GUI Programming with Java

Session 7 Frame Based GUI's



Session 7 - Frame Based GUI's

We will look at...

- JInternalFrame



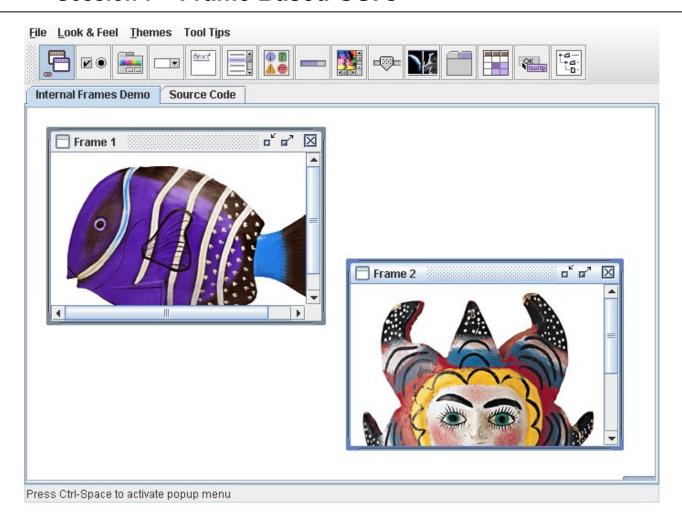


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- Many GUI's applications simulate desktop environments by allowing multiple frames or windows to be displayed within a single root window.
- These frames look and in many cases behave like those on our normal desktop even though the window manager associated with the desktop is not aware of them (they are internal to the application)
- Typical examples include graphics applications, word processors, office applications etc.
- In this session we will examine the methods for creating internal frame based applications.



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The above screenshot is from the swing demo on java.sun.com. It makes use of internal frames.



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 With the JInternalFrame class you can display a JFrame-like window within another window.

 Usually, you add internal frames to a desktop pane. (using JDesktopPane)

 The desktop pane, in turn, might be used as the content pane of a JFrame.

Document

Document #2

Document #1



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Lets now take a look at

InternalFrameDemo1.java

which accompanies this lecture.



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- We base our class on a JFrame. In other words, our application will consist of a JFrame that will in turn consist of a number of inner frames
- We import some new libraries to allow us to make use of the internal frame and the desktop pane

```
import javax.swing.JInternalFrame;
import javax.swing.JDesktopPane;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
```



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 We begin by creating a JDesktopPane object

JDesktopPane desktop = new JDesktopPane();

 This is simply a pane on which we can add content, only in this case it will be frames.



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We then create an internal frame

```
JInternalFrame innerframe = new JInternalFrame("Internal Window",
true, //resizable
true, //closable
true, //maximizable
true);//iconifiable
```

 When creating a frame we specify its title, weather it is resizable, closable, maximizable or iconifiable



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 Just like a standard JFrame, we can set the size and visibility and other properties of the JInternalFrame

```
innerframe.setSize(300,300);
innerframe.setVisible(true); //necessary as of 1.3
```

 We then get the desktop to act as the content pane for the JFrame

```
setContentPane(desktop);
```



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 Most frame based applications use menu's so lets expand our program and add a menu to it.

Lets now take a look at

InternalFrameDemo2.java

which accompanies this lecture.



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 You can see that the menu does not do much.

 However the methods for adding menus are exactly the same as standard frames.

 Remember that our program is based on a JFrame



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A more complex example

Take a look at the program
 InternalFrameDemo.java

 It makes use of another class called MyInternalFrame.java

 This example allows us to create a series of new windows using a menu.



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Rules of using Internal Frames

- You must set the size of the internal frame.
 - If you don't set the size of the internal frame, it will have zero size and thus never be visible. You can set the size using one of the following methods: setSize, pack, or setBounds.
- As a rule, you should set the location of the internal frame.
 - If you don't set the location of the internal frame, it will come up at 0,0 (the upper left of its container). You can use the setLocation or setBounds method to specify the upper left point of the internal frame, relative to its container.



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Rules of using Internal Frames

- To add components to an internal frame, you add them to the internal frame's content pane.
 - This is exactly like the JFrame situation.
- Dialogs that are internal frames should be implemented using JOptionPane or JInternalFrame, not JDialog.
 - To create a simple dialog, you can use the JOptionPane showInternalXxxDialog methods.



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Rules of using Internal Frames

- You must add an internal frame to a container.
 - If you don't add the internal frame to a container (usually a JDesktopPane), the internal frame won't appear.
- You need to call show or setVisible on internal frames.
 - Internal frames are invisible by default. You must invoke setVisible(true) or show() to make them visible.



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- Internal frames fire internal frame events, not window events.
 - Handling internal frame events is almost identical to handling window events.

- Visit

http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing for more information on internal frame events.



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 For more information on internal frames visit

http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uisv



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Some useful methods

setJMenuBar

you can add menus to internal frames

setLocation

position the frame

setBounds

Explicitly set the size and location of the internal frame.

setSize

Explicitly set the size of the internal frame.

moveToFront() or moveToBack()

If the internal frame's parent is a layered pane such as a desktop pane, moves the internal frame to the front or back (respectively) of its layer.



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Some useful methods

setClosed(boolean)

Set or get whether the internal frame is currently closed. The argument to setClosed must be true.

setFrameIcon(Icon)

Set the icon displayed in the title bar of the internal frame (usually in the top-left corner).

JInternalFrame[] getAllFrames()

Returns all JInternalFrame objects that the desktop contains.



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Event Handling for Internal Frames

- An InternalFrameListener is similar to a WindowListener.
- Like the window listener, the internal frame listener listens for events that occur when the "window" has been shown for the first time, disposed of, iconified, deiconified, activated, or deactivated.
- Take a look at InternalFrameEventDemo.java for a sample of how we can handle internal frame events.



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Lab Exercises for Session 6

Task 7-1

Write a class that creates a window with an internal frame which has the following properties

Internal Frame Title: My First Internal Frame

- Size: 640 X 480

Location: 10 pixels in from the top and left of the parent frame

Allow Resize: No

Hint: Use Java Documentation



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Lab Exercises for Session 6

Task 7-2

Write a class that adds a file menu to the internal frame from Task 6-1. The menu should have the following items

- New
- Save
- Close

Task 7-3

Write a class that uses a for loop to create five windows on screen.



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END OF SESSION