# Real-Time Data Pipeline & Dashboard for US Earthquake Analytics

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#### Agenda

- 1. Introduction & Problem
- 2. Data & Pipeline Setup

- 3. App Demonstration
- 4. Conclusions & Next Steps

#### 1. Introduction & Problem



### Introduction: Earthquake Basics

- Tectonic plates build tension and eventually slip past each other over an areas known as a fault line
- Earthquakes occur in waves, and vary drastically in strength, known as magnitude
- Earthquake magnitude is on a logarithmic scale, and an increase of 1 point can represent a dramatic difference in strength



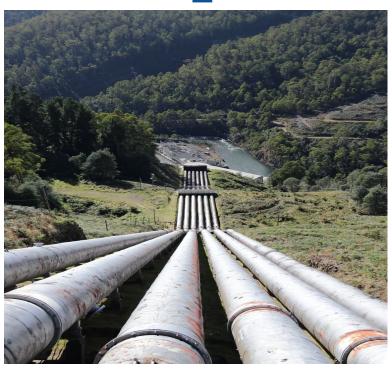
#### **Problem**

Idea Catalyst: A CNN article asserted that the Blanco Fracture zone off the coast of Oregon has seen an uptick in earthquakes, some of which had a magnitude of 5.0+

Problem: Is the number of earthquakes in Oregon and off its coast increasing? Is there a way that we can easily investigate this?



#### 2. Data & Pipeline Setup



**Data** 

- 869141 rows of data with 22 features from US Geological Survey Quakes
  - Features include: magnitude, depth, magnitude error, latitude and longitude, depth, id, and depth error
- Data is pulled daily using an API,
   processed, and uploaded





#### Pipeline Setup

Data Pulled from **USGS** using API

Data preprocessing and analysis using pySpark



**Further** preprocessing using Pandas



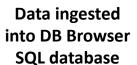
Data exported uploaded to GitHub and SQL



**Streamlit Share** page deployed, using data from **GitHub** 





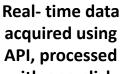




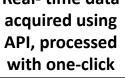














#### 3. App Demonstration

https://share.streamlit.io/bronsonnh/streamlit\_repo/main/nick-app.py

```
function transform(5
     // Promise.resolve
11
    function removeLinkHeaders
     return prev.then(5 == 1
       $(':header').map(().
246
         const children - M
15
         if ($(children).la
           $(header).
18
           $(children)
         return headers
45
       1):
       return Promise. resolution
   function embedImages(pr
     return prev.then($
       if (!embed) return
```

## 4. Conclusions & Next Steps



#### Conclusions

- Oregon's increase in earthquakes seems modest, however a deeper look may be necessary
- Perhaps newsflow on earthquakes was sensationalized
- The vast majority of earthquakes in the database were under the detectable level, while it is interesting to notice these, it seems that studying trends around earthquakes of magnitude of 2.5+ may be more impactful

#### **Next Steps**

- Shift storage from local machine to the cloud
- Increase level of automation
- Build additional features, improve aesthetics of web page
- Build a model that can predict number of earthquakes and strength of earthquakes in a given month

