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**Protocol**     $\text{RVOLE}_{\ell,q}$ 


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A two-party protocol [DKLs23, Protocol 5.2] realizing the  $\mathcal{F}^{\text{RVOLE}}_{q,\ell}$  random multiplicative to additive share generation with malicious security in a group  $\mathbb{G}(q, G)$ , based on a  $\text{ROTe}_{\xi,\ell}$  with batch-size  $\xi = |q| + 2\sigma$ , a hash function  $\text{H}_{2\kappa} : \{0, 1\}^* \mapsto \mathbb{Z}_2^\kappa$  and a hash-to-field function  $\text{H}_{\mathbb{Z}_q^{\ell \times \rho}} : \{0, 1\}^* \mapsto \mathbb{Z}_q^{\ell \times \rho}$  with  $\rho = \lceil |q|/\kappa \rceil$

**Players:** Alice  $\mathcal{P}_A$ , and Bob  $\mathcal{P}_B$

**Inputs:**  $\mathcal{P}_A \rightarrow \mathbf{a} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^\ell$ ;  $\mathcal{P}_A \& \mathcal{P}_B \rightarrow \text{sid} \in \{0, 1\}^*$  as session id

**Outputs:**  $\mathcal{P}_A \leftarrow \mathbf{c} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^\ell$   $\mathcal{P}_B \leftarrow b \in \mathbb{Z}_q, \mathbf{d} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^\ell$  s.t.  $a_{(i)} \cdot b = c_{(i)} + d_{(i)} \ \forall i \in [\ell]$

$\mathcal{P}_A \& \mathcal{P}_B.\text{Setup}() \dashrightarrow$

0:  $\mathcal{P}_A \& \mathcal{P}_B$  run  $\text{ROTe.Setup}()$  to generate  $\kappa$  Base OT seeds for the  $\binom{2}{1}$ -ROTe functionality with  $\mathcal{P}_A$  as sender  $\mathcal{S}$  and  $\mathcal{P}_B$  as receiver  $\mathcal{R}$

1: Set an arbitrary public gadget vector  $\mathbf{g} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^\ell$

$\mathcal{P}_B.\text{Round1}() \dashrightarrow (\gamma, b)$

1: Sample  $\beta \xleftarrow{\$} \mathbb{Z}_2^\xi$  as bob's ROTe choice bits

2: Run  $\gamma \leftarrow \text{ROTe.Round1}(\beta)$

3:  $b \leftarrow \sum_{j=1}^\xi g_{(j)} \cdot \beta_{(i)}$

4:  $\text{Send}(\gamma) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_A$

**return**  $b$  as the multiplicative share of  $\mathcal{P}_B$

$\mathcal{P}_A.\text{Round2}(\gamma, \mathbf{a}) \dashrightarrow (\tilde{\mathbf{a}}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \mathbf{c})$

1: Run  $(\boldsymbol{\alpha}_0, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_1) \leftarrow \text{ROTe.Round2}(\gamma)$ , where  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}_0, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_q^{\xi \times (\ell + \rho)}$

2:  $\mathbf{c} \leftarrow \{c_{(i)} = -\sum_{j=1}^\xi \alpha_{0(j,i)} \cdot g_{(j)}\}_{i \in [\ell]}$

3: Sample  $\hat{\mathbf{a}} \xleftarrow{\$} \mathbb{Z}_q^\rho$

4:  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}} \leftarrow \{\{\alpha_{0(j,i)} - \alpha_{1(j,i)} + a_{(i)}\}_{i \in [\ell]} \parallel \{\alpha_{0(j,\ell+k)} - \alpha_{1(j,\ell+k)} + \hat{a}_{(i)}\}_{k \in [\rho]}\}_{j \in [\xi]}$

5:  $\boldsymbol{\theta} \leftarrow \text{H}_{\mathbb{Z}_q^{\ell \times \rho}}(\text{sid} \parallel \tilde{\mathbf{a}})$

6:  $\boldsymbol{\eta} \leftarrow \{\hat{a}_{(k)} + \sum_{i=1}^\ell \theta_{(i,k)} \cdot a_{(i)}\}_{k \in [\rho]}$

7:  $\boldsymbol{\mu} \leftarrow \{\{\alpha_{0(j,\ell+k)} + \sum_{i=1}^\ell \theta_{(i,k)} \cdot \alpha_{0(j,i)}\}_{k \in [\rho]}\}_{j \in [\xi]}$

8:  $\boldsymbol{\mu} \leftarrow \text{H}_{2\kappa}(\text{sid} \parallel \boldsymbol{\mu})$

9:  $\text{Send}(\tilde{\mathbf{a}}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{\mu}) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_B$

**return**  $\mathbf{c}$  as the output share of  $\mathcal{P}_A$

$\mathcal{P}_B.\text{Round3}(\tilde{\mathbf{a}}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, \boldsymbol{\mu}) \dashrightarrow (\mathbf{z}_B)$

1:  $\boldsymbol{\theta} \leftarrow \text{H}_{\mathbb{Z}_q^{\ell \times \rho}}(\text{sid} \parallel \tilde{\mathbf{a}})$

2:  $\dot{\mathbf{d}} \leftarrow \{\{\gamma_{(j,i)} + \beta_{(j)} \cdot \tilde{a}_{(j,i)}\}_{i \in [\ell]}\}_{j \in [\xi]}$

3:  $\mathbf{d} \leftarrow \{\sum_{j=1}^\xi g_{(j)} \cdot \dot{d}_{(j,i)}\}_{i \in [\ell]}$

4:  $\hat{\mathbf{d}} \leftarrow \{\{\gamma_{(j,\ell+k)} + \beta_{(j)} \cdot \tilde{a}_{(j,\ell+k)}\}_{k \in [\rho]}\}_{j \in [\xi]}$

5:  $\boldsymbol{\mu}' \leftarrow \{\{\hat{d}_{(j,k)} + \sum_{i=1}^\ell \theta_{(i,k)} \cdot \dot{d}_{(j,i)} - \beta_{(j)} \cdot \eta_{(k)}\}_{k \in [\rho]}\}_{j \in [\xi]}$

6:  $\boldsymbol{\mu}' \leftarrow \text{H}_{2\kappa}(\text{sid} \parallel \boldsymbol{\mu}')$

7: Check if  $\boldsymbol{\mu}' \stackrel{?}{=} \boldsymbol{\mu}$ , **ABORT** otherwise

**return**  $\mathbf{d}$  as the output share of  $\mathcal{P}_B$

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## References

- [DKLs23] Jack Doerner, Yashvanth Kondi, Eysa Lee, and A. shelat. Threshold  
ecdsa in three rounds. *Cryptology ePrint Archive*, 2023.