# Countdown (5pts, 7pts)

 Attempts
 Penalties
 PenaltyTime
 Points
 Points

 9
 0
 00:00:00
 —
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#### **Practice Submissions**

You have not attempted this problem.

#### Competitive Submissions

Attempt 9	Sample Failed: RE	02:58:01	0	•
Attempt 8	Sample Failed: RE	02:51:38	0	ı
Attempt 7	Sample Failed: RE	02:49:44	0	
Attempt 6	Sample Failed: RE	02:49:18	0	
Attempt 5	Sample Failed: RE	02:42:34		*

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#### Problem

Avery has an array of  ${\bf N}$  positive integers. The i-th integer of the array is  ${\bf A_{i}}$ .

A contiguous subarray is an *m-countdown* if it is of length m and contains the integers m, m-1, m-2, ..., 2, 1 in that order. For example, [3, 2, 1] is a 3-countdown.

Can you help Avery count the number of  $\mathbf{K}\text{-}\mathrm{countdowns}$  in her array?

#### Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow. Each test case begins with a line containing the integers **N** and **K**. The second line contains **N** integers. The i-th integer is **A**<sub>i</sub>.

### Output

For each test case, output one line containing Case #x: y, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the number of K-countdowns in her array.

# Limits

Time limit: 20 seconds per test set.

Memory limit: 1GB.

 $1 \leq \boldsymbol{T} \leq 100.$ 

 $2 \leq \textbf{K} \leq \textbf{N}.$ 

 $1 \leq \textbf{A}_{\boldsymbol{i}} \leq 2 \times 10^5$  , for all i.

# Test set 1

 $2 \le N \le 1000$ .

#### Test set 2

 $2 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^5$  for at most 10 test cases. For the remaining cases,  $2 \leq N \leq$  1000.

## Sample

Input	Output
3	
12 3	
1 2 3 7 9 3 2 1 8 3 2 1	Case #1: 2
4 2	Case #2: 0
101 100 99 98	Case #3: 1
9 6	
100 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 100	

In sample case #1, there are two 3-countdowns as highlighted below.

- 12379**321**8321
- 123793218**321**

In sample case #2, there are no 2-countdowns.

In sample case #3, there is one 6-countdown as highlighted below.

• 100 7 **6 5 4 3 2 1** 100