ENS 495 Fall 2017

Problem Set: Chapter 12 Comparing 2 means
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Name:
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Discussion among students is encouraged but all answers must be written in your own words. Points will be deducted if you answers are identical to other students.

#### Stalk-eyed flies

Ch 12	a)	What is the best test to use: 1-tailed t-test / paired t-test / 2-sample t-test
18		Why: 2 separate/independent groups; flies are not measured twice but only once each; data not paired
	new	What is the sample size within each diet group? 21, 24
	new	What type of variable is "diet" <b><u>categorical</u></b>
	new	There are fewer bars in the corn diet histogram (4 bars) vs. cotton diet (11ish). Why?

#### Genes per versus tim mutations

10		14/bet is the impact or "nouse" of the complex sizes help different?
19	new	What is the impact on "power" of the samples sizes being different?
		Power is Increased / decreased / not changed /
		,
L		the concept of power isn't relevant here
	b	Are the variances (var) the same or different? Same / different
		Show calculation:
	new	What is the best test to use: 1-tailed t-test / paired t-test / 2-sample t-test
		Why: data not paired, samples indepdentent, etc

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# **Problem Set: Chapter 12**

### Electric fish

20 nev	What is the best test to use: 1-tailed t-test / <u>paired t-test</u> / 2-sample t-test Why: 2 samples were taken from each river; the "upstream" and "downstream" samples are paired; they are not independent or separate.
c	What "assumptions" do you have to make to carry out this analysis?  1)data were randomly sampled  2)paired differences (not raw data) are normally distributed see page 334

#### Seals

24	new	What is the best test to use: 1-tailed t-test / paired t-test / 2-sample t-test
		Why: each individual seal was measured twice - this is a "Before-after" study; samples are not independnet b/c they come from the same individual animal

# Hyeanas

26	new	What is the best test to use: 1-tailed t-test / paired t-test / 2-sample t-test
		Why: HYEANA: The dominante and subordinate indivdual make up a pair - the
		animals interact socially; note that the word "pair" occurs w/in the body of the question. MOSQUITOS: Before-After comparisons; each participant measured twice.
		twice.

# Bluegills

What is wrong with this conclusion: [there is actually a typo in this question.
Where it says "The researchers should use a two-sample method" it should say
"one sample". As written you can mostly tell what the problem is] Fallacy of
indirect comparisons - see page 344-345. They do two seperate comparisons
instead a single direct comparison. One hypothesis was "not rejected for
offspring from parental males" while the other hypothesis "was rejected for
offspring from cuckolder males".

What analysis should've been done? They should do a direct comparison using a 2-sample test instead of 2 separate tests