

# The Simple Regression Model

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## Section 2.1: The Definition of the Simple Regression Model

# The Simple Regression Model

- Most of econometrics deals with relating two random variables  $Y$  and  $X$  that represent some population model
- Usually, we are interested in ***“explaining  $Y$  in terms of  $X$ .”***
- We confront (at least) 3 issues in “explaining  $Y$  in terms of  $X$ ”:
  1. Since there is never an exact relationship between two variables, how do we allow for other factors to affect  $Y$ ?
  2. What is the functional relationship between  $Y$  and  $X$ ? ( $y = f(x)$ )?
  3. How can we be sure we are capturing a ceteris paribus relationship between  $Y$  and  $X$ ?

- We start by writing down an equation relating  $Y$  to  $X$  as follows:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + u$$

- This equation is assumed to hold for the population of interest. It is called the **Simple Regression Model**
- In this model:
  - $Y$  = explained variable (the variable we are interested in explaining)
  - $X$  = explanatory variable (the variable we believe affects  $Y$ )
  - $U$  = error or disturbance term (represents other factors affecting  $Y$ )