An Introduction to The Center for Advanced Computing Dock Palm brostophasish.edu TEO

An Introduction to The Center for Advanced Computing

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TBD

-Outline

 Scheduler Commands Summary

Resources and Access

Contact

Outline Compiling programs The Batch System

- Resources
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Resources
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Mechanics: Usage

Summary

Hardware

Compute Hardware

- 1 Altix node, 32 cores
- 586 Opteron nodes, over 1760 cores
- 400+ nodes on CAEN Grid
- Gigabit networking and Infiniband networking
- Upto 96GB of memory (64GB public) for SMP work

Visualization Hardware

- http://um3d.dc.umich.edu/
- Windows 64bit Nvidia 16GB Quad Core
- Linux Nvidia 16GB Quad Core 30" wide screen

Hardware: nyx

Nyx

Resources

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- nyx is the Opteron cluster;
- Login: nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
- Currently has 7TB NFS file system
- 2.6 TB fast scratch file system
- Running RedHat Enterprise Linux 4
- Uses PBS for Resource Access

Bighouse: Available to Aero Space Dept



Hardware: bighouse

Bighouse

Resources

bighouse is our Itanium SMP machine;

- Login: bighouse.engin.umich.edu
- Shares nyx's 7TB NFS file system
- Running SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 10
- ProPack 5 from SGI
- Uses PBS for Resource Access
- Only available for benchmarking (Private)



nodes are great for paramater sweaps, hundereds of jobs etconly for engin accounts

Hardware: Grid

Resources

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CAEN Grid

- 400+ Nodes, Dual Core
- All nodes have 2GB Ram
- FAST Single cpus
- Some Parallel Ability
- Short Jobs Only
- Uses PBS for Resource Access



- 1. VMD http://www.ks.uiuc.edu/Research/vmd/
- 2. Visit https://wci.llnl.gov/codes/visit/
- 3. IDL http://www.ittvis.com/idl/







Hardware: 3dlab



- VMD Visual Molecular Dynamics
- Visit
- IDL Interactive Data Language







Mechanics: Usage

Summary

Software

Nyx Defaults

- OpenMPI
- PGI Compilers

Bighouse Defaults

- Message Passing Toolkit (MPT)
- Intel Compilers

Grid Defaults

- OpenMPI
- PGI Compilers
- Intel Compilers



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Common Software

- PBS Commands
- High Performance Math Libraries

- Unix/GNU Tools
- gcc/g++

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All CAC systems are mobiles to control software. Users care and
should write their own modules if resuld

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1. Show Example

Manipulating Software

Resources

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All CAC systems use modules to control software. Users *can* and *should* write their own modules if needed.

Mechanics: Usage

module commands

- module listShow loaded modules
- module load modulename Load modulename for use
- module avail *modulename*Show available versions of module *modulename*
- module rm modulename
 Remove currently loaded module



Module Fun

Resources

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1. example using fftw follows

Module Customization

- ~/privatemodules/default
 Allows users to change their default modules.
- ~/privatemodules/module/version Holds user created module
- man modulefile

- List Loaded Modules module list
- Show All Modules module avail
- Show All Versions of openmpi module avail openmpi
- Load FFTW

 module load fftw
- Show Variables defined by FFTW module show fftw

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module avail

module load fftw w Show Variables defined by FFTW module show fftw echo %FFTW_LINK

Module Example

- List Loaded Modules module list
- Show All Modules module avail
- Show All Versions of openmpi module avail openmpi
- Load FFTW module load fftw
- Show Variables defined by FFTW module show fftw echo \$FFTW_LINK

Tools

 All of the standard GNU/Linux tools are also available: make, autoconf, awk, sed, Perl, Python,

- We support emacs, vi{m}, and nano (a pico-like editor) on the clusters. etc.
- Only use notepad on Windows!
- If made on windows fix with dos2unix filename

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- Only use notepad on Windows!
- If made on windows fix with dos2unix filename

- 1. The following applies to the default modules
- 2. Grid: both compilers support OpenMP

Compile Code

Nyx

Resources

- Use: mpicc, mpiCC, mpif90 for MPI code
- Use: pgcc, pgCC, pgf90 with -mp for OpenMP Code

Bighouse

- Use: icc, icpc, ifort with -lmpi for MPI code
- Use: icc, icpc, ifort with -openmp for OpenMP code

CAEN Grid

- Use: mpicc, mpiCC, mpif90 for MPI code
- Serial code: Intel or PGI commands are valid.



