

# HttpCache

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## Content Cache

eZ Publish uses [Symfony HttpCache](#) to manage content "view" cache with the [expiration model](#).

An additional **X-Location-Id** header is added in the response for identification (for details see [cache purge document](#)).

## Configuration

```
ezpublish:
  system:
    my_siteaccess:
      content:
        view_cache: true      # Activates HttpCache for content
        ttl_cache: true      # Activates expiration based HttpCache for
content (very fast)
        default_ttl: 60      # Number of seconds an Http response is valid in
cache (if ttl_cache is true)
```

## Making your controller content cache aware

Sometimes you need that your controller's cache expires in the same time than a specific content (i.e. [ESI sub-requests with render twig helper](#), for a menu for instance). To be able to do that, you just need to add **X-Location-Id** header to the response object:

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

// In a controller
// "Connects" the response to location #123 and sets a max age (TTL) of 1 hour.
$response = new Response();
$response->headers->set( 'X-Location-Id', 123 );
$response->setSharedMaxAge( 3600 );
```

## Making your controller user cache aware

If the content you're rendering depends on the user permissions, then an additional header must be set for this as explained in [Context aware HTTP cache](#)

- [Purge](#)
- [Smart HttpCache clearing](#)