

PCS WINTER 2019 MATLAB ASSIGNMENT 1

Solution 1:

Code :

```
def contconv(x1,x2,t1,t2,dt):
    out=[]
    time = []
    for i in range(0,len(x1)+len(x2)):
        time.append(t1+t2+i*dt)
        var = 0
        for j in range(0,len(x1)+len(x2)):
            if (j in range(0,len(x1)) and i-j in range(0,len(x2))):
                var+=x1[j]*x2[i-j]
        out.append(var)
    out = dt*np.array(out)
    return [out,time]
```

Explanation:

In the expression of convolution, t is varying from 0 to certain number to have contribution of each index. Intersection of area in convolution starts from t_1+t_2 where t_1 and t_2 are starting time of time limited signals goes upto $t_1+t_2+l_1+l_2$ where l_1 and l_2 are the length of respective arrays.

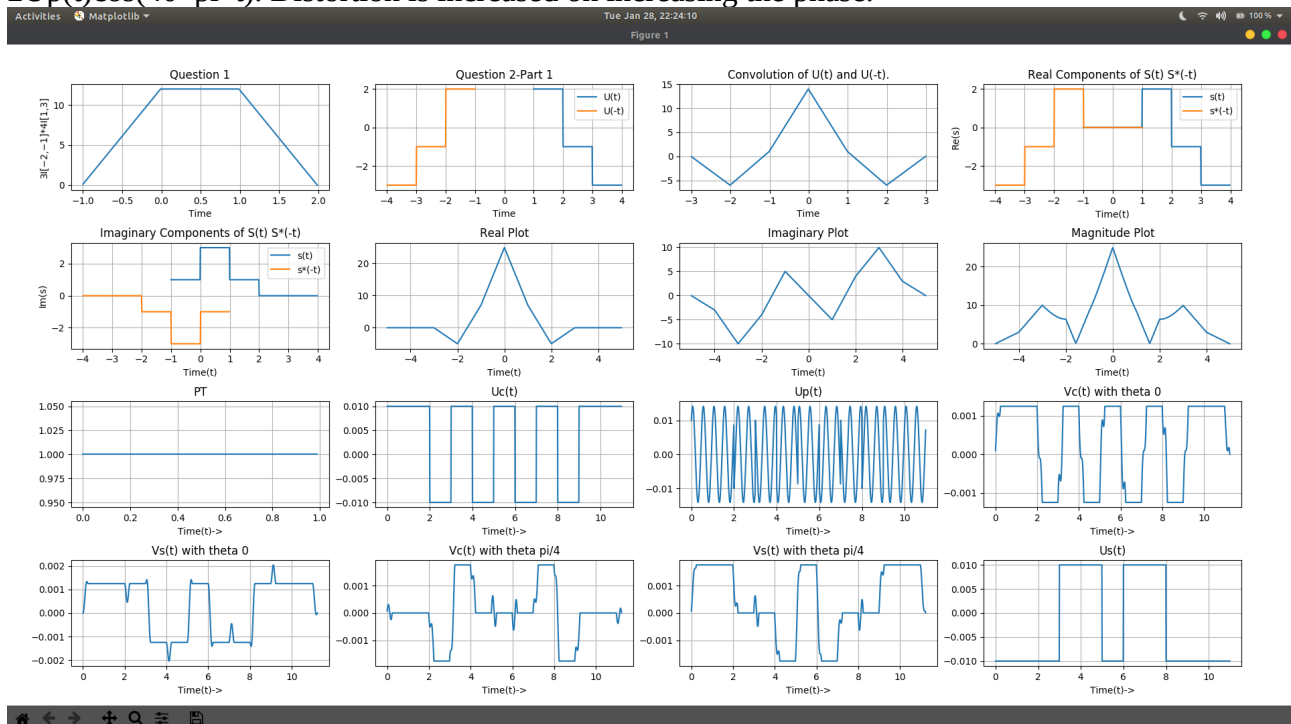
Solution 2:

In convolution of $u(t)$ and $u(-t)$ peak occur at $t = 0$.

In magnitude plot of convolution of $s(t)$ and $s^*(-t)$ peak occur at $t = 0$.

Solution 3:

A realisation of values of $U_c(t)$ at different interval can be made from the values of $2U_p(t)\cos(40\pi t)$. Distortion is increased on increasing the phase.



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