Compile Example

Resources

Copy Code: cp ~brockp/mpicodes.tar ~
tar -xvf mpicodes.tar
cd ~/mpicodes

Serial Code

- Fortran 90 pgf90 -fastsse -o f90hello helloworld.f90
- C
 pgcc -fastsse -o chello helloworld.c

Compile Example Cont'd

1. 'man make' Make lets you manage large bits of code. Works for all source types

2008-02-21

MPI Code • make • mpirun -np 2 c_ex01 • Thats it... Ok not really • make clean • mpicc -fastsse -o c_ex01 c_ex01.c

1. 'man make' Make lets you manage large bits of code. Works for all source types

Compile Example Cont'd

MPI Code

- make
- \bullet mpirun -np 2 c_ex01
- Thats it... Ok not really
- make clean
- mpicc -fastsse -o c_ex01 c_ex01.c

Compiling programs

-Compile Example Cont'd



1. 'man make' Make lets you manage large bits of code. Works for all source types

MPI Code

Resources

- make
- mpirun -np 2 c_ex01
- Thats it... Ok not really
- make clean
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 Mechanics: Usage
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Introduction to the PBS Batch System

PBS

- All access to the compute nodes (everything other than the login node) is via the batch system
- We use a system called Torque, it is derived from PBS
- The batch system controls access to queues
- The scheduling (Maui/Moab) system decides if and where jobs can run
- There is a single public queue: cac
- There are many private queues for people who own or rent nodes
- If you don't know use the route queue



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troduction to the PBS Batch System

Introduction to the PBS Batch System

PBS Files

Resources

The steps to using the batch system are:

- Create a batch file: this is a short (5-15 lines) text file with some batch commands and the commands to run your program
- ② Submit the file to the batch system
- Oheck on the status of your job
- Obligation
 Delete your job if you want to cancel it

 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
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Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
```

Resources

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
```

Resources

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

Resources

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cat $PBS_NODEFILE
```

Creating a PBS Batch File

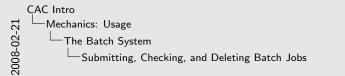
```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N cpu-1
#PBS -l nodes=1,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -m abe
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -q route
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cat $PBS_NODEFILE
cd ~/input1dir/
mcnp5.mpi i=input o=output r=restart
```

Mechanics: Usage

See man qsub for all optionsExample pbs file included with example codes run

- 1. -N sets the job name, can not start with a number
- 2. -l sets the resources, walltime=HH:MM:SS or walltime=SSSSS Total number of cpus is nodes*ppn which must email -np.
- 3. -q optional: which queue to submit to, use default: route
- 4. -M Who to email, can be more than one address
- 5. -m when to email a=abort, b=begin, e=end
- 6. -j optional: join STDOUT and STDERR default is to not
- 7. -V Copy submit environment to compute environtment, ALWAYS use this

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -N mcnp-8x2
#PBS -1 nodes=8:ppn=2,walltime=8:00:00
#PBS -q route
#PBS -M brockp@umich.edu
#PBS -m ae
#PBS -j oe
#PBS -V
cd ${HOME}/input2/
echo "I ran on: "
cat $PBS NODEFILE
mpirun -np 16 mcnp5.mpi i=input2 o=output2 r=restart2
```





 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
 Summary

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Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs

After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:

```
$ qsub mcnp.q
542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
```

 After you submit your script, you can check on the status of your job:

• If you want to delete your job:

```
$ adel 54
```



```
CAC Intro

Mechanics: Usage

The Batch System

Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs
```

```
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Submitting, Checking, and Oeleting Batch Jobs

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 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
 Summary

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Submitting, Checking, and Deleting Batch Jobs

• After you create your PBS script, you need to submit it:

```
$ qsub mcnp.q
542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
```

 After you submit your script, you can check on the status of your job:

• If you want to delete your job:

