

# SQLskills Immersion Event

## IEPTO2: Performance Tuning and Optimization

### Module 12: Performance Issue Patterns

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# Overview

- There also several patterns and scenarios which repeat themselves with only minor variations
- These patterns are rarely identical, but can be recognized based on common attributes
- Following a methodology as we've been discussing this week will help you avoid missing upstream issues
- This module will provide an interactive investigation into various performance issue patterns

# Finding the Root Cause

- Live analysis or post-mortem?
- Plenty of tools to choose from
- I'll scope them for the purposes of this session
- The challenge – identify the right tools for root cause analysis, keeping in mind economy of effort
- Common issues, variations, multi-jointed problems

# Scenario “A” Symptoms

- Production system experiencing random drops in throughput during business hours – from the regular 15000+ batch requests/sec to less than 5000 batch requests/sec
- Large team of developers with unrestricted access and continual development phases and code “refinement”
- In the past, drops in throughput are not in conjunction with code changes
- They have not witnessed waiting tasks that have a persistent theme

# Scenario “B” Symptoms

- Hybrid application workload - around 50% OLTP and 50% complex reporting
- Smaller transaction throughput seems fine, but some of the reporting workloads seem to have trouble executing concurrently
- Reporting queries seem to run “fine” when tested in isolation and aren’t getting blocked according to block detection alerts

# Scenario “C” Symptoms

- A recent third-party code release to the Credit database has resulted in unexpected tempdb usage, discovered via out-of-space errors
- Average duration for statements has increased for some workloads, but not others
- Customer wants to know – “what changed” and “why”?

# Scenario “D” Symptoms

- “Reduced throughput” for key workloads
- PAGELATCH\_X high wait stats in sys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats and ongoing in sys.dm\_os\_waiting\_tasks

# Scenario “E” Symptoms

- Customer has had reported inconsistent workload performance (reported as “random” performance issues)
- Restarting SQL Server usually helps for a bit, and then random issues later
- They had a consultant come in to “fix” the various stored procedures to perform better
- Now the performance is more consistent, but the CPU is pegged during peak application workload periods



# Scenario “F” Symptoms

- CPU usage has been slowly climbing over 80% persistently
- Increase I/O usage as well
- DBA on staff has been troubleshooting the TOP X queries, adding indexes as needed, but what they are tuning is NOT helping
- What workloads should they be troubleshooting?

# Scenario “G” Symptoms

- Customer has developed a reporting query
- It used to run in parallel and now it does not and runs more slowly than before
- They tried tuning it to go parallel – but with no success

# Scenario “H” Symptoms

- Database development team with a long history of turnover, handoffs and varying coding philosophies
- Read-centric activity reported as sufficient, but write-centric activity has had increasing latency over time
- Customer has provided an example INSERT + sub-SELECT that does not perform as quickly as it used to (and they want you to optimize)

# Scenario “I” Symptoms

- Slow performance at peak business periods or during maintenance periods
- High CPU (>95% across all 4 schedulers)
- Quickly increasing percentage of PAGEIOLATCH\_XX waits

# Scenario “J” Symptoms

- A specific stored procedure is associated with excessive I/O
- The cardinality estimates are always “wrong” – but which table they are incorrect for seems to change periodically
- CPU usage is fine – but excessive I/O is the main overall bottleneck
- Can you help get the cardinality estimates to be correct AND solve the excessive I/O issue?

# Scenario “K” Symptoms

- Frequent deadlock 1205 error messages
- The issue happened recently as additional application load was increased
- Need help resolving the workload involved

# Review

- There also several patterns and scenarios which repeat themselves with only minor variations
- These patterns are rarely identical, but can be recognized based on common attributes
- Following a methodology will help you avoid missing upstream issues
- This module provided an interactive investigation into various performance issue patterns

# Questions?

