
Algorithm $\text{RandWrap}_{sk,t_1,t_2}(x) \rightarrow x'$

A randomness wrapper based on RFC8937 [CGS⁺20] that ties the security of a CSPRNG to a signing key, parametrized by $N=L=L'=\kappa$, and requiring:

- A signature scheme $\text{Sign}(sk, m) \rightarrow \sigma$ (e.g., Section ??) and a private key $sk \in \mathbb{G}$.
- A hash function H (e.g., SHA3 [Dwo15])
- A key derivation function $\text{KDF}(salt, m) \rightarrow k \in \mathbb{Z}_2^L$ (e.g., HKDF-Extract[KE10])
- A pseudo-rand. function $\text{PRF}(k, info) \rightarrow x' \in \mathbb{Z}_2^N$ (e.g., HKDF-Expand[KE10])
- t_1 , a context-dependent bit-string (e.g., device MAC, OS version...)
- $t_2 \in \mathbb{Z}_2^{L'}$, a unique nonce per PrngWrapper call (e.g., a counter)

Inputs: $x \in \mathbb{Z}_2^\kappa$, a seed (default: use the OS randomness API)

Outputs: $x' \in \mathbb{Z}_2^\kappa$, a seed to be consumed by a CSPRNG.

- 1: $h_\sigma \leftarrow \text{Sign}(sk, \text{PrngWrapper}.t_1)$ *(Can be precomputed and stored)*
 - 2: $k \leftarrow \text{KDF}(h_\sigma, x)$
 - 3: $x' \leftarrow \text{PRF}(k, \text{PrngWrapper}.t_2)$
 - 4: Increase $\text{PrngWrapper}.t_2$ by one for next calls
- return** x'
-

References

- [CGS⁺20] C Cremers, L Garratt, S Smyshlyaev, N Sullivan, and C Wood. Rfc 8937: Randomness improvements for security protocols, 2020.
- [Dwo15] Morris Dworkin. Sha-3 standard: Permutation-based hash and extendable-output functions, 2015-08-04 2015.
- [KE10] Dr. Hugo Krawczyk and Pasi Eronen. HMAC-based Extract-and-Expand Key Derivation Function (HKDF). RFC 5869, May 2010.