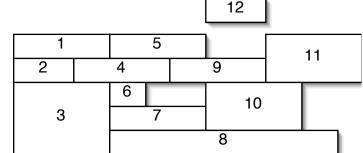
- Reservations
 - Advance reservations: holds nodes for users or groups

The Scheduler

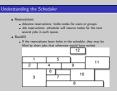
- Job reservations: scheduler will reserve nodes for the next several jobs in each queue
- Backfill

Resources

 If the reservations leave holes in the schedule, they may be filled by short jobs that otherwise would have waited.







Understanding the Scheduler

Mechanics: Usage

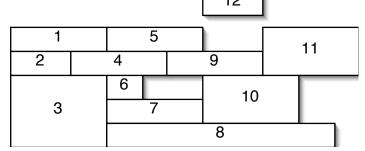
- Reservations
 - Advance reservations: holds nodes for users or groups
 - Job reservations: scheduler will reserve nodes for the next several jobs in each queue

The Scheduler

Backfill

Resources

• If the reservations leave holes in the schedule, they may be filled by short jobs that otherwise <u>would have</u> waited.





derstanding the Schedule

There are several commands that can give you insight into the

- longest to finish: the idle jobs in order of priority; and the
- the priority for all of the idle jobs
- w showstart robsumber this makes a (poor) estimate of when the job will start

Resources

Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Understanding the Scheduler

There are several commands that can give you insight into the scheduler's decisions.

- showg shows the state of the queue at that moment in time, showing the running jobs in order of soonest to finish to longest to finish; the idle jobs in order of priority; and the blocked jobs in the order they were submitted
- diagnose -p shows the factors that go into computing the priority for all of the idle jobs
- checkjob jobnumber for idle jobs this will show why the iob can't start
- showstart jobnumber this makes a (poor) estimate of when the job will start



The Scheduler

Summary

Resources

- Resources
 - Lots of CPUs
 - A reasonable amount of software
 - Watch or subscribe to http://cac.engin.umich.edu for updates
- Access
 - All access is via the SSH family of commands: ssh, sftp, scp
 - There are lots of clients for these commands for the different platforms
 - There is no graphical access, everything is via the command line



Summary

Summary

Resources

- Job Submission
 - Every job needs a PBS script file

Mechanics: Usage

- Two most important commands: qsub and qstat -au uniqname
- Job Scheduling
 - Scheduling depends on a lot of factors, it is best to submit jobs and let the scheduler optimize for their start.

 Resources 00000000 Mechanics: Usage

The Scheduler

Summary ...

Summary

- News: http://cac.engin.umich.edu
 - RSS feed
 - New of changes, outages, other pertinent piece of information
- Contact: cac-support@umich.edu
 - Questions or concerns should be sent here (not to an individual) since this is read by six people. The odds of a quick reply are best this way.
 - We aren't parallel programmers, but we'll do what we can to help.

