

Year	Year 1
Semester	Semester 1
Date of Examination	Monday 16 January 2012
Time of Examination	12.30pm – 2.30pm

Prog Code	BN002	Prog Title	Higher Certificate in Science in Computing in Information Technology	Module Code	COMP H1032
Prog Code	BN013	Prog Title	Bachelor of Science in Computing in Information Technology	Module Code	COMP H1032
Prog Code	BN104	Prog Title	Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Computing	Module Code	COMP H1032

Module Title	Fundamentals of Programming 1
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Internal Examiner(s): Dr. Luke Raeside

External Examiner(s): Dr. Richard Studdert

Instructions to candidates:

- 1) To ensure that you take the correct examination, please check that the module and programme which you are following is listed in the tables above
- 2) Answer Question 1 and TWO other questions
- 3) Question 1 is worth 40 marks. Questions 2, 3 and 4 are worth 30 marks each.

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Question 1:

Attempt ALL parts. (4 marks each)

a)	Describe briefly what it means to compile a Java program.
b)	List <u>FOUR</u> reserved words used in the Java programming language.
c)	Assign an appropriate Java type to <u>EACH</u> the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The number of people in a class• The amount of cash in a safe (including notes and coins)• A grade awarded to a student, e.g., A, B or C• The population of The Earth (approximately 7 billion)
d)	Compute the result of the following calculations in Java: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• $2 + 3 * 9 + 10 - 3 / 3$• $3 \% 2 + (20 + 10) - 15 * 3$
e)	Define the function of the following in Java programming: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Java JVM• The .class file
f)	Explain the function of commenting in programming. Demonstrate the syntax of <u>TWO</u> types of comments used in Java programming.
g)	Briefly outline the difference between a sentinal-controlled and counter-controlled loops.
h)	Write a Java for loop structure that will output all of the numbers between 1 and 100 inclusive.
i)	Re-write part (h) above using a while loop.
j)	Using an appropriate example demonstrate how to set a Java variable as a constant , i.e., the value cannot change during the course of the program.

Candidates should attempt any 2 of the following 3 questions

Question 2:

- a) Outline the difference in operation between a **do..while** loop and a **while** loop in Java.
(4 marks)
- b) Discuss briefly ONE possible programming scenario where a **do..while** loop would be required.
(4 marks)
- c) Three fundamental concepts within programming are **sequence**, **selection** and **iteration**.
Explain in detail the meaning of EACH of these three aspects of programming.
(15 marks)
- d) Write a Java code block to output the **even numbers** between 1 and 1000 (inclusive).
[NOTE: Use a **for** loop or other iterative looping structure in your answer]
(7 marks)

[Total 30 marks]

Question 3:

- a) Write a Java **method** called *concat* that receives TWO strings and concatenates the strings.
The method must return the concatenated strings to the caller.
(12 marks)
- b) Explain the function of the keyword **void** in Java programming.
(4 marks)
- c) Define precisely the **signature** of a method. List the factors that define the **signature** of a method.
(5 marks)
- d) Outline TWO advantages of modularizing code using methods.
(6 marks)
- e) Write out the standard form of the **main** method in Java.
(3 marks)

[Total 30 marks]

Question 4

- a) Write a menuing programme in Java using a **switch** statement. The menuing programme must produce the outputs as shown in the table below [use **System.out.print**] depending on the value entered by the user (assume the **Keyboard** class is available):

User Enters Value	Output to the screen
0	"This number represents Spring"
1	"This number represents Summer"
2	"This number represents Autumn"
3	"This number represents Winter"

The following Java keywords may assist you in answering the above question:

- switch
- case
- break

(15 marks)

- b) Clearly explain the function of EACH of the following:

- The **&&** operator
- The **||** operator
- The **++** operator

(9 marks)

- c) Write an **if** statement that will check if your income is between €5000 and €10000. Output the phrase "Within Limits" if the income is within this range, otherwise, output the phrase "Outside of the Limits" to the default output device (use **System.out.print**).

(6 marks)

[Total 30 marks]