Register Field Type

Introduction

This document explains how to <u>register</u> a custom Field Type in eZ Platform. It will <u>not</u> contain the development part as it is already covered in the API section.

Please be sure you first have read the basic documentation on how to develop a custom Field Type.

Service container configuration

To be able to declare a FieldType, you need to have registered a bundle in your application kernel.

This bundle needs to expose some configuration for the service container somehow (read related Symfony documentation)

Basic configuration

This part relates to the base FieldType class that interacts with the Publish API.

Let's take a basic example from exstring configuration.

So far, this is a regular service configuration but 2 parts worth particular attention.

• parent

As described in the Symfony Dependency Injection Component documentation, the parent config key indicates that you want your service to inherit from the parent's dependencies, including constructor arguments and method calls. This is actually a helper avoiding repetition in your field type configuration and keeping consistency between all field types.

• tags

Tagging your field type service with ezpublish.fieldType is mandatory to be recognized by the API loader as a regular field type, the alias key being simply the fieldTypeIdentifier (formerly called datatype string)

Basic field types configuration is located in EzPublishCoreBundle/Resources/config/fieldt ypes.yml.

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Legacy Storage Engine

Converter

As stated in Field Type API & best practices, a conversion of Field Type values is needed in order to properly store the data into the *old* database schema (aka *Legacy Storage*).

Those converters also need to be correctly exposed as services.

```
Field Type converter for ezstring

parameters:
    ezpublish.fieldType.ezstring.converter.class:
eZ\Publish\Core\Persistence\Legacy\Content\FieldValue\Co
nverter\TextLine

services:
    ezpublish.fieldType.ezstring.converter:
        class:
%ezpublish.fieldType.ezstring.converter.class%
        tags:
        - {name:
ezpublish.storageEngine.legacy.converter, alias:
ezstring, lazy: true, callback: '::create'}
```

Here again we need to tag our converter service, with ezpublish.storageEngine.legacy.co nverter tag this time.

As for the tag attributes:

Attribute name	Usage
alias	Represents the <i>fieldTypeIdentifier</i> (just like for the FieldType service)
lazy	Boolean indicating if the converter should be lazy loaded or not. Performance wise, it is recommended to set it to true unless you have very specific reasons.
callback	If lazy is set to true, it represents the callback that will be called to build the converter. Any valid callback can be used.
	Note that if the callback is defined in the converter class, the class name can be omitted. This way, in the example above, the full callback will be resolved to eZ\Publish\Cor e\Persistence\Legacy\Content\Field Value\Converter\TextLine::create

The converter configuration for basic field types are located in EzPublishCoreBundle/Res ources/config/storage_engines.yml.

External storage

A Field Type has the ability to store its value (or part of it) in external data sources. This is made possible through the eZ\Publish\SPI\FieldType\FieldStorage interface. Thus, if one wants to use this functionality, he needs to define a service implementing this interface and tagged

as ezpublish.fieldType.externalStorageHandler to be recognized by the Repository.

Here is an example for ezurl field type:

The configuration is straight forward. Nothing specific except the ezpublish.fieldType.exter nalStorageHandler tag, the alias attribute still begin the fieldTypeIdentifier.

External storage configuration for basic field types is located in EzPublishCoreBundle/Re sources/config/fieldtypes.yml.

Gateway based storage

As stated in the Field Type best practices, in order to be storage agnostic and external storage handler should use a *storage gateway*. This can be done by implementing another service implementing eZ\Publish\Core\FieldType\StorageGateway and being tagged as ezpublish.fieldType.externalStorageHandler.gateway.

```
Storage gateway for ezurl

parameters:
    ezpublish.fieldType.ezurl.storage_gateway.class:
eZ\Publish\Core\FieldType\Url\UrlStorage\Gateway\LegacyS
torage

services:
    ezpublish.fieldType.ezurl.storage_gateway:
        class:
%ezpublish.fieldType.ezurl.storage_gateway.class%
        tags:
        - {name:
ezpublish.fieldType.externalStorageHandler.gateway,
alias: ezurl, identifier: LegacyStorage}
```

Attribute name	Usage
alias	Represents the <i>fieldTypeIdentifier</i> (just like for the FieldType service)

identifier	Identifier for the gateway. Must be unique per storage engine. LegacySto rage is the convention name for Legacy Storage Engine.
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For this to work properly, your storage handler must inherit from eZ\Publish\Core\FieldType\GatewayBasedStorage.

Also note that there can be several gateways per field type (one per storage engine basically).

The gateway configuration for basic field types are located in EzPublishCoreBundle/Res ources/config/storage_engines.yml.