```
$ qdel 542
```



PBS Email

Resources

PBS will send an email at the start and end of your job if you use the -m and -M options in your PBS script. The email after a job completes successfully looks like:

Mechanics: Usage

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Date: Sun, 30 Apr 2006 12:50:17 -0400
From: adm <adm@nyx-login.engin.umich.edu>
To: "Palen, Brock E"

**Corockp@umich.edu>
Subject: PBS JOB 542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu

PBS Job Id: 542.nyx-login.engin.umich.edu
Job Name: mcnp-8x2
Execution terminated
Exit_status=0
resources_used.cput=13:17:26
resources_used.mem=1220672kb
resources_used.vmem=11146704kb
resources_used.walltime=00:49:57



nano run Edit #PES -M

Please be sure to edit the email address I don't want to be getting all your mailNano is a clone of pico

PBS Example Job cd ~/mpicodes nano run Edit #PBS -M Ctl+o Ctl+x qsub run

-Interactive Jobs

Interactive Jobs

Resources

Interactive jobs can use X11 forwarding also

- 1. qsub -I -X nodes=2:ppn=2,walltime=15:00 -q route
- 2. Used with ddt our parallel debugger

Interactive Jobs

The CAC has cpus for jobs 15 minutes or less

These cpus can be used for testing PBS scripts and debugging code Interactive jobs allow users to interact with the shell on a remote node

Example

Interactive Jobs

Resources

Interactive jobs can use X11 forwarding also

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Mechanics: Usage

Example



Preemptable Jobs

Preempt

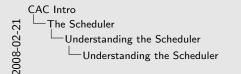
Resources

- Gives fast access to lots of fast cpus
- Great for hundreds of short jobs
- Uses Private nodes
- Read: http://cac.engin.umich.edu/resources/ software/pbspreemption.html

How to use Preemption

#PBS -l nodes=1:ppn=4,qos=preempt







1. We can do priorities and limits in private queues as needed for those queues. Limits on User, group, hardware in use, time of use walltime are all options

 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
 Summary

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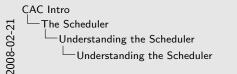
Understanding the Scheduler

The scheduler determines what jobs can run, when they can run, and where. There are many factors that go into the scheduler's decision.

Limits and Priority

- Limited number jobs eligible for scheduling
- Maximum number of cpus in use by one person: depends on queue
- Maximum number of jobs in the queue at one time: no limit
- How long you've waited: the longer you wait, the higher your priority
- Your recent usage (fairshare): People with less usage over the past month will have a higher priority than those with a lot of usage







1. We can do priorities and limits in private queues as needed for those queues. Limits on User, group, hardware in use, time of use walltime are all options

 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
 Summary

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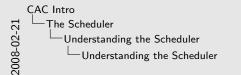
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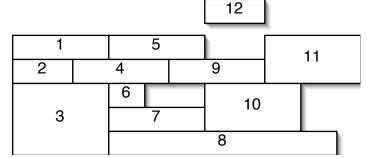


Understanding the Scheduler

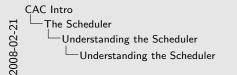
- Reservations
 - Advance reservations: holds nodes for users or groups
 - Job reservations: scheduler will reserve nodes for the next several jobs in each queue
- Backfill

Resources

 If the reservations leave holes in the schedule, they may be filled by short jobs that otherwise would have waited.







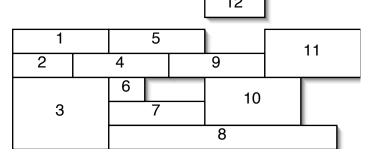


 Resources
 Mechanics: Usage
 Sumr

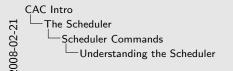
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Understanding the Scheduler

- Reservations
 - Advance reservations: holds nodes for users or groups
 - Job reservations: scheduler will reserve nodes for the next several jobs in each queue
- Backfill
 - If the reservations leave holes in the schedule, they may be filled by short jobs that otherwise would have waited.







derstanding the Schedule

There are several commands that can give you insight into the

- showq shows the state of the queue at that moment in time, showing the running jobs in order of soonest to linish to longest to linish; the idle jobs in order of priority; and the blocked jobs in the order they were submitted
- diagnose -p -- shows the factors that go into computing the priority for all of the idle jobs charleton, inhumber -- for idle jobs this will show why the
- job can't start
 u showatart jobnumber this makes a (poor) estimate of
- when the job will start

Resources Mechanics: Usage

Understanding the Scheduler

There are several commands that can give you insight into the scheduler's decisions.

- showq shows the state of the queue at that moment in time, showing the running jobs in order of soonest to finish to longest to finish; the idle jobs in order of priority; and the blocked jobs in the order they were submitted
- diagnose -p shows the factors that go into computing the priority for all of the idle jobs
- checkjob jobnumber for idle jobs this will show why the job can't start
- showstart *jobnumber* this makes a (poor) estimate of when the job will start



Summary

Resources

Summary

- Resources
 - Lots of cpus
 - A reasonable amount of software
 - Watch or subscribe to http://cac.engin.umich.edu for updates
- Access
 - All access is via the SSH family of commands: ssh, sftp, scp
 - There are lots of clients for these commands for the different platforms
 - There is no graphical access, everything is via the command line

Summary Cont'd

Resources

Summary

- Job Submission
 - Every job needs a PBS script file
 - Two most important commands: qsub and qstat -au uniqname
- Job Scheduling
 - Scheduling depends on a lot of factors, it is best to submit jobs and let the scheduler optimize for their start.

Summary

Summary Con'd

- News: http://cac.engin.umich.edu
 - RSS feed
 - New of changes, outages, other pertinent piece of information
- Contact: cac-support@umich.edu
 - Questions or concerns should be sent here (not to an individual) since this is read by six people. The odds of a quick reply are best this way.
 - We aren't parallel programmers, but we'll do what we can to help.

Survey

https://www.engin.umich.edu/form/exit08

