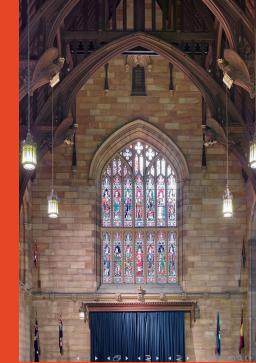
Presentation title Presentation subtitle

Presented by
Firstname Lastname
Faculty, centre or unit

June 7, 2018





Section 1 Introduction



Section 1 - Subsection 1 - Frame 1

Frame Subtitle

- Item 1
- Item 2
- Item 3

Section 1 - Subsection 1 - Frame 2

- Item 1
- Item 2
- Item 3

Section 1 - Subsection 2 - Frame 1

- Item 1
- Item 2
- Item 3

Section 2
Section 2



Section 2 - Subsection 1 - Frame 1

$$\Gamma(t) = \int_0^\infty x^{t-1} e^{-x} dx$$
$$\int_0^1 \ln \Gamma(t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2\pi$$

Section 2 - Subsection 2 - Frame 1

Theorem

Let G=(V,E) be a graph and $\deg(u)$ denote the degree of a vertex $u\in V$, then

$$\sum_{u \in V} \deg(u) = 2|E|.$$