COMPSYS 304 – Computer Architecture Department of Electrical, Computer & Software Engineering University of Auckland Semester 2, 2022

Assignment – 1

Due: Fri. 12 August (at 11:00 PM)

Submission:

- Upload your submission as <u>one zip file</u> on Canvas. The zip file should contain three completed assembly files named as:
 - a. assignment1-1.asm
 - b. assignment1-2.asm
 - c. assignment1-3.asm
- Use the given code template for each question and <u>test your code using SPIM</u>.
 Codes should not have errors to get full marks.
- Late penalties: up to 24h late: -20% of achieved marks, 24h to 48h late: -30% of achieved marks, more than 48h late: 0 marks.

NOTE: Your assembly code must have comments if necessary. **Do not use pseudo instructions** (except *la* if necessary.)

1. An array of 40 integer elements is stored in memory. Write the MIPS assembly instructions to count how many elements of the array are less than 0 and print the result on SPIM Console. (Use the given code template *assignment1-1.asm*).

(2 Marks)

2. Write a MIPS assembly program that reads in a string of characters using the SPIM system call and finds how many words "the" are in the string and prints it on SPIM Console. For example, there are *three* "the" words in the string "London is <u>the</u> capital and largest city of <u>the</u> United Kingdom. It stands on <u>the</u> River Thames." (The printed result on SPIM console for this example is:

... number of word 'the' in the string is: 3

The number of the characters in the string is less than 200.

(Use the given code template *assignment1-2.asm* and test your code using SPIM).

(2.5 *Marks*)

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3. Using function *fibonacci*(*n*), the sequence of numbers 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ... for values of *n* equal to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, ... can be generated.

The result for each n is calculated as follows:

```
fibonacci(1) = 1, fibonacci(2) = 1, fibonacci(n) = fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2) for n > 2
```

(Note that the function is called recursively).

```
int fibonacci(int n)
{
    if (n < 1)         return 0;

    else if (n == 1 || n == 2)
        return 1;
    else
        return (fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2));
}</pre>
```

(a) Write the MIPS assembly code for function *fibonacci*.

(2.5 *Marks*)

(b) Write the main program, which reads the value of n from keyboard (n < 12) and prints the Fibonacci numbers up to the calculated value for n on SPIM Console. (For example, if n is 10, then the following sequence will be printed).

To test your code using SPIM, consider two different values for n (6 and 11). (Use the given code template *assignment1-3.asm*).

(1 Marks)